

January 25, 2012

Contact Sarah Brody
Phone 202.393.0020 ext. 110
sbrody@nctq.org

NEW REPORT GIVES WYOMING A GRADE OF “D” FOR TEACHER POLICIES

While many states have shown dramatic progress, report finds Wyoming has made little progress on policies to support and measure teacher effectiveness

Today the National Council on Teacher Quality releases its 2011 *State Teacher Policy Yearbook*, its fifth annual report grading the states based on the rules and regulations that shape teacher quality

January 25, 2012 (Washington, DC)— A new report released today by the not-for-profit, non-partisan National Council on Teacher Quality (NCTQ) finds major advances in teacher policy across the country, largely driven by state adoption of policies for including student achievement as a measure of effectiveness in teacher evaluations and using teacher effectiveness evidence in decisions about teacher tenure and dismissal.

Against this backdrop of dramatic progress in some states, Wyoming is failing to take actions to help ensure an effective teacher in every classroom. Wyoming made little progress this year on any of the *Yearbook*'s 36 research-based teacher policy goals.

The 2011 *Yearbook* provides a detailed analysis of the policies Wyoming sets for teacher preparation, licensure, evaluation, career advancement, tenure, compensation, pensions and dismissal. NCTQ grades the states on the quality and rigor of these policies; the *Yearbook* is not an evaluation of the quality of teachers in the state.

Wyoming received an overall grade of **D**, based on the following grades:

Teacher Policy Area	Grade
Delivering well-prepared teachers	F
Expanding the pool of teachers	D-
Identifying effective teachers	D+
Retaining effective teachers	D+
Exiting ineffective teachers	D+

Wyoming's overall grade improved from a **D-** in NCTQ's 2009 *Yearbook*.

NCTQ President Kate Walsh said, "There is little doubt that the past two years have seen major changes in states' teacher policies. Rethinking how teacher performance is evaluated and tying teacher evaluations to student achievement marks an important advance in teacher effectiveness policy. But much work is left to be done by states to design and adopt policies from beginning to end – from entry into the profession to retirement and pensions – to consistently promote teacher quality." She added, "Wyoming's lack of progress on teacher effectiveness policies is a disappointment, given the important strides NCTQ has seen in other states."

Key findings about Wyoming's teacher policy:

- Wyoming is part of an unprecedented effort across the states to adopt policies that use objective measures of student achievement, such as value-added or growth data, as part of teacher evaluations. However, unlike other states, Wyoming does not specify the extent to which student achievement will be a meaningful factor in teacher evaluations.
- Wyoming is not using teacher evaluations to inform decisions of consequence. Tenure decisions in Wyoming are made virtually automatically, based on time on the job rather than on teacher effectiveness. Wyoming also fails to articulate that ineffectiveness in the classroom is grounds for teacher dismissal.
- Wyoming's standards for conferring teaching licenses are too low. Requirements for the preparation of elementary and secondary teachers are in need of improvement.
- Although Wyoming claims to offer alternate routes into teaching, its requirements fail to broaden the pipeline and attract effective teachers into the profession.
- Wyoming's teacher pension system is well funded but is not portable, flexible or fair to all teachers.

For copies of the Yearbook

Wyoming's *Yearbook*, which includes detailed national comparisons, is immediately available for free download at www.nctq.org/stpy. For questions about the report, please contact Sarah Brody at (202) 393-0020 or sbrody@nctq.org.

Funding

The *State Teacher Policy Yearbook* is funded by private foundations across the United States, including the Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation, Carnegie Corporation of New York, George Gund Foundation, Gleason Family Foundation and the Joyce Foundation.

NCTQ accepts no funding from the federal government.

About NCTQ

The National Council on Teacher Quality is a Washington D.C. based non-profit, non-partisan research and advocacy group, founded in 2000, to build the case for a comprehensive reform agenda that would challenge the current structure and regulation of the profession. NCTQ advocates for reforms in a broad range of teacher policies at the federal, state, and local levels in order to increase the number of effective teachers. NCTQ is committed to lending transparency and increasing public awareness about the four sets of institutions that have the greatest impact on teacher quality: states, teacher preparation programs, school districts and teachers unions. For more information, see www.nctq.org.

	Overall State Grade 2011	Overall State Grade 2009	Progress Ranking 2009-2011
Florida	B	C	9
Oklahoma	B-	D+	13
Rhode Island	B-	D	5
Tennessee	B-	C-	16
Indiana	C+	D	1
Michigan	C+	D-	3
Ohio	C+	D+	11
Arkansas	C	C-	25
Colorado	C	D+	12
Delaware	C	D	6
Georgia	C	C-	23
Illinois	C	D+	4
Massachusetts	C	D+	13
New York	C	D+	13
Alabama	C-	C-	19
Connecticut	C-	D+	25
Louisiana	C-	C-	20
Minnesota	C-	D-	2
Nevada	C-	D-	7
South Carolina	C-	C-	41
Texas	C-	C-	36
Utah	C-	D	9
Washington	C-	D+	25
Arizona	D+	D+	20
California	D+	D+	51
Idaho	D+	D-	8
Kentucky	D+	D+	41
Maryland	D+	D	17
Mississippi	D+	D+	47
New Jersey	D+	D+	36
New Mexico	D+	D+	39
North Carolina	D+	D+	32
Pennsylvania	D+	D	18
Virginia	D+	D+	41
West Virginia	D+	D+	41
Alaska	D	D	47
District of Columbia	D	D-	25
Iowa	D	D	23
Kansas	D	D-	31
Missouri	D	D	47
North Dakota	D	D-	34
South Dakota	D	D	38
Wisconsin	D	D	41
Wyoming	D	D-	20
Hawaii	D-	D-	32
Maine	D-	F	34
Nebraska	D-	D-	39
New Hampshire	D-	D-	25
Oregon	D-	D-	25
Vermont	D-	F	46
Montana	F	F	47