Human Resources Division
1359 E St. Louis Street  Springfield, MO 65802
T (417) 523.GOHR(4647)  F (417) 523.0194
Visit www.springfieldpublicschools.mo.org

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INTRODUCTION

This document is a description of School District of Springfield R-12 Employee Health Care Plan (the Plan). No oral interpretations can change this Plan. The Plan described is designed to protect Plan Participants against certain catastrophic health expenses.

Coverage under the Plan will take effect for an eligible Employee/Retiree and designated Dependents when the Employee/Retiree and such Dependents satisfy the Waiting Period and all the eligibility requirements of the Plan.

The District fully intends to maintain this Plan indefinitely. However, it reserves the right to terminate, suspend, discontinue or amend the Plan at any time and for any reason.

Changes in the Plan may occur in any or all parts of the Plan including benefit coverage, deductibles, maximums, copayments, exclusions, limitations, definitions, eligibility and the like.

Failure to follow the eligibility or enrollment requirements of this Plan may result in delay of coverage or no coverage at all. Reimbursement from the Plan can be reduced or denied because of certain provisions in the Plan, such as coordination of benefits, subrogation, exclusions, timeliness of COBRA elections, utilization review or other cost management requirements, lack of Medical Necessity, lack of timely filing of claims or lack of coverage. These provisions are explained in this document.

The Plan will pay benefits only for the expenses incurred while this coverage is in force. No benefits are payable for expenses incurred before coverage began or after coverage terminated. An expense for a service or supply is incurred on the date the service or supply is furnished.

If the Plan is terminated, amended, or benefits are eliminated, the rights of Covered Persons are limited to Covered Charges incurred before termination, amendment or elimination.

This document summarizes the Plan rights and benefits for covered Employees/Retirees and their Dependents and is divided into the following parts:

Schedule of Benefits. Provides an outline of the Plan reimbursement formulas as well as payment limits on certain services.

Eligibility, Funding, Effective Date and Termination. Explains eligibility for coverage under the Plan, funding of the Plan and when the coverage takes effect and terminates.

Benefit Descriptions. Explains when the benefit applies and the types of charges covered.

Cost Management Services. Explains the methods used to curb unnecessary and excessive charges.

Defined Terms. Defines those Plan terms that have a specific meaning.

Plan Exclusions. Shows what charges are not covered.


Coordination of Benefits. Shows the Plan payment order when a person is covered under more than one plan.

Third Party Recovery Provision. Explains the Plan's rights to recover payment of charges when a Covered Person has a claim against another person because of injuries sustained.

Continuation Coverage Rights Under COBRA. Explains when a person's coverage under the Plan ceases and the continuation options which are available.

HIPAA Privacy. Explains the Plan's obligations with respect to Participants' privacy rights under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA).

SCHEDULE OF BENEFITS

VERIFICATION OF ELIGIBILITY: (417) 886-6886 or (800) 777-9087
Call this number to verify eligibility for Plan benefits before the charge is incurred.

PRECERTIFICATION REQUIREMENT: If any part of a Hospital or other inpatient stay is not precertified per the instructions in the Cost Management Section, the benefit payment for room and board charges will be reduced by 50%.

The attending Physician does not have to obtain precertification from the Plan for prescribing a maternity length of stay that is 48 hours or less for a vaginal delivery or 96 hours or less for a cesarean delivery. (The Hospital stay begins at the time of delivery, or admission if the delivery occurred outside the Hospital.) The Covered Person is still required to precertify the Hospital stay.

If the stay is not precertified, the individual is responsible for the amount indicated above. The individual will not be denied the Hospital stay granted under State or Federal law. (Refer to the Cost Management Services Section for complete details.)

PREAUTHORIZATION of certain services is requested and may expedite the adjudication of the claim. (For items marked with ** in the table, refer to the Cost Management Services Section for complete details.) All Organ Transplant services, including evaluation, must be preauthorized or benefits may otherwise be reduced or denied.

TIMELY FILING OF CLAIMS: Claims must be filed with the Claims Supervisor within 365 days of the date charges for the service(s) were incurred. If the Covered Person's coverage terminates, all claims must be filed within 90 days of the Covered Person's termination date. If the termination is due to death, the regular filing limit applies. If the Plan should terminate, all claims must be filed within 90 days of the Plan's termination date. Benefits are based on the Plan's provisions at the time the charges were incurred. Claims filed later than that date may be declined. (Refer to the section entitled "How to File a Claim".)

MEDICAL BENEFITS:

To be considered an Eligible Benefit under this Plan, treatment, services and/or supplies must meet all of the following criteria:

1. Medically Necessary;
2. Ordered by a Physician;
3. Not excluded under the Plan; and

All benefits described in this Schedule are subject to the exclusions and limitations described more fully herein including, but not limited to the above. Charges will be allowed at the Usual and Reasonable Charge, contracted rate or billed amount, whichever is less unless specifically stated otherwise in the contract with that provider or elsewhere in this Plan. Charges for services rendered by a Non-Participating Provider outside the Mercy Health Network area without an approved referral or in absence of any other listed exception will be allowed at the network contracted rate and considered under the Non-Participating Provider benefit.

The meanings of these capitalized terms are in the Defined Terms section of this document.

The Plan is a plan which contains multiple Participating Provider Organizations.

Primary Regional PPO name: Mercy Health Network in Southwest Missouri
Telephone: (417) 888-8888
Web site: www.mercy.net/springfieldmo

Available National PPO name: USA H&W Network
Telephone: (800) 872-3860
Web site: www.usamco.com

Note: (These providers are not defined as Participating Providers in this Plan for a Covered Person who resides within the Mercy coverage area and has services rendered in this network unless a referral is
This Plan has entered into an agreement with certain Hospitals, Physicians and other health care providers, which are called Participating Providers. Because these Participating Providers have agreed to charge reduced fees to persons covered under the Plan, the Plan can afford to reimburse a higher percentage of their fees.

Therefore, when a Covered Person uses a Participating Provider, that Covered Person will receive a higher payment from the Plan than when a Non-Participating Provider is used. It is the Covered Person's choice as to which Provider to use.

Additional information about this network is available at the Benefits Office. A list of Participating Providers is available by calling the PPO at the above phone number or searching for a provider on the PPO's web site. The phone number and web site are also listed on your ID card. In order to obtain benefits at the higher level, it is the Covered Person's responsibility to make sure the provider is participating in the network prior to seeking services. Call the PPO to verify the current status of the provider before each visit.

The Claims Administrator may also contract directly with certain Hospitals and Physicians. These providers will be considered Participating Providers.

Services, as used in this Plan document, means a recognized or standard medical service; it does not mean a specific technique, procedure, or equipment. For example, hip replacement surgery would be considered a recognized or standard medical service; however, the specific technique used by the Physician, i.e., the manner of performing the surgery, is not considered as a service such as to qualify the Covered Person for an exception to the Non-network reimbursement percentage.

Under the following circumstances, the higher Participating benefit will be applied for certain Non-Participating Provider services:

**SERVICES OUTSIDE THE NETWORK AREA** *(Recommend searching for providers with USA H&W Network.)*:

- If a Covered Person is outside the PPO network area (including outside the United States) and requires services Incidental in nature. A referral is not required.
- If the Covered Person (including students) resides outside the network area and receives services outside the network area. A referral is not required. Utilization of USA providers by persons residing outside the network is optional but recommended.
- If a Covered Person has services rendered by USA H&W Network. This PPO has agreed to discount the services provided by their network of providers. These providers are not defined as Participating Providers in this Plan for a Covered Person who resides in Southwest Missouri and has services rendered in this network unless a referral is approved by the Utilization Review Coordinator for the services.

**SERVICES WITHIN OR OUTSIDE THE NETWORK AREA:**

If a Covered Person resides within the Southwest Missouri network area and:

- Seeks services by a Non-Participating Provider outside the Southwest Missouri network area when the services are available in the network area by a Participating Provider, a referral from a Participating Provider in that specialty must be submitted to the Utilization Review Coordinator who will review the situation to determine if the services will be considered under the Participating Provider benefit. If the referral for the services is not approved, the charges will be allowed at the network rate and considered under the Non-Participating Provider benefit. That is, only the network contracted amount will be allowed. Any amount charged above the network rate will be ineligible. Note: A referral is required even if the provider being referred to is in the USA network or Mercy's extended PPO coverage area outside Southwest Missouri.

- Seeks services by a Non-Participating Provider within the Southwest Missouri network area when the services are available in the network area by a Participating Provider, the charges will be allowed at the network rate and considered under the Non-Participating Provider benefit. That is, only the
network contracted amount will be allowed. Any amount charged above the network rate will be ineligible.

If a Covered Person has no choice of Participating Providers in the specialty required to treat the Illness or Injury within the PPO network area. Verification of the availability, or lack thereof, of a Participating Provider must be submitted to the Utilization Review Coordinator by the Covered Person or the Physician to review for authorization of payment at the Participating Provider benefit level.

If a Covered Person has an Emergency Medical Condition (on an inpatient or outpatient basis) that is a Life-threatening situation when the Covered Person had no control regarding the Hospital to which they were taken. This applies to ambulance transport, facility and Physician charges. For an inpatient admission, in order to continue to receive the higher benefit once the Covered Person's condition has been stabilized following admission to a Non-Participating facility, the Covered Person must be transferred to a Participating facility.

If a Covered Person receives Physician, diagnostic or anesthesia services by a Non-Participating Provider when the Covered Person did not have a choice of Participating Providers or they were not available while admitted inpatient or outpatient at a Participating facility.

If a Covered Person has a specimen for a lab test drawn or an x-ray taken by a Participating Provider but a Non-Participating Provider performs the lab test or reads the x-ray.

If a Covered Person receives treatment, services or supplies by a Non-Participating Provider and the charges for the services were negotiated and/or approved by Med-Pay or MPI Care. (Pre-certification is not an approval of the services or a guarantee of payment for the services.)

DEDUCTIBLES/COPAYMENTS PAYABLE BY PLAN PARTICIPANTS

Deductibles/Copayments are dollar amounts that the Covered Person must pay before the Plan pays.

A deductible is an amount of money that is paid by a Covered Person once a Calendar Year. Typically, there is one deductible amount per Plan and it must be paid before any money is paid by the Plan for any Covered Charges. Each January 1st, a new deductible amount is required. Deductibles do not accrue toward the 100% maximum out-of-pocket payment.

A copayment is the amount of money that is paid each time a particular service is used. Typically, there may be copayments on some services and other services will not have any copayments. Copayments do not accrue toward the 100% maximum out-of-pocket payment.
### MEDICAL BENEFITS SCHEDULE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DEDUCTIBLE, PER CALENDAR YEAR</th>
<th>PARTICIPATING PROVIDERS</th>
<th>NON-PARTICIPATING PROVIDERS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Per Covered Person</td>
<td>$600</td>
<td>$1,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Per Family Unit</td>
<td>$1,800</td>
<td>$5,400</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Calendar Year deductible is waived for the following Covered Charges:
- Routine Well Adult & Well Child Care (In-network benefits only)
- Supplementary Accident Benefit

#### Hospital Deductible

| Hospital Deductible | $100 per confinement |

Note: The Hospital Deductible applies to any inpatient admission, including SNF. It is calculated before the application of the Calendar Year deductible and coinsurance. It does not apply to the Calendar Year Deductible. It is still applied even if the person has met their total out-of-pocket maximum.

#### Emergency Room Deductible

| Emergency Room Deductible | $50 |

Note: The Emergency Room Deductible applies to all emergency room visits on the facility’s emergency room revenue code. It is not applied to the Calendar Year Deductible. It is still imposed even if the person has met their total out-of-pocket maximum.

#### COPAYMENTS

| Mental Disorder and Substance Abuse counseling | 75% after deductible | 55% after deductible |
| Prescriptions @ Pharmacy | Refer to Prescription Benefits | Refer to Prescription Benefits |

#### MAXIMUM COINSURANCE AMOUNT, PER CALENDAR YEAR

| Per Covered Person | $2,000 | $6,000 |
| Per Family Unit    | $6,000 | $18,000 |

#### MAXIMUM OUT-OF-POCKET AMOUNT, PER CALENDAR YEAR

| Per Covered Person | $2,600 | $7,800 |
| Per Family Unit    | $7,800 | $23,400 |

The Plan will pay the designated percentage of Covered Charges until out-of-pocket (deductible plus coinsurance) amounts are reached, at which time the Plan will pay 100% of the remainder of Covered Charges for the rest of the Calendar Year unless stated otherwise.

The following charges do not apply toward the coinsurance maximum and are never paid at 100%.
- Deductibles: Calendar Year, Emergency Room and Hospital
- Cost containment penalties
- Copayments
- Amounts over UCR
- Charges excluded as ineligible

Note: The maximum amounts an individual can contribute to the in-network deductible and coinsurance family maximums are amounts up to the in-network "Per Covered Person" maximums. Therefore, if the individual has out-of-network services, only the amount up to the in-network maximum will be counted toward reaching the family’s in-network maximum.

### COVERED CHARGES

#### Ambulance Service

| Emergent | 75% after deductible | 75% after deductible |
| Eligible non-emergent | 75% after deductible | 55% after deductible |

#### Cardiac/Pulmonary Therapy

| 75% after deductible | 55% after deductible |

#### Chiropractic Services

| $700 Calendar Year maximum | $700 Calendar Year maximum |

Note: All services rendered by a chiropractor or acupuncturist are subject to these maximums: spinal manipulation, acupuncture (by a licensed acupuncturist), acupressure, labs/x-rays, visits or other services. Spinal manipulations by an M.D., D.O., or D.C. are also applied to this maximum.

#### Diagnostic Testing, including Pre-Admission Testing (X-ray & Lab)

| 75% after deductible | 55% after deductible |

Note: Includes colonoscopies and mammograms required for the treatment of an Illness.

#### Durable Medical Equipment

| 75% after deductible | 55% after deductible |
### PARTICIPATING PROVIDERS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Benefit</th>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Benefit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Medical Emergency</td>
<td>75% after deductibles (ER and Calendar Year)</td>
<td>Medical Non-Emergency Care</td>
<td>75% after deductibles (ER and Calendar Year)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fitness Center Dues</td>
<td>100%, deductible waived, $500 Calendar Year maximum</td>
<td></td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** This benefit will not apply until the Employee/Spouse participates in a Health Risk Assessment ("HRA") through a provider selected by the District. Dependent children are not required to participate in a HRA to receive this benefit. Participants will not be eligible for this benefit until after completing the HRA each calendar year.

This benefit applies to all persons covered by the Plan (employees, Retired Employees, dependent spouses and children). ("Participants").

A list of participating fitness centers will be made available to the Participants and revised as necessary.

Requirements and reimbursement of dues for Participants:

- 100% reimbursement of fitness center dues will be paid if the Participant attends a minimum of 12 times per 30 day monthly cycle.
- 50% reimbursement of fitness center dues will be paid if the participant attends a minimum of 8 times per 30 day monthly cycle.

Participants will supply Med-Pay a copy of their monthly participation record and payment receipt. The participation record is available at the participating fitness center. Med-Pay will in turn reimburse the Participant according to the benefits outlined above after the participation form is received. Reimbursement will only be for Covered Persons. Therefore, the receipt must itemize who is included in the dues.

After the 100% benefit has been reached, fitness center dues will not be covered under this Plan as regular benefits but rather will be the Participant's responsibility.

**Home Health Care**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Benefit</th>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Benefit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>75% after deductible, 100 visits Calendar Year maximum</td>
<td></td>
<td>55% after deductible, 100 visits Calendar Year maximum</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Hospice Care**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Benefit</th>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Benefit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Room and Board</td>
<td>75% after deductibles (Hospital and Calendar Year) the semiprivate room rate</td>
<td>Intensive Care Unit</td>
<td>75% after deductibles (Hospital and Calendar Year) Hospital's ICU Charge</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intensive Care Unit</td>
<td>75% after deductibles (Hospital and Calendar Year) Hospital's ICU Charge</td>
<td>Other Outpatient Services not listed herein</td>
<td>75% after deductible, 70 visits Lifetime maximum</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Jaw Joint/TMJ**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Benefit</th>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Benefit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>75% after deductible</td>
<td></td>
<td>55% after deductible</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Mental Disorders**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Benefit</th>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Benefit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Inpatient</td>
<td>75% after deductibles (Hospital and Calendar Year)</td>
<td>Outpatient &amp; office visits</td>
<td>75% after deductibles</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Naturopathic Medicine**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Benefit</th>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Benefit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>75% after deductible, $500 Calendar Year maximum</td>
<td></td>
<td>55% after deductible, $500 Calendar Year maximum</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** All services rendered by a licensed Naturopathic Doctor (ND) are subject to these maximums: acupressure visits or other services. Benefits are not provided for hair analysis, homeopathic/naturopathic remedies, medicines, drugs or devices. The allowance for Non-participating Providers to be considered under the Participating Provider benefits (as stated on page 4) will not apply to these services. These services will not be considered under any other benefit of this Plan.
### Preventive Care

#### Physician Services

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Participating Providers</th>
<th>Non-Participating Providers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><em>Occupational Therapy</em></td>
<td>75% after deductible 20 visits/condition Calendar Year maximum</td>
<td>55% after deductible 20 visits/condition Calendar Year maximum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Organ Transplants</em></td>
<td>Designated Transplant Facility: 75% after deductible</td>
<td>Non-Designated Transplant Facility: 55% after deductible</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Organ and tissue transplants are covered except those which are classified as "Experimental and/or Investigational". All Organ Transplant services, including evaluation, must be preauthorized or benefits may otherwise be reduced or denied. Therefore, the Covered Person or his/her physician must call the Utilization Review Coordinator when the Physician first indicates a transplant is recommended. Re-transplantation procedures must also have preauthorization. Non-authorized services rendered by a non-designated transplant facility will be excluded by this Plan.

| *Orthotics* | 75% after deductible | 55% after deductible |
| *Outpatient Private Duty Nursing* | 75% after deductible | 55% after deductible |
| *Physical Therapy* | 75% after deductible 20 visits/condition Calendar Year maximum | 55% after deductible 20 visits/condition Calendar Year maximum |

#### Physician Services

- **Inpatient visits**: 75% after deductible; 55% after deductible
- **Office visits**: 75% after deductible; 55% after deductible
- **Specialist office visits**: 75% after deductible; 55% after deductible
- **Surgery**: 75% after deductible; 55% after deductible
- **Allergy testing**: 75% after deductible; 55% after deductible
- **Allergy serum and injections**: 75% after deductible; 55% after deductible

#### Pregnancy

Note: Pregnancy is not covered for Dependent daughters. Refer to Hospital Services for Inpatient benefits. Two ultrasounds will be considered an eligible expense for eligible persons for a routine Pregnancy during the following trimesters: First trimester: to determine gestational age; and Second trimester: for routine screening.

#### Prescription Drugs

- **Inpatient & Outpatient**: 75% after deductible; 55% after deductible
- **Physician's office (authorized)**: 75% after deductible; 55% after deductible
- **Physician's office (unauthorized)**: 60% after deductible; 40% after deductible

\*Note: Certain Specialty Drugs require prior authorization for administration in the Physician's office when they typically would be purchased at a Participating Specialty Pharmacy. If administration occurs without approval by the Claims Supervisor, the benefit is reduced as indicated above. The Covered Person will remain responsible for the coinsurance amount even after the maximum coinsurance has been met for the Calendar Year. To avoid this reduction of benefits, fill the Specialty Drug through a Participating Specialty Pharmacy. Refer to Prescription Drug Benefits following this Schedule for copay information. Contact the PBM at the number on your ID card for instructions on getting your prescription filled. A list of these Specialty Drugs is available through the Claims Supervisor.

#### Preventive Care

- **Routine Well Adult Care**: 100%, deductible waived; 60% after deductible

Note: Benefit restricted to services performed in conjunction with preventive services such as routine physical examination. Benefit also includes services currently recommended by the United States Preventive Services Task Force categories A and B, such as certain laboratory tests and cancer screenings. Revised recommendations by the Task Force will be made applicable to the Plan when required by law. View a current listing of required preventive services at [http://www.uspreventiveservicestaskforce.org/uspsfs/uspsabrecs.htm](http://www.uspreventiveservicestaskforce.org/uspsfs/uspsabrecs.htm). Immunizations administered to prevent diseases such as yellow fever, typhoid, malaria, etc. in order to travel outside the United States (whether elective travel or for work-related travel) will be considered under this benefit. This benefit also applies to services provided during the HRA visit. Additional preventive care services for women are covered with no cost-sharing when rendered by Participating Providers/Pharmacies. View a current listing of required preventive services at [http://www.hrsa.gov/womensguidelines/](http://www.hrsa.gov/womensguidelines/). Contact Pharmacy Benefit Manager at the phone number on your health care plan ID card for specific information about medications which qualify for this benefit.

#### Frequency Limits for Mammogram

- **Ages 35 through 39**: single Baseline mammogram
- **Ages 40 and over**: annually

<p>| Routine Well Newborn Nursery &amp; Physician Care (initial Hospital confinement) | 75% after deductible (Hospital and Calendar Year) | 55% after deductible (Hospital and Calendar Year) |
| Routine Well Child Care (see below): | 100%, deductible waived | 55% after deductible |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PROVIDERS</th>
<th>PARTICIPATING PROVIDERS</th>
<th>NON-PARTICIPATING PROVIDERS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Note: Benefit restricted to services performed in conjunction with preventive services such as routine physical examination. Benefit also includes services currently recommended by the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) for Infants, Children, and Adolescents. Revised recommendations by the HRSA will be made applicable to the Plan when required by law.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Immunizations (see below):</td>
<td>100%, deductible waived</td>
<td>55% after deductible</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Note: Benefit restricted to service recommended by the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices that have been adopted by the Director of the Center for Disease Control and Prevention or as required by other federal or Missouri State law. Contact the Health Department for availability of any immunizations free of charge.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*Prosthetics</td>
<td>75% after deductible</td>
<td>55% after deductible</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Second Surgical Opinion, Voluntary (refer to Cost Management Services section)</td>
<td>75% after deductible</td>
<td>55% after deductible</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*Skilled Nursing Facility</td>
<td>75% after deductible (Hospital and Calendar Year) the facility’s semiprivate room rate within 14 days of a Hospital confinement 70 days Calendar Year maximum</td>
<td>55% after deductible (Hospital and Calendar Year) the facility's semiprivate room rate within 14 days of a Hospital confinement 70 days Calendar Year maximum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*Speech Therapy</td>
<td>75% after deductible (Hospital and Calendar Year) 20 visits/condition Calendar Year maximum</td>
<td>55% after deductible (Hospital and Calendar Year) 20 visits/condition Calendar Year maximum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Substance Abuse Inpatient</td>
<td>75% after deductible (Hospital and Calendar Year)</td>
<td>55% after deductible (Hospital and Calendar Year)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outpatient &amp; office visits</td>
<td>75% after deductible</td>
<td>55% after deductible</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplementary Accident Charge Benefit Maximum benefit per accident (excludes chiropractic services)</td>
<td>First $200, payable at 100%, deductible waived. Regular benefits thereafter.</td>
<td>First $200, payable at 100%, deductible waived. Regular benefits thereafter.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Note: One accident claim per Covered Person per Calendar Year. Charges above maximum covered at regular benefits. The Emergency Room or Hospital Deductible will apply before charges are considered under this benefit. The Supplementary Accident Benefit is designed to supplement the Major Medical Expense Benefit. This benefit applies when services are delivered within 72 hours of the date of the accident.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Replacement of teeth removed for the medical management of a hazardous medical condition</td>
<td>Not covered</td>
<td>Not covered</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*Weight Management</td>
<td>75% after deductible</td>
<td>55% after deductible</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wigs</td>
<td>75% after deductible One wig Lifetime maximum</td>
<td>55% after deductible One wig Lifetime maximum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All other Covered Charges not excluded or limited in this Plan Document:</td>
<td>75% after deductible</td>
<td>55% after deductible</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(For items marked with "**" in the table, refer to the Cost Management Services Section for complete details on the preauthorization of the services.)
### PRESCRIPTION DRUG BENEFITS SCHEDULE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DEDUCTIBLE, PER CALENDAR YEAR</th>
<th>PARTICIPATING PHARMACIES</th>
<th>NON-PARTICIPATING PHARMACIES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Per Covered Person</td>
<td>$50</td>
<td>$250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Per Family Unit</td>
<td>$100</td>
<td>$500</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Retail Prescriptions- (Copay per 34-day supply)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Participating Pharmacies</th>
<th>Non-Participating Pharmacies</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Generic drugs</td>
<td>$5 copayment + 20% after prescription drug deductible is satisfied</td>
<td>See instructions below.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brand Name drugs</td>
<td>$10 copayment + 20% after prescription drug deductible is satisfied</td>
<td>See instructions below.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Mail Order or Participating MedTrak 90 Pharmacy Option- (Copay per 90-day supply)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Participating Pharmacies</th>
<th>Non-Participating Pharmacies</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Generic drugs</td>
<td>$5 copayment + 10% after prescription drug deductible is satisfied</td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brand Name drugs</td>
<td>$10 copayment + 10% after prescription drug deductible is satisfied</td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Mail Order or Participating MedTrak 90 Pharmacy Option- (Copay per 30-day supply)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specialty Drugs</th>
<th>Participating Pharmacies</th>
<th>Non-Participating Pharmacies</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>20% copay after deductible $2,500 maximum copay out-of-pocket per Calendar Year 100% paid by Plan thereafter</td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Specialty Drugs** are high-cost injectable, oral or inhaled drugs that need special storage, handling and/or administration, or that generally require close supervision and monitoring of the patient's drug therapy. A list of these drugs is available by contacting the Claims Supervisor or Pharmacy Benefit Manager as stated on your health plan ID card. Only available through network specialty pharmacy or retail location.

**Filing receipts when PBM card is not used:**

*If this is your primary plan*, all prescriptions should be filed through the PBM. There may be times the Pharmacy will tell you it is less expensive to pay for the drug without using your card. This happens when they are offering a greater discount than the amount in their computer which they use to communicate with the Pharmacy Benefit Manager (PBM). Purchase the prescription without the card and submit the receipt with the claim form to the PBM and state the situation on the form. You will be reimbursed directly by the PBM for any amounts above the copay for which you have paid. The reimbursement (based upon the network allowance less a small processing fee) will be sent to the Covered Employee.

Some exceptions to the network allowance may be made for extenuating circumstances. Typically, a pharmacy can refile a claim within 14 days if a problem existed in filing the claim electronically. The MedTrak Services help desk is available six days a week to assist the pharmacy with rejected claims.

*If this is your secondary plan or you fail to file your receipt to MedTrak Services as described above*, submit your receipt and/or explanation of benefits from your primary plan to Med-Pay. The coordination of benefits provision applies and benefits are payable under this Prescription Plan. The billed amount will be the amount listed on the receipt (total amount allowed or copayment, if total allowed is not listed).


**Refer to the Prescription Drug Section for details on the Prescription Drug benefit.**
ELIGIBILITY

Eligible Classes of Employees. All Active and Retired Employees of the District.

Eligibility Requirements for Employee/Retiree Coverage. A person is eligible for Employee/Retiree coverage once he or she satisfies all of the following (refer to the EFFECTIVE DATE section):

1. is a Full-Time, Active Employee of the District (has begun working for the District). An Employee is considered to be Full-Time if he or she works at least 20 hours per week and is on the regular payroll of the District for that work.

2. is a Retired Employee of the District and Surviving Spouses of Retired Employees who are eligible for and receiving a retirement pension from the District’s public retirement plan and who has elected coverage as allowed under the District’s Group Medical Insurance Plan. Retired Employees shall have one year from the date of retirement to elect Retiree coverage for themselves, spouses and unmarried eligible Dependent children. If coverage is not elected during that one-year period, the District has no obligation under state law to make health care coverage available to these persons following that period. If Retiree coverage was elected and later terminated, it cannot be reinstated.

A Retired Employee must have been an Active Employee (as defined by this Plan) and have elected to pay for the continuation of that coverage (either single or dependent) which was in effect at the time of his/her retirement. The same Special Enrollment and Open Enrollment provisions will apply to Retired Employees and their dependents.

3. is in a class eligible for coverage.

Summer Break. Coverage will continue for all benefited employees during the summer break as long as they are still employed by the District.

Temporary Employees are not eligible for benefits, regardless of the amount of hours worked.

Eligible Classes of Dependents. A Dependent is any one of the following persons:

1. A covered Employee/Retiree's Spouse and children from birth through the last day of the month in which the Dependent child turns 26 years.

The term "Spouse" shall mean a member of the opposite sex who is legally married to the covered Employee/Retiree. A common law spouse is the covered Employee's/Retiree's husband or wife recognized under the laws of the state where the covered Employee/Retiree lives. For purposes of this health plan, the terms “legally married” and “marriage” shall mean a recognized legal union of a man and a woman. The Plan Administrator may require documentation proving a legal marital relationship. Proof of marriage is established by one of the following:

(a) a copy or abstract of the public record of marriage, or a copy of the church record of marriage, containing sufficient data to identify the parties, the date and place of marriage;

(b) an affidavit of the clergyman or magistrate who officiated; or

(c) an original certificate of marriage, if the Plan Administrator is satisfied it is genuine and free from alteration.

The term "children" shall include natural children, adopted children or children placed with a covered Employee/Retiree in anticipation of adoption. Step-children may also be included as long as a natural parent remains married to the Employee/Retiree. Any child of an Employee/Retiree or spouse who enrolled in this Plan as required in a divorce decree or qualified medical child support order (QMCSO) will be eligible as long as they otherwise meet the criteria for a Dependent Child.

In all cases, to qualify as an eligible Dependent under the Plan, the child must be a qualifying dependent of the Employee/Retiree. The Plan Administrator may require documentation
proving dependency. Proof a child is your dependent is established by one (1) of the following types of evidence:

(a) For a natural child born to married parents, a copy of the public record of birth showing the Employee was named as parent of the child. For a natural child born to unmarried parents, a copy of the public record of birth showing the Employee was named as parent of the child, as well as any other documentation that the Plan Sponsor may require, including but not limited to DNA testing;

(b) For an adopted child or a child Legally Placed for Adoption, except in jurisdictions where petition must be made to the court for release of adoption documents or information, or where release of such documents or information is prohibited, evidence of relationship will include a copy of the decree of adoption or as copy of the adoptive placement agreement and such other evidence as may be necessary. In jurisdictions where petition must be made to the court for release of adoption documents or information, or where release of such documents or information is prohibited, a copy of the child’s revised birth certificate will be accepted to establish the fact of adoption;

(c) For a step-child, evidence of relationship of a step-child will consist of proof of birth as required for a natural child plus proof of marriage of the Employee to the natural parent of the child, and evidence that the child is a member of the Employee’s household or must provide a Qualified Medical Child Support Order stipulating that coverage is required by the natural parent and the natural parent has no other coverage available to him/her; or

(d) For Legal Guardianship, a copy of the public record showing the Employee and/or spouse was named as Legal Guardian of the child, and the spouse has no other coverage available to him/her.

In the event there is a change in status of any Employee’s/Retiree’s Dependent covered under the Plan following the initial eligibility determination, the Employee/Retiree must inform the Plan Administrator within 30 days of the change in status and provide documentation to the Plan Administrator that substantiates such a change in status. In the event of death or divorce, a copy of the death certificate or divorce decree will be required. In the event of adoption or placement for adoption or acquisition of a step-child, documentation described above for each such situation will be required.

The Plan Administrator may, from time to time, request a copy of your federal income tax return to substantiate the Dependents you claim.

If a covered Employee/Retiree or Spouse is the Legal Guardian of child or children, these children may be enrolled in this Plan as covered Dependents.

Custody, guardianship and adoption must be established by valid court order or decree entered after the petition for same has been filed. Custodial parent is the parent awarded physical custody by a court decree or, in the absence of a court decree, is the parent with whom the child resides more than one half of the Calendar Year excluding any temporary visitation.

The phrase "child placed with a covered Employee/Retiree in anticipation of adoption" refers to a child whom the Employee/Retiree intends to adopt, whether or not the adoption has become final, who has not attained the age of 18 as of the date of such placement for adoption. The term "placed" means the assumption and retention by such Employee/Retiree of a legal obligation for total or partial support of the child in anticipation of adoption of the child. The child must be available for adoption and the legal process must have commenced.

Coverage will not continue beyond 31 days of placement unless written application and any required Employee/Retiree contribution has been paid to us before that 31st day. The child’s coverage will continue subject to any required contributions until the earlier of: (a) the day the child is removed from the Employee’s/Retiree’s physical custody prior to legal adoption; or (b) the day the coverage would otherwise end in accordance with the Plan provisions.

Any child of an Employee/Retiree who is an alternate recipient under a qualified medical child support order shall be considered as having a right to Dependent coverage under this Plan.
as of the date of the request on the QMCSO. The Employee may elect coverage if not already covered under this plan.

(2) A covered Dependent child, who prior to reaching the applicable limiting age, is Totally Disabled, incapable of self-sustaining employment by reason of mental or physical handicap, primarily dependent upon the covered Employee/Retiree for support and maintenance and unmarried. The Plan Administrator may require, at reasonable intervals during the two years following the Dependent's reaching the limiting age, subsequent proof of the child's Total Disability and dependency.

After such two-year period, the Plan Administrator may require subsequent proof not more than once each year. The Plan Administrator reserves the right to have such Dependent examined by a Physician of the Plan Administrator's choice, at the Plan's expense, to determine the existence of such incapacity.

If a Dependent Child of an Employee is also a Full-time Employee, the Dependent Child is eligible to be covered either as a Dependent Child or as an Employee, but not both, until they reach age 26. At that time, the Dependent Child, will only be eligible as an Employee. In order for the Dependent Child to receive the benefit of Board paid insurance, the Dependent Child must be enrolled as an Employee.

In the case of Employees married to one another without Dependents, the Employees will be covered as separate Employees.

In the case of an Employee married to a Retiree with or without Dependents, the Retiree and Dependents may choose to be covered either under the Retiree or under the Employee. By enrolling as the spouse and Dependents, family deductible could be met sooner. When both parents are Employees/Retirees, the Dependent Children may only be enrolled under one covered parent, not under both.

A Retiree married to an Employee or another Retiree can either remain with single coverage or enroll as a spouse of the Employee or other Retiree. Any Dependent Children can only be enrolled under one covered parent, not under both.

If a person covered under this Plan changes status from Employee/Retiree to Dependent or Dependent to Employee/Retiree, and the person is covered continuously under this Plan before, during and after the change in status, credit will be given for deductibles and all amounts applied to maximums depending upon the coverages elected and which Covered Persons elect those coverages.

Eligibility Requirements for Dependent Coverage. A family member of an Employee/Retiree will become eligible for Dependent coverage on the first day that the Employee/Retiree is eligible for Employee/Retiree coverage and the family member satisfies the requirements for Dependent coverage.

At any time, the Plan may require proof that a Spouse or a child qualifies or continues to qualify as a Dependent as defined by this Plan.

FUNDING

Cost of the Plan. School District of Springfield R-12 pays for Employee coverage under this Plan. Therefore, all eligible Employees must elect coverage under this Plan. The Employee pays for Dependent coverage under this Plan. Retirees pay the entire cost for their coverage under this Plan. The enrollment application for coverage will include a payroll deduction authorization. This authorization must be filled out, signed and returned with the enrollment application.

The level of any Employee/Retiree contributions is set by the Plan Administrator. The Plan Administrator shall from time to time evaluate the costs of the Plan and determine the amount to be contributed by the District and Employee/Retiree, if any, and reserves the right to change the level of Employee/Retiree contributions.

Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan, the District’s obligation to pay claims otherwise allowable under the terms of the Plan shall be limited to its obligation to make contributions to the Plan as set forth in the preceding paragraphs. Payment of said claims in accordance with these procedures shall discharge completely the District’s obligation with respect to such payment.

In the event that the District terminates this Plan, then as of the termination date, the District and Employees/Retirees shall have no further obligation to make additional contributions to the Plan.
ENROLLMENT

Enrollment Requirements. An Employee/Retiree must enroll for coverage by filling out and signing an enrollment application along with the appropriate payroll deduction authorization.

Enrollment Requirements for Newborn Children.

The newborn will be covered from the moment of birth through the 31st day following birth if the enrollment form is received by the District’s Benefits Office before the end of the 31-day period and any premiums due must be paid. The enrollment form should indicate if coverage is only for the first 31 days. If the enrollment form is picked up within the 31-day period, the Employee/Retiree has 10 additional days to return the form to the Plan Administrator. If the Employee/Retiree does not wish to have this coverage for the first 31 days, they should notify the District’s Benefits Office immediately in order to decline coverage.

If the Employee/Retiree applies for coverage beyond the 31-day period, the enrollment will be considered a Late Enrollment. The enrollee will be subject to the Late Enrollment provision of this Plan. There will be no payment by the Plan for charges incurred in between the end of the initial 31 days and the Enrollment Date. The Employee/Retiree will be responsible for all charges.

Such coverage for a newborn includes: routine nursery care (Refer to Routine Well Newborn Nursery/Physician Care in the Schedule of Benefits); or the necessary care or treatment of medically diagnosed congenital defects, birth abnormalities or complications resulting from prematurity (Refer to Hospital Services and Physician Services in the Schedule of Benefits).

Charges for covered Routine Well Newborn Nursery Care will be applied toward the Plan of the newborn child.

Charges for covered Routine Well Newborn Physician Care will be applied toward the Plan of the newborn child.

TIMELY AND LATE ENROLLMENT

(1) Timely Enrollment - The enrollment will be “timely” if the completed form is received by the Plan Administrator no later than 30 days after the person becomes eligible for the coverage, either initially or under a Special Enrollment Period.

If two Employees/Retirees (husband and wife) are covered under the Plan and the Employee/Retiree who is covering the Dependent children terminates coverage, the Dependent coverage may be continued by the other covered Employee/Retiree with no Waiting Period as long as coverage has been continuous.

(2) Late Enrollment - An enrollment is “late” if it is not made on a “timely basis” or during a Special Enrollment Period. Late Enrollees and their Dependents who are not eligible to join the Plan during a Special Enrollment Period may join only during open enrollment.

If an individual loses eligibility for coverage as a result of terminating employment or a general suspension of coverage under the Plan, then upon becoming eligible again due to resumption of employment or due to resumption of Plan coverage, only the most recent period of eligibility will be considered for purposes of determining whether the individual is a Late Enrollee.

The time between the date a Late Enrollee first becomes eligible for enrollment under the Plan and the first day of coverage is not treated as a Waiting Period. Coverage begins on January 1st.

SPECIAL ENROLLMENT RIGHTS

Special Enrollment provisions are allowed under some circumstances. If an Employee/Retiree is declining enrollment for himself or his dependents (including their spouse) because of other health insurance or group health plan coverage, there may be a right to enroll in this Plan if there is a loss of eligibility for that other coverage (or if the District stops contributing towards the other coverage). However, a request for enrollment must be made within 30 days after the coverage ends (or after the District stops contributing towards the other coverage).

In addition, in the case of a birth, marriage, adoption or placement for adoption, there may be a right to enroll in this Plan. However, a request for enrollment must be made within 30 days after the birth, marriage, adoption or placement for adoption.
The Special Enrollment rules are described in more detail below. To request Special Enrollment or obtain more detailed information of these portability provisions, contact the Plan Administrator, School District of Springfield R-12, 1359 E. St. Louis St., Springfield, MO 65802 (417) 523-4647.

SPECIAL ENROLLMENT PERIODS

The Enrollment Date for anyone who enrolls under a Special Enrollment Period is the first date of coverage. Thus, the time between the date a special enrollee first becomes eligible for enrollment under the Plan and the first day of coverage is not treated as a Waiting Period. **Note: Retirees do not have the option to enroll themselves under the Special Enrollment period beyond one year from the retirement date.**

1. **Individuals losing other coverage creating a Special Enrollment right.** An Employee/Retiree or Dependent who is eligible, but not enrolled in this Plan, may enroll if loss of eligibility for coverage is due to any of the following conditions:

   (a) The Employee/Retiree or Dependent was covered under a group health plan or had health insurance coverage at the time coverage under this Plan was previously offered to the individual.

   (b) If required by the Plan Administrator, the Employee/Retiree stated in writing at the time that coverage was offered that the other health coverage was the reason for declining enrollment.

   (c) The coverage of the Employee/Retiree or Dependent who had lost the coverage was under COBRA and the COBRA coverage was exhausted, or was not under COBRA and either the coverage was terminated as a result of loss of eligibility for the coverage (including as a result of Legal Separation, divorce, death, termination of employment or reduction in the number of hours of employment) or because District contributions towards the coverage were terminated. Coverage will begin no later than the first day of the first calendar month following the date the completed enrollment form is received, unless agreed upon by the Employee/Retiree and Plan Administrator for financial or payroll reasons.

   (d) The Employee/Retiree or Dependent requests enrollment in this Plan not later than 31 days after the date of exhaustion of COBRA coverage or the termination of non-COBRA coverage due to loss of eligibility or termination of District contributions, described above. Coverage will begin no later than the first day of the first calendar month following the date the completed enrollment form is received, unless agreed upon by the Employee/Retiree and Plan Administrator for financial or payroll reasons.

   (e) For purposes of these rules, a loss of eligibility occurs if:

      (i) The Employee/Retiree or Dependent has a loss of eligibility on the earliest date a claim is denied that would meet or exceed a lifetime limit on all benefits.

      (ii) The Employee/Retiree or Dependent has a loss of eligibility due to the plan no longer offering any benefits to a class of similarly situated individuals (i.e.: part-time employees).

      (iii) The Employee/Retiree or Dependent has a loss of eligibility as a result of legal separation, divorce, cessation of dependent status (such as attaining the maximum age to be eligible as a dependent child under the plan), death, termination of employment, or reduction in the number of hours of employment or contributions towards the coverage were terminated.

      (iv) The Employee/Retiree or Dependent has a loss of eligibility when coverage is offered through an HMO, or other arrangement, in the individual market that does not provide benefits to individuals who no longer reside, live or work in a service area, (whether or not within the choice of the individual).

      (v) The Employee/Retiree or Dependent has a loss of eligibility when coverage is offered through an HMO, or other arrangement, in the group market that does not provide benefits to individuals who no longer reside, live or work in a service area, (whether or not within the choice of the individual), and no other benefit package is available to the individual.
If the Employee/Retiree or Dependent lost the other coverage as a result of the individual's failure to pay premiums or required contributions or for cause (such as making a fraudulent claim or an intentional misrepresentation of a material fact in connection with the plan), that individual does not have a Special Enrollment right.

2) **Dependent beneficiaries.** If the Employee/Retiree is a participant under this Plan (or is eligible to be enrolled under this Plan but for a failure to enroll during a previous enrollment period), and:

(a) A person(s) becomes a Dependent of the Employee/Retiree through marriage, then the new Dependent(s) (Spouse or and step-children) and if not otherwise enrolled, the Employee may be enrolled under this Plan as a Covered Person; or

(b) A person becomes a Dependent of the Employee/Retiree through birth, Legal Guardianship, QMCSO, adoption or placement for adoption, then the new Dependents may be enrolled under this Plan as a covered Dependent of the covered Employee/Retiree. The Spouse of the covered Employee/Retiree may be enrolled as a Dependent of the covered Employee/Retiree if the Spouse is otherwise eligible for coverage.

Eligible Dependents other than those described in (a) or (b) who were not enrolled when first eligible are not eligible to enroll during this Special Enrollment event. They may enroll as Late Enrollees, if allowed by the Plan.

If the Employee/Retiree is not enrolled in the Plan, he or she may enroll as a Special Enrollee as a result of the Special Enrollment events listed in (a) and (b) above. The newly eligible Dependents may not enroll if the Employee/Retiree does not elect coverage.

The Dependent Special Enrollment Period is a period of 31 days and begins on the date of the marriage, birth, adoption or placement for adoption or Legal Guardianship or the commencement of the school term. To be eligible for this Special Enrollment Period, the Employee/Retiree must request enrollment of the Plan Administrator during this period. Otherwise, the person is considered a Late Enrollee and will be subject to the Late Enrollment provisions under this Plan. The exception may be the enrollment of newborns. Refer to the Enrollment Requirements of Newborn Children in this Enrollment section.

The coverage of the Dependent enrolled in the Special Enrollment Period will be effective no later than the following unless agreed upon by the Employee/Retiree and Plan Administrator for financial or payroll reasons:

(a) in the case of marriage, no later than the first day of the first month beginning after the date the completed request for enrollment is received (i.e., marriage occurred on January 10. If enrollment form is received January 10-31, the effective date will be no later than February 1. If enrollment form is received February 1-9, the effective date will be no later than March 1.);

(b) in the case of a Dependent's birth, as of the date of birth;

(c) in the case of a Dependent's adoption or placement for adoption or Legal Guardianship, the date of the adoption or placement for adoption or Legal Guardianship; or

3) Effective April 1, 2009, under the Children’s Health Insurance Program Reauthorization Act of 2009 (“CHIP”): Eligible employees and dependents incur a Special Enrollment event with the opportunity to enroll in the Plan under either of the following conditions: a) when the Employee’s or dependent’s Medicaid or CHIP coverage terminates as a result of loss of eligibility under those programs; rev 042709 or b) upon obtaining eligibility for a state premium assistance subsidy under Medicaid or CHIP. To be eligible for this Special Enrollment, the Employee must request coverage under this Plan within 60 days of the date of termination or the date the Employee or dependent is determined eligible for the premium assistance. The Employee must be enrolled in the Plan in order for his/her dependent(s) to be enrolled. Proper documentation of loss of other coverage and the subsidy being applied must be provided along with the enrollment form if the application is to be accepted.
EFFECTIVE DATE

**Effective Date of Active Employee Coverage.** An Employee will be covered under this Plan as of the first day of the calendar month following the date that the Employee satisfies all of the following:

1. The Eligibility Requirement.
2. The Active Employee Requirement.
3. The Enrollment Requirements of the Plan.

**Effective Date of Retiree Coverage.** Coverage for eligible Retirees shall become effective at the end of Active Employee coverage if the request for coverage is received by the Plan Administrator within 31 days following the date Active Employee coverage ends. If the request for coverage is received by the Plan Administrator within the first year following the retirement date, retiree coverage will become effective the first of the month following the date the request is received. If the request for coverage is received by the Plan Administrator after the first year following the retirement date, the Plan has no obligation under state law to make health care coverage available to the individual.

**Active Employee/Retiree Requirement.**

An Employee must be an Active Employee/Retiree (as defined by this Plan) for this coverage to take effect.

**Effective Date of Dependent Coverage.** A Dependent's coverage will take effect on the day that the Eligibility Requirements are met; the Employee/Retiree is covered under the Plan; and all Enrollment Requirements are met. If the enrollment form is received before the second Friday of a month, Dependent coverage will begin the first of the month which follows the day the request is received. If the request is received within the 31 days following the eligibility date but on or after that second Friday, Dependent coverage will begin on the following:

1. The first day of the month which follows the day the request is received by the Plan Administrator if the Employee/Retiree elects to pay the first month's contribution in a form acceptable by the Plan Administrator; or
2. The first day of the second month which follows the day the request is received by the Plan Administrator when the first month’s contribution is deducted from the Employee’s payroll check.

For an eligible Dependent of a Retiree, coverage under the Plan shall become effective on the same date as the Retiree as long as:

1. The Retiree makes a written request for such Dependent coverage on, before or within 31 days of their retirement date; and
2. The required contribution has been paid.

TERMINATION OF COVERAGE

When coverage under this Plan stops, Plan Participants will receive a certificate that will show the period of Creditable Coverage under this Plan. The Plan maintains written procedures that explain how to request this certificate. Please contact the Plan Administrator for a copy of these procedures and further details.

The Retiree has one year from termination as an Employee to elect coverage as a retiree under this Plan. Beyond that time period, the District has no obligation under Missouri state law to make health care coverage available to these persons. If Retiree coverage was elected and later is terminated, it cannot be reinstated.

The District or Plan has the right to rescind any coverage of the Employee/Retiree and/or Dependents for cause, making a fraudulent claim or an intentional material misrepresentation in applying for or obtaining coverage, or obtaining benefits under the Plan. The District or Plan may either void coverage for the Employee/Retiree and/or covered Dependents for the period of time coverage was in effect, may terminate coverage as of a date to be determined at the Plan's discretion, or may immediately terminate coverage. The District will refund all contributions paid for any coverage rescinded; however, claims paid will be offset from this amount. The District reserves the right to collect additional monies if claims are paid in excess of the Employee's/Retiree's and/or Dependent's paid contributions.
When Employee/Retiree Coverage Terminates. Employee/Retiree coverage will terminate at midnight on the earliest of these dates (except in certain circumstances, a covered Employee/Retiree may be eligible for COBRA continuation coverage. For a complete explanation of when COBRA continuation coverage is available, what conditions apply and how to select it, see the section entitled Continuation Coverage Rights under COBRA):

1. The date the Plan is terminated.
2. The date the covered Employee/Retiree's Eligible Class is eliminated.
3. The last day of the calendar month in which the Employee elects to terminate coverage. (Voluntary termination may or may not be allowed in certain situations according to State and Federal law.)
4. The last day of the calendar month the Retiree elects to terminate coverage.
5. The last day of the calendar month in which the covered Employee/Retiree ceases to be in one of the Eligible Classes. This includes death of Employee/Retiree or any of the following: termination of Active Employment; the end of the Employee's approved leave of absence or is on strike; the Employee is dismissed, disabled, suspended, laid off, locked out or not working due to work stoppage; or the Employee does not satisfy the requirements for hours worked or any other eligibility condition in the Plan. (See the section entitled Continuation Coverage Rights under COBRA.)
6. If an Employee/Retiree commits fraud or makes a material misrepresentation in applying for or obtaining coverage, or obtaining benefits under the Plan, then the District or Plan may either void coverage for the employee and covered Dependents for the period of time coverage was in effect, may terminate coverage as of a date to be determined at the Plan's discretion, or may immediately terminate coverage.

Continuation During Periods of District-Certified Disability, Leave of Absence or Layoff. (Refer to the District's policy manual for details.

If continued, coverage will be that which was in force on the last day worked as an Active Employee. However, if benefits reduce for others in the class, they will also reduce for the continued person.

Continuation During Family and Medical Leave. Regardless of the established leave policies mentioned above, if the District meets the requirements of the law, this Plan shall at all times comply with the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 as promulgated in regulations issued by the Department of Labor.

The Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) requires Employers of fifty (50) or more employees to provide up to twelve (12) weeks of unpaid, job-protected leave to “eligible” Employees for certain family and medical reasons. Employees are eligible if they have worked for the District for at least one (1) year and one thousand two hundred fifty (1,250) hours over the previous twelve (12) months.

During any leave taken under the Family and Medical Leave Act, the District will maintain coverage under this Plan on the same conditions as coverage would have been provided if the covered Employee had been continuously employed during the entire leave period.

If Plan coverage terminates during the FMLA leave, coverage will be reinstated for the Employee and his or her covered Dependents if the Employee returns to work in accordance with the terms of the FMLA leave. Coverage will be reinstated only if the person(s) had coverage under this Plan when the FMLA leave started, and will be reinstated to the same extent that it was in force when that coverage terminated. For example, other Waiting Periods will not be imposed unless they were in effect for the Employee and/or his or her Dependents when Plan coverage terminated.

Rehiring a Terminated Employee. A terminated Employee who is rehired will be treated as a new hire and be required to satisfy all Eligibility and Enrollment requirements. However, if the Employee is returning to work directly from COBRA coverage, a new employment waiting period does not have to be satisfied.

Employees on Military Leave. The District will adhere to any applicable State and/or Federal laws.
If the Employee wishes to elect this coverage or obtain more detailed information, contact the Plan Administrator School District of Springfield R-12, 1359 E. St. Louis St., Springfield, Missouri, 65802, (417) 523-4647. The Employee may also have continuation rights under USERRA. In general, the Employee must meet the same requirements for electing USERRA coverage as are required under COBRA continuation coverage requirements. Coverage elected under these circumstances is concurrent not cumulative. The Employee may elect USERRA continuation coverage for the Employee and their Dependents. Only the Employee has election rights. Dependents do not have any independent right to elect USERRA health plan continuation.

**When Dependent Coverage Terminates.** A Dependent's coverage will terminate at midnight on the earliest of these dates (except in certain circumstances, a covered Dependent may be eligible for COBRA continuation coverage. For a complete explanation of when COBRA continuation coverage is available, what conditions apply and how to select it, see the section entitled Continuation Coverage Rights under COBRA):

1. The date the Plan or Dependent coverage under the Plan is terminated.
2. The date that the Employee's/Retiree's coverage under the Plan terminates for any reason including death. (See the section entitled Continuation Coverage Rights under COBRA.)
3. On the last day of the calendar month that a covered Spouse loses coverage due to loss of dependency status. (See the section entitled Continuation Coverage Rights under COBRA.)
4. On the last day of the calendar month that a Dependent child ceases to be a Dependent as defined by the Plan. (See the section entitled Continuation Coverage Rights under COBRA.)
5. On the last day of the calendar month in which the Employee/Retiree requests that a Dependent's coverage be terminated (Voluntary termination may or may not be allowed in certain situations according to State and Federal law.). This termination is typically not a COBRA qualifying event.
6. The end of the period for which the required contribution has been paid if the charge for the next period is not paid when due.
7. If a Dependent commits fraud or makes a material misrepresentation in applying for or obtaining coverage, or obtaining benefits under the Plan, then the District or Plan may either void coverage for the Dependent for the period of time coverage was in effect, may terminate coverage as of a date to be determined at the Plan's discretion, or may immediately terminate coverage.

The Employee/Retiree shall be responsible for notifying the Plan Administrator of new Eligible Dependents and of any changes in the eligibility status of a Dependent. (Refer to the COBRA section.) Benefits provided to an ineligible Dependent will be recouped by the Plan in accordance with its rights for reimbursement. Employee/Retiree contributions paid for a period when the Employee/Retiree knew or should have known the Dependent was ineligible will not be reimbursed to the Employee/Retiree.
OPEN ENROLLMENT

Every November, the annual open enrollment period, Employees/Retirees and their Dependents who are Late Enrollees will be able to enroll in the Plan.

Benefit choices for Late Enrollees made during the open enrollment period will become effective January 1st unless there is a change in family status during the year (birth, death, marriage, divorce, adoption) or loss of coverage due to loss of a Spouse's employment. To the extent previously satisfied, coverage Waiting Periods will be considered satisfied when changing from one plan to another plan.

Plan Participants will receive detailed information regarding open enrollment from the District.

A Plan Participant who fails to make an election during open enrollment will automatically retain his or her present coverages.
SUPPLEMENTARY ACCIDENT CHARGE BENEFITS

This benefit applies when an accident charge is incurred for care and treatment of a Covered Person's Injury and:

(1) the charge is for a service delivered within 72 hours of the date of the accident; and

(2) to the extent that the charge is not payable under any other benefits under the Plan (other than Medical Benefits).

BENEFIT PAYMENT

Benefits will be paid as described in the Schedule of Benefits.

ACCIDENT CHARGE

An accident charge is a Usual and Reasonable Charge incurred for the following:

(1) Physician services.

(2) Hospital care and treatment.

(3) Diagnostic x-rays and lab tests.

(4) Local professional ambulance service.

(5) Surgical dressings, splints and casts and other devices used in the reduction of fractures and dislocations.

(6) Nursing service.

(7) Anesthesia.

(8) Covered Prescription Drugs administered while admitted or in a Physician's office.

(9) Use of a Physician's office or clinic operating room.

Note: Chiropractic services and Naturopathic Medicine services are not included under this benefit.
MEDICAL BENEFITS

Medical Benefits apply when Covered Charges are incurred by a Covered Person for care of an Injury or Sickness and while the person is covered for these benefits under the Plan.

DEDUCTIBLE

Deductible Amount. This is an amount of Covered Charges for which no benefits will be paid. Before benefits can be paid in a Calendar Year a Covered Person must meet the deductible shown in the Schedule of Benefits.

This amount will accrue toward the 100% maximum out-of-pocket payment. It does not count toward the coinsurance maximum.

Family Unit Limit. When the maximum amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits has been incurred by members of a Family Unit toward their Calendar Year deductibles, the deductibles of all members of that Family Unit will be considered satisfied for that year.

BENEFIT PAYMENT

Each Calendar Year, benefits will be paid for the Covered Charges of a Covered Person that are in excess of the deductible and any copayments. Payment will be made at the rate shown under reimbursement rate in the Schedule of Benefits. No benefits will be paid in excess of the Maximum Benefit Amount or any listed limit of the Plan.

OUT-OF-POCKET LIMIT

Out-of-pocket equals deductible plus coinsurance. Covered Charges are payable at the percentages shown each Calendar Year until the out-of-pocket limit shown in the Schedule of Benefits is reached. Then, Covered Charges incurred by a Covered Person will be payable as shown in the Schedule of Benefits (except for the charges excluded) for the rest of the Calendar Year.

When a Family Unit reaches the out-of-pocket limit, Covered Charges for that Family Unit will be payable as shown in the Schedule of Benefits (except for the charges excluded) for the rest of the Calendar Year.

MAXIMUM BENEFIT AMOUNT

The Maximum Benefit Amount is shown in the Schedule of Benefits. It is the total amount of benefits that will be paid for all Covered Charges incurred by a Covered Person for the Medical and Prescription Plans offered under the School District of Springfield R-12 Employee Health Care Plan, as described in this document.

COVERED CHARGES

Covered Charges are the Usual and Reasonable Charges that are incurred for the following items of service and supply. These charges are subject to the benefit limits, exclusions and other provisions of this Plan. A charge is incurred on the date that the service or supply is performed or furnished.

1. Hospital Care. The medical services and supplies furnished by a Hospital or Ambulatory Surgical Center or a Birthing Center. Covered Charges for room and board will be payable as shown in the Schedule of Benefits. After 23 observation hours, a confinement will be considered an inpatient confinement. Claims submitted for longer than 23 hours will be pended for a corrected inpatient claim.

Room charges made by a Hospital having only private rooms will be paid at 75% of the average private room rate.

If the Hospital/Physician assigns the patient to a private room due to Medical Necessity, then the room charge will be paid at the Hospital's private room rate. The admitting Physician must provide documentation of the Medical Necessity to the Claims Supervisor prior to or along with the Hospital claim for prompt consideration of the billed charges.

Charges for an Intensive Care Unit stay are payable as described in the Schedule of Benefits.
(2) **Coverage of Pregnancy.** The Usual and Reasonable Charges for the care and treatment of Pregnancy are covered the same as any other Sickness for a covered Employee/Retiree or covered Spouse.

Group health plans generally may not, under Federal law, restrict benefits for any Hospital length of stay in connection with childbirth for the mother or newborn child to less than 48 hours following a vaginal delivery, or less than 96 hours following a cesarean section. However, Federal law generally does not prohibit the mother's or newborn's attending provider, after consulting with the mother, from discharging the mother or her newborn earlier than 48 hours (or 96 hours as applicable). In any case, plans and issuers may not, under Federal law, require that a provider obtain authorization from the plan or the issuer for prescribing a length of stay not in excess of 48 hours (or 96 hours). The Covered Person is still responsible for the Precertification process. (Refer to the Cost Management Section.) The 48- or 96-hour inpatient stay begins at the time the delivery occurs in the Hospital. For deliveries occurring outside of the Hospital, the stay begins at the time the mother and/or newborn are admitted as an inpatient to a Hospital.

There is no coverage of Pregnancy for a Dependent child.

(3) **Skilled Nursing Facility Care.** The room and board and nursing care furnished by a Skilled Nursing Facility will be payable if and when:

- the patient is confined as a bed patient in the facility; and
- the confinement starts within 14 days of a Hospital confinement or following a period of Home Health Care that was covered by the Plan.; and
- the attending Physician certifies that the confinement is needed for further care of the condition that caused the Hospital confinement;
- the attending Physician completes a treatment plan which includes a diagnosis, the proposed course of treatment and the projected date of discharge from the Skilled Nursing Facility. The care must be likely to result in a significant improvement in the Covered Person's condition; and
- the degree of care must be more than can be given in the Covered Person's home, but not so much as to require acute hospitalization.

In lieu of the above criteria, services will be covered if they are pre-certified/authorized as Medically Necessary through the Utilization Review program.

Covered Charges for a Covered Person's care in these facilities are payable as described in the Schedule of Benefits.

(4) **Physician Care.** The professional services of a Physician for surgical or medical services. Charges for the following services will be a covered expense subject to the following provisions:

Charges for **multiple surgical procedures** will be a Covered Charge subject to the following provisions:

- If Bilateral or Multiple Surgical Procedures are performed by one (1) surgeon, benefits will be determined based on the Usual and Reasonable Charge that is allowed for the primary procedures; 50% of the Usual and Reasonable Charge will be allowed for each additional procedure performed through the same incision; and 70% of the Usual and Reasonable Charge will be allowed for each additional procedure performed through a separate incision. Any procedure that would not be an integral part of the primary procedure or is unrelated to the diagnosis will be considered "incidental" and no benefits will be provided for such procedures;

- If multiple unrelated surgical procedures are performed by two (2) or more surgeons on separate operative fields, benefits will be based on the Usual and Reasonable Charge for each surgeon's primary procedure. If two (2) or more surgeons perform a procedure that is normally performed by one (1) surgeon, benefits for all surgeons will not exceed the Usual and Reasonable percentage allowed for that procedure; and
(c) If an assistant surgeon (another Physician or Certified First Assistant) is required (according to Medicare guidelines), the assistant surgeon's covered charge will not exceed 20% of the surgeon's contract rate, Usual and Reasonable allowance, or billed charges, whichever is less. If the acting assistant surgeon is a physician's assistant or nurse practitioner, the covered charge will not exceed 15% (or 13.6% for contracts through Mercy's Health Network) of the surgeon’s contract rate, Usual and Reasonable allowance or billed charges, whichever is less;

(d) If a physician's assistant or nurse practitioner bills for covered services other than as an assistant surgeon (see above), the covered charge will not exceed 75% of the M.D. or D.O.'s contract rate, Usual and Reasonable allowance or billed charges, whichever is less.

(5) Private Duty Nursing Care. The private duty nursing care by a licensed nurse (R.N., L.P.N. or L.V.N.). Covered Charges for this service will be included to this extent:

   (a) Inpatient Nursing Care. Charges are covered only when care is Medically Necessary or not Custodial in nature and the Hospital's Intensive Care Unit is filled or the Hospital has no Intensive Care Unit.

   (b) Outpatient Nursing Care. Charges are covered only when care is Medically Necessary, not Custodial in nature and is in lieu of Inpatient acute care. Outpatient private duty nursing care must be authorized by the Utilization Review Coordinator. Services are subject to the benefits shown in the Schedule of Benefits.

(6) Home Health Care Services and Supplies. Charges for home health care services and supplies are covered only for care and treatment of an Injury or Sickness when Hospital or Skilled Nursing Facility confinement would otherwise be required. The diagnosis, care and treatment must be certified by the attending Physician and be contained in a Home Health Care Plan.

Benefit payment for nursing, home health aide and therapy services is subject to the Home Health Care limit shown in the Schedule of Benefits. Services provided by a home health aide are covered if in conjunction with Home Health Care provided by a nurse or therapist and the services provided support skilled nursing services. The following services are considered Covered Expenses under this benefit:

   (a) Part-time or intermittent nursing care by or under the supervision of a registered nurse (RN);

   (b) Part-time or intermittent home health aide services which consist primarily of caring for the patient;

   (c) Physical therapy, occupational therapy and speech therapy provided by a Home Health Care Agency;

   (d) Medical supplies, laboratory services, drugs and medications prescribed by a Physician.

A home health care visit will be considered a periodic visit by either a nurse or therapist, as the case may be, or four hours of home health aide services.

Expenses incurred in connection with home health care visits are covered under the Plan provided:

   (a) the services are pre-authorized as Medically Necessary through the Utilization Review Program,

   (b) the services are rendered in accordance with a treatment plan submitted by the attending physician, and

   (c) in-patient confinement in a Hospital or Skilled Nursing Facility would be required in absence of Home Health Care.

(7) Hospice Care Services and Supplies. Charges for hospice care services and supplies are covered only when the attending Physician has diagnosed the Covered Person's condition as
being terminal, determined that the person is not expected to live more than six months and placed the person under a Hospice Care Plan.

Covered Charges for Hospice Care Services and Supplies are payable as described in the Schedule of Benefits.

Covered Charges for in-patient Hospice Care include room and board and other services and supplies furnished for pain control and other acute and chronic symptom management.

Covered Charges for out-patient Hospice Care include charges for:

(a) part-time or intermittent nursing care by an R.N. or L.P.N. as needed to meet the person's assessed needs;
(b) psychological and dietary counseling;
(c) consultation or case management services by a Physician;
(d) physical therapy;
(e) part-time or intermittent home health aide services; and
(f) medical supplies, drugs, and medicines prescribed by a Physician.

Bereavement counseling services by a licensed social worker or a licensed pastoral counselor for the patient's immediate family (covered Spouse and/or covered Dependent Children). Bereavement services must be furnished within six months after the patient's death.

(8) Other Medical Services and Supplies. These services and supplies not otherwise included in the items above are covered as follows:

(a) Acupuncture by a licensed M.D., D.O., D.C. or acupuncturist. Covered charges will be applied to the Chiropractic Services maximum stated in the Schedule of Benefits.

(b) Allergy Treatment. Evaluation, diagnosis and treatment of allergies (immunotherapy).

(c) Local Medically Necessary professional ground or air ambulance service. A charge for this item will be a Covered Charge only if the service is to transport a person from the place where he/she is injured or stricken by disease to the nearest Hospital/Skilled Nursing Facility where necessary treatment can be provided unless the Plan Administrator finds a longer trip was Medically Necessary.

Ground ambulance is also covered in the following circumstances:

(i) To transport a patient from one Hospital to another nearby Hospital when the first Hospital does not have the required services and/or facilities to treat the patient;

(ii) To transport a patient from Hospital to Skilled Nursing Facility when the patient cannot be safely or adequately transported in another way without endangering the individual’s health, whether or not such other transportation is actually available; or

(iii) To transport a patient from Skilled Nursing Facility to Hospital for medically necessary inpatient or outpatient treatment when an ambulance is required to safely and adequately transport the patient.

(iv) To transport a patient from a Non-Participating Provider to a Participating Network Provider.

Ambulette Service or other forms of passenger transportation that are available to the public (e.g., buses, taxis or airplanes) are not covered because they do not meet the definition of a professional ambulance. An ambulette is usually a van equipped with a wheelchair lift and other safety equipment. It is used in non-emergency transportation for wheelchair bound, physically challenged, or elderly patients. They are often used to transport dialysis, radiation, and chemotherapy patients to and from treatment or to transfer patients to and from Hospital, home or nursing facilities.

Air Ambulance is a covered expense in the following circumstances:
(i) When a patient requires transport to a Hospital or from one Hospital to another because the first Hospital does not have the required services and/or facilities to treatment the patient; and

(ii) Ground ambulance transportation is not medically appropriate because of the distance involved or because the patient has an unstable condition requiring medical supervision and rapid transport.

Except in Life-threatening emergencies, coverage of air ambulance transport requires prior approval.

Transportation by ground or air for patient convenience or for nonclinical (social) reasons is not covered.

(d) **Anesthetic**; oxygen; blood and blood derivatives that are not donated or replaced; intravenous injections and solutions. Administration of these items is included.

(e) **Blood sugar kits (glucometers)** are a covered expense when Medically Necessary.

(f) **Cardiac rehabilitation** as deemed Medically Necessary provided services are rendered (a) under the supervision of a Physician; (b) in connection with a myocardial infarction, coronary occlusion or coronary bypass surgery; (c) initiated within 12 weeks after other treatment for the medical condition ends; and (d) in a Medical Care Facility as defined by this Plan.

(g) Radiation or **chemotherapy** and treatment with radioactive substances. The materials and services of technicians are included.

(h) **Chiropractic Services** by a licensed D.C. All services (manipulations, non-manipulation office visits, evaluations, labs, x-rays, etc.) rendered by a chiropractor will be applied to the Chiropractic Services maximum stated in the Schedule of Benefits. Maintenance and preventive care are not covered. No benefits for Chiropractic Care will be paid under any other section of the Plan.

(i) Initial **contact lenses or glasses** required following eye surgery, except surgeries to correct refractive disorders. Accommodating Intra-Ocular Lenses used to replace the lens of the eye following cataract surgery are not covered under this Plan.

(j) Rental of **durable medical or surgical equipment** if deemed Medically Necessary. These items may be bought rather than rented, with the cost not to exceed the fair market value of the equipment at the time of purchase, but only if agreed to in advance by the Plan Administrator. Sales tax and shipping charges on covered equipment are covered expenses. Shipping charges solely for the patient's convenience will not be covered. DME includes, but is not limited to, crutches, trusses, catheters/ostomy supplies, self-injection supplies for diabetics, wheelchairs, Hospital beds, oxygen/administration equipment, etc.

Rental fees, but not to exceed, in aggregate, the purchase price, for Durable Medical Equipment made and used only for treatment of Injury.

Replacement of durable medical equipment will be considered a Covered Expense when Medically Necessary and appropriate and when repairs are cost prohibitive. Replacement due to improper use or care (according to the manufacturer's guide on proper use) will not be covered. Repairs not covered under the warranty or required after the warranty expires will be covered, unless cost-prohibitive. Power-operated vehicles may be replaced no more often than every five years and if repair is cost-prohibitive or is Medically Necessary due to a change in the Covered Person's physical condition.

(k) **Educational training.** One Medically Necessary unit of educational training is allowed per Illness per lifetime.

(l) **Genetic testing** is covered if it aids diagnosing of a Covered Person with functional abnormalities or who is symptomatic of an Illness which may be inheritable and the results of the test will impact the treatment being delivered.
Medically Necessary services for care and treatment of jaw joint conditions, including Temporomandibular Joint syndrome (TMJ). (Refer to the Schedule of Benefits for limitations.)

Laboratory studies. Covered Charges for diagnostic and preventive lab testing and services.

Treatment of Mental Disorders and Substance Abuse Covered Charges for care, supplies and treatment of Mental Disorders and Substance Abuse will be limited as follows:

Psychiatrists (M.D.), psychologists (Ph.D.), counselors (Ph.D. or L.P.C.) or Licensed Clinical Social Worker (L.C.S.W.) may bill the Plan directly. Other licensed mental health practitioners must be under the direction of these professionals.

Benefits are payable under this provision for Mental Disorders and Substance Abuse upon the diagnosis and recommendation of a Physician. Such effective treatment must meet all of the following tests.

(i) The treatment facility, either inpatient, outpatient or at a Residential Treatment center, is appropriate for the diagnosis.

(ii) Treatment is prescribed and supervised by a Physician within the scope of his license.

(iii) Treatment includes a follow-up program, as appropriate, which is Physician directed; and

(iv) Treatment includes patient attendance, as appropriate, at meetings of organizations devoted to the therapeutic treatment of the illness.

Treatment solely for detoxification or maintenance care is limited as described in the Schedule of Benefits. "Detoxification" means care is aimed primarily at overcoming the after-effects of a specific drinking or drug episode and "maintenance care" means providing an environment free of alcohol or drugs.

Treatment of mouth, teeth and gums.

(i) Care of mouth, teeth and gums. Charges for care of the mouth, teeth, gums and alveolar processes will be Covered Charges under Medical Benefits only if that care is for the following oral surgical procedures (other teeth extraction, including wisdom teeth, is not covered):

   (a) Excision of bony growths of the jaw and hard palate.

   (b) Excision of tumors and cysts of the jaws, cheeks, lips, tongue, hard palate and floor of the mouth.

   (c) Incision and drainage of cellulitis.

   (d) Incision of sensory sinuses, salivary glands or ducts.

   (e) Reduction of dislocations and excision of temporomandibular joints (TMJs).

   (f) Osteotomy (jaw surgery) which is Medically Necessary and not cosmetic in nature.

   (g) Removal of teeth for the medical management of a hazardous medical condition to include but not limited to the following: anticoagulation, valvular heart disease, hemophilia, preparation for cancer treatment in the neck/head region. Initial office visit and diagnostic services will be covered when connected to the services to remove the teeth. Documentation of the Illness should be submitted with the charges. This Plan will not cover the replacement of any teeth that were required to be removed for this treatment.

   (h) Hospital and anesthesia charges for Medically Necessary pediatric or adult dental procedures that require the use of anesthesia in a Hospital setting. Physician's charges for the dental procedure are not
eligible under this Medical Plan. Documentation of the Medical Necessity should be submitted with the charges.

(ii) **Injury to or care of mouth, teeth and gums.** Charges for repairs to the mouth, teeth, gums and alveolar processes due to an Injury will be Covered Charges under Medical Benefits only if that care is for the following oral procedures:

(a) Repair (or replacement when necessary) due to Injury to the mouth, teeth or gums or to any appliance or previously repaired/replaced teeth.

(b) Surgery needed to correct accidental Injuries to the jaws, cheeks, lips, tongue, floor and roof of the mouth.

No charge will be covered under Medical Benefits for dental and oral surgical procedures involving orthodontic care of the teeth, periodontal disease, dental implants or preparing the mouth for the fitting of or continued use of dentures unless specifically addressed in the benefit. If the Covered Person chooses dental implants as the alternative treatment for the repair/replacement of the teeth, the Plan will allow the coverage up to the amount allowed for a lesser treatment, i.e., bridge. The Covered Person will be responsible for all charges above that amount.

(q) **Naturopathic Medicine.** Services, excluding acupuncture, rendered by a licensed N.D. Covered charges will be applied to the Naturopathic Medicine maximum stated in the Schedule of Benefits. Benefits are not provided for hair analysis, homeopathic/naturopathic remedies, medicines, drugs or devices.

(r) **Occupational therapy** by a licensed occupational therapist. Therapy must be ordered by a Physician, result from an Injury or Sickness, improve a body function and treat conditions which are subject to significant improvement through short-term therapy. Covered Charges do not include recreational programs, maintenance therapy or supplies used in occupational therapy. The therapy must be expected to produce a significant improvement of the Covered Person's condition within a two (2) month period. The need for the therapy, the care and the regimen established must be documented in writing for each two (2) month period. This therapy is subject to the Reasonable and Necessary, Restorative Therapy and Maintenance provisions as found in the Defined Terms section of the Plan.

Charges for Occupational therapy are subject to the limits as described in the Schedule of Benefits.

(s) **Organ transplant** limits. All Organ Transplant services, including evaluation, must be preauthorized or benefits may otherwise be reduced or denied. Charges otherwise covered under the Plan that are incurred for the care and treatment due to an organ or tissue transplant are subject to these limits:

(i) **DEFINITIONS.** For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply.

**Approved Transplant:** A human organ or bone marrow transplant procedure currently performed at a Designated Transplant Facility.

**Approved Transplant Services:** Medically Necessary services and supplies which are related to an Approved Transplant procedure; are approved in writing under the Precertification/Preauthorization process; and include but are not limited to:

(a) Pre-transplant patient evaluation for the Medical Necessity of the transplant.
(b) Hospital charges.
(c) Physician charges.
(d) Tissue typing and ancillary services.
(e) Organ procurement or acquisition.

**Center of Excellence:** A Designated Transplant Facility that has a Medicare-approved transplant program and is recognized by the United Network for
Organ Sharing (UNOS) and the National Marrow Donor Program (NMDP) (non-profit organizations under contract with the United States Department of Health and Human Services to coordinate organ and bone marrow donation and distribution). These organizations have set standards for physical facilities, laboratory capabilities for organ and tissue matching, the recipient selection process and the availability of specialized services. The criteria used for selection of a Designated Transplant Facility are intended to ensure that approval is given only to facilities with the necessary experience and expertise to perform these complex surgeries successfully.

Medicare-approved medical centers must meet extensive criteria set out by HCFA and a review board comprised of transplant surgeons, specialists, and other clinicians and scientists. A facility must have Medicare-approval status before it can receive payment for transplantation services provided to Covered Persons.

All Designated Transplant Facilities must offer comprehensive services that include experts in many medical specialties, such as radiology, infectious disease and pathology, as well as a range of allied health services that may include physical therapy, rehabilitation and social services.

Clinical Practice Guidelines: Reports written by experts who have carefully studied whether a treatment works and which patients are most likely to be helped by it.

Designated Transplant Facility: A Center of Excellence facility which has an agreement with the Plan Administrator or Claims Supervisor to render Approved Transplant Services to Covered Persons. This agreement will be made through a national organ transplant network and may not be located in the person’s geographic area. Contact the Utilization Review Coordinator for a list of facilities.

Non-designated Transplant Facility: A facility which does not have an agreement with the Plan Administrator or Claims Supervisor to render approved Transplant Services to Covered Persons.

Transplant Benefit Period: The period of time from the date the person receives prior authorization and has an initial evaluation for the transplant procedure until the earliest of:

(a) one year from the date the transplant procedure was performed.
(b) the date coverage under the Plan terminates.
(c) the date of the Covered Person’s death.

If, during the same admission as the initial transplant a retransplant occurs, the period of time is one year from the date of the initial transplant. If a retransplant will be done during a subsequent admission, a new Transplant Benefit Period starts from the date the person receives authorization for the retransplant.

(ii) DESIGNATED FACILITIES FOR APPROVED TRANSPLANT SERVICES

This provision only applies to transplant procedures listed in the definition of Approved Transplant.

Transplant procedures must have prior authorization. The Covered Person or his/her Physician must call the toll free number provided for this purpose. Retransplantation procedures must also have prior authorization.

If the Physician and the Plan Administrator or Claims Supervisor do not agree that the transplant procedure is Medically Necessary and appropriate, the Covered Person will be informed in writing of the right to a second opinion. A Board Certified Specialist must be utilized for this second opinion.

A person who will be undergoing a transplant procedure will be referred to a Designated Transplant Facility. This referral and authorization for services at a Designated Transplant Facility shall continue to be appropriate through the Transplant Benefit Period.
If the Covered Person is denied the procedure by the Designated Transplant Facility, he/she may be referred to a second such facility for evaluation. If the second facility determines, for any reason, that the person is not an acceptable candidate for the procedure, no benefits will be paid for any services or supplies related to that procedure. This applies regardless of whether the services or supplies are provided at a third Designated Transplant Facility or at a Non-designated Transplant Facility.

(iii) BENEFITS

Benefits for Approved Transplant Services provided during a Transplant Benefit Period will be paid as shown in the Schedule of Benefits. Benefits will be different for services provided at a Designated Transplant Facility than services provided at a Non-designated Transplant Facility. Other transplant procedures will be considered for benefit payment according to the provisions of the Plan.

Benefits will be paid for expenses incurred for Approved Transplant Services done at a Designated Transplant Facility as follows:

The transplant must be performed to replace an organ or tissue.

**Donor charges:**

(a) Charges for obtaining donor organs or tissue for a covered recipient are considered Covered Charges under this Plan. The donor's expenses will be applied toward the benefits of the covered recipient.

Donor charges include those for:
- evaluating the organ or tissue;
- removing the organ or tissue from the donor.
- transporting the organ within the United States and Canada to the place in the US where the transplant is to take place.

(b) If the organ donor is a Covered Person and the recipient is not, then this Plan will always pay secondary to any other coverage. This Plan will cover donor charges for:
- evaluating the organ or tissue;
- removing the organ or tissue from the donor.
- No transportation charges will be considered.

For procedures done at a Non-designated Transplant Facility, the benefits listed above will be paid as shown in the Schedule of Benefits. The organ transplant limitations will apply.

(iv) EXCLUSIONS

No benefits will be paid for any service:

(a) related to the transplantation of any non-human organ or tissue, except for heart valves.

(b) for a facility or Physician outside the United States of America.

(c) which are eligible to be repaid under any private or public research fund.

(t) The initial purchase (of a single unit per body part), fitting, repair and replacement of orthotic appliances such as braces, splints or other appliances which are required for support for an injured or deformed part of the body as a result of a disabling congenital condition or an Injury or Sickness. Replacement of orthotics will not be covered unless there is sufficient change in the Covered Person’s physical condition to make the original device no longer functional. The benefit payment will be based on the cost of the treatment which provides professionally satisfactory results at the most cost-effective level. (Refer to Plan Exclusions items Foot and Hand Care and Orthotics for further information.)

Two mastectomy bras are covered every six months; one prosthetic every Calendar Year. Compression stockings are covered with a prescription or Physician’s orders.
The prescription must require measurement of the patient for proper fitting. Limit two (2) pair per Calendar Year.

(u) **Physical therapy** by a licensed physical therapist. The therapy must be in accord with a Physician’s exact orders as to type, frequency and duration, to improve a body function and to treat conditions which are subject to significant improvement through short-term therapy. The therapy must be expected to produce a significant improvement of the Covered Person’s condition within a two (2) month period. The need for the therapy, the care and the regimen established must be documented in writing for each two (2) month period. This therapy is subject to the Reasonable and Necessary, Restorative Therapy and Maintenance provisions as found in the Defined Terms section of the Plan.

Charges for Physical therapy are subject to the limits as described in the Schedule of Benefits.

(v) **Prescription Drugs** (as defined) and supplies. Refer to the Prescription Drug Benefit section for further details on covered and excluded drugs dispensed at a pharmacy. Call the pharmacy benefit manager (PBM) at the number on your ID card for complete information about covered and excluded Prescription Drugs and supplies purchased at the Pharmacy.

Prescription Drugs and supplies dispensed at a Pharmacy will be subject to the Prescription Drug Benefit provisions of this Medical Plan. Drugs consumed on the premises of a Physician or facility (such as a Hospital or urgent care facility) or if dispensed for take-home use upon release from such facility are covered as stated in the Schedule of Benefits. A Utilization Review Coordinator may approve some drugs to be allowed under the regular benefits of this Plan.

The following contraceptive Prescription Drugs or supplies are covered by the Medical Plan (either under regular or Prescription Drug benefits): oral, injectable (i.e., Depo Provera), implantable (i.e., Norplant), topical, intravaginal (i.e., ring or diaphragm) or intrauterine (i.e., IUD).

Prescription Drug use does not have unlimited coverage. As with all medical and Hospital services, Prescription Drug utilization is subject to determinations of Medical Necessity and appropriate use. Drug utilization review (DUR) may be retrospective, concurrent or prospective. Retrospective DUR generally involves claim review and may include communication by the PBM with prescribers to coordinate care and verify diagnoses and Medical Necessity. Concurrent DUR generally occurs at the point of service and may include electronic claim edits to protect patients from potential drug interactions, drug-therapy conflicts or overuse or overdose of medications. Prospective DUR may include, among other things, therapy guidelines or Physician or Pharmacy assignment in which one Physician or Pharmacy is selected to serve as the coordinator or Prescription Drug services and benefits for the eligible Covered Person.

(w) **Preventive Care.** Covered Charges under Medical Benefits are payable for routine Preventive Care as described in the Schedule of Benefits.

(i) **Charges for Routine Well Adult Care.** Routine well adult care is care by a Physician that is not for an Injury or Sickness for Covered Persons age 19 and older.

(ii) **Coverage of Well Newborn Nursery/Physician Care.**

**Charges for Routine Nursery Care.** Routine well newborn nursery care is care while the newborn is Hospital-confined after birth and includes room, board and other normal care for which a Hospital makes a charge.

Charges for covered routine nursery care will be applied toward the Plan of the newborn child. Charges for a newborn child who is injured or ill will be applied toward the Plan of the newborn.

This coverage is only provided if a parent is eligible and a parent (1) is a Covered Person who was covered under the Plan at the time of the birth or (2) enrolls himself or herself (as well as the newborn child if requested) in
accordance with the Special Enrollment provisions with coverage effective as of the date of birth.

The benefit is limited to Usual and Reasonable Charges for nursery care for the newborn child while Hospital confined as a result of the child's birth.

Group health plans generally may not, under Federal law, restrict benefits for any Hospital length of stay in connection with childbirth for the mother or newborn child to less than 48 hours following a vaginal delivery, or less than 96 hours following a cesarean section. However, Federal law generally does not prohibit the mother's or newborn's attending provider, after consulting with the mother, from discharging the mother or her newborn earlier than 48 hours (or 96 hours as applicable). In any case, plans and issuers may not, under Federal law, require that a provider obtain authorization from the plan or the issuer for prescribing a length of stay not in excess of 48 hours (or 96 hours). The 48- or 96-hour inpatient stay begins at the time the delivery occurs in the Hospital. For deliveries occurring outside of the Hospital, the stay begins at the time the mother and/or newborn are admitted as an inpatient to a Hospital.

**Charges for Routine Physician Care.** The benefit is limited to the Usual and Reasonable Charges made by a Physician for the newborn child while Hospital confined as a result of the child's birth.

Circumcision is considered under this benefit if performed during the initial Hospital confinement. Otherwise, it will be considered an eligible expense under Physician Services (refer to Schedule of Benefits) up to the second birthday of the Dependent Child or within 2 years of legal adoption. Thereafter, it will not be considered an eligible charge. Charges for covered routine Physician care will be applied toward the Plan of the newborn. Charges for a newborn child who is injured or ill will be applied toward the Plan of the newborn.

(iii) **Charges for Routine Well Child Care.** Routine well child care is routine care by a Physician that is not for an Injury or Sickness up to age 19.

(x) **Pulmonary rehabilitation** as deemed Medically Necessary, Reasonable and Necessary, and Restorative. These services must be rendered: (a) under the supervision of a Physician; (b) for chronic pulmonary disability with reduction of exercise tolerance which restricts the abilities of the Covered Person to perform daily activities and/or work; and (c) in a Medical Care Facility as defined by this Plan. Pulmonary Function Test must show FEV1 of less than 60% predicted. Maintenance programs are not covered.

(y) **Reconstructive Surgery.** Correction of abnormal congenital conditions, repair of damage from an accident or Injury, repair following Medically Necessary surgery for an Illness and reconstructive mammoplasties will be considered Covered Charges.

The Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act of 1998 (WHCRA) states that since the Plan provides coverage for services related to mastectomies, the Plan must provide coverage for:

(i) reconstruction of the breast on which a mastectomy has been performed,

(ii) surgery and reconstruction of the other breast to produce a symmetrical appearance, and

(iii) coverage of initial and replacement prostheses (two mastectomy bras are covered every six months; one prosthesis every Calendar Year) and physical complications during all stages of mastectomy, including lymphedemas, in a manner determined in consultation with the attending Physician and the patient.
(aa) **Speech therapy** by a licensed speech therapist. Therapy must be ordered by a Physician and follow either: (i) surgery for correction of a congenital condition of the oral cavity, throat or nasal complex; or (ii) an Injury or Sickness that results in loss of previously acquired speech, including normal swallowing mechanics or physiologic abnormalities of the throat and larynx. Maintenance programs are not covered.

Charges for Speech therapy are subject to the limits as described in the Schedule of Benefits.

(bb) **Sterilization** procedures.

(cc) **Surgical dressings**, splints, casts and other devices used in the reduction of fractures and dislocations.

(dd) **Vision therapy.** Charges incurred in connection with vision therapy for rehabilitative therapy after brain injury, including stroke, that are Medically Necessary, Reasonable and Necessary, and Restorative. Maintenance programs are not covered.

(ee) **Weight Management/Control. Weight-loss programs:** Charges for weight-loss programs will be covered if the program is necessary to treat a medical condition by decreasing the patient’s weight. This program must be designed to treat health problems associated with high-risk Morbid Obesity/Severe Clinical Obesity and be administered and supervised by a Hospital or Physician’s clinic. These health conditions may include hypertension, diabetes, cardiovascular disease and sleep apnea. This weight-loss program must include diet, exercise and behavioral components. Documentation of the Covered Person’s participation in qualifying programs must be submitted to the Utilization Review Coordinator for approval. Coverage is limited to Medically Necessary charges for treatment of Morbid Obesity/Severe Clinical Obesity. The weight management must be expected to produce a significant improvement of the Covered Person's condition within a six (6) month period. For the purposes of this provision, “significant improvement” means a reduction of weight by 10% the first 6 months, with a continued 10% reduction every 6 months from the adjusted baseline weight or a minimum of 1 to 2 pounds per week. The need to continue the care and regimen established must be documented in writing by the Physician for each six (6) month period. Benefits will terminate when the person’s body mass index (BMI) has decreased below 30.

**Bariatric surgery:** Only procedures meeting the criteria established by the Utilization Review Coordinator will be considered a Covered Charge under this Plan. Charges must be preauthorized by the Utilization Review Coordinator. The Covered Person must meet Medically Necessary criteria established by the Utilization Review Coordinator. The Covered Person must have failed previous attempts to reduce weight under a Physician-monitored weight-loss program for a minimum of one year in the two-year period immediately preceding the date the Physician requests benefit authorization. The Covered Person’s BMI must be 40 or greater in conjunction with at least 1 of the following co-morbidities: hypertension uncontrolled by medical treatment, sleep apnea, coronary artery disease and diabetes mellitus.

**Panniculectomy surgery:** Surgical removal of redundant skin folds is generally considered a cosmetic procedure. However, in order to be eligible for this surgery post weight-loss, the Covered Person must meet Medically Necessary criteria utilized by the Utilization Review Coordinator and must participate in the follow-up program, as appropriate, which may include an aftercare support group and Physician visits.

(ff) Charges associated with the initial purchase of a **wig** following care and treatment related to alopecia areata or scalp infection or as a result of treatment of a medical condition (i.e., chemotherapy for cancer). Benefits are subject to the limits as described in the Schedule of Benefits

(gg) **Diagnostic x-rays**, electrocardiograms, electroencephalograms, pneumoencephalograms, basal metabolism tests, or similar well-established diagnostic tests generally approved by Physicians throughout the United States.
COST MANAGEMENT SERVICES

PREADMISSION CERTIFICATION

AUTHORIZATION IS NOT A GUARANTEE THAT ALL CHARGES ARE COVERED.

Preadmission Certification (also referred to as Precertification) means the review of all Hospital admissions prior to the admission date. This program is designed to help ensure that all Covered Persons receive necessary and appropriate health care while avoiding unnecessary expenses when a Hospital stay is proposed. For example, based on the information provided by the Physician, the Pre-certification Nurse will make an initial assessment of the condition to determine, among other things: if a second surgical opinion is required or recommended; if the admission is to a network facility; if concurrent review by Utilization Review Coordinator is to be initiated; and if Medical Case Management is applicable.

Precertification Procedures

The Covered Person or the Physician must call MPI Care (Utilization Review Coordinator) at (417) 886-6886 or (800) 777-9087 for precertification as follows:

Scheduled hospitalization- For the best benefit, precertify at the earliest time prior to the Hospital stay. When the Covered Person or Physician notifies the Utilization Review (UR) Coordinator of a scheduled hospitalization, the UR Coordinator will then determine the length of stay based upon diagnosis, appropriateness of services and the Physician's plan of treatment. The UR Coordinator also assures that reasonable alternatives to inpatient care are considered, including outpatient treatment and preadmission testing. Request for second surgical opinion may also be made at that time. For every approved admission, a target length of stay will be assigned by the UR Coordinator, based upon length of stay norms for the geographical region. A preadmission certification letter will be sent to notify the Covered Person, Hospital and attending Physician of the assigned length of stay.

 Unscheduled, non-emergent hospitalization- Precertify within 48 hours after a weekday admission or within 72 hours after an admission on a weekend or legal holiday. Unscheduled admission means an admission for treatment of an Injury or Illness that requires immediate inpatient treatment which is Medically Necessary and cannot be reasonably provided on an outpatient basis.

Emergency hospitalization- Precertify within 48 hours after a weekday admission or within 72 hours after an admission on a weekend or legal holiday. Emergency admission means an admission for a Life-threatening medical condition or a condition for which the lack of immediate treatment would cause permanent disability.

Precertification Penalties

Failure to follow the precertification procedure as described above will reduce reimbursement received from the Plan.

If precertification is not obtained as explained in this section, a penalty may be applied. (Refer to the first page of the Schedule of Benefits for details.) Any reduced reimbursement due to failure to follow the precertification procedures will not accrue toward the 100% maximum out-of-pocket (deductible plus coinsurance) payment as indicated in the Schedule of Benefits.

Exception: A Plan may not, under federal law, require that a Physician or other health care provider obtain precertification from the Plan for prescribing a maternity length of stay of up to 48 hours for a vaginal delivery or 96 hours for a cesarean delivery. However, to use certain providers or facilities, or to reduce the out-of-pocket costs, the Covered Person is still required to obtain precertification for the Hospital stay. If the stay is not precertified, the individual is responsible for the amount indicated in Precertification Penalties above. A Covered Person will not be denied the Hospital stay granted under Federal law (Newborns and Mothers Health Protection Act). For more information on precertification, contact the Plan Administrator or Claims Supervisor.

EXTENDED HOSPITAL STAYS

Once a Hospital stay begins, whether it is a non-emergency or emergency, if the stay is expected to exceed the number of days precertified, the Covered Person or the Physician must contact the Utilization Review Coordinator to request an extension of the length of stay.
EFFECTS OF PREADMISSION CERTIFICATION ON BENEFITS

Authorization is not a guarantee that all charges are covered.

If any part of a Hospital stay is not precertified, the penalty amount shown in the Precertification Penalties section and the Schedule of Benefits may be applied. No part of the penalty will be applied towards the deductible amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits or the maximum out-of-pocket expense limitation.

A Hospital stay is not precertified if:

1. Precertification is not obtained prior to admission;
2. The type of treatment, admitting Physician or the Hospital differs from the precertified treatment, Physician or Hospital.

CONCURRENT REVIEW

The purpose of concurrent review is to continually evaluate the Covered Person's progress toward the treatment goal and the patient's ability to function in a non-acute environment and to facilitate timely discharge as appropriate.

PREAUTHORIZATION AND UTILIZATION REVIEW

Preauthorization means the review of services prior to their being rendered to determine if the services are eligible under the Plan. If preauthorization is not obtained as described in this section, benefit reimbursement may be reduced. The Utilization Review Coordinator will consider the following, among other things, in making this decision: medical services, treatments and/or supplies are covered under this Plan; meet standards of care; are Medically Necessary; are ordered by a Physician; and are not Experimental/Investigational or otherwise excluded by this Plan.

Services Subject to Preauthorization and Utilization Review:

Authorization is not a guarantee that all charges are covered.

The Covered Person or the Physician should call the Utilization Review Coordinator for preauthorization of the following services (refer to the ID card or the last page of this book for the phone number):

- Skilled Nursing Facility stays
- Home Health Care
- Durable Medical Equipment (greater than $200 purchase value)
- Physical, speech and occupational therapy
- Cardiac rehabilitation therapy
- Obesity Treatment
- Private Duty Nursing
- Orthotics/Prosthetics
- IV Infusion (Outpatient or Physician’s office, except for chemotherapy)

MEDICAL CASE MANAGEMENT

The purpose of Medical Case Management is to identify potentially high-dollar claims as a result of serious illnesses, accidents or other circumstances and to coordinate the highest quality care in the most appropriate, cost-effective setting. The interest of the Covered Person is always primary in this program. The Covered Person receives the type of care required and the available benefits are used more effectively. Large Case Management is more than a cost containment provision. It requires in-depth involvement between the Case Manager, the provider and the Covered Person. The Covered Person, family and the attending Physician must be in agreement for any form of alternative medical care.

The Medical Case Management firm may recommend coverage for services or equipment that is not normally provided to the Covered Person under the Plan. In these instances, exceptions may be made by the Plan Administrator to cover these services or equipment that are recommended. The alternative benefits shall be determined on a case-by-case basis, and the Plan’s determination to provide the benefits in one instance shall not obligate the Plan to provide the same or similar alternative benefits for the same or any other Covered Person, nor shall it be deemed to waive the right of the Plan to strictly enforce the provisions of the Plan.

Services provided by Medical Case Management are:

Continued Hospital Stay Review. The Covered Person may be hospitalized longer than Medically Necessary. Substantial savings can be achieved by reviewing the Covered Person's condition and
treatment based on established medical criteria. Inappropriate treatment may be identified and discontinued.

**Discharge Planning.** Careful advance planning can ease the Covered Person's transfer from an acute-care facility to a less costly and more suitable facility such as a nursing home, rehabilitation center or the Covered Person's own home. It ensures that the benefits or early discharge are not outweighed by the need for a return to the Hospital at a later date for corrective and more costly treatment.

**Home Health Care Coordination.** With the right home environment and some professional coordination, many services traditionally performed on an inpatient basis may be handled in the Covered Person's home. Home health care involves coordination of required medical treatment and evaluation of the appropriate required level of care by the Medical Case Management firm. Patient/family counseling would be considered a covered expense in connection with these services, where applicable.

**The following types of claim situations may have the potential for Medical Case Management:**

1. Severe trauma (head injuries, extensive burns, spinal cord injuries, multiple fractures, etc.);
2. Coma (any cause);
3. Neonatal (prematurity, birth injuries, congenital deformities, profound retardation, etc.);
4. Organ transplants; or
5. Any claim where it appears that there will be extensive inpatient and/or outpatient charges, particularly for a long duration.

**Note:** Medical Case Management is a voluntary service. There are no reductions of benefits or penalties if the patient and family choose not to participate.

Each treatment plan is individually tailored to a specific patient and should not be seen as appropriate or recommended for any other patient, even one with the same diagnosis.

**SECOND AND/OR THIRD OPINION PROGRAM**

Certain surgical procedures are performed either inappropriately or unnecessarily. In some cases, surgery is only one of several treatment options. In other cases, surgery will not help the condition.

In order to prevent unnecessary or potentially harmful surgical treatments, the second and/or third opinion program fulfills the dual purpose of protecting the health of the Plan's Covered Persons and protecting the financial integrity of the Plan.

Benefits will be provided for a second (and third, if necessary) opinion consultation to determine the Medical Necessity of an elective surgical procedure. An elective surgical procedure is one that can be scheduled in advance; that is, it is not an emergency or life-threatening nature. Refer to the Schedule of Benefits. If the second opinion is requested by the Utilization Review Coordinator, they will inform you of the benefit payable for the consultation.

The patient may choose any board-certified specialist who is not an associate of the attending Physician and who is affiliated in the appropriate specialty.

While any surgical treatment is allowed a second opinion, the following procedures are ones for which surgery is often performed when other treatments are available.

<table>
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<th>Appendectomy</th>
<th>Hernia surgery</th>
<th>Spinal surgery</th>
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<td>Cataract surgery</td>
<td>Hysterectomy</td>
<td>Surgery to knee, shoulder, elbow or toe</td>
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<td>Cholecystectomy (gall bladder removal)</td>
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<td>Deviated septum (nose surgery)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Hemorrhoidectomy</td>
<td>Salpingo-oophorectomy (removal of tubes/ovaries)</td>
<td>Varicose vein ligation</td>
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DEFINED TERMS

The following terms have special meanings and when used in this Plan will be capitalized.

**Active Employee** is an Employee who is on the regular payroll of the District and who has begun to perform the duties of his or her job with the District on a full-time basis.

**Ambulatory Surgical Center** is a licensed facility that is used mainly for performing outpatient surgery, has a staff of Physicians, has continuous Physician and nursing care by registered nurses (R.N.s) and does not provide for overnight stays.

**Bilateral Surgical Procedure** shall mean any surgical procedure performed on any body part or paired organ whose right and left halves are mirror images of each other or in which a median longitudinal section divides the organ into equivalent right and left halves or on any pair of limbs. Surgery on both halves or both limbs is performed during the same operative session and may involve one (1) or two (2) surgical incisions.

**Birthing Center** means any freestanding health facility, place, professional office or institution which is not a Hospital or in a Hospital, where births occur in a home-like atmosphere. This facility must be licensed and operated in accordance with the laws pertaining to Birthing Centers in the jurisdiction where the facility is located.

The Birthing Center must provide facilities for obstetrical delivery and short-term recovery after delivery; provide care under the full-time supervision of a Physician or a licensed nurse-midwife. The licensed nurse-midwife must have a written agreement with a Hospital in the same locality for immediate acceptance of patients who develop complications or require pre- or post-delivery confinement and a written collaborative agreement with an appropriately licensed Physician.

**Brand Name** means a trade name medication.

**Calendar Year** means January 1st through December 31st of the same year.

**Chiropractic Care** means skeletal adjustments, manipulation or other treatment in connection with the detection and correction by manual or mechanical means of structural imbalance or subluxation in the human body. Such treatment is done by a Physician to remove nerve interference resulting from, or related to, distortion, misalignment or subluxation of, or in, the vertebral column.

**COBRA** means the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985, as amended.

**Cosmetic Surgery** means medically unnecessary surgical procedures, usually, but not limited to, plastic surgery directed toward preserving beauty or correcting scars, burns or disfigurements. Cosmetic Surgery is typically surgery that changes:
- The texture or appearance of the skin; or
- The relative size or position of any body part

when such surgery is performed primarily for psychological purposes or is not needed to correct or improve a bodily function.

**Covered Charge(s)** means those Medically Necessary services or supplies that are covered under this Plan.

**Covered Person** is an Active Employee, Retired Employee, Surviving Spouse of a Retired Employee, or COBRA Continuant, or the eligible Dependent of an Active Employee, Retired Employee, Surviving Spouse of a Retired Employee, or COBRA Continuant who is covered under this Plan.

**Creditable Coverage** shall have that definition contained in ERISA Section 701(c). Under this provision, Creditable Coverage generally includes periods of coverage under an individual or group health plan (including Medicare, Medicaid, governmental and church plans) that are not followed by a Significant Break in Coverage. Creditable Coverage does not include coverage for liability, dental, vision, specified disease and/or other supplemental-type benefits. The term “Significant Break in Coverage” means a period of 63 days or more without Creditable Coverage. Periods of no coverage during an HMO affiliation period or Waiting Period shall not be taken into account for purposes of determining whether a Significant Break in Coverage has occurred.
Creditable Coverage does not include coverage that was in place before a significant break of coverage of 63 days or more. With respect to the Trade Act of 2002, when determining whether a significant break in coverage has occurred, the period between the trade related coverage loss and the start of the special second COBRA election period under the Trade Act, does not count.

**Custodial Care** is care (including Room and Board needed to provide that care) that is given principally for personal hygiene or for assistance in daily activities and can, according to generally accepted medical standards, be performed by persons who have no medical training. Examples of Custodial Care are help in walking and getting out of bed; assistance in bathing, dressing, feeding; or supervision over medication which could normally be self-administered.

**Durable Medical Equipment** means equipment which (a) can withstand repeated use, (b) is primarily and customarily used to serve a medical purpose, (c) generally is not useful to a person in the absence of an Illness or Injury and (d) is appropriate for use in the home.

**Emergency Medical Condition** is a medical condition manifesting itself by acute symptoms of sufficient severity (including severe pain) such that a prudent layperson, who possesses an average knowledge of health and medicine, could reasonably expect that the absence of immediate medical attention will result in:

1. placing the health of the individual (or, with respect to a pregnant woman, the health of the woman and her unborn child) in serious jeopardy;
2. serious impairment to bodily functions; or
3. serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part.

MPI Care will assess emergency treatment/admissions to a non-participating provider to determine if it meets the exception criteria. The exception criteria will be assessed on a case-by-case basis, taking into consideration such things as the individual’s medical history, current illness/injury and the circumstances (consciousness, EMT/ambulance services, etc.) surrounding the current illness/injury in relation to the accessibility/location of other participating providers.

**Employee** means a person who is an Active, regular Employee of the District, regularly scheduled to work for the District in an Employee/Employer relationship.

**Employer** is School District of Springfield R-12. Also referred to herein as “District.”

**Enrollment Date** is the first day of coverage or, if there is a Waiting Period, the first day of the Waiting Period.

**Experimental and/or Investigational** means services, supplies, care and treatment which does not constitute accepted medical practice properly within the range of appropriate medical practice under the standards of the case and by the standards of a reasonably substantial, qualified, responsible, relevant segment of the medical community or government oversight agencies at the time services were rendered.

The Plan Administrator must make an independent evaluation of the experimental/nonexperimental standings of specific technologies. The Plan Administrator shall be guided by a reasonable interpretation of Plan provisions. The decisions shall be made in good faith and rendered following a detailed factual background investigation of the claim and the proposed treatment. The decision of the Plan Administrator will be final and binding on the Plan. The Plan Administrator will be guided by the following principles:

1. if the drug or device cannot be lawfully marketed without approval of the U.S. Food and Drug Administration and approval for marketing has not been given at the time the drug or device is furnished; or
2. if the drug, device, medical treatment or procedure, or the patient informed consent document utilized with the drug, device, treatment or procedure, was reviewed and approved by the treating facility’s Institutional Review Board or other body serving a similar function, or if federal law requires such review or approval; or
3. if Reliable Evidence shows that the drug, device, medical treatment or procedure is the subject of on-going phase I or phase II clinical trials, is the research, experimental, study or investigational arm of on-going phase III clinical trials, or is otherwise under study to determine its maximum tolerated dose, its toxicity, its safety, its efficacy or its efficacy as compared with a standard means of treatment or diagnosis. However, routine patient care
costs for a phase III clinical trial for prevention, early detection and treatment of cancer will be covered according to Missouri Revised Statutes when the trial is approved or funded by one of the following entities:

(a) One of the National Institutes of Health (NIH),

(b) An NIH cooperative group or center,

(c) The FDA in the form of an investigational new drug application,

(d) The federal Department of Veterans’ Affairs or Defense,

(e) An institutional review board in that state that has an appropriate assurance approved by the Department of Health and Human Services assuring compliance with and implementation of regulations for the protection of human subjects (45 CFR 46), or

(f) A qualified research entity that meets the criteria for NIH Center support grant eligibility.

However, routine patient care costs for a phase II clinical trial for prevention, early detection and treatment of cancer will be covered according to Missouri Revised Statutes if:

(a) The trial is sanctioned by the National Institutes of Health (NIH) or National Cancer Institute (NCI) and conducted at academic or National Cancer Institute Center; and

(b) The person covered under this section is enrolled in the clinical trial. This section shall not apply to persons who are only following the protocol of phase II of a clinical trial, but not actually enrolled.

"Cooperative group" is a formal network of facilities that collaborate on research projects and have an established NIH-approved Peer Review Program operating with the group, including the NCI Clinical Cooperative Group and the NDI Community Clinical Oncology program.

"Routine patient care costs" shall include items and services typically provided under the Plan for a Covered Person not enrolled in a clinical trial. However, such items and services do not include:

(a) The investigation item, device or service itself;

(b) Items and services not included in the direct clinical management of the patient, but instead provided in connection with data collection and analysis; or

(c) A service clearly not consistent with widely accepted and established standards of care for the particular diagnosis.

"Qualified Individual" is a Covered Person who is eligible, according to the trial protocol, to participate in an approved clinical trial for the treatment of cancer or other life-threatening disease or condition and either:

(a) The referring health care professional is a Participating Provider and has concluded that the Covered Person’s participation in the clinical trial would be appropriate; or

(b) The Covered Person provides medical and scientific information establishing that the Covered Person’s participation in the clinical trial would be appropriate.

"Approved clinical trial" is a phase I, phase II, phase III, or phase IV clinical trial that is conducted in connection with the prevention, detection, or treatment of cancer or other life-threatening disease or condition and is federally funded through a variety of entities or departments of the federal government; is conducted in connection with an investigational new drug application reviewed by the Food and Drug Administration; or is exempt from investigational new drug application requirements.

"Life-threatening condition" is a disease or condition likely to result in death unless the disease or condition is interrupted.

4) if Reliable Evidence shows that the prevailing opinion among experts regarding the drug, device, medical treatment or procedure is that further studies or clinical trials are necessary to determine its maximum tolerated dose, its toxicity, its safety, its efficacy or its efficacy as compared with a standard means of treatment or diagnosis.
Reliable Evidence shall mean only published reports and articles in the authoritative medical and scientific literature; the written protocol or protocols used by the treating facility or the protocol(s) of another facility studying substantially the same drug, service, medical treatment or procedure; or the written informed consent used by the treating facility or by another facility studying substantially the same drug, device, medical treatment or procedure.

Drugs are considered Experimental if they are not commercially available for purchase and/or they are not approved by the Food and Drug Administration for general use.

**Family Unit** is the covered Employee or Retiree and the family members who are covered as Dependents under the Plan.

**Formulary** means a list of prescription medications of safe, effective therapeutic drugs specifically covered by this Plan.

**Generic** drug means a Prescription Drug which has the equivalency of the brand name drug with the same use and metabolic disintegration. This Plan will consider as a Generic drug any Food and Drug Administration approved generic pharmaceutical dispensed according to the professional standards of a licensed pharmacist and clearly designated by the pharmacist as being generic.

**Genetic Information** means information about genes, gene products and inherited characteristics that may derive from an individual or a family member. This includes information regarding carrier status and information derived from laboratory tests that identify mutations in specific genes or chromosomes, physical medical examinations, family histories and direct analysis of genes or chromosomes.

**Home Health Care Agency** is an organization that meets all of these tests: its main function is to provide Home Health Care Services and Supplies; it is federally certified as a Home Health Care Agency; and it is licensed by the state in which it is located, if licensing is required.

**Home Health Care Plan** must meet these tests: it must be a formal written plan made by the patient's attending Physician which is reviewed at least every 30 days; it must state the diagnosis; it must certify that the Home Health Care is in place of Hospital confinement; and it must specify the type and extent of Home Health Care required for the treatment of the patient.

**Home Health Care Services and Supplies** include: part-time or intermittent nursing care by or under the supervision of a registered nurse (R.N.); part-time or intermittent home health aide services provided through a Home Health Care Agency (this does not include general housekeeping services); physical, occupational and speech therapy; medical supplies; and laboratory services by or on behalf of the Hospital.

**Hospice Agency** is an organization where its main function is to provide Hospice Care Services and Supplies and it is licensed by the state in which it is located, if licensing is required.

**Hospice Care Plan** is a plan of terminal patient care that is established and conducted by a Hospice Agency and supervised by a Physician.

**Hospice Care Services and Supplies** are those provided through a Hospice Agency and under a Hospice Care Plan and include inpatient care in a Hospice Unit or other licensed facility, home care, and family counseling during the bereavement period.

**Hospice Unit** is a facility or separate Hospital Unit, that provides treatment under a Hospice Care Plan and admits at least two unrelated persons who are expected to die within six months.

**Hospital** is an institution which is engaged primarily in providing medical care and treatment of sick and injured persons on an inpatient basis at the patient's expense and which fully meets these tests: it is accredited as a Hospital by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations, the Healthcare Facilities Accreditation Program or the International Standards Organization; it is approved by Medicare as a Hospital; it maintains diagnostic and therapeutic facilities on the premises for surgical and medical diagnosis and treatment of sick and injured persons by or under the supervision of a staff of Physicians; it continuously provides on the premises 24-hour-a-day nursing services by or under the supervision of registered nurses (R.N.s); and it is operated continuously with organized facilities for operative surgery on the premises. If the Plan has a network that credentials their providers for participation in the network, the facility will be considered eligible regardless of the accreditation or Medicare status required in this definition.
Illness means a bodily disorder, disease, physical sickness or Mental Disorder. Illness includes Pregnancy, childbirth, miscarriage or complications of Pregnancy.

Incidental means requiring unplanned treatment, care or services for a non-emergent Illness while outside the network area. For example, requiring Physician services for acute sinusitis while traveling outside the network area.

Injury means an accidental physical Injury to the body caused by unexpected external means.

Institution of Learning means any accredited high school, accredited college or university, including other recognized educational institutions such as nursing schools, trade school, etc., with full-time curricula, regardless of the length of the term.

Intensive Care Unit is defined as a separate, clearly designated service area which is maintained within a Hospital solely for the care and treatment of patients who are critically ill. This also includes what is referred to as a "coronary care unit" or an "acute care unit." It has: facilities for special nursing care not available in regular rooms and wards of the Hospital; special life saving equipment which is immediately available at all times; at least two beds for the accommodation of the critically ill; and at least one registered nurse (R.N.) in continuous and constant attendance 24 hours a day.

Late Enrollee means a Plan Participant who enrolls under the Plan other than during the first 30-day period in which the individual is eligible to enroll under the Plan or during a Special Enrollment Period. (see below).

Legal Guardian means a person recognized by a court of law as having the duty of taking care of the person and managing the property and rights of a minor child.

Legally Separated (Legal Separation) means, for purposes of this Plan, a husband and wife have successfully petitioned a court to recognize their separation [which may include no longer living together as husband and wife and/or no longer filing income tax returns (state and/or federal) as a couple (either jointly, separately, as head of household, or otherwise)].

Life Threatening is defined as any serious illness or injury that necessitates immediate medical or surgical intervention to preclude permanent impairment of a body function or permanent damage to a body structure. Examples: burns, loss of organs, loss of limbs, blindness, heart attack, stroke and excessive uncontrolled bleeding through open wounds.

Lifetime is a word that appears in this Plan in reference to benefit maximums and limitations. Lifetime is understood to mean while covered under this Plan. Under no circumstances does Lifetime mean during the lifetime of the Covered Person.

Maintenance programs is a term used to qualify occupational, physical, speech and other rehabilitative therapy programs. These are the repetitive services required to maintain function and generally do not involve complex and sophisticated occupational/physical/speech therapy procedures; and consequently, the judgment and skill of a qualified therapist are not required for safety or effectiveness.

However, in certain instances, the specialized knowledge and judgment of a qualified physical therapist may be required to establish a maintenance program intended to prevent or minimize deterioration caused by a medical condition if the maintenance program is to be safely carried out and the treatment aims of the physician achieved. Establishing such a program is a skilled service and would be a covered expense under the Plan.

Medical Care shall mean professional services rendered by a Physician or Other Professional Provider for the treatment of an Illness of Injury.

Medical Care Facility means a Hospital, a facility that treats one or more specific ailments or any type of Skilled Nursing Facility.

Medical Non-Emergency Care means care which can safely and adequately be provided other than in a Hospital.

Medically Necessary care and treatment is recommended or approved by a Physician; is consistent with the patient's condition or accepted standards of good medical practice; is medically proven to be effective
treatment of the condition; is not performed mainly for the convenience of the patient or provider of medical services; is not conducted for research purposes; and is the most appropriate level of services which can be safely provided to the patient.

All of these criteria must be met; merely because a Physician recommends or approves certain care does not mean that it is Medically Necessary.

The Plan Administrator has the discretionary authority to decide whether care or treatment is Medically Necessary.

**Medicare** is the Health Insurance For The Aged and Disabled program under Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, as amended.

**Mental Disorder** means any disease or condition, regardless of whether the cause is organic, that is classified as a Mental Disorder in the current edition of International Classification of Diseases, published by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services or is listed in the current edition of Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, published by the American Psychiatric Association.

**Morbid Obesity/Severe Clinical Obesity** is a diagnosed condition in which the body weight exceeds the medically recommended weight by 100 or more pounds over normal weight (by insurance underwriting standards) or the body mass index (BMI) is 35 or greater for a person of the same height, age and mobility as the Covered Person, despite documented unsuccessful attempts to reduce weight under a Physician-monitored diet and exercise program.

**Multiple Surgical Procedures** (shall mean surgical procedures which are performed during the same operative session and which are not incidental or secondary to one (1) primary procedure for which the operative session is undertaken. An “incidental procedure” is a procedure which is not Medically Necessary at the time it is performed. A “secondary procedure” is a procedure which is not part of the primary procedure for which the operative session is undertaken.

**Naturopathic Medicine**, sometimes called “naturopathy”, treats health conditions by utilizing the body's inherent ability to heal. Naturopathic Doctors (N.D.) aid the healing process by incorporating a variety of alternative methods based on the patient's individual needs, such as nutrition, herbal medicine, homeopathic medicine and oriental medicine. Diet, lifestyle, work and personal history are all considered when determining a treatment regimen. Refer to the Medical Benefits section for a list of covered services.

**No-Fault Auto Insurance** is the basic reparations provision of a law providing for payments without determining fault in connection with automobile accidents.

**Nonresidential Treatment Facility** is a facility that can provide medical and other services for the treatment of Substance Abuse to individuals who do not require inpatient status and are free from acute physical and mental complications. The facility must maintain an organized program of treatment that may be limited to less than 12 hours per day and not be available 7 days a week. The facility must be certified by the Department of Mental Health for treatment of Mental Disorder or Substance Abuse.

**Other Facility Provider** shall mean any of the following: Ambulatory Care Facility, Substance Abuse Treatment Facility, free-standing dialysis facility, Outpatient psychiatric facility, psychiatric day treatment facility, psychiatric Hospital, Hospice, Extended Care Facility, or rehabilitation Hospital, which is licensed as such in the jurisdiction in which it is located.

**Other Professional Provider** or **Professional Provider** shall mean the following persons or practitioners, including Physicians, acting within the scope of such provider’s license which is certified and licensed in the jurisdiction in which the services are provided:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Audiologist</th>
<th>Licensed Acupuncturist</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Anesthetist</td>
<td>Physical Therapist</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Certified Athletic Trainers</td>
<td>LPN /Registered Nurse</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emergency Medical Technician</td>
<td>Respiratory Therapist</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Independent Laboratory Technician</td>
<td>Speech – Language Pathologist</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pharmacist</td>
<td>Clinical Social Worker</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vocational Nurse</td>
<td>Naturopathic Doctor</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Any other practitioner of the healing arts who is licensed and regulated by a state or federal agency and is acting within the scope of his/her license.
Outpatient Care and/or Services is treatment including services, supplies and medicines provided and used at a Hospital under the direction of a Physician to a person not admitted as a registered bed patient; or services rendered in a Physician's office, laboratory or X-ray facility, an Ambulatory Surgical Center, or the patient's home.

Participating or Network Physician shall mean a duly licensed Physician under contract with any of the Plan's contracted Networks.

Participating or Network Provider shall mean any Hospital, Physician, pharmacy, Other Professional Provider, Other Facility Provider or other entity under contract with the Plan's contracted Networks.

Pharmacy means a licensed establishment where covered Prescription Drugs are filled and dispensed by a pharmacist licensed under the laws of the state where he or she practices.

Physician means a Doctor of Medicine (M.D.), Doctor of Osteopathy (D.O.), Doctor of Podiatry (D.P.M.), Doctor of Chiropractic (D.C.), Audiologist, Certified Nurse Anesthetist, Licensed Professional Counselor, Licensed Professional Physical Therapist, Master of Social Work (M.S.W.), Midwife, Occupational Therapist, Physiotherapist, Psychiatrist, Psychologist (Ph.D.), Speech Language Pathologist and any other practitioner of the healing arts who is licensed and regulated by a state or federal agency and is acting within the scope of his or her license.

Plan means School District of Springfield R-12 Employee Health Care Plan, which is a benefits plan for certain Employees/Retirees of School District of Springfield R-12 and is described in this document.

Plan Participant is any Employee, Retiree or Dependent who is covered under this Plan.

Plan Year is the 12-month period beginning on either the effective date of the Plan or on the day following the end of the first Plan Year which is a short Plan Year.

Pre-Admission Testing is pre-operative or pre-procedural diagnostic screening required to determine the Covered Person's health status prior to a scheduled medical or surgical procedure on an Inpatient or Outpatient basis.

Pregnancy is childbirth and conditions associated with Pregnancy, including complications.

Prescription Drug means any of the following: a Food and Drug Administration-approved drug or medicine which, under federal law, is required to bear the legend: "Caution: federal law prohibits dispensing without prescription"; injectable insulin; hypodermic needles or syringes, but only when dispensed upon a written prescription of a licensed Physician. Such drug must be Medically Necessary in the treatment of a Sickness or Injury.

Reasonable and Necessary is a term used to qualify occupational, physical, speech and other rehabilitative therapy programs. To be considered Reasonable and Necessary, the following conditions must be met:

(1) The services must be considered under accepted standards of medical practice to be a specific and effective treatment for the patient's condition.

(2) The services must be of such a level of complexity and sophistication or the condition of the patient must be such that the services required can be safely and effectively performed only by a qualified therapist or under his/her supervision. Services which do not require the performance or supervision of a therapist are not considered reasonable or necessary services, even if they are performed or supervised by a therapist.

(3) The development, implementation, management, and evaluation of a patient care plan constitute skilled therapy services when, because of the patient’s condition, those activities require the skills of a therapist to meet the patient’s needs, promote recovery, and ensure medical safety. Where the skills of a therapist are needed to manage and periodically reevaluate the appropriateness of a maintenance program because of an identified danger to the patient, those reasonable and necessary management and evaluation services may be covered, even if the skills of a therapist are not needed to carry out the activities performed as part of the maintenance program.
While a patient’s particular medical condition is a valid factor in deciding if skilled therapy services are needed, the key issue is whether the skills of a therapist are needed to treat the illness or injury, or whether the services can be carried out by non-skilled personnel.

There must be an expectation that the patient’s condition will improve significantly in a reasonable (and generally predictable) period of time, or the services must be necessary for the establishment of a safe and effective maintenance program required in connection with a specific disease state.

The amount, frequency, and duration of the services must be reasonable.

Residential Treatment Facility meets the following criteria:

1. Operates legally as a psychiatric Hospital or residential treatment facility for mental health and licensed as such by the state in which the facility operates.
2. Is certified by the Department of Mental Health for treatment of Mental Disorder or Substance Abuse.
3. Is primarily engaged in providing diagnostic and therapeutic services for treatment of Mental Disorders and Substance Abuse on an inpatient basis; maintains permanent and full-time facilities for bed care and full-time confinement of at least 15 resident patients.
4. Has a Physician in regular attendance; continuously provides 24-hour a day nursing service by a registered nurse (R.N.); has a full-time psychiatrist or psychologist on the staff.
5. Operates on a 24-hour basis, 7 days a week under an organized program.

Restorative Therapy is a term used in conjunction with occupational, physical, speech or other rehabilitative therapy which must, among other things, be Reasonable and Necessary to the treatment of the individual’s Illness or Injury. If an individual’s expected restoration potential would be insignificant in relation to the extent and duration of the therapy services required to achieve such potential, the therapy would not be considered Reasonable and Necessary. In addition, there must be an expectation that the patient’s condition will improve significantly in a reasonable (and generally predictable) period of time. However, if at any point in the treatment of an illness/injury it is determined that the expectations will not materialize, the services will no longer be considered Reasonable and Necessary and they would, therefore, be excluded from coverage.

Retired Employee is a former Active Employee of the District who was retired while employed by the District under the formal written plan of the District and elects to contribute to the Plan the contribution required from the Retired Employee.

Sickness is:

For a covered Employee/Retiree and covered Spouse: Illness, disease or Pregnancy.

For a covered Dependent other than Spouse: Illness or disease, not including Pregnancy or its complications.

Skilled Nursing Facility is a facility that fully meets all of these tests:

1. It is licensed to provide professional nursing services on an inpatient basis to persons convalescing from Injury or Sickness. The service must be rendered by a registered nurse (R.N.) or by a licensed practical nurse (L.P.N.) under the direction of a registered nurse. Services to help restore patients to self-care in essential daily living activities must be provided.
2. Its services are provided for compensation and under the full-time supervision of a Physician.
3. It provides 24 hour per day nursing services by licensed nurses, under the direction of a full-time registered nurse.
4. It maintains a complete medical record on each patient.
5. It has an effective utilization review plan.
(6) It is not, other than incidentally, a place for rest, the aged, drug addicts, alcoholics, mentally disabled, Custodial or educational care or care of Mental Disorders.

(7) It is approved and licensed by Medicare, the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations or the Commission on Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities.

This term also applies to charges incurred in a facility referring to itself as an extended care facility, convalescent nursing home, rehabilitation hospital, long-term acute care facility or any other similar nomenclature.

Substance Abuse is regular excessive compulsive drinking of alcohol and/or physical habitual dependence on drugs. This does not include dependence on tobacco and ordinary caffeine-containing drinks.

Surviving Spouse means the person recognized as the deceased covered Retired Employee’s husband or wife (or the husband or wife of a deceased Active Employee who was eligible for retirement at the time of his/her death) under the laws of the state in which the Retired Employee lived and who had been covered as an eligible dependent of the Retired Employee prior to the death.

Temporomandibular Joint (TMJ) Syndrome is the treatment of jaw joint disorders including conditions of structures linking the jaw bone and skull and the complex of muscles, nerves and other tissues related to the temporomandibular joint. (Refer to Schedule of Benefits and Medical Benefits for what services are covered by this Plan.)

Total Disability (Totally Disabled) means: In the case of an Active Employee, the complete inability to perform any and every duty of his or her occupation or of a similar occupation for which the person is reasonably capable due to education and training, as a result of Injury or Sickness. Total Disability will be determined by the District in conjunction with the determination by the treating Physician.

In the case of a Dependent child, the complete inability as a result of Injury or Sickness to perform the normal activities of a person of like age and sex in good health.

Usual and Reasonable Charge is a charge which is not higher than the usual charge made by the provider of the care or supply and does not exceed the usual charge made by most providers of like service in the same area. This test will consider the nature and severity of the condition being treated. It will also consider medical complications or unusual circumstances that require more time, skill or experience.

The Plan will consider the actual charge billed if it is less than the Usual and Reasonable Charge.

The Plan Administrator has the discretionary authority to decide whether a charge is Usual and Reasonable.

Utilization Review Coordinator means MPI Care.

Waiting Period is the time between the first day of employment and the first day of coverage under the Plan if the coverage is beginning after the Waiting Period.
PLAN EXCLUSIONS

Note: All exclusions related to Prescription Drugs are shown in the Prescription Drug Plan.

For all Medical Benefits shown in the Schedule of Benefits, a charge for the following is not covered:

(1) **Abortion.** Services, supplies, care or treatment in connection with an abortion unless the life of the mother is endangered by the continued Pregnancy, a therapeutic abortion is deemed Medically Necessary by an M.D. or D.O. for medical conditions determined to be non-compatible for the life of the fetus or the Pregnancy is the result of rape or incest.

(2) **Alcohol.** Services, supplies, care or treatment to a Covered Person for an Injury or Sickness that occurred while the Covered Person was illegally using alcohol (whether operating a motorized vehicle or another illegal situation). Expenses will be covered for Injured Covered Persons other than this Covered Person. The on-site and/or responding officer or treating facility’s notation and/or determination of inebriation (such as through a field sobriety test, observations and Blood Alcohol Content level test) will be sufficient for this exclusion. The exclusion applies regardless of whether the use of alcohol was the direct cause of the Injury. The Covered Person’s expenses for Substance Abuse treatment will be covered as specified in this Plan. This exclusion does not apply if the Injury resulted from an act of domestic violence or a medical (including both physical and mental health) condition.

(3) **Biofeedback.** Charges for services, supplies, care or treatment in connection with biofeedback.

(4) **Charges** for failure to keep scheduled appointments, charges for completion of claim forms or late payment charges.

(5) **Complications of non-covered treatments.** Care, services or treatment required as a result of complications from a treatment not covered under the Plan are not covered. Complications from a non-covered abortion are covered.

(6) **Correctional agency or court order.** Care provided while a Covered Person is in the custody or care of a correctional agency or under the authority of a court order.

(7) **Cosmetic reasons.** Care and treatment provided for or in connection with cosmetic procedures. Refer to the Medical Benefits Reconstructive Surgery section for information about covered expenses.

(8) **Custodial care.** Services or supplies provided mainly as a rest cure, maintenance or Custodial Care.

(9) **Dental Expenses.** Care, services or treatment provided for expenses incurred for dental work, unless such care is specifically covered in the Schedule of Benefits or Medical Benefits section of this Plan.

(10) **Dental Implants.** Dental implants, including any appliances and/or crowns and the surgical insertion or removal of implants, unless such care is specifically covered in the Schedule of Benefits or Medical Benefits section of this Plan.

(11) **Educational or vocational testing.** Services for educational or vocational testing or training; non-medical self-care or self-help training; and remedial reading and special education. One Medically Necessary unit of medical educational training is allowed per Illness per lifetime.

(12) **Excess charges.** The part of an expense for care and treatment of an Injury or Sickness that is in excess of the Usual and Reasonable Charge.

(13) **Exercise programs.** Exercise programs for treatment of any condition, except for Physician-supervised cardiac or pulmonary rehabilitation, occupational or physical therapy covered by this Plan; charges for enrollment in a health, athletic or similar club; or charges for athletic trainers (this does not include athletic trainers who are certified and licensed as defined under Other Professional Provider in this Plan.).

(14) **Experimental or not Medically Necessary.** Care and treatment that is either Experimental/Investigational or not Medically Necessary. This exclusion shall not apply to the
extent that the charge is for a Qualified Individual who is a participant in an approved clinical trial with respect to the treatment of cancer or another life-threatening disease or condition. The Plan shall not deny, limit or impose additional conditions on Routine Patient Costs for items and services furnished in connection with participation in the clinical trial. However, this provision does not require the Plan to pay charges for services or supplies that are not otherwise Covered Charges (including, without limitation, charges which the Qualified Individual would not be required to pay in the absence of this coverage) or prohibit the Plan from imposing all applicable cost sharing and reasonable cost management provisions. For these purposes, a Qualified Individual is a Covered Person who is eligible to participate in an approved clinical trial according to the trial protocol with respect to the treatment of cancer or another life-threatening disease or condition, and either: (1) the referring health care professional is a Participating Provider and has concluded that the individual’s participation in such trial would be appropriate; or (2) the Covered Person provides medical and scientific information establishing that the individual’s participation in such trial would be appropriate. (Refer to Defined Terms “Experimental and/or Investigational” for definitions of capitalized terms.)

(15) **Eye care.** Radial keratotomy or other eye surgery to correct refractive disorders. Also, routine eye examinations, including refractions, lenses for the eyes and exams for their fitting. This exclusion does not apply to aphakic patients and soft lenses or sclera shells intended for use as corneal bandages or as may be covered under the well adult or well child sections of this Plan. Accommodating Intra-Ocular Lenses used to replace the lens of the eye following cataract surgery are not covered under this Plan.

(16) **Foot and Hand care.** Treatment of flat feet, corns, calluses and trimming of or treatment of fungal infections of the nails (unless needed in treatment of a metabolic or peripheral-vascular disease and authorized by the Utilization Review Coordinator). Surgical treatment of toenails is eligible if Medically Necessary. Charges for the purchase of orthopedic shoes or arch supports are not covered.

(17) **Foreign travel.** Care, treatment or supplies outside of the U.S. if travel is for the sole purpose of obtaining medical services. This exclusion also applies to Prescription Drugs obtained from outside the U.S. even if travel was not required. Exception: Care, treatment or supplies related to an Emergency Medical Condition or Medically Necessary treatment of an Illness while traveling outside the U.S.

(18) **Gene Manipulation Therapy.** Care, treatment or services for gene manipulation therapy.

(19) **Genetic testing.** Genetic testing is not covered unless it aids diagnosing of a Covered Person with functional abnormalities or who is symptomatic of an Illness which may be inheritable and the results of the test will impact the treatment being delivered.

(20) **Government coverage.** To the extent permitted by law, medical care, services and supplies which are furnished by a Hospital or facility operated by or at the direction of the United States government or any authorized agency thereof, or furnished at the expense of such government or agency, or by a Physician employed by such a Hospital or facility, unless (1) the treatment is of an emergency nature, and (2) the Covered Individual is not entitled to such treatment without charge by reason of status as a veteran or otherwise. This will also apply to any court-ordered care (if paid by the court) or care initiated or provided by a police department/penal institution. This does not apply to Medicaid or when otherwise prohibited by law.

(21) **Hair loss.** Care and treatment for hair loss. Care and treatment includes wigs, hair transplants or any Prescription Drug that promises hair growth, whether or not prescribed by a Physician. However, care and treatment, except hair transplants, related to alopecia areata or scalp infection or as a result of treatment of a medical condition (i.e., chemotherapy for cancer) will have Prescription Drug coverage with a prior authorization on file and coverage for a wig. (Refer to the Schedule of Benefits for benefit information).

(22) **Hearing aids and exams.** Charges for services or supplies in connection with hearing aids (including external or implanted hearing aids) or exams for their fitting, except as may be covered under the well adult or well child sections of this Plan.

(23) **Home modifications.** Expenses for modification of home or living quarters due to medical disabilities.
(24) **Hospital employees.** Professional services billed by a Physician or nurse who is an employee of a Hospital or Skilled Nursing Facility and paid by the Hospital or facility for the service.

(25) **Hypnosis.** Charges for hypnosis are not covered.

(26) **Illegal acts** (as defined by the state statutes where the incident occurred). Charges for services received as a result of Injury or Sickness occurring directly or indirectly by engaging in a Felony, an illegal occupation, a riot or public disturbance. For purposes of this exclusion, the term “Felony” shall mean any act or series of acts that may be punishable by more than a year of imprisonment. It is not necessary that criminal charges be filed. If charges should be filed, it is not necessary that a conviction result or that a sentence of imprisonment for a term in excess of one year be imposed in order for this exclusion to apply. The Plan will review information such as the police report, eye-witness accounts and/or provider medical records to determine if a criminal Felony has occurred. Proof beyond a reasonable doubt is not required. If a crime can be categorized as both a misdemeanor and a Felony, the Plan will use its discretion in determining if this exclusion will apply. This exclusion does not apply if the Injury resulted from an act of domestic violence or a medical (including both physical and mental health) condition. Refer to the Alcohol exclusion for the separate criteria for Injuries involving alcohol.

(27) **Illegal drugs or medications.** Services, supplies, care or treatment to a Covered Person for Injury or Sickness resulting from that Covered Person’s voluntary taking of or being under the influence of any controlled substance, drug, hallucinogen or narcotic not administered on the advice of a Physician. Expenses will be covered for Injured Covered Persons other than the person using controlled substances and expenses will be covered for Substance Abuse treatment as specified in this Plan. This exclusion does not apply if the Injury resulted from an act of domestic violence or a medical (including both physical and mental health) condition.

(28) **Infertility.** Care, supplies, services and treatment for infertility, including but not limited to diagnostic services, artificial insemination, other artificial methods of conception, in vitro fertilization, sexual dysfunction or a surrogate mother (even in the absence of an infertility diagnosis and whether or not the surrogate is a Covered Person acting as a surrogate mother). If the treatment of the medical condition is Medically Necessary for an indication other than the promotion of fertility, then the services will be covered.

(29) **Internet Services.** Services, supplies or treatment rendered through the Internet are not covered unless part of an established program or Participating Provider or Pharmacy network of this Plan.

(30) **Lost, stolen or misused appliances/DME.** Charges incurred to replace lost or stolen appliances/DME or to replace or repair appliances/DME due, in whole or in part, to improper use or care (according to the manufacturer’s guide on proper use).

(31) **Maintenance.** Care and treatment for Maintenance.

(32) **Marital or pre-marital counseling.** Care and treatment for marital or pre-marital counseling.

(33) **Military-related disability or coverage.** Care in connection with a military-related disability to which the Covered Person is legally entitled and for which facilities are reasonably available, to the extent permitted by law; or coverage while engaged in service with the armed forces of any international organization, nation or state.

(34) **No charge.** Care and treatment for which there would not have been a charge if no coverage had been in force.

(35) **Non-compliance.** All charges in connection with treatments or medications where the patient either is in non-compliance with or is discharged from a Hospital or Skilled Nursing Facility against medical advice.

(36) **Non-emergency Hospital admissions.** Care and treatment billed by a Hospital for non-Emergency Medical Condition admissions on a Friday or a Saturday. This does not apply if surgery is performed within 24 hours of admission. This preadmission (presurgical) day will not be covered if it is not approved through the precertification process for the surgery.

(37) **No obligation to pay.** Charges incurred for which the Plan has no legal obligation to pay.
(38) **No Physician recommendation.** Care, treatment, services or supplies not recommended and approved by a Physician; or treatment, services or supplies when the Covered Person is not under the regular care of a Physician. Regular care means ongoing medical supervision or treatment which is appropriate care for the Injury or Sickness.

(39) **Not specified as covered.** Medical services, treatments and supplies which are not specified as covered under this Plan. Medical services, treatments and supplies that meet standards of care, are Medically Necessary, are ordered by a Physician, are not Experimental/Investigational and not otherwise excluded by this Plan will be covered.

(40) **Obesity.** Care and treatment of obesity, weight loss or dietary control. Medically Necessary charge for health problems associated with high-risk Morbid Obesity/Severe Clinical Obesity will be covered. Refer to Weight Management in the Medical Benefits section for details.

(41) **Occupational.** Care and treatment of an Injury or Sickness that is occupational (that is, arises from work for wage or profit including self-employment) for which the Covered Person is entitled to benefits under any Workers' Compensation or Occupational Disease Law, or any such similar law. If the Covered Person is entitled to these benefits but did not receive them due to a failure to follow that plan's guidelines, this Plan will not consider those eligible charges. The Plan will not pay for any medical benefits related to a condition for which the Covered Person received a settlement for future medical benefits from a workers' compensation carrier.

(42) **Orthotics.** Replacement of orthotics will not be covered unless there is sufficient change in the Covered Person's physical condition to make the original device no longer functional.

(43) **Personal comfort items.** Personal comfort items or other equipment, such as, but not limited to, air conditioners, air-purification units, water purifiers, non-prescription room humidifiers (this exclusion is not applicable for CPAP/BIPAP humidifiers), electric heating units, orthopedic or hypoallergenic pillows and mattresses, blood pressure instruments, scales, elastic bandages or stockings, nonprescription drugs and medicines, first-aid supplies, non-hospital adjustable beds, hot tubs, whirlpools and exercise equipment. Compression stockings are covered with a prescription / Physician’s orders. The prescription must require measurement of the patient for proper fitting. Limit two (2) pair per year.

(44) **Plan design excludes.** Charges excluded by the Plan design as mentioned in this document.

(45) **Pregnancy of daughter.** Care and treatment of Pregnancy and Complications of Pregnancy for a dependent daughter only.

(46) **Prosthetic devices.** Certain prosthetic devices are not covered under this Plan: electrical convenience aids, either anal or urethral; implants for cosmetic or psychological reasons, penile prostheses for non-organic impotence; dental appliance; remote control devices; devices employing robotics; all mechanical organs; replacement of cataract lenses except when new cataract lenses are needed due to prescription change; and investigation or obsolete devices and supplies. Replacement of prostheses will not be covered unless there is sufficient change in the Covered Person's physical condition to make the original device no longer functional.

(47) **Psychoanalysis or counseling with relatives** (except if the counseling is with a covered parent on behalf of a minor child), unless stated otherwise in the Medical Benefits section.

(48) **Psychological reasons.** Surgery performed for psychological or emotional reasons.

(49) **Relative giving services.** Professional services performed by a person who ordinarily resides in the Covered Person's home or is related to the Covered Person as a Spouse, parent, child, brother or sister, whether the relationship is by blood or exists in law.

(50) **Routine care.** Charges for non-prescription drugs, vitamins and nutritional supplements unless necessary for the treatment of an Illness and is approved by the MPI Care Utilization Review Coordinator. (Refer to Preventive Care in the Schedule of Benefits.)

(51) **Self-Inflicted.** Any loss due to an intentionally self-inflicted Injury. This exclusion does not apply if the Injury resulted from an act of domestic violence or a medical (including both physical and mental health) condition.
(52) **Services before or after coverage.** Care, treatment or supplies for which a charge was incurred before a person was covered under this Plan or after coverage ceased under this Plan.

(53) **Sex changes.** Care, services or treatment for non-congenital transsexualism, gender dysphoria or sexual reassignment or change. This exclusion includes medications, implants, hormone therapy, surgery and medical or psychiatric treatment.

(54) **Sexual dysfunction.** Care, services or treatment for sexual dysfunction unrelated to organic disease.

(55) **Surgical sterilization reversal.** Care and treatment for reversal of surgical sterilization.

(56) **Travel or accommodations.** Charges for travel or accommodations, whether or not recommended by a Physician, except for ambulance charges as defined as a Covered Charge.

(57) **War.** Any loss that is due to a declared or undeclared act of war. This also applies for intentional or accidental atomic explosion or other release of nuclear energy, whether in peacetime or wartime.
PRESCRIPTION DRUG BENEFITS
(Dispensed at a Pharmacy)

Pharmacy Drug Charge

Participating pharmacies have contracted with the Plan to charge Covered Persons reduced fees for covered Prescription Drugs.

Copayments

The copayment is applied to each covered pharmacy drug or mail order drug charge and is shown in the schedule of benefits. The copayment amount is not a Covered Charge under the medical Plan. Any one pharmacy prescription is limited to a 30-day supply or a 90-day supply for maintenance medications. Any one mail order prescription is limited to a 90-day supply.

If a drug is purchased from a non-participating pharmacy, or a participating pharmacy when the Covered Person's ID card is not used, the amount payable will be as shown in the schedule of benefits.

Percentages Payable

The percentage payable amount is applied to each covered pharmacy drug or mail order drug charge and is shown in the schedule of benefits. This amount is not considered a Covered Charge which is reimbursable under the Medical or Prescription benefits of this Plan.

Mail Order Drug Benefit Option

The mail order drug benefit option is available for maintenance medications (those that are taken for long periods of time, such as drugs sometimes prescribed for heart disease, high blood pressure, asthma, etc.). Because of volume buying, the mail order pharmacy is able to offer Covered Persons significant savings on their prescriptions.

Covered Prescription Drugs

1. All drugs prescribed by a Physician that require a prescription either by federal or state law. This does include oral contraceptives purchased at the Pharmacy, but excludes any drugs stated as not covered under this Plan.

2. All compounded prescriptions containing at least one prescription ingredient in a therapeutic quantity.

3. Insulin and other diabetic supplies when prescribed by a Physician.

4. Injectable drugs or any prescription directing administration by injection, such as Insulin, Immitrex, Lovenox, Betaseron, Copaxone, Avonex, Epogen, Neupogen or any other medication available to be filled as a self-injectable through the pharmacy. If the Plan covers oral contraceptives, Depo Provera will be considered a covered expense when purchased through the Pharmacy. This list is subject to change. For the latest information on approved drugs and to obtain approval for the purchase of the drug through the pharmacy, please contact the Utilization Review Coordinator at the number listed in the Cost Management Services section.

Limits To This Benefit

This benefit applies only when a Covered Person incurs a covered Prescription Drug charge. The covered drug charge for any one prescription will be limited to:

1. Refills only up to the number of times specified by a Physician.

2. Refills up to one year from the date of order by a Physician.
Expenses Not Covered

This benefit will not cover a charge for any of the following:

1. **Administration.** Any charge for the administration of a covered Prescription Drug.

2. **Appetite suppressants.** A charge for appetite suppressants, dietary supplements or vitamin supplements, except for prenatal vitamins requiring a prescription or prescription vitamin supplements containing fluoride.

3. **Consumed on premises.** Any drug or medicine that is consumed or administered at the place where it is dispensed.

4. **Devices.** Devices of any type, even though such devices may require a prescription. These include (but are not limited to) therapeutic devices, artificial appliances, braces, support garments, or any similar device.

5. **Drugs used for cosmetic purposes.** Charges for drugs used for cosmetic purposes, such as anabolic steroids, Retin A or medications for hair growth or removal, unless prior authorized with the Utilization Review Coordinator for treatment of an Illness or Injury.

6. **Experimental.** Experimental drugs and medicines, even though a charge is made to the Covered Person.

7. **FDA.** Any drug not approved by the Food and Drug Administration.

8. **Growth hormones.** Charges for drugs to enhance physical growth or athletic performance or appearance, unless prior authorized with the Utilization Review Coordinator.

9. **Immunization.** Immunization agents or biological sera.

10. **Infertility.** A charge for infertility medication.

11. **Inpatient medication.** A drug or medicine that is to be taken by the Covered Person, in whole or in part, while Hospital confined. This includes being confined in any institution that has a facility for the dispensing of drugs and medicines on its premises.

12. **Investigational.** A drug or medicine labeled: "Caution - limited by federal law to investigational use".

13. **Medical exclusions.** A charge excluded under Medical Plan Exclusions.

14. **No charge.** A charge for Prescription Drugs which may be properly received without charge under local, state or federal programs.

15. **Non-legend drugs.** A charge for FDA-approved drugs that are prescribed for non-FDA-approved uses.

16. **No prescription.** A drug or medicine that can legally be bought without a written prescription. This does not apply to injectable insulin.

17. **Refills.** Any refill that is requested more than one year after the prescription was written or any refill that is more than the number of refills ordered by the Physician.
HOW TO SUBMIT A CLAIM

Benefits under this Plan shall be paid only if the Plan Administrator decides in its discretion that a Covered Person is entitled to them.

How will I be billed for these services?

Charges for medical services are billed by the provider at their normal rates. This is the price an individual would be charged in absence of any contractual arrangements with the provider. When contractual arrangements exist, the claim is re-priced to the discounted rate. This repricing function may either be performed by the Claims Supervisor or a PPO Network.

Typically, the claim is submitted by the provider. If the patient must file a claim directly, it must be submitted to the address indicated on the ID card. Refer to the section below for information required to be submitted on the claim.

Once a Clean Claim is received by the Claims Supervisor, it is processed and an Explanation Of Benefits (EOB) is returned to the provider and Employee/Retiree (or covered dependent if directed to do so) explaining any patient responsibility and/or reimbursement to the appropriate party. Occasionally the Claim Supervisor must pend a claim to the provider or Covered Person if enough initial information is not received in order to process the charges. This can cause delays in processing.

When you receive medical services, providers may collect any applicable co-payments, deductibles or co-insurance amounts for covered services, or for services not covered by the Plan, at the time service is rendered. Billing and payment arrangements are between the Covered Person and the provider.

If you do not receive timely notice of the determination of your health claim, please contact the Claim Supervisor directly at the phone number listed on your ID card to verify receipt of the claim. You may also contact the provider to make sure the claim was filed correctly.

“Clean Claim” means a claim void of any material errors, omissions of pertinent information, coordination of benefits issues, and any liability issues, as determined by the Plan Administrator. Where not otherwise specified, this Plan follows National Correct Coding Initiative for coding modifiers, bundling/unbundling, and payment parameters. Other guidelines may be applicable where NCCI is silent. The Plan Administrator has full discretionary authority to select guidelines and/or vendors to assist in determinations.

How do I file a claim?

(1) Obtain a Claim form from the Benefits Office or www.med-pay.com.

(2) Complete the Employee/Retiree portion of the form. ALL QUESTIONS MUST BE ANSWERED.

(3) If a claim or bill from the provider is not available with all the information below, have the Physician complete the provider's portion of the form.

(4) For Plan reimbursements, attach bills for services rendered. ALL BILLS MUST SHOW:

- Name of Plan
- Diagnosis (ICD-9 codes)
- Employee's/Retiree's name
- Date of services
- Name of patient
- Charges
- Name, address, telephone number of the provider of care
- Type of services rendered, with diagnosis and/or procedure codes (CPT codes)

(5) Send the above to the address on the ID card or Claims Supervisor at this address (if the address on the ID card is different, sending claims to the Claims Supervisor may cause a delay in the processing of the claim):

    Med-Pay, Inc.
    PO Box 10909
    Springfield, Missouri 65808
    (417) 886-6886 or (800) 777-9087
WHEN CLAIMS SHOULD BE FILED

Claims must be filed with the Claims Supervisor within 12 months of the date charges for the service were incurred. If the Covered Person’s coverage terminates, all claims must be filed within 90 days of the Covered Person’s termination date. The following additional filing limitations apply:

(1) Charges that were not previously submitted but related to a processed claim are considered a new claim and must be filed in the time limit above.

(2) Corrected information submitted on a processed claim is considered an appeal and not a newly filed claim. The filing limit will follow the appeal limit. Refer to the Grievance and Appeal Processed and Procedures section below.

(3) If it is not reasonably possible to submit the claim in the time limit above (i.e., if the person has primary insurance with another plan and this plan is the secondary plan, if the person is not capable of submitting the claim due to Illness, etc.), the filing period will be 12 months from the date of service. The Claims Supervisor will determine if it was or was not reasonably possible for the claim to be submitted within the time limit above.

(4) If the Plan should terminate, all claims must be filed within 90 days of the Plan’s termination date.

Benefits are based on the Plan's provisions at the time the charges were incurred.

The Claims Supervisor will determine if enough information has been submitted to enable proper consideration of the claim. If not, more information may be requested from the claimant. The Plan reserves the right to have a Plan Participant seek a second medical opinion.

All Plan benefits are payable to the Covered Person or subject to any written direction of the Covered Person. The Covered Person may request in writing (no later than the time of filing proofs of such loss) that all or a portion of any indemnities provided by the Plan on account of Hospital, nursing, medical or surgical services be paid directly to the hospital or person rendering such services. However, if any such benefit remains unpaid at the death of the Covered Person or if the Covered Person is a minor or is, in the opinion of the District, legally incapable of giving valid receipt and discharge for such payment, the District may, at its option, pay such benefits to any one or more of the following relatives of the Covered Person: spouse, parent, child(ren) or sibling. Any payment so made will constitute a complete discharge of the district's obligation to the extent of such payment and the District will not be required to see the application of the money so paid.

CLAIMS PROCEDURE

Following is a description of how the Plan processes claims for benefits and reviews the appeal of any claim that is denied. The terms used in this section are defined below.

A "Claim" is defined as any request for a Plan benefit, made by a claimant or by a representative of a claimant, which complies with the Plan's reasonable procedure for filing claims and making benefit claims determinations.

A "Claim" does not include a request for a determination of an individual's eligibility to participate in the Plan. If a Claim is denied, in whole or in part, or if Plan coverage is rescinded retroactively for fraud or misrepresentation, the denial is known as an "Adverse Benefit Determination."

A claimant has the right to request a review of an Adverse Benefit Determination. This request is an "Appeal." If the Claim is denied at the end of the Appeal process, as described below, the Plan's final decision is known as a "Final Adverse Benefit Determination."

If the claimant receives notice of a Final Adverse Benefit Determination, or if the Plan does not follow the Appeal procedures properly, the claimant then has the right to request an independent external review. The External Review procedures are described below.

Both the Claims and the Appeal procedures are intended to provide a full and fair review. This means, among other things, that Claims and Appeals will be decided in a manner designed to ensure the independence and impartiality of the persons involved in making these decisions.
A claimant must follow all Claims and Appeal procedures, both internal and external, before he or she can file a lawsuit. If a lawsuit is brought, it must be filed within two years after the final determination of an Appeal.

Any of the authority and responsibilities of the Plan Administrator under the Claims and Appeal Procedures or the External Review Process, including the discretionary authority to interpret the terms of the Plan, may be delegated to a third party. If you have any questions regarding these procedures, please contact the Plan Administrator.

There are different kinds of Claims and each one has a specific timetable for each step in the review process. Upon receipt of the Claim, the Plan Administrator must decide whether to approve or deny the Claim. The Plan Administrator's notification to the claimant of its decision must be made as shown in the timetable. However, if the Claim has not been filed properly, or if it is incomplete, or if there are other matters beyond the control of the Plan Administrator, the claimant may be notified that the period for providing the notification will need to be extended. If the period is extended because the Plan Administrator needs more information from the claimant, the claimant must provide the requested information within the time shown on the timetable. Once the Claim is complete, the Plan Administrator must make its decision as shown in the timetable. If the Claim is denied, in whole or in part, the claimant has the right to file an Appeal. Then the Plan Administrator must decide the Appeal and, if the Appeal is denied, provide notice to the claimant within the time periods shown on the timetable. The time periods shown in the timetable begin at the time the Claim or Appeal is filed in accordance with the Plan's procedures. Decisions will be made within a reasonable period of time appropriate to the circumstances, but within the maximum time periods listed in the timetables below. Unless otherwise noted, "days" means calendar days.

The definitions of the types of Claims are:

**Urgent Care Claim**

A Claim involving Urgent Care is any Claim for medical care or treatment where the Plan conditions receipt of benefits, in whole or in part, on approval in advance of obtaining the care or treatment, and using the timetable for a non-urgent care determination could seriously jeopardize the life or health of the claimant; or the ability of the claimant to regain maximum function; or in the opinion of the attending or consulting Physician, would subject the claimant to severe pain that could not be adequately managed without the care or treatment that is the subject of the Claim.

A Physician with knowledge of the claimant's medical condition may determine if a Claim is one involving Urgent Care. If there is no such Physician, an individual acting on behalf of the Plan applying the judgment of a prudent layperson who possesses an average knowledge of health and medicine may make the determination.

In the case of a Claim involving Urgent Care, the following timetable applies:

- **Notification to claimant of Claim determination**: 24 hours

**Insufficient information on the Claim, or failure to follow the Plan's procedure for filing a Claim:**

- **Notification to claimant, orally or in writing**: 24 hours
- **Response by claimant, orally or in writing**: 48 hours
- **Benefit determination, orally or in writing**: 48 hours
- **Notification of Adverse Benefit Determination on Appeal**: 72 hours

If there is an Adverse Benefit Determination on a Claim involving Urgent Care, a request for an expedited Appeal may be submitted orally or in writing by the claimant. All necessary information, including the Plan's benefit determination on review, may be transmitted between the Plan and the claimant by telephone, facsimile, or other similarly expeditious method. Alternatively, the claimant may request an expedited review under the External Review Process.
**Concurrent Care Claims**

A Concurrent Care Claim is a special type of Claim that arises if the Plan informs a claimant that benefits for a course of treatment that has been previously approved for a period of time or number of treatments is to be reduced or eliminated. In that case, the Plan must notify the claimant sufficiently in advance of the effective date of the reduction or elimination of treatment to allow the claimant to file an Appeal. This rule does not apply if benefits are reduced or eliminated due to Plan amendment or termination. A similar process applies for Claims based on a rescission of coverage for fraud or misrepresentation.

In the case of a Concurrent Care Claim, the following timetable applies:

- **Notification to claimant of benefit reduction**
  - Sufficiently prior to scheduled termination of course of treatment to allow claimant to appeal
- **Notification to claimant of rescission**
  - 30 days
- **Notification of determination on Appeal of Urgent Care Claims**
  - 24 hours (provided claimant files Appeal more than 24 hours prior to scheduled termination of course of treatment)
- **Notification of Adverse Benefit Determination on Appeal for non-Urgent Claims**
  - 15 days
- **Notification of Adverse Benefit Determination on Appeal for Rescission Claims**
  - 30 days

**Pre-Service Claim**

A Pre-Service Claim means any Claim for a benefit under this Plan where the Plan conditions receipt of the benefit, in whole or in part, on approval in advance of obtaining medical care. These are, for example, Claims subject to Pre-certification. Please see the Cost Management section of this booklet for further information about Pre-Service Claims.

In the case of a Pre-Service Claim, the following timetable applies:

- **Notification to claimant of Adverse Benefit Determination**
  - 15 days
- **Extension due to matters beyond the control of the Plan**
  - 15 days
- **Insufficient information on the Claim:**
  - **Notification of:**
    - 15 days
  - **Response by Claimant**
    - 45 days
  - **Notification, orally or in writing, of failure to follow the Plan's procedures for filing a Claim**
    - 5 days
  - **Notification of Adverse Benefit Determination on Appeal**
    - 30 days
- **Reduction or termination before the end of the treatment**
  - 15 days
- **Request to extend course of treatment**
  - 15 days

**Post-Service Claim**

A Post-Service Claim means any Claim for a Plan benefit that is not a Claim involving Urgent Care or a Pre-Service Claim; in other words, a Claim that is a request for payment under the Plan for medical services already received by the claimant.

In the case of a Post-Service Claim, the following timetable applies:

- **Notification to claimant of Adverse Benefit Determination**
  - 30 days
- **Extension due to matters beyond the control of the Plan**
  - 15 days
- **Extension due to insufficient information on the Claim**
  - 15 days
- **Response by claimant following notice of insufficient information**
  - 45 days
- **Notification of Adverse Benefit Determination on Appeal**
  - 60 days

**Notice to claimant of Adverse Benefit Determinations**

If a Claim is denied in whole or in part, the denial is considered to be an Adverse Benefit Determination. Except with Urgent Care Claims, when the notification may be oral followed by written or electronic notification within three days of the oral notification, the Plan Administrator shall provide written or
electronic notification of the Adverse Benefit Determination. The notice will state in a culturally and linguistically appropriate manner (as required by Federal Law) and in a manner calculated to be understood by the claimant:

(1) Information sufficient to allow the claimant to identify the Claim involved (including date of service, the healthcare provider, the claim amount, if applicable, the diagnosis code and its corresponding meaning, and the treatment code and its corresponding meaning).

(2) The specific reason or reasons for the adverse determination, including the denial code and its corresponding meaning, and a description of the Plan's standard, if any, that was used in denying the Claim.

(3) Reference to the specific Plan provisions on which the determination was based.

(4) A description of any additional material or information necessary for the claimant to perfect the Claim and an explanation of why such material or information is necessary.

(5) A description of the Plan's internal and external Appeal procedures. This description will include information on how to initiate the Appeal and the time limits applicable to such procedures.

(6) If the Adverse Benefit Determination was based on an internal rule, guideline, protocol, or other similar criterion, the specific rule, guideline, protocol, or criterion will be provided free of charge. If this is not practical, a statement will be included that such a rule, guideline, protocol, or criterion was relied upon in making the Adverse Benefit Determination and a copy will be provided free of charge to the claimant upon request.

(7) If the Adverse Benefit Determination is based on the Medical Necessity or Experimental or Investigational treatment or similar exclusion or limit, an explanation of the scientific or clinical judgment for the determination, applying the terms of the Plan to the claimant's medical circumstances, will be provided. If this is not practical, a statement will be included that such explanation will be provided free of charge, upon request.

(8) Information about the availability of and contact information for, any applicable office of health insurance consumer assistance or ombudsman established under applicable federal law to assist individuals with the internal claims and appeals and external review process.

CLAIMS REVIEW PROCEDURE

Appeals

When a claimant receives notification of an Adverse Benefit Determination, the claimant generally has 180 days following receipt of the notification in which to file a written request for an Appeal of the decision. A claimant may submit written comments, documents, records, and other information relating to the Claim. For Concurrent Care Claims, the Claimant must file the Appeal prior to the scheduled reduction or termination of treatment. For a claim based on rescission of coverage, the claimant must file the Appeal within 30 days.

There are two levels of internal appeal available to a Covered Person (or his/her authorized representative). Both must be requested prior to the end of the initial appeal period. They are as follows:

(1) The first level is the appeal process directed to the Claims Supervisor. The Claims Supervisor will follow the review guidelines outlined in this section in making their determination.

(2) The second level is the appeal process directed to the Plan Administrator. Within 60 days of the receipt by the Covered Person of the written notice of denial of the claim appeal by the Claims Supervisor, or such later time as shall be deemed reasonable taking into account the nature of the benefits subject to the claim and any other attendant circumstances or if the claim has not been granted within a reasonable period of time, the Covered Person may file a written request with the Claim Review Committee* at the District that it conduct a full and fair review of the denial of the Covered Person’s claim for benefits. The Covered Person should state the reasons why the Covered Person feels the claim should not be denied. The Covered Person should include any additional documents which the Covered Person feels supports his claim. The Covered Person may also ask additional questions or make comments, and may review pertinent documents. Every writing seeking
relief or answering any other writing shall state the name, title, and address of the party filing the appeal.

The Claim Review Committee will be comprised of the Plan Administrator, Director of Human Resources, Human Resources/Benefits Manager, Claims Supervisor, an Employee and a member of the Board of Education. A Physician or medical professional will be in attendance when appropriate. The Committee’s powers shall be limited in that the Committee shall have no power to alter or amend the provision of the Plan Document.

The Committee shall deliver to the Covered Person, Plan Administrator and the Claims Supervisor a written decision on the claim promptly, but not later than 60 days after the receipt of the Covered Person’s request for review, except that if there are special circumstances which require an extension of time for processing, the aforesaid 60-day period shall be extended to 120 days. The decision shall become final and shall be implemented by the Plan Administrator and, if necessary, processed by the Claims Supervisor upon notification.

The Covered Person may seek review of the Committee’s decision as authorized by law. No benefit payment under this Plan shall be subject in any way to alienation, sale, transfer, pledge, attachment, garnishment, execution or encumbrance of any payment due or to become due to any Covered Person. The District in its sole discretion may terminate the interest of such Covered Person or former Covered Person, spouse, parent, adult child, guardian of a minor child, sibling or other relative of a dependent of such Covered Person or former Covered Person, as the District may determine, and any such application shall be complete discharge of all liability with respect to such benefit payment.

The Plan Administrator shall provide the claimant, as soon as possible and sufficiently in advance of the time within which a final determination on Appeal is required to allow the claimant time to respond, any new or additional evidence that is relied upon, considered or generated by or at the direction of the Plan. This evidence shall be provided free of charge.

A document, record, or other information shall be considered relevant to a Claim if it:

1. was relied upon in making the benefit determination;
2. was submitted, considered, or generated in the course of making the benefit determination, without regard to whether it was relied upon in making the benefit determination;
3. demonstrated compliance with the administrative processes and safeguards designed to ensure and to verify that benefit determinations are made in accordance with Plan documents and Plan provisions have been applied consistently with respect to all claimants; or
4. constituted a statement of policy or guidance with respect to the Plan concerning the denied treatment option or benefit.

The period of time within which a benefit determination on Appeal is required to be made shall begin at the time an Appeal is filed in writing in accordance with the procedures of the Plan. This timing is without regard to whether all the necessary information accompanies the filing.

Before the Plan Administrator issues its Final Adverse Benefit Determination based on a new or additional rationale, the claimant must be provided, free of charge, with a copy of the rationale. The rationale must be provided as soon as possible and sufficiently in advance of the time within which a final determination on Appeal is required to allow the claimant time to respond.

The review shall take into account all comments, documents, records, and other information submitted by the claimant relating to the Claim, without regard to whether such information was submitted or considered in the initial benefit determination. The review will not afford deference to the initial Adverse Benefit Determination and will be conducted by a fiduciary of the Plan who is neither the individual who made the adverse determination nor a subordinate of that individual.

If the determination was based on a medical judgment, including determinations with regard to whether a particular treatment, drug, or other item is Experimental, Investigational, or not Medically Necessary or appropriate, the fiduciary shall consult with a health care professional who was not involved in the original benefit determination. This health care professional will have appropriate training and experience in the field of medicine involved in the medical judgment. Additionally, medical or vocational experts whose advice was obtained on behalf of the Plan in connection with the initial determination will be identified.
If the Appeal of a Claim is denied, in whole or in part, the Plan Administrator shall provide written notification of the Adverse Benefit Determination on Appeal. The notice will state, in a manner calculated to be understood by the claimant:

1. Information sufficient to allow the claimant to identify the Claim involved (including date of service, the healthcare provider, the claim amount, if applicable, the diagnosis code and its corresponding meaning, and the treatment code and its corresponding meaning).

2. The specific reason or reasons for the adverse determination, including the denial code and its corresponding meaning, and a description of the Plan's standard, if any, that was used in denying the Claim.

3. Reference to the specific Plan provisions on which the determination was based.

4. A description of any additional material or information necessary for the claimant to perfect the Claim and an explanation of why such material or information is necessary.

5. A description of the Plan's internal and external review procedures and the time limits applicable to such procedures.

6. A statement that the claimant is entitled to receive, upon request and free of charge, reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records, and other information relevant to the Claim.

7. If the Adverse Benefit Determination was based on an internal rule, guideline, protocol, or other similar criterion, the specific rule, guideline, protocol, or criterion will be provided free of charge. If this is not practical, a statement will be included that such a rule, guideline, protocol, or criterion was relied upon in making the Adverse Benefit Determination and a copy will be provided free of charge to the claimant upon request.

8. If the Adverse Benefit Determination is based on the Medical Necessity or Experimental or Investigational treatment or similar exclusion or limit, an explanation of the scientific or clinical judgment for the determination, applying the terms of the Plan to the claimant’s medical circumstances, will be provided. If this is not practical, a statement will be included that such explanation will be provided free of charge, upon request.

9. Information about the availability of and contact information for, any applicable office of health insurance consumer assistance or ombudsman established under applicable federal law to assist individuals with the internal claims and appeals and external review process.

EXTERNAL REVIEW PROCESS

If a claimant receives a Final Adverse Benefit Determination under the Plan's internal Claims and Appeals Procedures, he or she may request that the Claim be reviewed under the Plan's External Review process. This request must be filed in writing within 4 months after receipt of the Final Adverse Benefit Determination.

The Plan Administrator will determine whether the Claim is eligible for review under the External Review process. This determination is based on whether:

1. The claimant is or was covered under the Plan at the time the Claim was made or incurred;

2. The denial relates to the claimant's failure to meet the Plan's eligibility requirements;

3. The claimant has exhausted the Plan's internal Claims and Appeal Procedures; and

4. The claimant has provided all the information required to process an External Review.

Within one business day after completion of this preliminary review, the Plan Administrator will provide written notification to the claimant of whether the claim is eligible for External Review.

If the request for review is complete but not eligible for External Review, the Plan Administrator will notify the claimant of the reasons for its ineligibility. The notice will include contact information for the Employee Benefits Security Administration at its toll free number (866-444-3272).
If the request is not complete, the notice will describe the information needed to complete it. The claimant will have 48 hours or until the last day of the 4 month filing period, whichever is later, to submit the additional information.

If the request is eligible for the External Review process, the Plan will assign it to a qualified independent review organization ("IRO"). The IRO is responsible for notifying the claimant, in writing, that the request for External Review has been accepted. The notice should include a statement that the claimant may submit in writing, within 10 business days, additional information the IRO must consider when conducting the review. The IRO will share this information with the Plan. The Plan may consider this information and decide to reverse its denial of the Claim. If the denial is reversed, the External Review process will end.

If the Plan does not reverse the denial, the IRO will make its decision on the basis of its review of all of the information in the record, as well as additional information where appropriate and available, such as:

1. The claimant's medical records;
2. The attending health care professional's recommendation;
3. Reports from appropriate health care professionals and other documents submitted by the plan or issuer, claimant, or the claimant's treating provider;
4. The terms of the Plan;
5. Appropriate practice guidelines;
6. Any applicable clinical review criteria developed and used by the plan; and
7. The opinion of the IRO's clinical reviewer.

The IRO must provide written notice to the Plan and the claimant of its final decision within 45 days after the IRO receives the request for the External Review. The IRO's decision notice must contain:

1. A general description of the reason for the External Review, including information sufficient to identify the claim;
2. The date the IRO received the assignment to conduct the review and the date of the IRO's decision;
3. References to the evidence or documentation the IRO considered in reaching its decision;
4. A discussion of the principal reason(s) for the IRO's decision;
5. A statement that the determination is binding and that judicial review may be available to the claimant; and
6. Contact information for any applicable office of health insurance consumer assistance or ombudsman established under the PPACA.

Generally, a claimant must exhaust the Plan's Claims and Procedures in order to be eligible for the External Review process. However, in some cases the Plan provides for an expedited External Review if:

1. The claimant receives an Adverse Benefit Determination that involves a medical condition for which the time for completion of the Plan’s internal Claims and Appeal Procedures would seriously jeopardize the claimant’s life or health or ability to regain maximum function and the claimant has filed a request for an expedited internal review; or
2. The claimant receives a Final Adverse Benefit Determination that involves a medical condition where the time for completion of a standard External Review process would seriously jeopardize the claimant's life or health or the claimant's ability to regain maximum function, or if the Final Adverse Benefit Determination concerns an admission, availability of care, continued stay, or health care item or service for which the claimant received emergency services, but has not been discharged from a facility.
Immediately upon receipt of a request for expedited External Review, the Plan must determine and notify
the claimant whether the request satisfies the requirements for expedited review, including the eligibility
requirements for External Review listed above. If the request qualifies for expedited review, it will be
assigned to an IRO. The IRO must make its determination and provide a notice of the decision as
expeditiously as the claimant's medical condition or circumstances require, but in no event more than 72
hours after the IRO receives the request for an expedited External Review. If the original notice of its
decision is not in writing, the IRO must provide written confirmation of the decision within 48 hours to both
the claimant and the plan.
COORDINATION OF BENEFITS

Coordination of the benefit plans. Coordination of benefits sets out rules for the order of payment of Covered Charges when two or more plans -- including Medicare -- are paying. When a Covered Person is covered by this Plan and another plan, or the Covered Person's Spouse is covered by this Plan and by another plan or the couple's Covered children are covered under two or more plans, the plans will coordinate benefits when a claim is received.

The plan that pays first according to the rules will pay as if there were no other plan involved. The secondary and subsequent plans will pay the balance up to each one's plan benefits minus whatever the primary plan paid. This is called non-duplication of benefits. The reimbursement from this Plan will never be more than the amount that would have been paid if this Plan had been the primary plan. Total reimbursement by all plans will not exceed 100% of the total allowable amount under this Plan. The balance due, if any, is the responsibility of the Covered Person.

Benefit plan. This provision will coordinate the medical benefits of a benefit plan. The term benefit plan means this Plan or any one of the following plans:

1. Group or group-type plans, including franchise or blanket benefit plans.
2. Blue Cross and Blue Shield group plans.
3. Group practice and other group prepayment plans.
4. Federal government plans or programs. This includes, but is not limited to, Medicare and Tricare.
5. Other plans required or provided by law. This does not include Medicaid or any benefit plan like it that, by its terms, does not allow coordination.
6. No Fault Auto Insurance, by whatever name it is called, when not prohibited by law.

Allowable Charge. For a charge to be allowable it must be a Usual and Reasonable Charge and at least part of it must be covered under this Plan.

In the case of service type plans where services are provided as benefits, the reasonable cash value of each service will be the Allowable Charge.

Automobile limitations. When medical payments are available under vehicle insurance which insures the Covered Person, the Plan shall pay excess benefits only, without reimbursement for vehicle plan deductibles. (For purposes of this section, "available" means that the insured has personal injury coverage under his/her personal automobile insurance, and applies whether the coverage is provided directly or indirectly (i.e., under a spouse's or parent's auto policy). This Plan is secondary even if no claim is filed with the auto carrier. Accident claims filed with this Plan will not be considered pending receipt of the auto policy information. If the information is not provided within the requested period, the claim(s) will be denied. (Refer to the Claims Procedure section.)

This Plan shall always be considered the secondary carrier regardless of the individual's election under PIP (personal injury protection) coverage with the auto carrier (only available in some states).

Benefit plan payment order. When two or more plans provide benefits for the same Allowable Charge, benefit payment will follow these rules:

1. Plans that do not have a coordination provision, or one like it, will pay first. Plans with such a provision will be considered after those without one.
2. Plans with a coordination provision will pay their benefits up to the Allowable Charge:
   (a) The benefits of the plan which covers the person directly (that is, as an employee, member or subscriber) ("Plan A") are determined before those of the plan which covers the person as a dependent ("Plan B").
   (b) The benefits of a benefit plan which covers a person as an Employee who is neither laid off nor retired are determined before those of a benefit plan which covers that person as a laid-off or Retired Employee. The benefits of a benefit plan which covers a person as a Dependent of an Employee who is neither laid off nor retired are determined before those of a benefit plan which covers a person as a Dependent of a laid off or Retired Employee. If the other benefit plan does not have this rule, and if, as a result, the plans do not agree on the order of benefits, this rule does not apply.
(c) The benefits of a benefit plan which covers a person as an Employee who is neither laid off nor retired or a Dependent of an Employee who is neither laid off nor retired are determined before those of a plan which covers the person as a COBRA beneficiary.

(d) When a child is covered as a Dependent and the parents are married, are living together whether or not they have ever been married or not separated or divorced, these rules will apply:

(i) The benefits of the benefit plan of the parent whose birthday falls earlier in a year are determined before those of the benefit plan of the parent whose birthday falls later in that year;

(ii) If both parents have the same birthday, the benefits of the benefit plan which has covered the parent for the longer time are determined before those of the benefit plan which covers the other parent.

(e) When a child's parents are divorced or legally separated, these rules will apply:

(i) This rule applies when the parent with custody of the child has not remarried. The benefit plan of the parent with custody will be considered before the benefit plan of the parent without custody.

(ii) This rule applies when the parent with custody of the child has remarried. The benefit plan of the parent with custody will be considered first. The benefit plan of the stepparent that covers the child as a Dependent will be considered next. The benefit plan of the parent without custody will be considered last.

(iii) This rule will be in place of items (i) and (ii) above when it applies. A court decree may state which parent is financially responsible for medical and dental benefits of the child. In this case, the benefit plan of that parent will be considered before other plans that cover the child as a Dependent.

(iv) If the specific terms of the court decree state that the parents shall share joint custody, without stating that one of the parents is responsible for the health care expenses of the child, the plans covering the child shall follow the order of benefit determination rules outlined above when a child is covered as a Dependent and the parents are not separated or divorced.

(v) If there is no court decree allocating responsibility for child’s health care expenses or health insurance coverage or for parents who were never married to each other and not living together, the rules apply as follows as long as paternity has been established:

The Plan of the Custodial Parent;
The Plan of the spouse of the Custodial Parent;
The Plan of the non-custodial parent; and then
The Plan of the spouse of the non-custodial parent.

If a court decree states that one of the parents is responsible for the Dependent Child’s health care expenses or health insurance coverage, that Plan is primary. This rule applies to Claim Determination Periods or Plan Years commencing after the Plan is given notice of the court decree.

If a court decree states that both parents are responsible for the Dependent Child’s health care expense or health insurance coverage, the provisions of subparagraph (d) of this section shall determine the order of benefits.

For the purposes of this section:

Custodial Parent means the parent awarded custody by a court decree; or in the absence of a court decree, is the parent with whom the child resides more than one-half of the Calendar Year excluding any temporary visitation. In the case where the parents are not married but are living together, absent any court decree directing otherwise, the Custodial Parent shall be deemed to be the mother of the child and her plan shall be the primary plan.

Claim Determination Period means a Calendar Year. Claim Determination Period does not include any part of the Calendar Year during which a
claimant has no coverage under this Plan, or before the date this COB provision or a similar provision takes effect.

(f) If there is still a conflict after these rules (a) – (c) have been applied, the benefit plan which has covered the Covered Person for the longer time will be considered first. When there is a conflict in coordination of benefit rules, the Plan will never pay more than 50% of Allowable Charges when paying secondary.

(3) Medicare will pay primary, secondary or last to the extent stated in federal law. When Medicare is to be the primary payer, this Plan will base its payment upon the benefit determination by Medicare under Parts A, B and D or this Plan, if the benefit would be less. This Plan will always follow the standard Medicare Secondary Payer rules as may be revised from time to time.

The coordination of benefits rules set forth above will apply with respect to benefits the Covered Person is entitled to receive from Medicare, except that this Plan will be the primary plan if:

(a) The Covered Person is an Employee age sixty-five (65) or over who has elected coverage under this Plan.
(b) The Covered Person is a Spouse age sixty-five (65) or over of an Employee and has elected coverage under this Plan.
(c) The Covered Person is eligible for Medicare Part A and Part B coverage solely because of end-stage renal disease, but only for the thirty (30) month period beginning with Medicare entitlement.
(d) The Covered Person is eligible for Medicare Part A and Part B coverage solely as a result of disability (within the meaning of the Social Security Act) other than end-stage renal disease.

Note: The Covered Person is considered to be age sixty-five (65) or over on the first day of the month that person attains age sixty-five (65) as determined by Social Security. For types of medical expenses not covered by Medicare (for example, Prescription Drugs), this provision does not apply.

(4) If a Plan Participant is under a disability extension from a previous benefit plan, that benefit plan will pay first and this Plan will pay second.

(5) The Plan will pay primary to Tricare to the extent required by federal law.

(6) The Plan will pay primary to Medicaid coverage. Your eligibility for coverage under this Plan will not be affected by the fact that you receive medical assistance or are eligible for coverage under Medicaid.

Claims determination period. Benefits will be coordinated on a Calendar Year basis. This is called the claims determination period.

Right to receive or release necessary information. To make this provision work, this Plan may give or obtain needed information from another insurer or any other organization or person. This information may be given or obtained without the consent of or notice to any other person. A Covered Person will give this Plan the information it asks for about other plans and their payment of Allowable Charges.

Facility of payment. This Plan may repay other plans for benefits paid that the Plan Administrator determines it should have paid. That repayment will count as a valid payment under this Plan.

Right of recovery. This Plan may pay benefits that should be paid by another benefit plan. In this case this Plan may recover the amount paid from the other benefit plan or the Covered Person. That repayment will count as a valid payment under the other benefit plan.

Further, this Plan may pay benefits that are later found to be greater than the Allowable Charge. In this case, this Plan may recover the amount of the overpayment from the source to which it was paid.
THIRD PARTY RECOVERY PROVISION

RIGHT OF SUBROGATION AND REFUND

When this provision applies. The Covered Person may incur medical or dental charges due to Injuries which may be caused by the act or omission of a Third Party or a Third Party may be responsible for payment. In such circumstances, the Covered Person may have a claim against that Third Party, or insurer, for payment of the medical or dental charges. Accepting benefits under this Plan for those incurred medical or dental expenses automatically assigns to the Plan any rights the Covered Person may have to Recover payments from any Third Party or insurer. This Subrogation right allows the Plan to pursue any claim which the Covered Person has against any Third Party, or insurer, whether or not the Covered Person chooses to pursue that claim. The Plan may make a claim directly against the Third Party or insurer, but in any event, the Plan has a Lien on any amount Recovered by the Covered Person whether or not designated as payment for medical expenses. This Lien shall remain in effect until the Plan is repaid in full.

While the Covered Person may receive payment of such claims pursuant to the terms of the Plan, the Covered Person shall be required to refund to the Plan all medical or dental expenses paid if the Covered Person Recovers from any other party.

The payment for benefits received by a Covered Person under the Plan shall be made in accordance with the assignment of rights by or on behalf of the Covered Person as required by Medicaid.

In any case in which the Plan has a legal liability to make payments for benefits received by a Covered Person, to the extent that payment has been made through Medicaid, the payment for benefits under the Plan shall be made in accordance with any state law that has provided that the state has acquired the rights of the Covered Person to the payments of those benefits.

Payment Prior to Determination of Responsibility of a Third Party
The Plan does not cover nor is it liable for any expenses for services or supplies incurred by a Covered Person for which a third party is required to pay because of the negligence or other tortuous or wrongful act of that third party.

However, subject to the terms and conditions of this Section, the Plan may advance payment after receipt of a properly executed reimbursement agreement and consent to lien, and pay claims in accordance with the Plan of Benefits, until it is determined whether or not a third party is required to pay for those services or supplies.

By accepting an advance of benefits paid by the Plan the Covered Person jointly and severally agrees that:

1. the Plan has a priority lien against the proceeds of any such settlement, judgment, arbitration, or recovery to assure that reimbursement is promptly made; and
2. the Plan will be subrogated to every Covered Person’s right of recovery from that third party or that third party’s insurer to the extent of the Fund’s advances any benefit payments; and
3. the Covered Person(s) will, jointly and severally, reimburse the Plan out of any and all amounts paid or payable to any or all of them by any third party or that third party’s insurer to the extent of the entire amount advanced for related claims to the accident or injury by the Plan.

The Plan’s reimbursement and/or subrogation rights will include all claims, demands, actions and rights of recovery of all Covered Persons against any third party or insurer, including any Workers’ Compensation insurer or governmental agency, and will apply to the extent of any and all advance payments made or to be made by the Plan. This means that the Covered Person recognizes the Plan’s rights to 100%, first dollar priority over any and all Recoveries and/or funds paid by a Third Party to a Covered Person relative to the Injury or Sickness, whether by judgment, settlement, arbitration award or otherwise and shall not be limited by any other characterization of the nature or purpose of the amounts recovered or by the identity of the party from which recovery is obtained. This priority is over any claims, including medical, non-medical or dental charges, attorney fees, or other costs and expenses associated with the enforcement of the Plan’s rights under this Right of Recovery/Subrogation benefit.
The Plan shall be Subrogated, and shall be entitled to Reimbursement, for any payment by a Third Party to a Covered Person for future medical expenses paid pursuant to a judgment, settlement or contract on the following bases:

(1) If any amount is awarded by means of a verdict after a full and complete trial and the judgment or verdict form itemizes by separate finding or special amount awarded for future medical expenses, such amount shall be binding on the Plan and the Covered Person as the amount of future medical expenses to which the Plan is subrogated and entitled to reimbursement.

(2) If there exists any contract or policy of insurance by which future medical expenses are paid (other than a policy or contract of health care, hospitalization or disability insurance issued to and in the name of such Covered Person), the Plan shall be subrogated to and entitled to reimbursement and deemed secondary or excess insurance to such contract or policy and amounts paid thereby.

(3) If any amount is paid to a Covered Person by means of a settlement or general judgment or verdict which does not itemize components of damage, the Plan Administrator and the Covered Person shall agree on the amount which is attributable to future medical and dental expenses. In the event that the Plan Administrator and the Covered Person cannot agree on the amount attributable to future medical expenses, the Plan Administrator, in its sole and absolute discretion, shall determine the amount attributable to future medical expenses.

If any amount awarded under subsection (1), the total amount of future medical expenses to which the Plan is Subrogated and entitled to reimbursement shall be reduced by and, in determining the amount to which the Plan is Subrogated and entitled to reimbursement under subsection (3), consideration may be given to:

(a) the amount of proportionate or comparative fault assessed against the Covered Person which reduces the amount of total future medical expenses which are paid by the other;

(b) the amount not collectible.

In addition, in determining the amount of future medical expenses paid under subsection (3) above, consideration shall be given to the percentage of total future medical expenses paid by the one who is jointly liable with another, the other remaining liable, any discount for present value of future expenses and any discount for possibilities of incurring the claimed future medical expenses.

When any amount is paid or payable pursuant to Subsections (1), (2) or (3) above, the Covered Person shall pay all medical expenses incurred in the future for treatment of the injuries sustained for which the payments under (1), (2) or (3) were made or agreed to be made, and the Plan shall have no responsibility or liability to pay any such future medical expenses, nor shall the amount of any such payment be considered to represent a Covered Expense incurred under this Plan for purposes of satisfying any of the provisions of this Plan with respect to the Deductible or co-payment requirements, until the amount under subsection (1), (2) or (3) is fully used.

The Plan may, at its discretion, start any legal action or administrative proceeding it deems necessary to protect its right to recover any amount it advanced in accordance with the Plan of Benefits, and may try or settle any such action or proceeding in the name of and with the full cooperation of the Covered Persons.

However, in doing so, the Plan will not represent, or provide legal representation for, any covered individual with respect to that Covered Person’s damages to the extent those damages exceed any advance on account of the Plan of Benefits.

The Plan may, at its discretion, intervene in any claim, legal action, or administrative proceeding started by any Covered Person against any third party or that third party’s insurer on account of any alleged negligent, intentional or otherwise wrongful action that may have caused or contributed to the Covered Person’s injury or illness that resulted in the advance by the Plan.

Reimbursement and/or Subrogation Agreement

The Covered Person (or his/her representative in the case of minor child(ren) or an incapacitated Covered Person), recognizes that compliance with this section of the Plan is a condition of participating in and having payments made under this Plan, and that as such the Covered Person agrees to the provisions of this section.
The Plan's standard administrative procedure will be to ascertain the nature of any injury to determine whether a third party could be held liable. Claims will not be paid until this determination is made. If it is determined that the claim may be the result of a third party's negligence, the Plan will not process any claims without a properly signed Reimbursement Agreement and Consent to Lien.

Every Covered Person on whose behalf an advance may be payable must execute and deliver any and all agreements, instruments and papers requested by or on behalf of the Plan (including but not limited to the reimbursement agreement and consent to lien), and must do whatever is necessary to protect the Plan in obtaining reimbursement and/or subrogation rights. As a condition precedent to the advance payment of related claims by the Plan, all Covered Persons will, upon written request, execute a Reimbursement Agreement or Consent to Lien in a form provided by or on behalf of the Plan.

If any Covered Person does not execute any such Reimbursement Agreement or Consent to Lien for any reason, it will not waive, compromise, diminish, release, or otherwise prejudice any of the Plan reimbursement and/or subrogation rights if the Plan, at its discretion, makes an advance and inadvertently pays benefits in the absence of a reimbursement and/or subrogation agreement.

**Cooperation with the Plan by All Covered Persons**

By accepting an advance for related claim payment, every Covered Person agrees to do nothing that will waive, compromise, diminish, release or otherwise prejudice the Plan’s Reimbursement and/or Subrogation rights.

By accepting an advance payment for related claims to an injury, every Covered Person agrees to notify and consult with the Plan Administrator or its designee before:

1. starting any legal action or administrative proceeding against a third party based on any alleged negligent, intentional or otherwise wrongful action that may have caused or contributed to the Covered Person's injury that resulted in the Plan advance payment of claims; or
2. entering into any settlement agreement with that third party or that third party's insurer that may be related to any actions by that third party that may have caused or contributed to the Covered Person's injury that resulted in the Plan's advance for claims related to such injury.

By accepting an advance in claim payments, every Covered Person agrees to keep the Plan Administrator and Claims Supervisor informed of all material developments with respect to all such claims, actions or proceedings.

**All Recovered Proceeds Are to Be Applied to Reimbursement of the Fund**

The Covered Person agrees to automatically assign his/her rights against any Third Party or insurer when this provision applies. Accepting benefits under this Plan for those incurred medical or dental expenses automatically assigns to the Plan any and all rights the Covered Person may have to recover payments from any Responsible Third Party. Further, accepting benefits under this Plan for those incurred medical or dental expenses automatically assigns to the Plan the Covered Person’s Third Party Claims.

By accepting an advance payment of claims for an injury, every Covered Person agrees to reimburse Plan for all such advances by applying any and all amounts paid or payable to them by any third party or that third party's insurer by way of settlement or in satisfaction of any judgment or agreement, regardless of whether those proceeds are characterized in the settlement or judgment as being paid on account of the medical expenses for which any advance has been made by the Health Fund. In such event the Plan must be fully reimbursed within 31 days, or the claimant will have additional liability for interest and all costs of collection, including reasonable attorney's fees.

If the Covered Person fails to take action against a responsible Third Party to recover damages within one (1) year or within thirty (30) days of a request by the Plan, the Plan shall be deemed to have acquired, by assignment or Subrogation, a portion of the Covered Person’s claim equal to its prior payments. The Plan may thereafter commence proceedings directly against any responsible Third Party. The Plan shall not be deemed to waive its rights to commence action against a Third Party if it fails to act after the expiration of one (1) year, nor shall the Plan’s failure to act be deemed a waiver or discharge of the Lien described in this section.

The Plan reserves the right to be reimbursed for its court costs and attorneys’ fees if the Plan needs to file suit in order to Recover payment for medical or dental expenses from the Covered Person.
Also, The Plan’s right to Subrogation and reimbursement still applies if the Recovery received by the Covered Person is less than the claimed damage, and as a result, the claimant is not made whole.

If any Covered Person fails to reimburse the Plan as required by this section, the Plan may deny payment of claims and treat prior paid claims (related to the accident/injury) as overpayments recoverable by offset against any and all future claims for benefits that may become payable on behalf of all Covered Persons within the injured Covered Person’s immediate family to the amount not reimbursed.

Once the claim is settled, the Plan will not pay future benefits for claims related to that Injury or accident unless it is determined by the Plan Administrator or Claims Supervisor that the original settlement was reasonable and the subsequent claims were not recognized in the settlement.

The Plan shall have no obligation whatsoever to pay medical or dental benefits incurred by a Covered Person if a Covered Person refuses to cooperate with the Plan’s Reimbursement and/or Subrogation rights or refuses to execute and deliver such papers as the Plan may require in furtherance of its Reimbursement and Subrogation rights.

No Fault Insurance Coverage
If you are required to have no-fault insurance coverage, the automobile No-Fault Insurance carrier will initially be liable for lost wages, medical, surgical, hospital, and related charges and expenses up to the greater of:

- the maximum amount of basic reparation benefit required by applicable law: or
- the maximum amount of the applicable No-Fault Insurance coverage in effect.

The Plan will, thereafter, consider any excess charges and expenses under the applicable provisions of the respective Plan in which you are provided health coverage. Before related claims will be paid through this Fund, the Covered Person or his dependent will be required to sign a Reimbursement Agreement.

If the Participant or his dependent fails to secure No-Fault Insurance as required by state law, the Participant or dependent is considered as being self-insured and must pay the amount of the basic medical reparation expenses for himself and/or his dependents arising out of the accident.

Refund of Overpayment of Benefits - Right of Recovery
If the Fund pays benefits for expenses incurred on account of you or your Eligible Dependent, you or any other person or organization that was paid must make a refund to the Fund if:

1. all or some of the expenses were not paid, or did not legally have to be paid by you or your Eligible Dependents.
2. all or some of the payment made by the Fund exceeds the benefits under the Plan.
3. all or some of the expenses were recovered from or paid by a source other than this Plan including another Plan to which this Plan has secondary liability under the Coordination of Benefits provisions.

This may include payments made as a result of claims against a third party for negligence, wrongful acts or omissions. The refund shall equal the amount the Fund paid in excess of the amount it should have paid under the Plan. In the case of recovery from or payment by a source other than this Plan, the refund equals the amount of the recovery or payment up to the amount the Fund paid.

If you or any person or organization that was paid does not promptly refund the full amount, the Fund may reduce the amount of any future benefits that are payable under the Plan. The reductions will equal the amount of the required refund. The Fund may have other rights in addition to the right to reduce future benefits.

RIGHT OF RECOVERY

Recovery from another plan under which the Covered Person is covered. This right of Subrogation and reimbursement also applies when a Covered Person Recovers under an uninsured or underinsured motorist plan (which will be treated as Third Party coverage when reimbursement or Subrogation is in order), homeowner’s plan, renter’s plan, medical malpractice plan or any liability or insurance plan.

If the Covered Person’s total Recovery from all sources does not adequately reimburse him for his expenses and injuries, the Plan Administrator, in its sole and absolute discretion, may accept a lesser
amount in full satisfaction of its rights. The Plan Administrator shall have sole authority to determine whether a Covered Person has been adequately reimbursed and whether to accept a lesser amount.

**Waiver of Subrogation Rights.** The Plan Administrator, in its sole and absolute discretion, may agree to waive the Plan’s Subrogation rights. Such waiver shall not automatically occur in any matter. Waivers of the Subrogation and reimbursement interest of the Plan may be granted when the expected administrative costs exceed the expected reimbursement or savings to the Plan. Waivers of Subrogation and reimbursement interests will generally not be granted if the past medical expenses are greater than $500 or if the total judgment or settlement exceeds $5,000.

**Conflict Within the Plan.** If any portion of this Section on Subrogation and reimbursement is deemed to conflict with any other provision of the Plan on coordination of benefits of primary-secondary insurance coverage, the other portion of the Plan shall control and the provisions of this section shall supplement such other provisions to the extent that they are not inconsistent.

**Rights of Plan Administrator.** The Plan Administrator has a right to request reports on any and all approved settlements.

**Conditions Precedent to Coverage.** The Plan shall have no obligation whatsoever to pay medical or dental benefits to a Covered Person if a Covered Person refuses to cooperate with the Plan's reimbursement and Subrogation rights or refuses to execute and deliver such papers as the Plan may require in furtherance of its reimbursement and Subrogation rights. Further, in the event the Covered Person is a minor, the Plan shall have no obligation to pay any medical or dental benefits incurred on account of Injury or Sickness caused by a responsible Third Party until after the Covered Person or his authorized legal representative obtains valid court recognition and approval of the Plan's 100%, first dollar reimbursement and Subrogation rights on all Recoveries, as well as approval for the execution of any papers necessary for the enforcement thereof, as described herein.

**Defined terms:**

"Covered Person" means anyone covered under the Plan, including minor dependents.

"Lien" is a right created by law to obtain Reimbursement from monies paid by a Third Party in compensation for a loss. This means the Plan retains the right to repayment for the value of all benefits provided by the Plan that are associated with the Injury or Illness for which the Third Party is or may be responsible, plus the costs to perfect the Lien. To prevent a double Recovery on the payment of medical expenses, a Lien is created in favor of this Plan in providing payment of medical expenses for the injured Covered Person.

"Recover," “Recovered,” “Recovery” or “Recoveries” means all monies paid to the Covered Person by way of judgment, settlement, or otherwise to compensate for all losses caused by the Injury or Sickness, whether or not said losses reflect medical or dental charges covered by the Plan. "Recoveries" further includes, but is not limited to, recoveries for medical or dental expenses, attorneys' fees, costs and expenses, pain and suffering, loss of consortium, wrongful death, lost wages and any other recovery of any form of damages or compensation whatsoever.

"Refund" means repayment to the Plan for medical or dental benefits that it has paid toward care and treatment of the Injury or Sickness.

"Reimbursement" means that the Plan has a right to be paid a Recovery received by the participant or to the extent not contrary to law, to offset all or any part of the Plan's Recovery against any amount the Plan or the District owes to the Covered Person or owes as benefits for the Covered Person.

"Subrogation" means the right of the Health Fund to be substituted in place of any Covered Person with respect to that Covered Person’s lawful claim, demand, or right of action against a third party who may have wrongfully caused the Covered Person’s injury or illness that resulted in a payment of benefits by the Plan.

"Third Party" means any Third Party including another person or a business entity.
CONTINUATION COVERAGE RIGHTS UNDER COBRA

Under federal law, the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (COBRA), certain Employees, Retirees and their families covered under School District of Springfield R-12 Employee Health Care Plan (the Plan) will be entitled to the opportunity to elect a temporary extension of health coverage (called "COBRA continuation coverage") where coverage under the Plan would otherwise end. This notice is intended to inform Plan Participants and beneficiaries, in summary fashion, of their rights and obligations under the continuation coverage provisions of COBRA, as amended and reflected in final and proposed regulations published by the Department of the Treasury. This notice is intended to reflect the law and does not grant or take away any rights under the law.

The Plan Administrator is School District of Springfield R-12, 1359 East St. Louis St., Springfield, Missouri, 65802, (417) 523-4647. COBRA continuation coverage for the Plan is administered by Med-Pay, Inc., PO Box 10909, Springfield, Missouri 65808, (417) 886-6886 or (800) 777-9087. Complete instructions on COBRA, as well as election forms and other information, will be provided by the Plan Administrator or its designee to Plan Participants who become Qualified Beneficiaries under COBRA.

What is COBRA continuation coverage? COBRA continuation coverage is the temporary extension of group health plan coverage that must be offered to certain Plan Participants and their eligible family members (called "Qualified Beneficiaries") at group rates. The right to COBRA continuation coverage is triggered by the occurrence of a life event that results in the loss of coverage under the terms of the Plan (the "Qualifying Event"). The coverage must be identical to the Plan coverage that the Qualified Beneficiary had immediately before the Qualifying Event, or if the coverage has been changed, the coverage must be identical to the coverage provided to similarly situated active employees who have not experienced a Qualifying Event (in other words, similarly situated non-COBRA beneficiaries).

Who can become a Qualified Beneficiary? In general, a Qualified Beneficiary can be:

1. Any individual who, on the day before a Qualifying Event, is covered under a Plan by virtue of being on that day either a covered Employee, the Spouse of a covered Employee, or a Dependent child of a covered Employee. If, however, an individual who otherwise qualifies as a Qualified Beneficiary is denied or not offered coverage under the Plan under circumstances in which the denial or failure to offer constitutes a violation of applicable law, then the individual will be considered to have had the Plan coverage and will be considered a Qualified Beneficiary if that individual experiences a Qualifying Event.

2. Any child who is born to or placed for adoption with a covered Employee during a period of COBRA continuation coverage, and any individual who is covered by the Plan as an alternate recipient under a qualified medical support order. If, however, an individual who otherwise qualifies as a Qualified Beneficiary is denied or not offered coverage under the Plan under circumstances in which the denial or failure to offer constitutes a violation of applicable law, then the individual will be considered to have had the Plan coverage and will be considered a Qualified Beneficiary if that individual experiences a Qualifying Event.

3. A covered Employee who retired on or before the date of substantial elimination of Plan coverage which is the result of a bankruptcy proceeding under Title 11 of the U.S. Code with respect to the Employer, as is the Spouse, surviving Spouse or Dependent child of such a covered Employee if, on the day before the bankruptcy Qualifying Event, the Spouse, surviving Spouse or Dependent child was a beneficiary under the Plan.

The term "covered Employee" includes not only common-law employees (whether part-time or full-time) but also any individual who is provided coverage under the Plan due to his or her performance of services for the employer sponsoring the Plan (e.g., self-employed individuals, independent contractor, or corporate director). However, this provision does not establish eligibility of these individuals. Eligibility for Plan Coverage shall be determined in accordance with Plan Eligibility provisions.

An individual is not a Qualified Beneficiary if the individual's status as a covered Employee is attributable to a period in which the individual was a nonresident alien who received from the individual's Employer no earned income that constituted income from sources within the United States. If, on account of the preceding reason, an individual is not a Qualified Beneficiary, then a Spouse or Dependent child of the individual will also not be considered a Qualified Beneficiary by virtue of the relationship to the individual. A domestic partner is not a Qualified Beneficiary.
Each Qualified Beneficiary (including a child who is born to or placed for adoption with a covered Employee during a period of COBRA continuation coverage) must be offered the opportunity to make an independent election to receive COBRA continuation coverage.

What is a Qualifying Event? A Qualifying Event is any of the following if the Plan provided that the Plan participant would lose coverage (i.e.: cease to be covered under the same terms and conditions as in effect immediately before the Qualifying Event) in the absence of COBRA continuation coverage:

1. The death of a covered Employee or death of a Retiree where the Surviving Spouse and dependent children are not receiving a retirement pension from the District’s public retirement plan.
2. The termination (other than by reason of the Employee's gross misconduct), or reduction of hours, of a covered Employee's employment.
3. The divorce or legal separation of a covered Employee from the Employee's Spouse. If the Employee reduces or eliminates the Employee's Spouse's Plan coverage in anticipation of a divorce or legal separation, and a divorce or legal separation later occurs, then the divorce or legal separation may be considered a Qualifying Event even though the Spouse's coverage was reduced or eliminated before the divorce or legal separation.
4. A covered Employee's enrollment in any part of the Medicare program.
5. A Dependent child’s ceasing to satisfy the Plan's requirements for a Dependent child (for example, attainment of the maximum age for dependency under the Plan).
6. A proceeding in bankruptcy under Title 11 of the U.S. Code with respect to an Employer from whose employment a covered Employee retired at any time.

If the Qualifying Event causes the covered Employee, or the covered Spouse or a Dependent child of the covered Employee, to cease to be covered under the Plan under the same terms and conditions as in effect immediately before the Qualifying Event (or in the case of the bankruptcy of the Employer, any substantial elimination of coverage under the Plan occurring within 12 months before or after the date the bankruptcy proceedings commence), the persons losing such coverage become Qualified Beneficiaries under COBRA if all the other conditions of COBRA are also met. For example, any increase in contribution that must be paid by a covered Employee, or the Spouse, or a Dependent child of the covered Employee, for coverage under the Plan that results from the occurrence of one of the events listed above is a loss of coverage.

The taking of leave under the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 ("FMLA") does not constitute a Qualifying Event. A Qualifying Event will occur, however, if an Employee does not return to employment at the end of the FMLA leave and all other COBRA continuation coverage conditions are present. If a Qualifying Event occurs, it occurs on the last day of FMLA leave and the applicable maximum coverage period is measured from this date (unless coverage is lost at a later date and the Plan provides for the extension of the required periods, in which case the maximum coverage date is measured from the date when the coverage is lost.) Note that the covered Employee and family members will be entitled to COBRA continuation coverage even if they failed to pay the employee portion of premiums for coverage under the Plan during the FMLA leave.

What factors should be considered when determining to elect COBRA continuation coverage?
You should take into account that a failure to continue your group health coverage will affect your rights under federal law. First, you can lose the right to avoid having pre-existing condition exclusions applied by other group health plans if there is more than a 63-day gap in health coverage and election of COBRA continuation coverage may help you avoid such a gap. These pre-existing condition exclusions will only apply for this Plan until December 31, 2013. Other plans may have other compliance dates. Second, if you do not elect COBRA continuation coverage and pay the appropriate premiums for the maximum time available to you, you will lose the right to convert to an individual health insurance policy, which does not impose such pre-existing condition exclusions. Finally, you should take into account that you have special enrollment rights under federal law (HIPAA). You have the right to request special enrollment in another group health plan for which you are otherwise eligible (such as a plan sponsored by your Spouse's employer) within 30 days after Plan coverage ends due to a Qualifying Event listed above. You will also have the same special right at the end of COBRA continuation coverage if you get COBRA continuation coverage for the maximum time available to you.

What is the procedure for obtaining COBRA continuation coverage? The Plan has conditioned the availability of COBRA continuation coverage upon the timely election of such coverage. An election is timely if it is made during the election period.
What is the election period and how long must it last? The election period is the time period within which the Qualified Beneficiary must elect COBRA continuation coverage under the Plan. The election period must begin not later than the date the Qualified Beneficiary would lose coverage on account of the Qualifying Event and ends 60 days after the later of the date the Qualified Beneficiary would lose coverage on account of the Qualifying Event or the date notice is provided to the Qualified Beneficiary of her or his right to elect COBRA continuation coverage. If coverage is not elected within the 60 day period, all rights to elect COBRA continuation coverage are forfeited.

Note: If a covered employee who has been terminated or experienced a reduction of hours qualifies for a trade readjustment allowance or alternative trade adjustment assistance under a federal law called the Trade Act of 2002, and the employee and his or her covered dependents have not elected COBRA coverage within the normal election period, a second opportunity to elect COBRA coverage will be made available for themselves and certain family members, but only within a limited period of 60 days or less and only during the six months immediately after their group health plan coverage ended. Any person who qualifies or thinks that he and/or his family members may qualify for assistance under this special provision should contact the Plan Administrator for further information.

The Trade Act of 2002 also created a new tax credit for certain TAA-eligible individuals and for certain retired employees who are receiving pension payments from the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation (PBGC) (eligible individuals). Under the new tax provisions, eligible individuals can either take a tax credit or get advance payment of 65% of premiums paid for qualified health insurance, including continuation coverage. If you have questions about these new tax provisions, you may call the Health Coverage Tax Credit Consumer Contact Center toll-free at 1-866-628-4282. TTD/TTY callers may call toll-free at 1-866-626-4282. More information about the Trade Act is also available at www.doleta.gov/tradeact.

Is a covered Employee or Qualified Beneficiary responsible for informing the Plan Administrator of the occurrence of a Qualifying Event? The Plan will offer COBRA continuation coverage to Qualified Beneficiaries only after the Plan Administrator or its designee has been timely notified that a Qualifying Event has occurred. The employer (if the employer is not the Plan Administrator) will notify the Plan Administrator of the Qualifying Event within 30 days following the date coverage ends when the Qualifying Event is:

(1) the end of employment or reduction of hours of employment,
(2) death of the employee,
(3) commencement of a proceeding in bankruptcy with respect to the employer, or
(4) enrollment of the employee in any part of Medicare.

IMPORTANT:

For the other Qualifying Events (divorce or legal separation of the employee and spouse or a dependent child’s losing eligibility for coverage as a dependent child), you or someone on your behalf must notify the Plan Administrator or its designee in writing within 60 days after the Qualifying Event occurs, using the procedures specified below. If these procedures are not followed or if the notice is not provided in writing to the Plan Administrator or its designee during the 60-day notice period, any spouse or dependent child who loses coverage will not be offered the option to elect continuation coverage. You must send this notice to the Plan Sponsor.
NOTICE PROCEDURES:
Any notice that you provide must be in writing. Oral notice, including notice by telephone, is not acceptable. You must mail, fax or hand-deliver your notice to the person, department or firm listed below, at the following address:

School District of Springfield R-12
1359 E. St. Louis St.
Springfield, Missouri 65802

If mailed, your notice must be postmarked no later than the last day of the required notice period. Any notice you provide must state:

- the name of the plan or plans under which you lost or are losing coverage,
- the name and address of the employee covered under the plan,
- the name(s) and address(es) of the Qualified Beneficiary(ies), and
- the Qualifying Event and the date it happened.

If the Qualifying Event is a divorce or legal separation, your notice must include a copy of the divorce decree or the legal separation agreement.

Be aware that there are other notice requirements in other contexts, for example, in order to qualify for a disability extension.

Once the Plan Administrator or its designee receives timely notice that a Qualifying Event has occurred, COBRA continuation coverage will be offered to each of the qualified beneficiaries. Each Qualified Beneficiary will have an independent right to elect COBRA continuation coverage. Covered employees may elect COBRA continuation coverage for their spouses, and parents may elect COBRA continuation coverage on behalf of their children. For each Qualified Beneficiary who elects COBRA continuation coverage, COBRA continuation coverage will begin on the date that plan coverage would otherwise have been lost. If you or your spouse or dependent children do not elect continuation coverage within the 60-day election period described above, the right to elect continuation coverage will be lost.

Is a waiver before the end of the election period effective to end a Qualified Beneficiary's election rights? If, during the election period, a Qualified Beneficiary waives COBRA continuation coverage, the waiver can be revoked at any time before the end of the election period. Revocation of the waiver is an election of COBRA continuation coverage. However, if a waiver is later revoked, coverage need not be provided retroactively (that is, from the date of the loss of coverage until the waiver is revoked). Waivers and revocations of waivers are considered made on the date they are sent to the Plan Administrator or its designee, as applicable.

Is COBRA coverage available if a Qualified Beneficiary has other group health plan coverage or Medicare? Qualified beneficiaries who are entitled to elect COBRA continuation coverage may do so even if they are covered under another group health plan or are entitled to Medicare benefits on or before the date on which COBRA is elected. However, a Qualified Beneficiary's COBRA coverage will terminate automatically if, after electing COBRA, he or she becomes entitled to Medicare or becomes covered under other group health plan coverage (but only after any applicable preexisting condition exclusions of that other plan have been exhausted or satisfied).

When may a Qualified Beneficiary's COBRA continuation coverage be terminated? During the election period, a Qualified Beneficiary may waive COBRA continuation coverage. Except for an interruption of coverage in connection with a waiver, COBRA continuation coverage that has been elected for a Qualified Beneficiary must extend for at least the period beginning on the date of the Qualifying Event and ending not before the earliest of the following dates:

1. The last day of the applicable maximum coverage period.
2. The first day for which Timely Payment is not made to the Plan with respect to the Qualified Beneficiary.
3. The date upon which the Employer ceases to provide any group health plan (including a successor plan) to any employee.
4. The date, after the date of the election, that the Qualified Beneficiary first becomes covered under any other Plan that does not contain any exclusion or limitation with respect to any
pre-existing condition, other than such an exclusion or limitation that does not apply to, or is satisfied by, the Qualified Beneficiary.

(5) The date, after the date of the election, that the Qualified Beneficiary first enrolls in the Medicare program (either part A or part B, whichever occurs earlier).

(6) In the case of a Qualified Beneficiary entitled to a disability extension, the later of:

(a) (i) 29 months after the date of the Qualifying Event, or (ii) the first day of the month that is more than 30 days after the date of a final determination under Title II or XVI of the Social Security Act that the disabled Qualified Beneficiary whose disability resulted in the Qualified Beneficiary's entitlement to the disability extension is no longer disabled, whichever is earlier; or

(b) the end of the maximum coverage period that applies to the Qualified Beneficiary without regard to the disability extension.

The Plan can terminate for cause the coverage of a Qualified Beneficiary on the same basis that the Plan terminates for cause the coverage of similarly situated non-COBRAs beneficiaries, for example, for the submission of a fraudulent claim.

In the case of an individual who is not a Qualified Beneficiary and who is receiving coverage under the Plan solely because of the individual's relationship to a Qualified Beneficiary, if the Plan's obligation to make COBRA continuation coverage available to the Qualified Beneficiary ceases, the Plan is not obligated to make coverage available to the individual who is not a Qualified Beneficiary.

What are the maximum coverage periods for COBRA continuation coverage? The maximum coverage periods are based on the type of the Qualifying Event and the status of the Qualified Beneficiary, as shown below:

(1) In the case of a Qualifying Event that is a termination of employment or reduction of hours of employment, the maximum coverage period ends 18 months after the Qualifying Event if there is not a disability extension and 29 months after the Qualifying Event if there is a disability extension.

(2) In the case of a covered Employee's enrollment in the Medicare program before experiencing a Qualifying Event that is a termination of employment or reduction of hours of employment, the maximum coverage period for Qualified Beneficiaries other than the covered Employee ends on the later of:

(a) 36 months after the date the covered Employee becomes enrolled in the Medicare program; or

(b) 18 months (or 29 months, if there is a disability extension) after the date of the covered Employee's termination of employment or reduction of hours of employment.

(3) In the case of a bankruptcy Qualifying Event, the maximum coverage period for a Qualified Beneficiary who is the covered retiree ends on the date of the retiree's death. The maximum coverage period for a Qualified Beneficiary who is the covered Spouse, surviving Spouse or Dependent child of the retiree ends on the earlier of the Qualified Beneficiary's death or 36 months after the death of the retiree.

(4) In the case of a Qualified Beneficiary who is a child born to or placed for adoption with a covered Employee during a period of COBRA continuation coverage, the maximum coverage period is the maximum coverage period applicable to the Qualifying Event giving rise to the period of COBRA continuation coverage during which the child was born or placed for adoption.

(5) In the case of any other Qualifying Event than that described above, the maximum coverage period ends 36 months after the Qualifying Event.

Under what circumstances can the maximum coverage period be expanded? If a Qualifying Event that gives rise to an 18-month or 29-month maximum coverage period is followed, within that 18- or 29-month period, by a second Qualifying Event that gives rise to a 36-months maximum coverage period, the original period is expanded to 36 months, but only for individuals who are Qualified Beneficiaries at the time of and with respect to both Qualifying Events. In no circumstance can the COBRA maximum coverage period be expanded to more than 36 months after the date of the first Qualifying Event. The Plan Administrator must be notified of the second Qualifying Event within 60 days of the second Qualifying Event. This notice must be sent to the COBRA Administrator in accordance with the procedures above.
How does a Qualified Beneficiary become entitled to a disability extension? A disability extension will be granted if an individual (whether or not the covered Employee) who is a Qualified Beneficiary in connection with the Qualifying Event that is a termination or reduction of hours of a covered Employee's employment, is determined under Title II or XVI of the Social Security Act to have been disabled at any time during the first 60 days of COBRA continuation coverage. To qualify for the disability extension, the Qualified Beneficiary must also provide the Plan Administrator with notice of the disability determination on a date that is both within 60 days after the date of the determination and before the end of the original 18-month maximum coverage. This notice should be sent to the COBRA Administrator in accordance with the procedures above.

Does the Plan require payment for COBRA continuation coverage? For any period of COBRA continuation coverage under the Plan, qualified beneficiaries who elect COBRA continuation coverage must pay for COBRA continuation coverage. Qualified beneficiaries will pay up to 102% of the applicable premium and up to 150% of the applicable premium for any expanded period of COBRA continuation coverage covering a disabled Qualified Beneficiary due to a disability extension. The Plan will terminate a Qualified Beneficiary's COBRA continuation coverage as of the first day of any period for which timely payment is not made.

Must the Plan allow payment for COBRA continuation coverage to be made in monthly installments? Yes. The Plan is also permitted to allow for payment at other intervals.

What is Timely Payment for payment for COBRA continuation coverage? Timely Payment means a payment made no later than 30 days after the first day of the coverage period. Payment that is made to the Plan by a later date is also considered Timely Payment if either under the terms of the Plan, covered employees or Qualified Beneficiaries are allowed until that later date to pay for their coverage for the period or under the terms of an arrangement between the Employer and the entity that provides Plan benefits on the Employer's behalf, the Employer is allowed until that later date to pay for coverage of similarly situated non-COBRA beneficiaries for the period.

Notwithstanding the above paragraph, the Plan does not require payment for any period of COBRA continuation coverage for a Qualified Beneficiary earlier than 45 days after the date on which the election of COBRA continuation coverage is made for that Qualified Beneficiary. Payment is considered made on the date on which it is postmarked to the Plan.

If Timely Payment is made to the Plan in an amount that is not significantly less than the amount the Plan requires to be paid for a period of coverage, then the amount paid will be deemed to satisfy the Plan's requirement for the amount to be paid, unless the Plan notifies the Qualified Beneficiary of the amount of the deficiency and grants a reasonable period of time for payment of the deficiency to be made. A "reasonable period of time" is 30 days after the notice is provided. A shortfall in a Timely Payment is not significant if it is no greater than the lesser of $50 or 10% of the required amount.

IF YOU HAVE QUESTIONS
If you have questions about your COBRA continuation coverage, you should contact the COBRA Administrator. For more information about your rights under COBRA, the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA), and other laws affecting group health plans, contact the nearest Regional or District Office of the U.S. Department of Labor's Employee Benefits Security Administration (EBSA). Addresses and phone numbers of Regional and District EBSA Offices are available through EBSA's website at www.dol.gov/ebsa.

KEEP YOUR PLAN ADMINISTRATOR INFORMED OF ADDRESS CHANGES
In order to protect your family's rights, you should keep the Plan Administrator informed of any changes in the addresses of family members. You should also keep a copy, for your records, of any notices you send to the Plan Administrator.
RESPONSIBILITIES FOR PLAN ADMINISTRATION

PLAN ADMINISTRATOR. School District of Springfield R-12 Employee Health Care Plan is the benefit plan of School District of Springfield R-12, the Plan Administrator, also called the Plan Sponsor. An individual may be appointed by School District of Springfield R-12 to be Plan Administrator and serve at the convenience of the District. If the Plan Administrator resigns, dies or is otherwise removed from the position, School District of Springfield R-12 shall appoint a new Plan Administrator as soon as reasonably possible.

The Plan Administrator shall administer this Plan in accordance with its terms and establish its policies, interpretations, practices, and procedures. It is the express intent of this Plan that the Plan Administrator shall have maximum legal discretionary authority to construe and interpret the terms and provisions of the Plan, to make determinations regarding issues which relate to eligibility for benefits, to decide disputes which may arise relative to a Plan Participant's rights, and to decide questions of Plan interpretation and those of fact relating to the Plan. The decisions of the Plan Administrator will be final and binding on all interested parties.

DUTIES OF THE PLAN ADMINISTRATOR.

(1) To administer the Plan in accordance with its terms.

(2) To interpret the Plan, including the right to remedy possible ambiguities, inconsistencies or omissions.

(3) To decide disputes which may arise relative to a Plan Participant's rights.

(4) To prescribe procedures for filing a claim for benefits and to review claim denials.

(5) To keep and maintain the Plan documents and all other records pertaining to the Plan.

(6) To appoint a Claims Supervisor to pay claims.

(7) To delegate to any person or entity such powers, duties and responsibilities as it deems appropriate.

PLAN ADMINISTRATOR COMPENSATION. The Plan Administrator serves without compensation; however, all expenses for plan administration, including compensation for hired services, will be paid by the Plan.

CLAIMS SUPERVISOR IS NOT A FIDUCIARY. A Claims Supervisor is not a fiduciary under the Plan by virtue of paying claims in accordance with the Plan's rules as established by the Plan Administrator.
The School District of Springfield R-12 (the “Plan Sponsor”) sponsors the School District of Springfield R-12 Employee Health Care Plan (the “Plan”). Members of the District’s workforce have access to the individually identifiable Protected Health Information (PHI) of Plan Participants for administrative functions of the Plan.

The Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1966 (HIPAA) and its implementing regulations restrict the Plan Sponsor’s ability to use and disclose PHI. The Plan Sponsor shall have access to PHI from the Plan only as permitted herein or as otherwise required or permitted by HIPAA.

(1) Permitted Disclosure of Enrollment/Disenrollment Information

The Plan may disclose to the Plan Sponsor information on whether the individual has enrolled in or has disenrolled in the Plan.

(2) Permitted Uses and Disclosure of Summary Health Information

The Plan may disclose Summary Health Information to the Plan Sponsor, provided the Plan Sponsor requests the Summary Health Information for the purpose of:

(a) Obtaining premium bids for providing insurance coverage under the plan; or
(b) Modifying, amending, or terminating the Plan.

(3) Permitted and Required Uses and Disclosure of Protected Health Information for Plan Administrative Purposes

The Plan will use protected health information (PHI) to the extent of, and in accordance with, the uses and disclosures permitted by the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1966 (HIPAA). Specifically, the Plan will use and disclose PHI for purposes related to health care treatment, payment for health care and health care operations.

Payment includes activities undertaken by the Plan to obtain premiums or determine or fulfill its responsibility for coverage and provision of plan benefits that relate to an individual to whom health care is provided. These activities include, but are not limited to, the following:

(a) Determination of eligibility, coverage and cost sharing amounts (for example, cost of a benefit, plan maximums and co-payments as determined for an individual’s claim);
(b) Coordination of benefits;
(c) Adjudication of health benefit claims (including appeals and other payment disputes);
(d) Subrogation of health benefit claims;
(e) Establishing employee contributions;
(f) Risk adjusting amounts due based on enrollee health status and demographic characteristics;
(g) Billing, collection activities and related health care data processing;
(h) Claims management and related health care data processing, including auditing payments, investigating and resolving payment disputes and responding to participant inquiries about payments;
(i) Obtaining payment under a contract for reinsurance (including stop-loss and excess loss insurance);
(j) Medical necessity reviews of appropriateness of care or justification of changes;
(k) Utilization review, including precertification, preauthorization, concurrent review and retrospective review;
(l) Disclosure to consumer reporting agencies related to the collection of premiums or reimbursement (the following PHI may be disclosed for payment purposes: name and address, date of birth, Social Security number, payment history, account number and name and address of the provider and/or health plan); and
(m) Health care operations including, but not limited to, the following activities:

(i) Quality assessment;
(ii) Population-based activities relating to improving health or reducing health care costs, protocol development, case management and care coordination, disease management, contacting health care providers and patients with
information about treatment alternatives and related functions;

(iii) rating provider and plan performance, including accreditation, certification, licensing or credentialing activities;

(iv) underwriting, premium rating and other activities relating to the creation, renewal or replacement of a contract of health insurance or health benefits, and ceding, securing or placing a contract for reinsurance of risk relating to health care claims (including stop-loss insurance and excess of loss insurance);

(v) conducting or arranging for medical review, legal services and auditing functions, including fraud and abuse detection and compliance programs;

(vi) business planning and development, such as conducting cost-management and planning-related analyses related to managing and operating the Plan, including formulary development and administration, development or improvement of payment methods or coverage policies;

(vii) business management and general administrative activities of the Plan, including, but not limited to:

(a) management activities relating to the implementation of the compliance with HIPAA’s administrative simplification requirements, or

(b) customer service, including the provision of data analyses for policyholders, plan sponsors or other customers; resolution of internal grievances; and due diligence in connection with the sale or transfer of assets to a potential successor in interest, if the potential successor in interest is a “covered entity” under HIPAA or, following completion of the sale or transfer, will become a covered entity.

(4) Conditions of Disclosure for Plan Administration Purposes

The Plan Sponsor agrees that with respect to any PHI (other then enrollment/disenrollment information and Summary Health Information, which are not subject to these restrictions) disclosed to it by the Plan, that Plan Sponsor shall:

(a) Not use or further disclose PHI other than as permitted or required by the plan document or as required by law.

(b) Ensure that any agents, including a subcontractor, to whom the Plan Sponsor provides PHI received from the Plan, agree to the same restrictions and conditions that apply to the Plan Sponsor with respect to such PHI.

(c) Not use or disclose PHI for employment related actions and decisions unless authorized by an individual.

(d) Not use or disclose PHI in connection with any other benefit or employee benefit plan of the Plan Sponsor unless authorized by an individual.

(e) Report to the Plan any PHI use or disclosure that is inconsistent with the uses or disclosures provided for of which it becomes aware.

(f) Make PHI available to comply with HIPAA’s right to access in accordance with 45 CFR § 164.524.

(g) Make PHI available for amendment and incorporate any amendments to PHI in accordance with 45 CFR § 164.526.

(h) Make available the information required to provide an accounting of disclosures in accordance with 45 CFR § 164.528.

(i) Make internal practices, books and records relating to the use and disclosure of PHI received from Plan available to the HHS Secretary for the purposes of determining the Plan’s compliance with HIPAA.

(j) If feasible, return or destroy all PHI received from the Plan that the Plan Sponsor still maintains in any form, and retain no copies of such PHI when no longer needed for the purpose for which disclosure was made (or if return or destruction is not feasible, limit further uses and disclosures to those purposes that make the return or destruction infeasible).

(k) Ensure that the adequate separation between Plan and Plan Sponsor, required in 45 CFR § 164.504(f)(2)(iii), is satisfied.
Adequate Separation Between the Plan and the Plan Sponsor Must Be Maintained

The Plan Sponsor shall allow only the following employees or classes of employees may be given access to PHI:

(a) Human Resources and Benefits Manager / Privacy Officer.
(b) Privacy Complaint Officer.
(c) Staff of the Benefits Office.
(d) Human Resources Director.

COMPLIANCE WITH HIPAA ELECTRONIC SECURITY STANDARDS. Under the Security Standards for the Protection of Electronic Protected Health Information (45 CFR Part 164.300 et. seq., the “Security Standards”), the District agrees to the following:

1. The District agrees to implement reasonable and appropriate administrative, physical and technical safeguards to protect the confidentiality, integrity and availability of Electronic Protected Health Information that the District creates, maintains or transmits on behalf of the Plan. "Electronic Protected Health Information" shall have the same definition as set out in the Security Standards, but generally shall mean Protected Health Information that is transmitted by or maintained in electronic media.

2. The District shall ensure that any agent or subcontractor to whom it provides Electronic Protected Health Information shall agree, in writing, to implement reasonable and appropriate security measures to protect the Electronic Protected Health Information.

3. The District shall ensure that reasonable and appropriate security measures are implemented to comply with the conditions and requirements set forth in Compliance With HIPAA Privacy Standards provisions (3) Authorized Employees and (4) Certification of Employers described above.

FUNDING THE PLAN AND PAYMENT OF BENEFITS

The cost of the Plan is funded as follows:

For Employee Coverage: Funding is derived solely from the funds of the District. Funding is derived from the funds of the District. Therefore, all Employees must elect coverage under this Plan.

For Retiree Coverage: Retirees pay the entire cost for their coverage under this Plan.

For Dependent Coverage: Funding is derived from contributions made by the covered Employees.

The level of any Employee contributions is set by the Plan Administrator. The Plan Administrator shall from time to time evaluate the costs of the Plan and determine the amount to be contributed by the Employer and Employee, if any, and reserves the right to change the level of Employee contributions.

Benefits are paid directly from the Plan through the Claims Supervisor.

Assignment and Non-Alienation of Benefits: Amounts payable at any time may be used to make direct payments to health care providers. Except as applicable law may otherwise require, no benefit, right or interest of any member hereunder shall at any time be used or be subject in any manner to alienation by anticipation, sale, transfer, assignment, bankruptcy, pledge, attachment, charge or encumbrance of any kind. Any attempt to alienate, sell, transfer, assign, pledge, attach, charge or otherwise encumber any such amount, whether presently or hereafter payable, shall be void. The Plan shall not be liable for or subject to the debts or liabilities of any person entitled to any amount payable under the Plan, or any part thereof.

Assignment means, for purposes of this Plan, that the Plan may pay any benefits due under this Plan directly to the Provider. The rights of a participant and the benefits to which he is entitled or for which he applies under the Plan are not assignable, except for assignment of payments directly to a provider, or in accordance with the subrogation provisions of the Plan. The Plan has full discretionary authority to accept or reject an assignment. The provisions of this Plan shall supersede any and all other assignment or alienation provisions, under whatever terms that may be used, that a member may make with a provider of health care services. Moreover, this Plan has priority lien against any and all proceeds that may be due the plan.
THE TRUST AGREEMENT

If this Plan is established under a Trust agreement, that agreement is made a part of the Plan. A copy of the appropriate agreement is available for examination by Employees and their Dependent(s) at the office of the Plan Administrator during normal business hours. Also, upon written request, the following items will be furnished to an Employee or Dependent:

1. A copy of the Trust agreement.
2. A complete list of employers and employee organizations sponsoring the Plan.

Service of legal process may be made upon a Plan trustee.

PLAN IS NOT AN EMPLOYMENT CONTRACT

The Plan is not to be construed as a contract for or of employment.

CLERICAL ERROR

Any clerical error by the Plan Administrator or an agent of the Plan Administrator in keeping pertinent records or a delay in making any changes will not invalidate coverage otherwise validly in force or continue coverage validly terminated. An equitable adjustment of contributions will be made when the error or delay is discovered.

If, due to a clerical error, an overpayment occurs in a Plan reimbursement amount, the Plan retains a contractual right to the overpayment. The person or institution receiving the overpayment will be required to return the incorrect amount of money. In the case of a Plan Participant, if it is requested, the amount of overpayment will be deducted from future benefits payable.

PHYSICAL EXAM OR AUTOPSY

The Plan has the right and opportunity to examine any Covered Person with respect to a claim for benefits that is pending under the Plan when and as often as it may reasonably require and at the Plan’s expense. A Covered Person is required by the Plan to submit to such examination as a condition of coverage. The Plan also has the right to have an autopsy done in case of the death of a Covered Person due to a Sickness or Injury for which claim is made under the Plan, in any state where this provision is not forbidden by law.

AMENDING AND TERMINATING THE PLAN

If the Plan is terminated, the rights of the Plan Participants are limited to expenses incurred before termination.

The District intends to maintain this Plan indefinitely; however, it reserves the right, at any time, to amend, suspend or terminate the Plan in whole or in part. This includes amending the benefits under the Plan or the Trust agreement (if any).

MATERIAL MODIFICATIONS

Material Modifications to the Plan will be provided to all Covered Persons.
GENERAL PLAN INFORMATION

TYPE OF ADMINISTRATION

The Plan is a self-funded group health Plan and the administration is provided through a Third Party Claims Supervisor. The funding for the benefits is derived from the funds of the District and contributions made by covered Employees. The District may insure claims for specific and/or aggregate “Stop-Loss” claim reimbursement through a re-insurance contract.

PLAN NAME: School District of Springfield R-12 Employee Health Care Plan

PLAN NUMBER: 501

GROUP NUMBER: 030100SPS

TAX ID NUMBER: 446005539


PLAN YEAR ENDS: September 30th

EMPLOYER INFORMATION

School District of Springfield R-12
1359 E. St. Louis St
Springfield, Missouri 65802
(417) 523-4647

PLAN ADMINISTRATOR

Chief Financial Officer
School District of Springfield R-12
1359 E. St. Louis St
Springfield, Missouri 65802
(417) 523-0000

CLAIMS SUPERVISOR

Med-Pay, Inc.
PO Box 10909
Springfield, Missouri 65808
(417) 886-6886 or (800) 777-9087

TRUSTEE(S)

School District Board of Education
1359 E. St. Louis St
Springfield, Missouri 65802

BY THIS AGREEMENT, School District of Springfield R-12 Employee Health Care Plan is hereby adopted as shown.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this instrument is executed for School District of Springfield R-12 on or as of the day and year first below written.

By Plan Administrator
School District of Springfield R-12
Date: January 1, 2008

Witness
Date: January 1, 2008