

Strengthening New Jersey's Implementation of the Science of Reading through Teacher Preparation

Literacy is critical for success in school, work, and civic engagement. Research finds that reading failure can be reduced to fewer than 1 in 10 students when teachers provide scientifically based reading instruction.

In the wake of learning loss experienced in the COVID-19 pandemic, now more than ever, we must ensure aspiring teachers are prepared to teach children to read using scientifically based reading instruction.

The stakes for students in New Jersey

In New Jersey, only **38% of 4th grade students read proficiently** based on the most recent National Assessment of Education Progress (NAEP). That number falls precipitously for some of New Jersey's historically underserved students. This dismal data has nothing to do with the students and families and everything to do with **inequities in access to effective literacy instruction**.

New Jersey's Reading Data

Student group	# of students in New Jersey	% who read proficiently in 4th grade
ALL STUDENTS	1,243,810	38%
Hispanic students	439,950	24%
Black students	204,522	19%
English language learners	98,748	7%
Students with disabilities	237,344	12%
Students eligible for National School Lunch Program	523,960	19%

Teacher prep programs are key to implementing and sustaining the science of reading at scale.

Are New Jersey's teacher prep programs ensuring aspiring teachers learn the most effective methods to teach reading?

The National Council on Teacher Quality, a research and policy nonprofit, evaluated nearly 700 programs across the country, including 10 in New Jersey, on how well they prepare aspiring elementary teachers to teach reading.

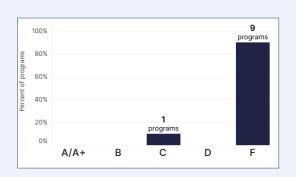
This review considered attention to **the five core components of scientifically based reading instruction**—phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension—across four different instructional approaches (instructional hours, background materials, objective measures of knowledge, and opportunities to practice).

The review also deducted points when programs teach aspiring teachers content contrary to research-based practices; and considered whether programs provide instruction in how to support a range of learners (struggling readers, English language learners, and students who speak language varieties other than mainstream English).

¹ See <u>appendix</u> for citation for this statement and data included throughout.



In New Jersey, none of the 10 programs evaluated earn an A for preparation in reading, meaning no programs adequately teach all five components of reading and provide little or no instruction on content contrary to research-based practices.



New Jersey ranks worst in the nation for the average number of components of reading its programs adequately address. In New Jersey:

- Programs are most likely to cover comprehension and least likely to cover phonemic awareness.
- None of 10 programs provide at least one practice opportunity in each of these components.
- There are six programs in New Jersey that teach **multiple** techniques or approaches contrary to research-based practices, which can inhibit the reading progress of many students.
- Six programs devote some instructional time to supporting Struggling readers.
- Five programs devote some instructional time to supporting English language learners.

Better teacher preparation is essential to ensure all students effectively learn to read.

State policy question	Answer for New Jersey
Does New Jersey have standards for teacher prep programs that address all five core components of scientifically based reading?	Yes, the standards address phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension, but only list them with no detail
Does New Jersey require a licensure test that addresses reading?	No, passing the licensure test that addresses reading is optional
What are the required or optional licensure tests that address reading?	The Praxis Multiple Subjects Test 5001 must be attempted, however there are alternate ways to attain certification without passing the test.
Does New Jersey require the review of reading course syllabi as part of preparation program renewal?	Yes

- Virginia Quinn-Mooney, First grade teacher

[&]quot;Every child has the right to read. Sending teachers into the classroom without the science behind how kids learn to read puts everyone in an unfair position. As teachers, we are in this profession to always do what is best and necessary. If we aren't properly taught by the institutions we put our trust and dollars into, we are made ineffective."



Recommendations for state leaders:

- Set specific, explicit, and comprehensive preparation standards for scientifically based reading instruction.
- Incorporate a specific evaluation of reading instruction in program renewal or reauthorization processes, and take action if programs are not aligned to the state's standards for scientifically based reading instruction.
- Require a reading licensure test aligned with scientifically based reading instruction for any PK-5 teachers to earn licensure, and publish the pass rates.
- Deploy a comprehensive strategy to implement scientifically-based reading instruction, and prioritize teacher prep.
- Use the bully pulpit to draw attention to the importance of teacher prep to sustain implementation of improved reading instruction.

For more detail on these recommendations, visit www.nctq.org/review/standard/reading-foundations.

Questions? Contact Shannon Holston, NCTQ Chief of Policy and Programs at shannon.holston@nctq.org.

Program grades in New Jersey

			Adequate coverage of core components: Graded (Up to 12 points per component; 8 points for adequate coverage; 4 or more contrary practices results in letter grade deduction)						Support for a range of learners: Ungraded (Up to 8 points per group)		
School	Program Level	Grade	Phonemic Aware- ness	Phonics	Fluency	Vocab- ulary	Compre- hension	Count of Contrary Practices (out of 9)	Struggling readers	ELLs	Speakers of language varieties
College of New Jersey	UG	F	No (0 pts)	Yes (12 pts)	No (2 pts)	No (1.5 pts)	No (4.75 pts)	1	2 pts	0 pts	0 pts
College of New Jersey	G	F	No (2.14 pts)	No (5 pts)	No (4.31 pts)	No (5 pts)	No (3.58 pts)	1	5 pts	1.5 pts	0 pts
Georgian Court University	UG	F	No (5.32 pts)	No (5.28 pts)	No (5.56 pts)	No (6.75 pts)	No (6.25 pts)	2	1.5 pts	0 pts	0 pts
Georgian Court University	G	F	No (5.32 pts)	No (5.28 pts)	No (5.56 pts)	No (6.75 pts)	No (6.25 pts)	2	1.5 pts	0 pts	0 pts
Montclair State University	UG	С	No (7.29 pts)	Yes (8.81 pts)	No (7.56 pts)	Yes (10 pts)	Yes (11 pts)	2	1.75 pts	4 pts	0 pts
Montclair State University	G	F	No (0 pts)	No (0 pts)	No (0 pts)	No (1.5 pts)	No (1.5 pts)	0	1.5 pts	2 pts	0 pts
Rider University	UG	F	No (3 pts)	Yes (10.83 pts)	No (7.53 pts)	No (6.69 pts)	No (6.5 pts)	2	2 pts	2 pts	2 pts

View this data online at <u>nctq.org</u> for more details. An asterisk by an institution name indicates that additional materials for consideration were provided after the review deadline, but prior to publication; scores for these programs may change pending review of those materials.



			Adequate coverage of core components: Graded (Up to 12 points per component; 8 points for adequate coverage; 4 or more contrary practices results in letter grade deduction)						Support for a range of learners: Ungraded (Up to 8 points per group)		
School	Program Level	Grade	Phonemic Aware- ness	Phonics	Fluency	Vocab- ulary	Compre- hension	Count of Contrary Practices (out of 9)	Struggling readers	ELLs	Speakers of language varieties
Rowan University	UG	F	No (3.21 pts)	No (7.41 pts)	No (3.38 pts)	No (4 pts)	No (7.83 pts)	1	0 pts	4 pts	0 pts
Rutgers University - New Brunswick	G	F	No (0.32 pts)	No (0.84 pts)	No (7.69 pts)	Yes (9.5 pts)	Yes (11 pts)	5	0.75 pts	2.75 pts	1 pts
Stockton University	UG	F	No (3.64 pts)	Yes (9.25 pts)	No (5.63 pts)	No (6.13 pts)	No (6.83 pts)	6	2 pts	2 pts	0 pts

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