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Summary of Kentucky Teacher Policies:

2017 C-Overall Grade

2015 | 2013 | C | C | C | 2011 | 2009

D+

D+

Best Practice
Meets Goal
Nearly Meets Goal
Partly Meets Goal
Meets a Small Part of Goal

Does Not Meet Goal

Progress on Goals Since 2015

Progress Increased: 0

Progress Decreased: 1

A state's progress on policy was tracked solely for goals that remained constant between 2015 and 2017.

AREA 1: General Teacher Preparation	В
Program Entry	
Teacher Shortages and Surpluses	•
Program Performance Measures	
Program Reporting Requirements	
Student Teaching/Clinical Practice	
AREA 2: Elementary Teacher Preparation	C
Content Knowledge	•
Teaching Mathematics	
Teaching Reading	
Licensure Deficiencies	NA
AREA 3: Secondary Teacher Preparation	C+
Middle School Content Knowledge	
Middle School Licensure Deficiencies	
Adolescent Literacy	
Secondary Content Knowledge	
Secondary Licensure Deficiencies	•
AREA 4: Special Education Teacher Preparation	F
Content Knowledge	
Teaching Reading	
Licensure Deficiencies	
AREA 5: Alternate Route Teacher Preparation	D
Program Entry	• •
Preparation for the Classroom	0

AREA 6: Hiring	C-
Requirements for Out-of-State Teachers	•
Provisional and Emergency Licensure	-
AREA 7: Teacher and Principal Evaluation	D-
Measures of Student Growth	
Measures of Professional Practice	
Frequency of Evaluation and Observation	•
Linking Evaluation to Professional Growth	
Data Systems Needed for Evaluation	•
Distributing Teacher Talent Equitably	•
Principal Effectiveness	•
Principal Evaluation and Observation	
AREA 8: Teacher Compensation	C-
Performance	•
High-Need Schools and Subjects	O
Prior Work	
AREA 9: Retaining Effective Teachers	F
Licensure Advancement	
Tenure	
Leadership Opportunities	•
Dismissal	
Layoffs	

Teacher Policy Strengths and Areas for Growth **Kentucky**

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POLICY AREA	KENTUCKY'S STRENGTHS	KENTUCKY'S OPPORTUNITIES FOR GROWTH
AREA 1: GENERAL TEACHER PI	REPARATION	
Program Entry	The state is implementing a program designed to increase the diversity of its teacher candidates.	
Teacher Shortages and Surpluses	The state publishes teacher production data and connects program completion, certification, and district hiring statistics.	
Program Performance Measures		The state should connect program graduates' student growth data to their teacher preparation programs.
Program Reporting Requirements		The state should hold teacher preparation programs accountable for teacher quality by outlining consequences for programs that do not meet standards, including loss of program approval.
Student Teaching/ Clinical Practice	The state requires that the clinical practice experience is at least 10 weeks, full time, and that candidates for licenses with broad grade spans have experience in at least two different developmental grade levels.	
AREA 2: ELEMENTARY TEACHE	R PREPARATION	
Content Knowledge	The state requires elementary teacher candidates to pass a content test with individually scored subtests in each of the core content areas.	
Teaching Mathematics	The state's elementary content test includes an independently scored math subtest.	
Teaching Reading		The state should require that: elementary teacher candidates pass a science of reading test to ensure knowledge of effective reading instruction, teacher preparation programs address this critical topic, and candidates are fully prepared to meet the instructional shifts associated with college- and career-readiness standards.
Licensure Deficiencies	Not applicable; the state does not offer a standalone early childhood certification that includes el	ementary grades.
AREA 3: SECONDARY TEACHE	R PREPARATION	
Middle School Content Knowledge	The state requires middle school teachers to pass a rigorous single-subject content test.	
Middle School Licensure Deficiencies	The state does not allow middle school teachers to teach on a K-8 generalist license.	
Adolescent Literacy		The state should require that all middle school and secondary candidates are fully prepared to meet the instructional shifts associated with college- and career-readiness standards.
Secondary Content Knowledge	The state requires all secondary teachers to pass a single-subject content test as a condition of initial licensure and to add an endorsement to an existing license.	
Secondary Licensure Deficiencies	The state does not offer a general science license.	
AREA 4: SPECIAL EDUCATION	TEACHER PREPARATION	
Content Knowledge		The state should require elementary special education teachers to pass the same content test as general elementary education teachers and that secondary special education teachers demonstrate content knowledge in core subjects at the secondary level.
Teaching Reading		The state should require that elementary special education candidates pass a rigorous assessment in the science of reading instruction and are fully prepared to meet the instruction shifts associated with college- and career-readiness standards.

Licensure Deficiencies		The state should require elementary or secondary special education certification.
AREA 5: ALTERNATE ROUTE T	EACHER PREPARATION	
Program Entry		The state should increase alternate route admissions requirements by requiring a rigorous test or a GPA of 3.0 or higher and requiring all candidates to pass a subject-matter test.
Preparation for the Classroom		The state should require that all alternate route programs prepare new teachers for the classroom through manageable and relevant coursework, intensive mentoring and induction, and a supervised practice teaching experience.
AREA 6: HIRING		
Requirements for Out-of-State Teachers		The state should require evidence of effective teaching during previous employment for licensure reciprocity, and ensure out-of-state teachers meet the state's testing requirements, and offer a standard license to certified out-of-state teachers without unnecessary requirements.
Provisional and Emergency Licensure	The state does not grant emergency or provisional licenses for more than one year.	
AREA 7: TEACHER AND PRINC	IPAL EVALUATION	
Measures of Student Growth		The state should ensure objective evidence of student growth is the determinative factor in teacher evaluations.
Measures of Professional Practice	The state explicitly allows the use of student survey data and multiple observers.	
Frequency of Evaluation and Observation		The state should require that all teachers are evaluated annually and observed multiple times, and that new teachers are supported with feedback early in the year.
Linking Evaluation to Professional Growth	The state requires that teachers are supported with adequate evaluation feedback and aligned professional development, under a system with four rating categories.	
Data Systems Needed for Evaluation		The state should formalize its process for teacher roster verification, develop the capacity to link student-level data and teacher performance, and publish teacher mobility data.
Distributing Teacher Talent Equitably		The state should report school-level data about teacher performance to help support the equitable distribution of teacher talent.
Principal Effectiveness		The state should require that principal effectiveness is determined, in part, by objective measures of student growth and survey data, and that ineffective principals participate in improvement planning.
Principal Evaluation and Observation		The state should evaluate all principals annually, require multiple observations/site visits for all principals, and require principal evaluators to be trained and certified.
AREA 8: TEACHER COMPENSA	ATION	
Performance		The state should give districts the flexibility to determine pay structures, and discourage districts from tying compensation to advanced degrees or experience.
High-Need Schools and Subjects	The state enables teachers to earn additional pay for working in high-need schools and teaching in shortage subject areas.	
Prior Work		The state should encourage additional compensation for new teachers with relevant prior work experience.
AREA 9: RETAINING EFFECTIV	E TEACHERS	
Licensure Advancement		The state should base licensure advancement and renewal on teacher effectiveness.
Tenure		The state should connect tenure decisions to evidence of teacher effectiveness.
Leadership Opportunities	The state supports teacher leadership opportunities.	
Dismissal		The state should enable ineffective classroom performance to be a basis for dismissal, and not allow multiple appeals for teachers who are dismissed.
Layoffs		The state should require districts to consider evidence of effectiveness when determining which teachers to lay off during reductions in force.
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State Grades 2009 – 2017	ć	6005	<071 20-	2013	2017
ALABAMA	C-	C-	C-	D+	c
ALASKA	D	D	D	D-	D-
ARIZONA	D-	+ D+	. C-	C-	D
ARKANSAS	C-		B-	B-	C+
CALIFORNIA	D-		D+	D	D+
COLORADO	D-	+ C	C+	С	D+
CONNECTICUT	D-	+ C-	B-	B-	C+
DELAWARE	D	С	C+	B-	B-
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	D-	D	D+	D+	D+
FLORIDA	С	В	B+	B+	B+
GEORGIA	C-	С	B-	B-	В -
HAWAII	D-	D-	D+	D+	D+
IDAHO	D-	D+	D+	C-	С
ILLINOIS	D-	+ C	C+	C+	C+
INDIANA	D	C+	B-	В	B-
IOWA	D	D	D	D	D+
KANSAS	D-	D	D	D+	D+
KENTUCKY	D-	+ D+	. С	С	C-
LOUISIANA	C-	C-	В	В	B+
MAINE	F	D-	C-	C-	D+
MARYLAND	D	D+		D+	D+
MASSACHUSETTS	D-		B-	B-	B-
MICHIGAN	D-			C+	С
MINNESOTA	D-		C-	C-	C-
MISSISSIPPI	D-			С	С
MISSOURI	D F	D F	C- F	C-	C F
MONTANA NEBRASKA	D-		D-	F D	D D
NEVADA	D-		D- C-	C-	C-
NEW HAMPSHIRE	D-		D	D	D+
NEW JERSEY	D-			C+	В
NEW MEXICO	D-			C	С
NEW YORK			В-		В
NORTH CAROLINA		+ D+		C-	C+
NORTH DAKOTA	D-	. D	D	D	D
OHIO	D-	+ C+	В-	B-	B-
OKLAHOMA	D-	⊦ B-	B-	B-	D+
OREGON	D-	D-	D	D	D-
PENNSYLVANIA	D	D+	- C-	C-	С
RHODE ISLAND	D	B-	В	B-	В
SOUTH CAROLINA	C-	C-	C-	С	C+
SOUTH DAKOTA	D	D	D-	D-	F
TENNESSEE	C-	B-	В	В	В
TEXAS	C-	C-	C-	C-	B-
UTAH	D	C-	С	C+	С
VERMONT	F	D-		D-	D
VIRGINIA	D-				
WASHINGTON		+ C-			
WEST VIRGINIA	D-				C+
WISCONSIN	D				D+
WYOMING	D-	D	D	D	D

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Best Practices

AREA 1: General Teacher Preparation

Program Entry - None

Teacher Shortages and Surpluses - None

Program Performance Measures - Alabama, Florida

Program Reporting Requirements - Delaware, Florida, Missouri, North Carolina, Tennessee, Texas

Student Teaching/Clinical Practice - Georgia, Massachusetts, New Jersey, Tennessee

AREA 2: Elementary Teacher Preparation

Content Knowledge - None

Teaching Mathematics - Massachusetts

Teaching Reading - Arkansas, California

Licensure Deficiencies - None

AREA 3: Secondary Teacher Preparation

Middle School Content Knowledge - Arkansas, Georgia, Ohio

Middle School Licensure Deficiencies - None

Adolescent Literacy - Arkansas, Florida, Louisiana

Secondary Content Knowledge - Indiana, Minnesota

Secondary Licensure Deficiencies - Minnesota

AREA 4: Special Education Teacher Preparation

Content Knowledge - None

Teaching Reading - California

Licensure Deficiencies - None

AREA 5: Alternate Route Teacher Preparation

Program Entry - Illinois, Michigan

Preparation for the Classroom - Delaware, New Jersey

AREA 6: Hiring

 ${\bf Requirements\ for\ Out-of-State\ Teachers\ -}\ None$

Provisional and Emergency Licensure - Mississippi, New Jersey, Rhode Island, South Carolina

AREA 7: Teacher and Principal Evaluation

Measures of Student Growth - Indiana

Measures of Professional Practice - *Iowa*

Frequency of Evaluation and Observation - Idaho, New Jersey, Washington

Linking Evaluation to Professional Growth - Louisiana, New York, North Carolina

Data Systems Needed for Evaluation - Georgia

Distributing Teacher Talent Equitably - None

Principal Effectiveness - Connecticut, Florida, South Dakota

Principal Evaluation and Observation - New York

AREA 8: Teacher Compensation

Performance - None

High-Need Schools and Subjects - Florida, New Mexico, Utah

Prior Work - Louisiana, North Carolina

AREA 9: Retaining Effective Teachers

Licensure Advancement - Louisiana

Tenure - Hawaii, Indiana, Nevada, New York

Leadership Opportunities - Ohio, Utah

Dismissal - Nevada, New York

Layoffs - Colorado, Georgia, Louisiana