# E S 2020-21 Educator Effectiveness System



## MANUAL FOR EVALUATORS AND PARTICIPANTS

OF

## **Message from the Superintendent**

### Aloha Educators,

The past few months have been shaped by an evolving pandemic that has pushed our collective commitment to new levels in order to continue upholding our core mission of teaching and learning.

This commitment to our students is more critical than ever as influences beyond our control impact how we are able to deliver on that mission. As many of the industries that fuel our state economy are crippled by this pandemic, our public school system has been able to maintain its standing as an essential business, enabling the Department to continue teaching, serving and supporting our communities and families.

We know that teacher quality is best supported within an organizational culture that embraces ongoing feedback and commits to continuous learning. Representatives from your union and the Department have been working diligently to update the Educator Effectiveness System (EES) to reflect our new "normal."

The latest changes include temporary adjustments to EES procedures and requirements for the 2020-21 school year in recognition of the shift to distance learning for most teachers and students. For example, a first quarter "safeguard" has been established to allow teachers to acclimate to evolving teaching conditions due to the pandemic, and new ways to collect evidence have been established due to classroom observations being impacted.

Please be assured that decisions are being made carefully and systematically so that we do not disrupt our core mission to students. I know these are very challenging times, and I appreciate your professionalism as we keep working through all of these decisions.

Mahalo,

Dr. Christina M. Kishimoto Superintendent The following memoranda and guidance documents, preceding the table of contents, outline modifications to the EES for school year 2020-21. The modifications within these documents supersede items in the manual.

- September 14, 2020, Memo: Educator Effectiveness System Additional Guidance, School Year 2020-2021; Educator Effectiveness System Manual and Training Expectations for Teachers and Evaluators
- August 14, 2020, Memo: Educator Effectiveness System Adjustments for School Year 2020-2021
- Universal Implementation Timeline Semester 1
- Artifacts of Instructional Practice
- Artifacts of Instructional Practice (Examples)



STATE OF HAWAI`I DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION P.O. BOX 2360 HONOLULU, HAWAI`I 96804

OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT

September 14, 2020

Action Required

- TO: Assistant Superintendents Complex Area Superintendents Principals (All) Teachers
- FROM: Dr. Christina M. Kishimoto Superintendent
- SUBJECT: Educator Effectiveness System Additional Guidance, School Year 2020-2021 Educator Effectiveness System Manual and Training Expectations for Teachers and Evaluators

The purpose of this memorandum is to provide additional guidance for COVID-19 related temporary modifications to the Educator Effectiveness System (EES) in School Year (SY) 2020-2021, as previously referenced in a memorandum released on August 14, 2020, "Educator Effectiveness System Adjustments for School Year 2020-2021," see attached.

### Scoring of Student Success Plans (SSP) – All teachers to be scored by Rubric #1

In recognition of the additional challenges imposed by COVID-19, all classroom teachers' SSPs shall be scored using SSP Rubric #1 (refer to page 35 of the SY2020-2021 EES Manual). Please note that this modification supersedes the experience-related criteria for SSP Rubric selection indicated on pages 7 and 35 of the SY2020-2021 EES Manual. Similarly, evaluators should ignore the SSP Rubric indicated for teachers in PDE<sup>3</sup>. The programming logic that normally determines SSP Rubrics will be maintained to minimize the disruption when routine operations resume.

### Modified SY2020-2021 EES Timeline (Semester 1)

As previously announced, a Quarter 1 Safeguard has been established to allow teachers to acclimate to evolving teaching conditions due to the pandemic. As such, EES implementation deadlines have been adjusted for all teachers and evaluators during Semester 1. The attached modified SY2020-2021 EES Universal Implementation Timeline supersedes all implementation timelines contained in the SY2020-2021 EES Manual (pages 10-11 and 45-55) through January 5, 2021.

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### Alternative to Classroom Observation - Artifacts of Instructional Practices

Classroom observations are a major component of the EES that continues to be impacted due to increased use of hybrid and blended models remote instruction and/or distance learning. The attached guidance documents were developed jointly by teachers and administrators to provide additional flexibility as an alternative to in-person formal classroom observations.

This guidance is provided as a supplement to pages 19-23 of the SY2020-2021 EES Manual as it relates to process, requirements, and best practices for classroom observation.

#### 2020-2021 Educator Effectiveness System Manual for Evaluators and Participants

Pursuant to Article VIII, D, of the Collective Bargaining Agreement between the Board of Education (BOE) and the Hawaii State Teachers Association (HSTA), the Department of Education (DOE) is providing an electronic version of the "2020-2021 Educator Effectiveness System Manual for Evaluators and Participants" (SY2020-2021 EES Manual), attached to this memorandum and accessible through the DOE's website at https://www.hawaiipublicschools.org/DOE%20Forms/Educator%20Effectivness/ EESManual.pdf.

In order to maintain the integrity of EES procedures during normal operations, and as a point of reference for the training of new teachers, the SY2020-2021 EES Manual **DOES NOT** incorporate the temporary adjustments to EES procedures outlined in this memorandum, and as previously explained in the memorandum released on August 14, 2020 ("Educator Effectiveness System Adjustments for School Year 2020-2021"). Unlike prior years, the adjustments to EES procedures and requirements for SY2020-2021 contained in these memorandums specifically relate to COVID-19. As such, they are temporary in nature and may be further modified as circumstances warrant.

It is important to note again, that **no hard copy manuals will be distributed for SY2020-2021**. Teachers and evaluators may access the EES Manual and documents and resources through the above link as well as the DOE's intranet site: https://intranet.hawaiipublicschools.org/sixstrategies/ees.

### SY2020-2021 EES Training Expectations for Teachers and Evaluators

EES training and support should not be limited to overviews; instead, there should be ongoing and targeted support to meet individual teacher needs. EES training will also address the temporary modifications and adjustments contained in this memorandum, and previously by memorandum on August 14, 2020. Additional support will be provided, as necessary, should there be further adjustments to EES procedures and requirements related to COVID-19 as circumstances change.

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Pursuant to the Collective Bargaining Agreement between the BOE and HSTA, Appendix IV, the following trainings are required:

Orientation Training for All Teachers Schools must keep a copy of sign-in sheet and/or document attendance in PDE <sup>3</sup>				
Торіс	Provider	Purpose and Outcomes	Due Dates*	
EES Orientation Video	School level, complex area, or state office staff, as applicable.	Provide an orientation to the performance evaluation system. Inform teachers about the tools, process, performance criteria, guidance material, method of calculating the annual evaluation rating, and timelines.	10/2/2020 *Relative to teachers hired after the school year starts, <b>training</b> should be conducted as soon as possible and prior to the teacher's engagement in applicable evaluation components.	

Teachers New to EES – Overview TrainingAttendance for all required training sessions should be documented by sign-in sheetand/or recorded in PDE3			
Торіс	Provider	Purpose and Outcomes	Due Dates*
Overview: Introduction to the Framework for Teaching: Classroom Observations/Working Portfolios & Core	Trainer-of- Trainers for "Introduction to the Framework	Provide teachers a basic understanding of the components within teacher practice and an overview of the process within the evaluation system.	10/2/2020 *Relative to teachers hired after the school year starts, <b>training</b> should be conducted as soon as possible and prior to the teacher's engagement in applicable

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Hawaii Growth Model reflections).			evaluation components.
Student Growth and Learning Overview: Introduction to Student Success Plans (SSPs).	complex area, or state office staff, as applicable.	Provide teachers a basic understanding of the components within Student Growth and Learning, and an overview of the process within the evaluation system.	

Evaluators shall also be trained on the overall evaluation system and specifically certified in the classroom observation protocol prior to initiating any classroom observations used to determine a teacher's annual evaluation rating. Evaluators shall also calibrate regularly to strengthen the accuracy and inter-rater reliability according to the protocol of the observation tool. Attendance for all required Educational Officer (EO) training sessions should be documented by sign-in sheet and/or in PDE<sup>3</sup>.

If there are any questions about the above expectations, please contact your Complex Area EES Lead (i.e., EES Complex Area EO) or the EES Help Desk at (808) 586-4072. Basic training materials are available on the intranet at https://intranet.hawaiipublicschools.org/sixstrategies/ees.

### CMK:jp

- Attachments: 1. Memo Educator Effectiveness System Adjustments for School Year 2020-2021 dated August 14, 2020
  - 2. Universal Implementation Timeline Semester 1
  - 3. Artifacts of Instructional Practices (AIP) a. AIP Examples
  - 4. SY2020-2021 EES Manual
- c: Deputy Superintendent **Complex Area EES Leads** Hawaii State Teachers Association Hawaii Government Employees Association OTM – Certificated Personnel Regional Officers, EES Section



STATE OF HAWAI'I DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION P.O. BOX 2360 HONOLULU, HAWAI'I 96804

OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT

August 14, 2020

- TO: Deputy Superintendent Complex Area Superintendents Principals (All) Teachers
- FROM: Dr. Christina M. Kishimoto Superintendent

#### SUBJECT: Educator Effectiveness System Adjustments for School Year 2020-2021

The Hawaii Department of Education (HIDOE) works closely with educators annually to refine the Educator Effectiveness System (EES) to strengthen supports for improving teacher practice. This year, the COVID-19 global pandemic has created unprecedented challenges requiring specific, temporary modifications to the EES to allow for additional flexibility in response to changing circumstances.

Based on feedback received from educators and the collaborative work of the Hawaii State Teachers Association-HIDOE EES Joint Committee (Committee), the following information and modifications have been approved for School Year (SY) 2020-2021.

#### Quarter 1 Safeguard

To allow for adequate time for training and to adjust and acclimate to evolving teaching conditions, EES evaluation conferences and evaluation activities shall not begin until after Quarter 1 (i.e., October 2, 2020), unless agreed to by both teacher and evaluator. Providing this safe environment in Quarter 1 is intended to reduce the anxiety and pressure on educators as they continue to learn and adapt.

#### Cycle of Evaluation and EES Tracks

To avoid potential long-term impacts caused by foregoing formal evaluation, teacher evaluations will proceed for all teachers who were scheduled to be on cycle for SY2020-2021. Teachers who are on cycle for SY2020-2021 include: all non-tenured teachers, tenured teachers whose Social Security Numbers end in 6 and 8, and any teacher who does not have a rating from SY2019-2020.

Deputy Superintendent, et al. August 14, 2020 Page 2

#### Alternative to Classroom Observation (Artifacts of Instructional Practice)

Classroom observations are a major component of the EES that were impacted due to the physical closure of schools at the end of SY2019-2020. As there continues to be uncertainty, the Committee has begun further research and development of an alternative measure of teacher practice. Based on the existing focus components for classroom observation, the Committee is developing an option to collect artifacts of instruction that would allow teachers to demonstrate their level of professional practice. Further information regarding alternatives to classroom observations will be released no later than September 8, 2020.

## <u>Release of SY2020-2021 EES Manual, Training, and Additional Support Resources and Documents</u>

SY2020-2021 EES resources such as the EES Manual, EES Orientation Video, new teacher training presentation, and other guidance documents, will also be made available no later than September 8, 2020. However, the COVID-19 global pandemic has created an unpredictable situation and the potential for changing circumstances. As such, there may be the need to make further modifications and course adjustments, which will be announced and disseminated as soon as practicable.

Ultimately, the challenges created by the current COVID-19 public health emergency will require all of us to remain flexible and to adapt to changing circumstances as they present themselves. However, by working together, we can overcome any obstacle.

Thank you for your dedication and commitment in support of our haumana through this difficult time.

Questions about EES adjustments may be directed to the Office of Talent Management (OTM), EES Help Desk at (808) 586-4072.

#### CMK:sa

c: Assistant Superintendents Complex Area EES Educational Officers Hawaii State Teachers Association Hawaii Government Employees Association OTM – Certificated Personnel Regional Officers, EES Section

## **Universal Implementation Timeline – Semester 1**

Evaluator or Implementation Deadline	Component	Implementation Notes
September		
9/29*	PDPDP (*Plan shall not begin until after 10/2/20, unless there is agreement between teacher and evaluator.)	<ul> <li>Evaluator-led PDPDP developed for</li> <li>Teachers who received a final effectiveness rating of less than Effective in the prior school year, or</li> <li>Teachers who are on extended probation</li> </ul>
October		
10/2 (or prior to starting EES evaluation) 10/23	Training 1 <sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO	<ul> <li>SY2020-2021 EES Orientation Video Training for <u>ALL</u> <u>teachers</u>. Teachers informed of online EES Manual on the DOE public website (hawaiipublicschools.org)</li> <li>EES Overview Training for <u>teachers NEW to the EES</u>*         <ul> <li>Evaluators may start scheduling Beginning Conferences for components (Observation, CP, WP, IPDP as applicable)</li> </ul> </li> <li>*Relative to teachers hired after the school year starts, training should be conducted as soon as possible.</li> <li>Evaluators approve 1<sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO in PDE<sup>3</sup></li> <li>10/26-12/4: Teachers implement SSP/SSIO</li> <li>Secondary teachers who only teach quarter-long classes must collaborate with their evaluators to determine the following deadlines: approval, mid-term, data collection, and end-of-term rating</li> </ul>
November		
11/13	<ul> <li>WP (for NCTs as applicable)</li> <li>CP</li> <li>IPDP</li> <li>1<sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO</li> <li>Year-long SSP/SSIO</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Beginning Conferences completed</li> <li>Evaluators &amp; NCTs collaborate &amp; agree upon 5 components for WP</li> <li>Evaluators share CP expectations</li> <li>Teachers share IPDP with evaluators</li> <li>Evaluators approve mid-term 1<sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO in PDE<sup>3</sup></li> <li>Evaluators approve Year-long SSP/SSIO in PDE<sup>3</sup></li> <li>11/16-4/30: Teachers implement SSP/SSIO plan</li> </ul>

## **Universal Implementation Timeline – Semester 1**

December		
12/4	<ul> <li>1<sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO</li> <li>Observations</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Teachers end data collection/implementation of 1<sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO</li> <li>1<sup>st</sup> Sem. observations completed</li> </ul>
12/7-1/5	1 <sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO	Evaluators conduct 1 <sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO ending conferences

## **Artifacts of Instructional Practices (AIP)**

### **Assumptions:**

- An observation evaluation process should promote growth through self-assessment, reflection, and professional conversations (with peers and evaluator). The use of the rubrics of the <u>Hawaii</u> <u>Adapted Framework for Teaching</u> supports these practices and promotes professional growth.
- Recordings of instruction will not be used for evaluation purposes.
- Teachers should have an alternative to the in-person observation due to COVID-19 closure and safety concerns.
- The Artifacts of Instructional Practices are evidence of classroom practices that can be used in the event that a formal in-person EES observation cannot otherwise be achieved. The teacher and the evaluator can collaboratively decide whether an in-person observation or an AIP works best to meet the needs of the teacher. In case of a disagreement, the evaluator will select the option.
- The artifacts themselves are not rated. It is the implementation context and quality of their use that needs to be aligned with the performance levels in the rubric.
- The Artifacts of Instructional Practices is not intended to be a working portfolio.
- Engaging in one set of AIP is equivalent to ONE observation cycle.

### The Artifacts of Instructional Practices <u>ARE</u>:

- 1. Evidence of the planning and implementation of instructional practices aligned with the five focus components of the <u>Hawaii Adapted Framework for Teaching</u>.
- 2. Inclusive of teacher and student actions that are grounded in standards-based learning outcomes.
- 3. Collected over a collaboratively pre-determined instructional period that may extend beyond a single lesson but not a long series of lessons or the entire unit.
- Captured as hard copies or digital snapshots of teacher and student actions. (See some possible <u>Examples of Artifacts</u>)
- 5. Organized by each of the five focus components. A given artifact may align with more than one component. Teachers may use this <u>AIP Evidence Collection Form</u> for organization.

**Note:** Focus should be on the *component alignment* and the *implementation quality* of the artifacts aligned with the rubric descriptors and not the *quantity*.

### The Artifacts of Instructional Practices <u>ARE NOT</u>:

- 1. Lessons provided by scripted curricula.
- 2. A working portfolio to simply provide documentation.

questionsor submit relevant lesson materials to provide context for the upcoming lesson, as applicable to the expectations set by the evaluator.*teacher(s) and set the conference date(s).*Beginning ConferenceThe purpose of the Beginning Conference is for the teacher and evaluator to engage in a collaborative conversation to discuss the teacher's instructional plan, and set clear expect for what types and what sources of evidence will be considered high quality and in align with the rubrics.The Beginning Conference may occur through electronic formats such as WebEx, Zoom,	Prior to the Beginning Conference	The goal is to work together to establish mutually agreed upon conference dates and times, format and documentation expectations.			
questions or submit relevant lesson materials to provide context for the upcoming lesson, as applicable to the expectations set by the evaluator.*teacher(s) and set the conference date(s).*Beginning ConferenceThe purpose of the Beginning Conference is for the teacher and evaluator to engage in a collaborative conversation to discuss the teacher's instructional plan, and set clear expects for what types and what sources of evidence will be considered high quality and in alignr 		Teacher	Evaluator		
Conferencecollaborative conversation to discuss the teacher's instructional plan, and set clear expects for what types and what sources of evidence will be considered high quality and in align with the rubrics.The Beginning Conference may occur through electronic formats such as WebEx, Zoom, Google Suite apps, email etc.; in situations where the teacher and evaluator do not agree of format, the conference will default to a face-to-face meeting pending COVID-19 circumstances.TeacherEvaluatorTalks about the submitted plan or responses to the pre-observation conference questions and identifies potential Artifacts of Instructional Practices. This may include lesson objectives and activities, along with helpful information that will assist the evaluator, such as student characteristicsDuring the conference, the evaluator gives constructive feedback by asking questions ar clarifying any questions for acceptable types an sources of evidence that are grounded in the performance levels in the <u>rubric descriptors</u> . <sup>4</sup>		<u>questions</u> or submit relevant lesson materials to provide context for the upcoming lesson, as applicable to the	Clarify the AIP process and expectations with the teacher(s) and set the conference date(s).*		
TeacherEvaluatorTalks about the submitted plan or responses to the pre-observation conference questions and identifies potential Artifacts of Instructional Practices. This may include lesson objectives and activities, along with helpful information that will assist the 		<ul> <li>collaborative conversation to discuss the teacher's instructional plan, and set clear expectations for what types and what sources of evidence will be considered high quality and in alignment with the rubrics.</li> <li>The Beginning Conference may occur through electronic formats such as WebEx, Zoom, Google Suite apps, email etc.; in situations where the teacher and evaluator do not agree on the format, the conference will default to a face-to-face meeting pending COVID-19</li> </ul>			
responses to the <u>pre-observation</u> <u>conference questions</u> and identifies potential Artifacts of Instructional Practices. This may include lesson objectives and activities, along with helpful information that will assist the evaluator, such as student characteristics		The Beginning Conference may occur thro Google Suite apps, email etc.; in situations format, the conference will default to a fac	s where the teacher and evaluator do not agree on the		
Ask the evaluator clarifying questions at this time.		The Beginning Conference may occur thro Google Suite apps, email etc.; in situations format, the conference will default to a fac circumstances.	s where the teacher and evaluator do not agree on the e-to-face meeting pending COVID-19		

Implementation and Evidence Collection	The purpose is to provide a collection of quality artifacts aligned with the five focus components that will be used for continual self-assessment, and for a reflective discussion and evaluation during the Ending Conference.		
	Teacher	Evaluator	
	Organize evidence generated by the implementation of the plan (See some possible <u>Examples of Artifacts</u> )	May engage in an informal check-in and provide support as needed.	
	for details).*	Provide feedback on teacher-initiated inquiries.	
	May use the <u>AIP Evidence Collection</u> <u>Form</u> to document hard copy/digital evidence.		
Ending Conference	The purpose of the Ending Conference is for the teacher & evaluator to engage in a reflective discussion grounded in the rubric & in the evidence, and assign ratings.		
	The Ending Conference may occur through electronic formats such as WebEx, Zoom, Google Suite apps, email etc.; in situations where the teacher and evaluator do not agree on the format, the conference will default to a face-to-face meeting pending COVID-19 circumstances.		
	The Ending Conference concludes with the teacher's reflection (as applicable to the evaluator's expectations), and with the evaluator finalizing the documentation within PDE <sup>3</sup> . The Ending Conference reflection or its alternate is optional unless the evaluator requires this practice at the school or office.		
	Teacher	Evaluator	
	Participate in a collective analysis of how the evidence corresponds to component rubrics.*	Facilitate an evidence-based reflection discussion rooted in aligning evidence to the <u>Hawaii Adapted</u> <u>Framework for Teaching</u> .*	
	Submit additional artifacts to the evaluator as evidence.	Discuss strengths and areas of growth for the five focus components.	
	Identify strengths and areas of growth as a reflective teacher practice.	Review, if any, reflections that the teacher submits and add in any additional comments as applicable.	
	Document any concerns or additional information in PDE <sup>3</sup> .	Document date & component ratings in PDE <sup>3</sup> .*	

### Examples of Artifacts of Instructional Practices (AIP) Aligned with the Five Focus Component Indicators

#### A. Planning for collection of artifacts:

Pre-Observation Conference Questions or a Teacher's plan may serve as a template for identifying opportunities to generate artifacts of instruction and student engagement.

#### B. Collection of Artifacts:

- 1. The artifacts of instructional practice should be aligned with 5 focus components of Domains 2 and 3, to demonstrate teacher and student actions.
- 2. Digital snapshots and/or hard copies of learning activities (such as students engaged in self-assessment, questioning and discussion; students as partners in developing norms, success criteria etc.)
- 3. A teacher may invite the evaluator to view part of a synchronous session and that can be used as one of the artifacts for one or more of the 5 focus components. This is at the teacher's discretion and used if the teacher thinks it will add value.
- 4. May include running notes of successful activities aligned with the 5 components (such as teacher modeling of norms, questioning etc.).
- 5. The emphasis is on gathering the evidence that is impacting the *classroom environment* (Domain 2) and *cognitive engagement* (Domain 3) as a result of teacher actions. <u>Note</u>: Focus should be on the component alignment (context) and implementation (quality) of the artifacts and not the *quantity*.

#### Distinguished **Component & Indicators** Unsatisfactory Basic Proficient Possible Artifacts (Implementation evidence may include & not limited to) 2b. Establishing a Culture for The classroom culture is The classroom culture is characterized The classroom culture is a place The classroom culture is a Use of class mission/motto statement. characterized by a lack of by little commitment to learning by the where learning is valued by all; high cognitively busy place, characterized Learning Co-constructed class norms teacher or student commitment teacher or students. The teacher expectations for both learning and by a shared belief in the importance Belief in the value of what is being to learning, and/or little or no appears to be only "going through the hard work are the norm for most of learning. The teacher conveys Working agreements around guality and high learned investment of student energy in motions." and students indicate that students. Students understand their high expectations for learning for all High expectations, supported expectations the task at hand. Hard work and they are interested in the completion of role as learners and consistently students and insists on hard work: through both verbal and nonverbal Use of academic language the precise use of language are a task rather than the quality of the expend effort to learn. Classroom students assume responsibility for behaviors, for both learning and work. The teacher conveys that student not expected or valued. Medium interactions support learning, hard high quality by initiating participation Student assignment revision samples improvements, making revisions. to low expectations for student success is the result of natural ability work, and the precise use of • Expectation of high-quality work on adding detail, and/or assisting peers Work revision checklist achievement are the norm, with rather than hard work, and refers only language. the part of students high expectations for learning in passing to the precise use of in their precise use of language. Peer review using quality criteria of work Expectation and recognition of reserved for only one or two language. High expectations for effort and persistence on the part Student incentives students. learning are reserved for those of students students thought to have a natural Student's Goal-Setting/Action Planning/Reflection High expectations for expression aptitude for the subject. and work products Lesson plan Teacher reflection on 2B 2d. Managing Student Behavior There appear to be no Standards of conduct appear to have Student behavior is generally Student behavior is entirely Behavior management plan established standards of been established, but their appropriate. The teacher monitors appropriate. Students take an active Indicators include: Use of co-constructed class norms/agreements or conduct, or students challenge implementation is inconsistent. The student behavior against established role in monitoring their own behavior Clear standards of conduct, possibly them. There is little or no teacher tries, with uneven results, to standards of conduct. Teacher and/or that of other students against Code of Conduct posted, and possibly referred to teacher monitoring of student monitor student behavior and respond response to student misbehavior is standards of conduct. Teacher during a lesson Parent communication log with notations of behaviors behavior, and response to to student misbehavior. consistent, proportionate, and monitoring of student behavior is Absence of acrimony between students' misbehavior is respectful to students and is subtle and preventive. The teacher's Student behavior checklists (self/peer teacher and students concerning effective. repressive or disrespectful of response to student misbehavior is behavior assessment/reflection) student dignity. sensitive to individual student needs Teacher awareness of student Respectful ways to monitor and correct misbehavior and respects students' dignity. conduct Preventive action when needed by Peer Review - behavior the teacher Teacher reflection on 2D Absence of misbehavior Reinforcement of positive behavior

#### Table 1. Examples of Artifacts of Instructional Practices (AIP) Aligned with the Five Focus Component Indicators

<ul> <li>3b. Using Questioning/ Prompts and Discussion</li> <li>Questions of high cognitive challenge, formulated by both students and teacher</li> <li>Questions with multiple correct answers or multiple approaches, even when there is a single correct response</li> <li>Effective use of student responses and ideas</li> <li>Discussion, with the teacher stepping out of the central, mediating role</li> <li>Focus on the reasoning exhibited by students in discussion, both in give-and-take with the teacher and with their classmates</li> <li>High levels of student participation in discussion</li> </ul>		The teacher's questions lead students through a single path of inquiry, with answers seemingly determined in advance. Alternatively, the teacher attempts to ask some questions designed to engage students in thinking, but only a few students are involved. The teacher attempts to engage all students in the discussion, to encourage them to respond to one another, and to explain their thinking, with uneven results.	While the teacher may use some low-level questions, he poses questions designed to promote student thinking and understanding. The teacher creates a genuine discussion among students, providing adequate time for students to respond and stepping aside when doing so is appropriate. The teacher challenges students to justify their thinking and successfully engages most students in the discussion, employing a range of strategies to ensure that most students are heard.	The teacher uses a variety or series of questions or prompts to challenge students cognitively, advance high- level thinking and discourse, and promote metacognition. Students formulate many questions, initiate topics, challenge one another's thinking, and make unsolicited contributions. Students themselves ensure that all voices are heard in the discussion.	<ul> <li>Evidence of a shared space for students to continue discussion after a lesson</li> <li>Evidence of small group discussions such as break out rooms</li> <li>Examples of student generated questions</li> <li>Teacher's log of monitoring participation and questioning</li> <li>Use of anchor charts such as Costa's Levels of Questions</li> <li>Self/peer assessment/reflection on questioning strategies</li> <li>Co-constructed norms/guidelines for peer-to-peer engagement</li> <li>Discussion rubric</li> <li>List of essential questions used to deepen understanding</li> <li>Student participation checklist</li> <li>Lesson plan</li> <li>Teacher reflection on 3B</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>3c. Engaging Students in Learning</li> <li>Student enthusiasm, interest, thinking, problem solving, etc.</li> <li>Learning tasks that require high-level student thinking and invite students to explain their thinking</li> <li>Students highly motivated to work on all tasks and persistent even when the tasks are challenging</li> <li>Students actively "working," rather than watching while their teacher "works"</li> <li>Suitable pacing of the lesson: neither dragged out nor rushed, with time for closure and student reflection</li> </ul>	The learning tasks/activities, materials, and resources are poorly aligned with the instructional outcomes, or require only rote responses, with only one approach possible. The groupings of students are unsuitable to the activities. The lesson has no clearly defined structure, or the pace of the lesson is too slow or rushed.	The learning tasks and activities are partially aligned with the instructional outcomes but require only minimal thinking by students and little opportunity for them to explain their thinking, allowing most students to be passive or merely compliant. The groupings of students are moderately suitable to the activities. The lesson has a recognizable structure; however, the pacing of the lesson may not provide students the time needed to be intellectually engaged or may be so slow that many students have a considerable amount of "downtime."	The learning tasks and activities are fully aligned with the instructional outcomes and are designed to challenge student thinking, inviting students to make their thinking visible. This technique results in <b>active intellectual engagement</b> by most students with important and challenging content, and with teacher scaffolding to support that engagement. The groupings of students are suitable to the activities. The lesson has a clearly defined structure, and the pacing of the lesson is appropriate, providing most students the time needed to be intellectually engaged.	Virtually all students are intellectually engaged in challenging content through well-designed learning tasks and activities that require complex thinking by students. The teacher provides suitable scaffolding and challenges students to explain their thinking. There is evidence of some student initiation of inquiry and student contributions to the exploration of important content; students may serve as resources for one another. The lesson has a clearly defined structure, and the pacing of the lesson provides students the time needed not only to intellectually engage with and reflect upon their learning but also to consolidate their understanding.	<ul> <li>Evidence of implementation of differentiation and intellectually engaging lesson/unit plan such as:         <ul> <li>Assignments (project/problem-based, enrichment, differentiated, extension)</li> <li>Learning contracts</li> <li>Student engagement checklist</li> <li>Alternative project proposal</li> <li>Student interest based activity/project</li> <li>Students' choice to demonstrate learning via a variety of forms like PPT, Prezi, A/V recording, etc.</li> <li>Opportunities for students to collaborate, share ideas like chat, breakout rooms or a digital doc (synchronously and/or asynchronously)</li> <li>Grouping plan</li> <li>Examples of group work activities</li> <li>Standards aligned virtual field trip/guest speaker records</li> <li>Records of contests entered and/or won by students</li> <li>Examples of independent study activities</li> <li>Variety of instructional materials</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

<ul> <li>3d. Using Assessment in Instruction</li> <li>The teacher paying close attention to evidence of student understanding</li> <li>The teacher posing specifically created questions to elicit evidence of student understanding</li> <li>The teacher circulating to monitor student learning and to offer feedback</li> <li>Students assessing their own work against established criteria</li> </ul>	Students do not appear to be aware of the assessment criteria, and there is little or no monitoring of student learning; feedback is absent or of poor quality. Students do not engage in self or peer assessment.	Students appear to be only partially aware of the assessment criteria, and the teacher monitors student learning for the class as a whole. Questions and assessments are rarely used to diagnose evidence of learning. Feedback to students is general, and few students assess their own work.	Students appear to be aware of the assessment criteria, and the teacher monitors student learning for groups of students. Questions and assessments are regularly used to diagnose evidence of learning. Teacher feedback to groups of students is accurate and specific; some students engage in self-assessment.	Instruction, through extensive use of formative assessment. Students appear to be aware of, and there is some evidence that they have contributed to, the assessment criteria. Questions and assessments are used regularly to diagnose evidence of learning by individual students. A variety of forms of feedback, from both teacher and peers, is accurate and specific and advances learning. Students self-assess and monitor their own progress. The teacher successfully differentiates instruction to address individual students' misunderstandings.	<ul> <li>Use of assessment/proficiency criteria (rubric, checklist)</li> <li>Students' self-analysis of work using a rubric</li> <li>Use of learning targets/success criteria (co-constructed or teacher modeled)</li> <li>Student-made assessment example(s)</li> <li>Examples of a variety of assessments during instruction such as polls, quick quizzes, scheduled check-ins with students during synchronous learning</li> <li>Peer review worksheet</li> <li>Examples of written or oral feedback to students</li> <li>Formative checks such as student self-reflection on learning exit ticket, audio/video responses to inform next steps</li> <li>Lesson plans/unit of study (displaying where formative &amp; summative assessments are built in)</li> <li>Reflection on lesson adjustment due to formative assessment/feedback</li> <li>Teacher reflection on 3D</li> </ul>
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## **EES Resources Online**

The Hawaii State Department of Education (HIDOE) has a public webpage,

http://bit.ly/HIDOEees, where teachers, evaluators and the public can access information about the EES. More detailed information, resources and relevant documents and forms can be found on the HIDOE Intranet. The Intranet is only accessible by employees via their authenticated username (EmployeeID@hidoe.org) and password. To access many of the links to these resources that are embedded in the EES Manual, employees will need to log in. First-time users of the Intranet can set their password via our Self-Service Password Manager; instructions available here: General Guidance for Username and Password for DOE sites. Employees who need further assistance with their login should contact the IT Help Desk at 564-6000, or via HATS at 8-1-808-692-7250.

## **Key Priorities for Implementing the Educator Effectiveness System**

The Educator Effectiveness System (EES) is a comprehensive process to evaluate teachers' performance in the Hawaii State Department of Education (HIDOE) to determine how to best target supports for teacher growth and improvement. HIDOE developed and refined the EES over the course of a one-year planning period and two-year pilot. The system has been further refined through the EES Joint Committee process based on data and input collected from stakeholders during statewide implementation starting in School Year (SY) 2013-2014 and periodic refinement through SY2019-2020. The HIDOE leadership and teachers believe in the value and importance of creating and maintaining an environment conducive to student learning, to student growth and to developing opportunities for teacher led innovation.

## **Design Values**

### Effective teachers are critical to student learning

Research has shown that highly effective teachers have a pivotal impact on student achievement. The EES aims to improve student and system outcomes by providing all teachers with the support they need to succeed. When teachers excel, students thrive.

### Teachers deserve to be treated like professionals

Professionals deserve an evaluation system that provides fair, transparent, equitable, and comprehensive feedback about their performance. The EES uses multiple measures to give teachers the best information available and guard against misguided judgments. In order to support and retain effective teachers, the HIDOE also needs to recognize excellence. The EES introduces a performance rating system that supports effective instructional practices and offers opportunities to distinguished teachers to innovate and to improve their school or the system within which they work.

## The Educator Effectiveness System is about growth

To reach its goals, the HIDOE must invest in its teachers. The EES provides tools and data to help teachers become confident in their practices and to challenge themselves to improve their instruction, their school and the system. The EES supports teacher development by:

### **Clarifying Expectations**

To be effective, teachers and administrators must have a clear understanding of what constitutes successful teaching/system improvement. The multiple EES measures and performance rubrics identify areas of strength and improvement for our teachers.

### **Providing Feedback**

The EES provides regular feedback to teachers that is essential to learning and improvement. Under the EES, teachers receive feedback and opportunities for collegial discussion about their data throughout the school year.

### **Driving Professional Development**

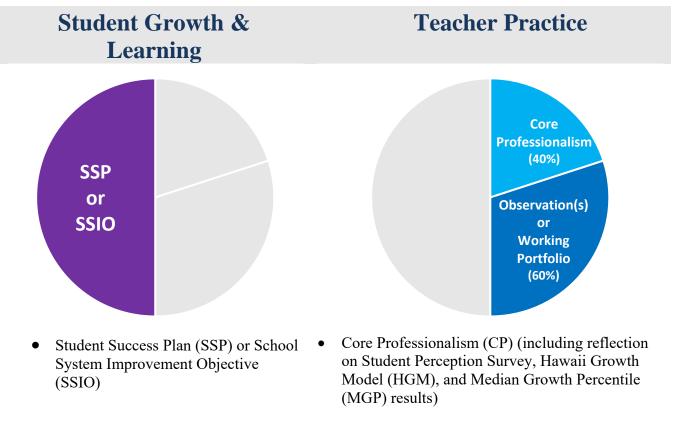
The EES data will help teachers and evaluators determine what support teachers need, the best way to allocate resources, and what instructional approaches/structures work best. When teachers are provided with constructive feedback, it allows them to set goals and to seek professional development that is aligned with their specific needs.

### Valuing Collaboration

Collaboration among teachers is critical. It builds common expectations of student and system outcomes and allows teachers to share best practices. The HIDOE encourages leveraging existing cooperative structures like data teams, professional learning communities, departments, instructional leadership teams, and/or grade level teams to help teachers interpret EES, as well as to improve teacher practice, student achievement, school improvement, and system change.

## **EES Measures**

The EES measures are rooted in the Hawaii Teacher Performance Standards and comply with Hawaii State Board of Education (Board) Policy 203.4. Board policy requires the evaluation system to have two major components each of which counts towards at least 40 percent of the overall rating. The EES consists of Student Growth & Learning measures for half of a teacher's annual effectiveness rating, with Teacher Practice accounting for the other half. EES components used to comprise each measure are differentiated based on each teacher's job classification since different data links to different teaching assignments.



• Observation(s) or Working Portfolio (WP)

Teachers cannot opt out of EES. It is a requirement of all teachers, based on the Bargaining Unit 5 (BU05) contract. All BU05 teachers shall be evaluated, irrespective of future plans the teacher may have (separation, retirement, leave, etc.).

## **Final Effectiveness Rating**

The combination of measures will result in an annual final effectiveness rating of Highly Effective, Effective, Marginal, or Unsatisfactory.

## **Highly Effective**

Demonstrates excellence in teacher practice and student/system outcomes that exceed expectations.

### Effective

Demonstrates effective teacher practice and student/system outcomes that meet expectations.

## Marginal

Needs improvement to demonstrate effective teacher practice and/or expected student/system outcomes.

### Unsatisfactory

Does not show evidence of effective teacher practice or expected student/system outcomes.

The final effectiveness rating represents the combined performance on multiple measures. Individual component ratings do not equate to the final effectiveness rating. Individual component ratings may use different terminology (e.g., Distinguished, Proficient, Basic, etc.) because they are indicators of specific levels of performance on unique rubrics.

The Professional Development Educate, Empower, Excel (PDE<sup>3</sup>) system, the HIDOE's online platform, will be used to document all evaluation dates, component ratings, and generate a final effectiveness rating.

## **Teacher Classification**

The EES applies to all BU05 employees within the HIDOE. BU05 employees fall into two broad categories: 1) Classroom Teachers (CT) and 2) Non-Classroom Teachers (NCT). PDE<sup>3</sup> will apply data to teachers depending upon the specified classification of either CT or NCT. If teachers switch roles mid-year, a conference should be initiated by the evaluator to discuss the implications on the teacher's evaluation. The Summary of Conference (SOC) form may be used to document this meeting.

## **Classroom Teachers**

CTs are BU05 employees who plan, deliver, and assess instruction for students.

## **Non-Classroom Teachers**

NCTs are BU05 employees who do not plan, deliver, or assess instruction for students as their primary responsibility. NCTs are professionals who may support students, educators, parents, and other members of the educational community either at a school, complex area, or state office. Examples of NCT roles may include curriculum coordinator, academic coach, registrar, resource teacher, librarian, counselor, student services coordinator, student activities coordinator, technology coordinator, and department head or grade level chair.

## **Teachers with Multiple Roles**

Some teachers may serve in multiple school roles. Teachers who have both classroom and nonclassroom responsibilities need to mutually determine, with their evaluator, which teacher classification best applies to their position. Teachers who primarily plan, deliver, and assess instruction for students should generally be classified as CTs. If the teacher and evaluator cannot agree on the teacher's classification, the evaluator's determination is the one that will take precedence.

## **Differentiating EES to Meet Teachers' Needs**

The EES applies differentiated evaluation tracks. HIDOE experience level, tenure status and the prior year's rating determine the differentiated evaluation activities and support. The differentiated process reflects the belief that teachers at different stages of experience and performance levels deserve and require different types of feedback, support, and opportunities to grow as professionals.

## **Five-year Comprehensive Evaluation Cycle for Tenured Teachers**

Based on Social Security Numbers (last number of SSN), tenured teachers will be On-Cycle at least once every five years, and focus on feedback and professional growth in all other years:

School Year	<b>On-Cycle Tenured Group</b>
SY2020-2021	Last SSN 6 & 8
SY2021-2022	Last SSN 0 & 9
SY2022-2023	Last SSN 1 & 3
SY2023-2024	Last SSN 5 & 7
SY2024-2025	Last SSN 2 & 4

## Tenured teachers who received a rating of Effective or better in the prior year's evaluation

Tenured teachers rated Effective or better in SY 2019-2020 with Social Security numbers ending in 6 or 8 shall be On-Cycle for the duration of SY 2020-2021. Tenured teachers with no EES Rating in SY 2019-2020 shall also be On-Cycle for the duration of SY 2020-2021. Tenured teachers rated Effective or better in SY 2019-2020 with Social Security numbers ending in 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, or 9 shall start the year Off-Cycle in SY 2020-2021. If the teacher completes the year Off-Cycle, then the prior year's final EES rating shall be carried over.

## Non-tenured teachers and teachers rated as Less than Effective

All teachers that begin SY 2020-2021 as a non-tenured teacher, shall be On-Cycle for the duration of SY 2020-2021. Any teacher rated Less than Effective in the prior year's evaluation shall be On-Cycle for the duration of SY 2020-2021.

## **Professional Development Plans (PDP)**

All Off-Cycle teachers will develop and maintain a professional development plan that identifies areas for targeted growth and learning of teachers and students. There are two types of professional development plans: 1) Individual Professional Development Plan and 2) Principal Directed Professional Development Plan.

### Individual Professional Development Plan (IPDP):

A teacher's IPDP can take shape in many different formats, but should include concrete goal(s) for targeted growth and learning of teachers and students. Teachers will discuss the contents of their plan with their evaluator by the end of the first quarter. Reflection on the plan itself and the learning opportunities within the plan are considered a matter of professional responsibility. An <u>example of an IPDP</u> can be found on the HIDOE Intranet.

### Principal Directed Professional Development Plan (PDPDP):

A PDPDP will apply to teachers on extended probation or who received a Less than Effective rating for the previous school year. The principal/evaluator will lead the development of this plan, and it must be constructed within 30 instructional days from the start of the school year. The plan should include specific interventions and teacher expectations, as well as a timeline for improvements to occur.

Additionally, teachers who have demonstrated documented deficiencies can be placed on a PDPDP at any time during the school year by their principal/evaluator (see the Supporting Teachers with Documented Deficiencies section of this manual for more information).

## **Annual Comprehensive Evaluations for SY2020-2021**

The HIDOE has committed to improving and differentiating the EES as referenced in the Superintendent's Memo.

	Differentiated Comprehensive Evaluations					
		On-Cycle				Off-Cycle
School	l Year	Emergency Hire /	Probationary 3-4	Probationary 5-6 /	Marginal /	Tenured
2020 2	001	Probationary 0-2		Tenured On-Cycle	Extended Probation	Off-Cycle
2020-2021		<ul><li>No SATEP</li><li>Probationary semester</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Probationary semester</li> <li>3-4 at start of SY20-21</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Probationary semester</li> <li>5-6 at start of SY20-21</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Last rating less than Effective</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Tenured Last SSN 0-5,</li> <li>7, &amp; 9 and last rating</li> </ul>
		0-2 at start of SY20-21		• Tenured last SSN 6 & 8 and last rating Effective or higher; or no rating	<ul> <li>Probationary semester</li> <li>7+ at start of SY20-21</li> </ul>	Effective or higher
r ə	Core Professionalism	Domain 4 evidence & reflection on student survey result	Domain 4 evidence & reflection on student survey result	Domain 4 evidence & reflection on student survey result	Domain 4 evidence & reflection on student survey result	Reflection on student survey result (not rated)*
<b>Feacher</b> <b>Practice</b>		No IPDP	No IPDP	No IPDP	PDPDP	IPDP (not rated)*
Tea Pra	Observation** -or- Working Portfolio	Two or more formal observations (one per semester), or a WP for NCT**	Two or more formal observations (one per semester), or a WP for NCT**	One or more formal observations, or a WP for NCT	Two or more formal observations (one per semester), or a WP for NCT**	Not required or rated*
Student Growth	SSP -or-	One SSP or SSIO	One SSP or SSIO	One SSP or SSIO	One SSP or SSIO	Not required or rated*
Stu Gre	SSIO	SSP Rubric #1***	SSP Rubric #2***	SSP Rubric #3***	SSP Rubric #1, 2 or 3***	
<b>Final Rating</b> New rating received I New rating received I New rating received I New rating received				Rating carried over from prior year		
* At the evaluator's discretion, teachers will continue to set learning objectives, engage in data team processes, participate in walkthroughs and implement best practices as part of school improvement processes. Such efforts shall not be rated for Off-Cycle teachers and documentation is not required.						
** Teachers hired during the second semester shall complete a minimum of one formal classroom observations, or a working portfolio for NCT.						
*** Refer to differentiated SSP rubrics on pg. 35 for scoring based on HIDOE teacher experience level and tenure status.						
Teachers who begin the school year On-Cycle will stay On-Cycle for the duration of the school year and will receive a new final rating.						

## **Orientation Training for all Teachers**

All teachers must participate in an annual EES Orientation to review the evaluation tool.

Topic	Provider	Purpose and Outcomes	Due Date*
EES Orientation Video	School level, complex area, or state office staff, as applicable	Provide an orientation to the performance evaluation system Inform teachers about updated EES process, tools, performance criteria, guidance material, method of calculating the annual evaluation rating, and timelines	Must be conducted prior to the first day of instruction with students *Relative to teachers hired after the school year starts, training should be conducted as soon as possible, and must be prior to starting the evaluation process.

## **Teachers New To EES - Overview Training**

In addition to the annual EES Orientation training, teachers new to the EES must participate in the following basic training requirements. Attendance for all required training sessions should be recorded in PDE<sup>3</sup>. Training and support should not be limited to the overviews; it should be ongoing and targeted to support individual needs.

Торіс	Provider	Purpose and Outcomes	Due Dates*
Teacher Practice Overview:Introduction to the Framework for TeachingOverview of Observations/ Working Portfolio, Core Professionalism (including 	Participant of the Trainer-of-Trainers for "Introduction to the Framework for Teaching" OR certified in the observation protocol	Provide teachers with a basic understanding of the components within the Teacher Practice & Student Growth measures	See Implementation Timeline *Relative to teachers hired after the school year starts, training should be conducted as soon as possible, and prior to the teacher's engagement in
Student Growth & Learning Overview: Introduction to effective Student Success Plans (SSP)	School level, complex area, or state office staff, as applicable		applicable evaluation components

## **Evaluation Conferences**

Every teacher is unique, therefore support and development should not look exactly the same for everyone. It is imperative that teachers and administrators have opportunities for honest conversations focused on promoting continuous improvement. Instead of meeting about each evaluation component separately, it is recommended that teachers and evaluators work together to schedule combined conferences for as many components as possible. While observation cycles typically require their own conferencing schedule, most of the other components in the EES can be discussed during a Beginning Conference, an optional Mid-Year Conference, and an Ending Conference as described here.

## **Beginning Conference**

This is a collaborative discussion about the teacher's past performance and plan for the year ahead. It is recommended that the topics of conversation include the Observation Schedule or Working Portfolio (WP) plan, Student Success Plan (SSP) or School/System Improvement Objective (SSIO), and others as applicable.

## **Mid-Year Conference (optional)**

If necessary or desired, a meeting can be arranged to discuss progress on all aspects of the teacher's performance. Topics could also include the impact of new students on Student Growth & Learning, progress on a WP, or a needed adjustment to a teacher's SSP or SSIO. Additionally, concerns could be discussed if the teacher has documented deficiencies and an intervention is necessary.

## **Ending Conference**

Teacher and evaluator review the summative feedback and the documentation that should support all ratings (component and overall) for Teacher Practice and Student Growth & Learning at the Ending Conference. Progress made on the SSP or SSIO should be discussed along with the teacher's final effectiveness rating for the school year. The administrator shall determine where documents should be uploaded (e.g. PDE<sup>3</sup>, Google Docs, etc.).

## **Implementation Timelines**

(Timelines for Multi-Track Schools are located in Appendix D. 12 month teachers should follow the Green Multi-track calendar as appropriate and in agreement with their evaluator.)

Teachers and evaluators should collaborate to complete EES requirements given the constraints applicable to their school and situation. The deadlines shown here are administrative deadlines. Evaluators may require evidence submission prior to dates listed to allow for feedback and revisions.

If a teacher and evaluator want to alter these timelines for a specific situation, it requires mutual agreement between the Employer and Association. Coordination and documentation of approval should be done through the EES Complex Area Lead and the Hawaii State Teachers Association (HSTA) UniServ Director. If there is no agreement, the timeline in this manual shall be followed.

## **Single Track Schools Implementation Timelines**

Evaluator or Implementation Deadline	Component	Implementation Notes
August		
8/4 (or prior to the first day of instruction)	Training	SY2020-2021 EES Orientation Video Training for all teachers. Teachers informed of online EES Manual on the DOE public website (hawaiipublicschools.org)
8/24 (or prior to starting EES evaluation)	Training	<ul> <li>EES Overview Training for teachers new to the EES*</li> <li>Evaluators may start scheduling Beginning Conferences for components (Observation, CP, WP, IPDP as applicable)</li> <li>*Relative to teachers hired after the school year starts, training should be conducted as soon as possible.</li> </ul>

September		
9/4	1 <sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO	<ul> <li>Evaluators approve 1<sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO in PDE<sup>3</sup></li> <li>9/7-12/4: Teachers implement SSP/SSIO</li> <li>Secondary teachers who only teach quarter-long classes must collaborate with their evaluators to determine the following deadlines: approval, mid-term, data collection, and end-of-term rating</li> </ul>
9/16	PDPDP	<ul> <li>Evaluator-led PDPDP developed for</li> <li>Teachers who received a final effectiveness rating of less than Effective in the prior school year, or</li> <li>Teachers who are on extended probation</li> </ul>
October		
10/2	<ul> <li>WP (for NCTs as applicable)</li> <li>CP</li> <li>IPDP</li> <li>Year-long</li> <li>SSP/SSIO</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Beginning Conferences completed</li> <li>Evaluators &amp; NCTs collaborate &amp; agree upon 5 components for WP</li> <li>Evaluators share CP expectations</li> <li>Teachers share IPDP with evaluators</li> <li>Evaluators approve Year-long SSP/SSIO in PDE<sup>3</sup></li> <li>10/12-4/30: Teachers implement SSP/SSIO plan</li> </ul>
10/30	1 <sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO	Evaluators approve mid-term 1 <sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO in PDE <sup>3</sup>
December		
12/4	<ul> <li>1<sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO</li> <li>Observations</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Teachers end data collection/implementation of 1<sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO</li> <li>1<sup>st</sup> Sem. observations completed</li> </ul>
12/7-1/5	• 1 <sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO	Evaluators conduct 1 <sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO ending conferences

January		
1/5 or second day after return from Winter Break	<ul> <li>1<sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO</li> <li>Observations</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Evaluators finalize 1<sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO end-of-term rating in PDE<sup>3</sup></li> <li>Evaluators finalize 1<sup>st</sup> Sem. Observations ratings in PDE<sup>3</sup></li> </ul>
1/15	Year-long SSP/SSIO	Evaluators approve mid-term Year-long SSP/SSIO in PDE <sup>3</sup>
1/22	EES Track Movement	Deadline for moving a teacher from Off-Cycle to On-Cycle for SY 2020-2021
February		
2/5	2 <sup>nd</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO	Evaluators approve 2 <sup>nd</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO in PDE <sup>3</sup> • 2/9-4/30: Teachers implement SSP/SSIO
2/11	Student Perception Survey	<ul> <li>Results for Student Perception Survey distributed</li> <li>Teachers review &amp; reflect upon the results</li> </ul>
March		
3/5	2 <sup>nd</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO	Evaluators approve mid-term 2 <sup>nd</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO in PDE <sup>3</sup>
April		
4/30	<ul> <li>2<sup>nd</sup> Sem. Obs.</li> <li>WP</li> <li>CP</li> <li>IPDP/PDPDP</li> <li>2<sup>nd</sup> Sem. or Yearlong SSP/SSIO</li> <li>Student Perception Survey Reflection</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>2<sup>nd</sup> Sem. Observations completed</li> <li>Teachers stop data collection/implementation for WP, CP, IPDP/PDPDP, Year-long or 2<sup>nd</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO         <ul> <li>Teachers should prepare for the final evaluation conference as applicable</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

May		
5/3-5/21	<ul> <li>Observations/WP</li> <li>SSP/SSIO</li> <li>CP</li> <li>PDPDP</li> <li>Student Perception Survey Reflection (as applicable)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Evaluators complete all ending conferences within this time frame; especially for teachers rated less than Effective.         <ul> <li>Evaluators finalize and lock all relevant components in PDE<sup>3</sup>, including the Summary Tab where evaluator &amp; teacher should e-sign and date to acknowledge the final effectiveness rating for SY 2020-2021.</li> <li>For teachers that receive a less than Effective final rating, the principal must review and discuss the final effectiveness rating no later than 5/21.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

Note: Off Cycle Teachers finalize IPDP and Student Perception Survey reflection.

# **Supporting Teachers with Documented Deficiencies**

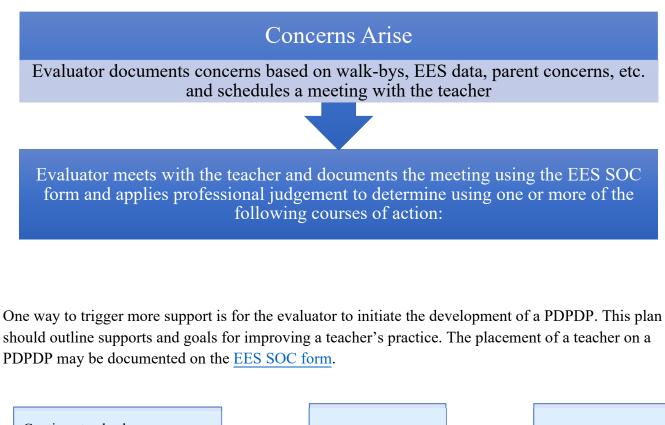
Evidence and documentation should determine the direction of support for teachers and their performance improvement needs. There are various reasons why teachers may struggle to meet proficiency goals and may need support. When evaluators understand teachers' professional needs, opportunities for support can be provided in focused and targeted ways.

Evaluators should examine effective practices and discuss what might be done to support teachers to improve performance based on their developmental needs. Differentiated support can be designed based on accessible professional learning resources, collaborations, and/or technical assistance.

Triggers for initiating an intervention support due to documented performance deficiencies (contingent on the teacher's current evaluation track) include, but are not limited to observations, SSP/SSIO implementation, Core Professionalism, Student Perception Survey results, student outcomes, parent concerns, or walk-through data. Information and data from the previous year may be used by the evaluator to trigger additional supports or to place a tenured teacher On-Cycle.

Evaluators should document concerns as they arise, contact their EES Complex Area Lead for guidance, and schedule a meeting with the teacher to discuss next steps and expectations.

Evaluators may provide targeted support. Administrative interventions may occur based on the magnitude of a single performance deficiency or multiple performance deficiencies on the teacher's part. The administrator's professional judgment determines how he or she proceeds.



Continue to check on progress while outlining next steps, necessary supports, timeline, and expectations

And/or

Initiate a PDPDP

And/or

Move the teacher On-Cycle

### Moving a teacher from Off-Cycle to On-Cycle Evaluation

If a teacher who is participating in an Off-Cycle Evaluation demonstrates documented performance deficiencies, the evaluator should address the issue and document the concern(s) in an <u>EES Summary of</u> <u>Conference</u>. Evaluators have the option to put the teacher back On-Cycle (see Implementation Timeline).

If the EES Track Movement date has passed, the evaluator should continue to document concerns and provide support for the remainder of the school year. At the end of the year, the evaluator should determine if the teacher has made improvements or if the teacher will need to be placed On-Cycle at the start of the next school year for more targeted and formal support. This cycle change should be addressed at the ending of the year conference.

## **Teacher Practice Measures**



Teacher practice is based on two measures, Core Professionalism and Observation/Working Portfolio. Teachers have access to Charlotte Danielson's book, <u>Enhancing Professional Practice:</u> <u>A Framework for Teaching</u>. The element-level rubrics found in the 2007 edition and the component-level rubrics found in the <u>2013 edition</u> <u>of The Framework for Teaching Evaluation</u> <u>Instrument</u> were consolidated into the Hawaii Adapted Framework for Teaching as a guide for evidence collection and evaluation within the EES.

## **Core Professionalism**

Core Professionalism (CP) encompasses the range of responsibilities and activities a teacher handles that are critical to students and schools. Throughout the school year, teachers engage in professional activities that positively contribute to their professional growth and the school culture.

### Indicators for Core Professionalism

### **Domain 4 Evidence**

The criteria and expectations for CP are articulated in the Domain 4 Hawaii Adapted Framework for Teaching Rubric (see pg. 24). The Domain Level Rubric provides a holistic picture of a teacher's professional responsibilities. <u>Additional CP resources</u> can be found on the HIDOE Intranet.

### **Reflection on Student Perception Survey results**

The Student Perception Survey collects student perspectives about teaching and learning pertaining to a specific classroom. Teachers that administer a class survey will receive a teacher report on their class' collective results. Schools will also receive a school level report based on the collective results from all students surveyed in the school. Teachers will reflect upon their individual, school, complex or state level Student Perception Survey results as applicable to their position. Teachers should consult and collaborate with their evaluator on the acceptable documentation method of reflection. More information about the Student Perception Survey is available on the <u>Student Perception Survey page</u> on the HIDOE Intranet.

### **Reflection on Hawaii Growth Model (HGM) results\***

The HGM is a normative model that ranks each student's state assessment score against other students with similar test score history (academic peer group) in ELA and Math. Each student will receive a Student Growth Percentile (SGP). The SGP resulting from this analysis helps to determine how much a student has progressed within a given year compared to other students within their academic peer group. Teachers teaching in Gr. 4-8, ELA/Math have a Median Growth Percentile (MGP) derived from their students' SGP. Each school also receives a MGP according to the school's performance in ELA/Math.

Teachers will reflect on individual or school-wide HGM results as applicable to their position and should consult and collaborate with their evaluator on the acceptable documentation method of reflection.

More information about the Hawaii Growth Model is available in the <u>additional HGM resources</u> on the HIDOE Intranet. (\*Please note: Due to COVID-19 school closures, there are no HGM results for SY19-20 for reflection in SY20-21. Standardized testing will resume in SY20-21, and HGM results will be available for reflection purposes in SY21-22.)

Process, Requirements* & Best Practices for: Core Professionalism (CP) *notates required actions				
Beginning Conference				
	Teacher	Evaluator		
Complete by the end of the first quarter	Understand and clarify evaluator's expectations.*	Review the expectations w/teachers.* Discuss what qualifies as acceptable evidence, how the evidence should be submitted, and due dates for submission.		
		Must document date into PDE <sup>3</sup> for On-Cycle teachers.*		
Evidence Collection	The purpose of the Evidence Collection is for the teacher and evaluator to capture the holistic picture of a teacher's professional responsibilities, activities & contributions to the school culture. Evaluators can also submit evidence to a teacher's CP evidence.			
	Teacher	Evaluator		
	Collect evidence that aligns to the expectations & rubric throughout the school year. Teachers should also reflect upon relevant student surveys as a part of their evidence. Submit the evidence via designated way evaluator identified (PDE <sup>3</sup> , Google, hard copies, etc.).*	<ul> <li>Submit evidence as applicable. Inform the teacher if evidence is to be submitted for evaluation purposes.*</li> <li>If the teacher does not participate in CP (or any other component of the EES in a timely manner or at all), the evaluator should address this through the SOC process.</li> <li>The principal should issue a directive requiring the teacher to follow through by a specific deadline; and identify the possible consequence(s) if the teacher does not follow through.</li> <li>If the teacher does not comply within that time, the evaluator will rate the teacher as Unsatisfactory for the affected EES component and may also use this as evidence in CP.</li> </ul>		
Ending Conference	The purpose of the Ending Conference is for the teacher & evaluator to review the evidence and assign a rating.			
Somerence	Teacher	Evaluator		
	Input any comments into PDE <sup>3</sup> as applicable.	Review evidence & assign rating in PDE <sup>3</sup> for On-Cycle teachers.*		

## **Rating Calculation for Core Professionalism**

CP is viewed and rated holistically using the Domain 4 Hawaii Adapted Framework for Teaching rubric (see rubric below). Indicators are not rated individually and then averaged, but rather it is the evaluator's judgment of the preponderance of evidence. A single indicator may be important enough to influence the final CP rating. Evaluators may also contribute to the pool of evidence (e.g., following school policies and procedures, participation in professional development, etc.) and must notify teachers when it is going to be used for evaluation purposes. Evaluators are responsible for clearly communicating submission of CP evidence, deadlines, and clarifying expectations to On-Cycle teachers.

0 (Unsatisfactory)	2 (Basic)	3 (Proficient)	4 (Distinguished)
Teacher demonstrates low ethical standards and little sense of professionalism for improving his/her own teaching and collaboration with colleagues. Record- keeping systems are chaotic and ineffective, with information lost or missing. Communication with families/communities is unclear, infrequent, and culturally insensitive. Teacher avoids participating in both school and department projects unless specifically required to do so, and makes a minimal commitment to professional development. Reflection on practice is infrequent or inaccurate, resulting in few ideas for improvement	Teacher demonstrates modest ethical standards and a moderate sense of professionalism for improving his/her own teaching, and modest collaboration with colleagues. Record- keeping systems are minimal and partially effective. Communication with families/communities is sometimes unclear, sporadic, and of mixed cultural sensitivity. Teacher participates to a minimal extent in both school and department projects, and makes a commitment to professional development. Reflection on practice is sporadic and occasionally accurate, resulting in inconsistent ideas for improvement	Teacher demonstrates high ethical standards and a sense of professionalism focused on improving his/her own teaching, and collaboration with colleagues. Record- keeping systems are efficient and effective. Communication with families/communities is clear, frequent, and culturally sensitive. Teacher participates in both school and department projects, and engages in professional development activities. Reflection on practice is frequent and accurate, resulting in valuable ideas for improvement	Teacher demonstrates highest ethical standards and a deep sense of professionalism, focused on improving his/her own teaching and supporting the ongoing learning of colleagues. Record- keeping systems are efficient and effective, with evidence of student contribution. Communication with families/communities is clear, frequent, and culturally sensitive, with meaningful student participation. Teacher assumes leadership roles in both school and department projects, and engages in a wide range of professional development activities. Reflection on practice is insightful, resulting in valuable ideas for improvement that are shared across professional learning communities and contribute to improving the practice of colleagues

### CP ratings may be quantified by using the following Domain 4 Hawaii Adapted Framework for Teaching rubric:

# **Observations and Working Portfolios**

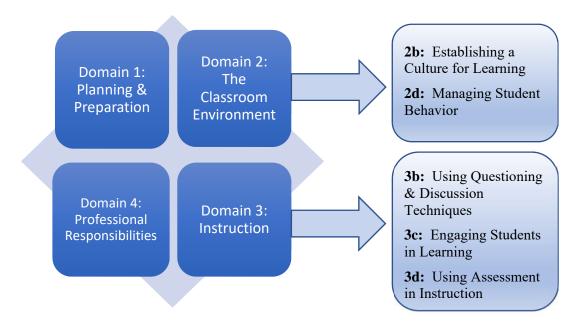
Observations and collaborative conferencing are critical to understanding and developing teacher practice. The observation cycle consists of three key steps, which should be completed by the same observer. Best practice is for the cycle to be completed within two weeks. The lengths of conferences and observations will vary depending on the context. Observations are based on Charlotte Danielson's Framework for Teaching. The HIDOE decided to focus on five observable components for classroom observations based on their alignment with our Statewide Strategic Initiatives. <u>The Hawaii Adapted Framework for Teaching Rubrics</u> will be used to guide evidence collection and evaluations of these focus components.

Observers must be Educational Officers (EOs) who are certified by the HIDOE to conduct observations. Evaluators have the authority to determine the number of classroom observations beyond the minimal observation requirement based on their professional judgment. If a teacher requests additional observations, it is up to the evaluator to approve or deny these additional requests. A different EO may conduct any additional evaluations, as long as s/he conducts the whole observation cycle.

While a minimum of one or two observations is required for On-Cycle teachers, educators are encouraged to engage in more observations to provide feedback, improve practice, and determine an accurate picture of what is truly happening in the classroom. Video-taping for evaluation purposes shall not be allowed but teachers may consent to recording for mentoring, coaching and professional development purposes only.

### Indicators for Classroom Teacher Observations

There are 11 observable components within Domain 2 (Classroom Environment) and Domain 3 (Instruction) of the Framework for Teaching. HIDOE focuses on the following five observable components for classroom observations:



#### Non-Classroom Teacher (NCT) Formal Observations

With administrator approval, NCTs can participate in formal observation cycles instead of the Working Portfolio (WP). The NCT and evaluator should work collaboratively when identifying the five most appropriate components for observations from the <u>Hawaii Adapted Framework for Teaching Rubrics for NCTs</u> that pertain to Instructional Specialists, School Counselors, Library/Media, Classroom Teacher, etc. The five selected components must come from the observable Domains of the Framework; Domain 2 <u>and</u> Domain 3 and must include components from both Domains. If an NCT is On-Cycle, one or more formal observations are required.

# Formal Observations for Special Education (SpEd) Teachers in Fully Self-Contained (FSC) Settings

With administrator approval, SpEd FSC teachers can choose the most applicable components from Domain 2 and 3 for their formal observation(s). The SpEd teacher and the evaluator should work collaboratively when identifying the five most appropriate components for observations from the 2013 edition of The Framework for Teaching Evaluation Instrument. The five selected components must come from the observable Domains of the Framework; Domain 2 and Domain 3 and must include components from both Domains. If a teacher is On-Cycle, one or more observations are required.

Process, Requirements* & Best Practices for: Formal Observations *notates required actions			
Setting up an Observation Cycle	The goal is to work together to establish mutually agreed upon conference dates and times, format & documentation expectations. The Pre-Conference Questions or their alternate are optional, unless the evaluator requires this as a matter of practice at the school or office.		
	Teacher Evaluator		
Conference Questions or submit relevant lesson materials to provide context for the upcoming lesson, as applicable to the expectations set by the evaluator.*the teacher • Mus notic pre-concerned		<ul> <li>May select the most appropriate date and time, if the teacher and evaluator cannot agree.</li> <li>Must provide a minimum of a 24-hour notice to the teacher prior to conducting the pre-conference.* (If scheduling conflicts occur, evaluators should document attempts &amp; continue with the observation process).</li> </ul>	
Pre- Observation Conference	The purpose of the Pre-Observation Conference is for the teacher to share lesson objectives and activities along with helpful information that provides context for the observation. In classrooms where the five components are sometimes challenging to address, the teacher and evaluator should identify the types of evidence that would be appropriate for the levels of performance within that classroom. The Pre-Observation Conference may occur through email, WebEx, PDE <sup>3</sup> or other electronic formats; in situations where the teacher and evaluator do not agree on the format, the Pre-Observation Conference will default to face- to-face.		
	Teacher	Evaluator	
	Share lesson objectives and activities, along with helpful information that will assist the observer*, such as studentReview the pre-conference materials submittee by the teacher.		
	characteristics and specific classroom situations. Ask questions rooted in the rubric, discuss wh will be used as evidence of learning, and clari- any questions posed by the teacher.		
	Ask the evaluator to collect specific feedback and clarify questions about the observation at this time.	Document the scheduled date & time into $PDE^{3}$ .*	

Process, Requirements* & Best Practices for: Formal Obs, Continued *notates required actions				
Classroom Observation	The purpose of the Classroom Observation is to collect evidence to provide clear, timely, and useful feedback that supports teachers' professional learning. The observation should last as long as it takes to observe the discussed lesson.			
	Teacher	Evaluator		
	Carry out the lesson discussed.* Collect additional artifacts relative to the lesson observed, such as student work samples, to bring to the Post- Observation Conference.	Must provide the teacher with 24-hour notice prior to conducting the formal observation.* (If conflicts arise, evaluators should document attempts and continue with the observation process.)		
		Collect objective evidence, noting both student and teacher actions.*		
	Speak with students during the lesson t additional evidence about their learning typical classroom practice.			
Post- Observation Conference	After the observation, the teacher and evaluator should match evidence with components and analyze how the evidence aligns with the rubric. The purpose of the Post-Observation Conference is to engage teachers and evaluators in professional conversations that promote quality teaching and learning. Post-Observation Conferences should be scheduled for face- to-face interactions. Evaluators must provide a copy of the evidence/observation notes to the teacher prior to the Post-Observation Conference.* Observation concludes with the teacher's reflection (as applicable to the evaluator's expectations) and the evaluator finalizing the documentation within PDE <sup>3</sup> . The observation reflection questions or their alternate are optional, unless the evaluator requires this as a matter of practice at the school or office.			
	Teacher	Evaluator		
	Participate in collaborative analysis about how the evidence corresponds to component rubrics.	Facilitate an evidence-based discussion rooted in aligning evidence to the Hawaii Adapted Framework for Teaching.		
	Submit additional artifacts to the evaluator as evidence.	Discuss areas of strength and weakness and performance level demonstrated for each component.		
	Address the <u>Post-Observation</u> <u>Conference Questions</u> as applicable to the expectations of the evaluator.	Review, if any, reflections that the teacher submits & add in any additional comments as applicable.		
	Document any concerns or additional information.	Document date & component ratings in PDE <sup>3</sup> .*		

## **Rating Calculation for Observations**

During a Post-Observation Conference for each observation cycle, the evaluator assigns a final performance level rating by using the <u>Hawaii Adapted Framework for Teaching Rubrics</u>. An Unsatisfactory rating in the observation component as a whole, shall require an additional observation. This additional observation need not be done by a different evaluator, but it is permissible. After all observation cycles are completed, the individual component ratings (five from each observation) will be averaged and quantified using the performance level scoring scale. The final observation rating will be a number from zero to four that is produced by averaging the scores from all of the component level ratings (0=Unsatisfactory, 2=Basic, 3=Proficient, 4=Distinguished). <u>Additional Observation resources</u> can be found on the HIDOE Intranet.

## Working Portfolio (WP)

Non-Classroom Teachers (NCTs), in collaboration with their evaluator, will have the option to complete a WP in place of a formal observation. WPs provide a method of documenting a teacher's practice by collecting and presenting quality evidence of meeting performance standards articulated by the Hawaii Adapted Framework for Teaching or the Hawaii Teacher Standards Board's (HTSB) Performance Standards for School Librarians and School Counselors. The collection of evidence is the responsibility of the NCT. The evaluator may participate in collecting evidence. The evidence may be compiled in physical or electronic formats as determined through collaboration between the teacher and the evaluator. If there is no agreement, the evaluator will determine the format. The evaluator and NCT may choose to supplement the WP with observation data of the NCT.

### Indicators for Working Portfolios

NCTs should work with their evaluators to select either the <u>Hawaii Adapted Framework for Teaching</u> or the <u>HTSB-approved Professional Standards for School Librarians and School Counselors</u>. When using the Hawaii Adapted Framework for Teaching, the NCT and evaluator may compile a combination of components from Domains 1, 2, or 3 from different rubrics if necessary to best reflect the NCT's primary job responsibilities. It is not appropriate to combine some components from the Hawaii Adapted Framework for Teaching and some standards from the HTSB because the two frameworks employ different organizational structures. If the NCT and the evaluator cannot agree, the evaluator will select the most appropriate rubric and components.

### Chart for Selecting Working Portfolio Components

#### Which framework is best aligned with the NCT's roles and responsibilities?

Hawaii Teacher Standards Board

#### Options:

- Hawaii Teacher Standards Board (HTSB) Rubric for Counselors
- Hawaii Teacher Standards Board (HTSB) Rubric for Librarians

Select 5 standards from within the HTSB

Hawaii Adapted Framework for Teaching

#### Options:

- Library or Media Specialist Rubric
- School Nurse Rubric
- School Counselor Rubric
- School Psychologist Rubric
- Therapeutic Specialist Rubric
- Classroom Teacher Rubric
- Instructional Specialist Rubric

Select 5 components from Domain 1, 2, or 3 from a single Hawaii Adapted Framework for Teaching Rubric, or a combination of components from different Hawaii Adapted Framework for Teaching Rubrics.

Process, Rec	Process, Requirements* & Best Practices for: Working Portfolios (WP) *notates required actions				
<b>Beginning</b> <b>Conference</b> Complete by the	collaborative conversation to select and corresponding rubrics. Discussions show the types and sources of evidence to be c	ce is for the evaluator & teacher to engage in a approve the Framework, five components & ald also lead to setting clear expectations for considered of high quality and in alignment ginning Conference questions is optional actice at the school or office.			
end of the first	Teacher	Evaluator			
quarter (if NCT assumes position after first quarter, conduct Beginning Conference as soon as possible)	In preparation for the Beginning r first rter, conduct sinning     In preparation for the Beginning Conference     In preparation for the Beginning       • Download the appropriate WP rubrics from the HIDOE intranet site.     • Confirm NCT roles/response review any materials subre NCT.				
Evidence Collection	The purpose of the Evidence Collection is to gather and document quality evidence connected to the components that demonstrate the typical practice of the NCT over the course of the year				
	Teacher Evaluator				
	Implement strategies to gather multiple types of evidence for each component. Use the <u>NCT WP Evidence</u> <u>Submission Form</u> to document hard copy evidence.	<ul> <li>If needed, collect supplemental evidence and share with the teacher.</li> <li>Inform the teacher if evidence will be submitted for evaluation purposes.*</li> </ul>			

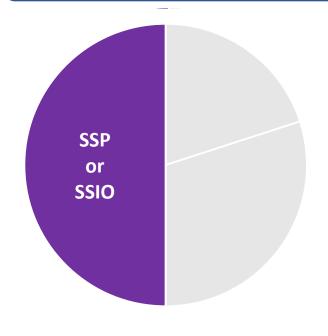
Process, Requirements* & Best Practices for: WP, Continued *notates required actions				
Mid-Year Conference (Optional)	<b>Year</b> <b>rence</b> The purpose of the optional Mid-Year Conference is to review the progress made, verify i revisions are necessary, and repeat the Beginning Conference process for any revisions to the components or types of avidence collected			
	Teacher	Evaluator		
	<ul> <li>Conference with the evaluator as needed.</li> <li>Share evidence/justification for revisions.</li> </ul>	Review progress and provide feedback. Document conference, ensure changes are reflected and approved in PDE <sup>3</sup> .*		
Ending Conference	The purpose of the Ending Conference is to discuss the submitted evidence for the WP and discuss areas of strength, identified areas for growth, and next steps. The Ending Conference may be used to document reflections of the WP process within the Ending Conference Summary in PDE <sup>3</sup> . <u>The WP Reflection Questions</u> or their alternate are optional, unless the evaluator requires this as a matter of practice at the school or office.			
	Teacher	Evaluator		
	Organize and submit evidence for the evaluator's review prior to the Ending Conference.*	Facilitate an evidence-based discussion rooted in aligning evidence to the WP Rubric.		
	<ul> <li>evaluator's review prior to the Ending Conference.*</li> <li>If physical evidence is used, attach the <u>WP Teacher Evidence Submission</u> <u>Form;</u></li> <li>PDE<sup>3</sup>, Google, and other online media</li> </ul>	rooted in aligning evidence to the WP		
	<ul> <li>evaluator's review prior to the Ending Conference.*</li> <li>If physical evidence is used, attach the <u>WP Teacher Evidence Submission</u> Form;</li> </ul>	rooted in aligning evidence to the WP Rubric. Discuss areas of strength and weakness and performance level demonstrated for each of		
	<ul> <li>evaluator's review prior to the Ending Conference.* <ul> <li>If physical evidence is used, attach the <u>WP Teacher Evidence Submission</u> <u>Form;</u></li> <li>PDE<sup>3</sup>, Google, and other online media may also be used to submit descriptions.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	rooted in aligning evidence to the WP Rubric. Discuss areas of strength and weakness and performance level demonstrated for each of the 5 components. Review, if any, reflections that the teacher submits & add in any additional comments		

## **Rating Calculation for Working Portfolio**

During the Ending Conference, the evaluator assigns a performance level rating using agreed upon rubrics for each of the applicable components chosen for the WP. The individual component ratings are then quantified using the performance level scoring scale. The final WP rating is a number from zero to four that is produced by averaging the scores from all five component ratings. The final observation rating will be a number from zero to four that is produced by averaging the scores from all of the component level ratings (0=Unsatisfactory, 2=Basic, 3=Proficient, 4=Distinguished). Additional WP resources can be found on the HIDOE Intranet.

# **Student Growth & Learning Measures**

## Student Success Plan (SSP) and School or System Improvement Objective (SSIO)



In order to show evidence of student learning, Student Success Plans (SSP) are thoughtfully selected outcomes or standards that will reflect the most important desired learning. The SSP should be specific to the course or subject and grade for the semester, quarter (for applicable secondary teachers), or year. Teachers will provide baseline data to establish initial student readiness, as well as the instructional strategies to be utilized. At the end of the term, teachers will provide assessment data that shows student growth, and reflect on their practice as it relates to student achievement. CTs (classroom teachers) are required to develop one complete, written SSP for approval and implementation during the year of their On-Cycle evaluation.

The School or System Improvement Objective (SSIO) is similar to an SSP and serves as an option for NCTs (non-classroom teachers) only, depending on the nature of their assignment. An NCT who works directly with students on acquiring new or improved learning should complete an SSP. An NCT who works toward school or system improvement(s) should complete an SSIO. The evaluator and teacher should collaborate to determine which is appropriate, an SSP or SSIO as it relates to the complex, school, and/or classroom needs. If an agreement cannot be reached, the evaluator will select the most appropriate focus.

The SSP/SSIO process should be integrated into existing efforts to analyze data, set goals, and implement formative instructional cycles. (e.g., if a group of teachers in the same department, course, or grade level can agree on a common SSP, or if the school develops a school-wide SSP, data team meetings can become a useful forum for analyzing progress towards the SSP and sharing teaching strategies that are successful in helping students demonstrate growth.)

#### Special Considerations

#### **Alternative Learning Settings**

Teachers working with students in an alternative learning setting, either on or off campus, may consider both the SSP and SSIO as options. The teacher and evaluator should work together to determine which is more appropriate but the evaluator will select the focus if an agreement cannot be reached.

#### Mid-Year Assignment Changes

If a teacher changes roles mid-year, the teacher and evaluator can work together on a new SSP/SSIO within appropriate approval deadlines.

#### **Preschool Teachers**

Teachers of preschool students should use SSPs instead of SSIOs.

#### **Teachers in Self-Contained Classrooms**

Teachers working with students with severe cognitive disabilities in a fully self-contained setting may have a small class with drastically different needs. Teachers and evaluators have the following additional options depending on the context of the class:

- Create different SSPs for each student; SSPs may integrate Individualized Education Program (IEP) goals and objectives
- Create a common learning goal such as: Students will apply knowledge and skills of verbal and nonverbal language to communicate effectively in various situations, one-to-one, in groups, and for a variety of purposes

## The Components of an SSP

While there is no specific template for SSPs, the format must include:

- Standard(s) or desired learning
- Identified student population
- Assessments for baseline data
- Individual baseline analysis for students
- Instructional strategies
- Assessment and assessment tool to measure desired growth for the quarter, semester or year
- Reflection

#### SSP/SSIO Requirements

Schools should use existing documents that support teaching and learning and/or school or system improvements for the SSP/SSIO if the documentation addresses all components of the SSP/SSIO. Teachers and evaluators must agree on the format, rating rubric, and supporting documentation prior to or during the Beginning of Term Conference. If an agreement cannot be reached, the evaluator will determine the format and process by which the SSP/SSIO will be documented. Only approved SSPs/SSIOs shall be implemented, measured, and used in the evaluation. The following information highlights both processes.

P	<b>Process, Requirements*&amp; B</b> *notates required act				
Prior to the Beginning of Term Conference	The purpose of the Beginning of Term Conference is to plan for an effective SSP implementation. The interval of instruction should be identified and the teacher should begin to plan out the components of the SSP. Evaluators and teachers should discuss meaningful ways to document and align the SSP to current schoolwide and classroom practices.				
	Teacher Evaluator				
	Determine the priority content focus area based on student needs as evidenced by baseline data.	Clarify the SSP process and expectations with the teacher and set the Beginning of Term Conference date.			
	Submit SSP and supporting document(s) to the evaluator for review and feedback by the evaluator's deadline.*				
Beginning of Term	The purpose of the Beginning of Term Conference is for the evaluator to review the SSP (and any supporting document(s) with the teacher. Refer to pg. 29 for SSP Components and Requirements.				
Conference	Teacher	Evaluator			
(Approval Process)	<ul> <li>Share the SSP and any supporting document(s) with the evaluator* <ul> <li>Explain the rationale why it was selected and how it addresses student needs.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Explain the outcome and how it is aligned to the assessment(s), the desired learning, and the instructional strategies.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Review the SSP to determine approval for implementation and provide feedback to the teacher if the SSP doesn't meet expectations.*</li> <li>Discuss the components of the SSP, the data used to determine student needs, the assessments, and the strategies that will be used to determine student growth.</li> <li>Document conference date and approval into PDE<sup>3</sup>.*</li> </ul>			

Process, Requirements*& Best Practices for: SSP, Continued *notates required actions				
Throughout the Term	The purpose of this phase is for the teacher to implement the SSP and for the evaluator to monitor and support as necessary. A Mid-Term Conference may be scheduled if the teacher or evaluator determines a need.			
(Implementation, Progress	Teacher	Evaluator		
Monitoring, Mid- Term Conference)	<ul> <li>Implement the appropriate assessments &amp; strategies of the approved SSP, monitor progress and determine if adjustments are needed.*</li> <li>Formative assessment data, such as conversations &amp; student work can provide insight into progress being made.</li> <li>If adjustments to SSP Assessment(s) are needed, request a Mid-</li> </ul>	Monitor and provide support for the teacher as needed. • If requested, schedule a Mid- Term Conference		
	<ul> <li>Term Conference with the evaluator. Factors include:</li> <li>New/exited students</li> <li>Extenuating circumstances that impact administration of assessments</li> <li>Misalignment of assessment data and desired learning outcome(s)</li> </ul>	and discuss ways to adjust; document the date and approval in PDE <sup>3</sup> .*		
Prior to End	The purpose of this phase is to prepare for the End of Term Conference. Teachers should gather SSP implementation data and start organizing and analyzing it for their End of Term Conference.			
of Term	Teacher	Evaluator		
Conference (Compilation of Outcome)	Collect, compile, analyze & submit assessment data and student growth information (as applicable to the evaluator's expectations).*	Schedule End of Term Conference and review the SSP results from the teacher.		
Prepare to discuss the SSP result(s).       teacher.         End of Term       The purpose of the End of Term Conference is for the teacher & evaluator to review the evidence and assign a rating.				
Conference	Teacher	Evaluator		
	Share the results of the SSP using the components outlined in the approved SSP.*	Facilitate the discussion about the data, supporting documents, and end results based on the SSP and Differentiated Rating Chart.		
		Document the End of Term conference date & assign rating in PDE <sup>3</sup> .*		

Pr	ocess, Requirements* & Bes *notates required action			
Prior to the Beginning of Term Conference	ng identified and the teacher should begin to plan out the four components of the SSIO. Evaluat and teachers should discuss meaningful ways to document and align the SSIO to current			
	Teacher	Evaluator		
	Determine the priority area for the school, complex, or office.	Clarify the SSIO process and expectations with the teacher and set the beginning conference date.		
	Collect data or provide rationale on the importance of the Goal.			
	Align data to Goal and determine Improvement Objective and strategies based on students' or organization's need as applicable.			
	Submit SSIO and gather supporting documents for Beginning of Term Conference.*			
Beginning of Term	The purpose of the Beginning of Term Conference is for the evaluator to review the SSIO with the teacher using the SSIO Criteria Sheet (see pg. 34) for the designated term or school year through a mutually agreed upon meeting.			
Conference	Teacher	Evaluator		
(Approval Process)	Share the SSIO, and any supporting documentation(s) with the evaluator and explain the rationale for Improvement Objective(s).* Identify which rating rubric aligns to the outcome.	<ul> <li>Review the SSIO to determine approval for implementation and provide feedback to the teacher if the SSIO doesn't meet the expectations outlined in the criteria sheet (see pg. 34).*</li> <li>Discuss the rigor of the SSIO, the data that was used to determine needs, the aligned evidence/criteria and the strategies that will be used to get to the outcome.</li> <li>Identify which rating rubric aligns to the outcome.</li> </ul>		
		Document conference date and approval into PDE <sup>3</sup> .*		

## Process, Requirements\* & Best Practices for: SSIO, Continued

*notates required actions				
Throughout the Term (Implementation	The purpose of this phase is for the teacher to implement the SSIO and for the evaluator to monitor and support as necessary. A Mid-Term Conference may be scheduled if the teacher or evaluator determines a need. The SSIO Mid-Term Reflection Sheet is optional unless the evaluator requires this as a matter of practice at the school or office.			
and Progress Monitoring)	Teacher	Evaluator		
	<ul> <li>Implement the appropriate strategies of the approved SSIO, monitor progress, and determine if adjustments are needed.*</li> <li>Formative assessment data, such as conversations &amp; evidence can provide insight into progress being made.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Monitor and provide support for the teacher as needed.</li> <li>If requested, schedule a Mid-Term Conference and discuss ways to adjust; document the date and approval in PDE<sup>3</sup>.*</li> </ul>		
	If adjustments to SSIO are warranted, request a mid- term conference with the evaluator. Address the <u>SSIO Mid-Term Reflection Sheet</u> as applicable to the expectations set by the evaluator. Factors include:			
Prior to End of	The purpose of this phase is to prepare for the End of Term Conference. Teachers should gather SSIO implementation data and start organizing and analyzing it for their End of Term Conference.			
Term	Teacher	Evaluator		
Conference (Compilation of Outcome)	Collect, compile, analyze & submit assessment data and results of Improvement Objective(s) (as applicable to the evaluator's expectations).* Prepare to discuss the SSIO result(s).	Schedule End of Term Conference and review the SSIO results from the teacher.		
End of Term	The purpose of the End of Term Conference is for the teacher & evaluator to review the SSIO evidence and assign a rating. The SSIO Results and Reflection Tool or their alternate are optional, unless the evaluator requires this as a matter of practice at the school or office.			
Conference	Teacher	Evaluator		
	Share the results of the SSIO using the evidence outlined in the approved SSIO, SSIO Criteria Sheet and Rating Rubric.*	Facilitate the discussion about the data, supporting documents, and end results based on the SSIO and Rating Rubric.		
	Reflect on outcomes and practice by addressing the <u>SSIO Results and Reflection Tool</u> as applicable to the expectations set by the evaluator.	Document the End of Term conference date & assign rating in PDE <sup>3</sup> .*		

### School or System Improvement Objective (SSIO) Criteria Sheet Use the criteria to determine the quality and completeness of the SSIO. The SSIO has met

Use the criteria to determine the quality and completeness of the SSIO. The SSIO has met the development requirements if <u>all boxes are checked</u>. Only an approved SSIO can be implemented.

W	<b>Goal</b> hat will be accomplished at the end of the interval based on identified needs?	<b>Evidence and Success Criteria</b> What evidence will be used to measure attainment of the goal?
	The statement thoroughly describes what will be accomplished by the end of the interval When applicable, standards listed are clearly aligned to the goal and the full text of each specific standard is provided	<ul> <li>Explicit measures for data collection are used to monitor progress and adjust implementation strategies</li> <li>Scoring guides or rubrics provide clear criteria for measuring all areas of the goal</li> </ul>
	<b>Improvement Objective(s)</b> What are the expected results by the end of the interval?	<b>Implementation Strategies</b> What strategies will I use to reach my goal?
	A starting point is established by relevant data source(s) and if there is no baseline data, information is provided to explain a starting point The Improvement Objective(s) are specific, measurable, attainable, relevant, and time- bound (SMART)	Strategies are appropriate, evidence based, and specifically address the goal

## **Rating Calculation for SSPs and SSIOs**

During the End of Term Conference, the evaluator assigns a final rating for the SSP/SSIO based on the outcomes. An incomplete SSP/SSIO will result in a zero rating. Some possible reasons for an incomplete SSP/SSIO may include failure to revise the SSP/SSIO to meet acceptable indicators of quality, administer assessment(s), implement the SSP/SSIO, or collect appropriate documentation.

Teachers who have an incomplete SSP/SSIO due to an approved leave or a change in position during the school year which impedes their ability to complete all aspects of a SSP/SSIO will not receive a SSP/SSIO rating nor an overall final effectiveness rating.

## SSP Rating Rubrics

SSP rating rubrics are differentiated on the basis of HIDOE teaching experience and tenure status. Teachers should be rated using the applicable SSP Rubric below:

SSP Rubric #1: Emergency hire and Probationary semester 0-2 at start of school year				
4 (Highly Effective)3 (Effective)2 (Developing)1 (Ineffective)				
76-100% of students showed growth over term/year	56-75% of students showed growth over term/year	45-55% of students showed growth over term/year	Less than 45% of students showed growth over term/year	

<b>SSP Rubric #2</b> : Probationary semester 3-4 at start of school year				
4 (Highly Effective)3 (Effective)2 (Developing)1 (Ineffective)				
76-100% of students showed growth over term/year	61-75% of students showed growth over term/year	50-60% of students showed growth over term/year	Less than 50% of students showed growth over term/year	

<b>SSP Rubric #3</b> : Probationary semester 5+ at start of school year and Tenured teachers			
4 (Highly Effective)3 (Effective)2 (Developing)1 (Ineffective)			
86-100% of students showed growth over term/year	70-85% of students showed growth over term/year	55-69% of students showed growth over term/year	Less than 55% of students showed growth over term/year

## **SSIO**Rating Rubrics

SSIO rating rubrics are differentiated on the basis of situational context in order to most effectively facilitate the specific school or system improvement established for the school, complex or office.

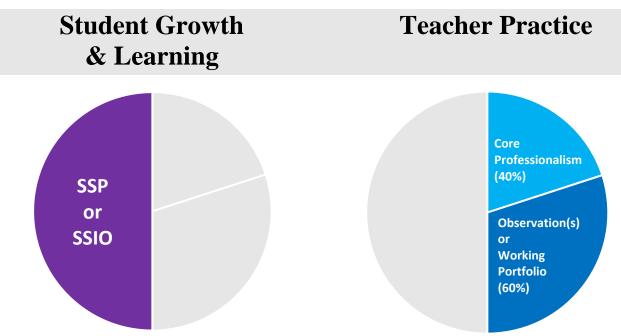
4 (Highly Effective)	<b>3</b> (Effective)	2 (Developing)	1 (Ineffective)
Met 90-100% of	Met 75-89% of	Met 60-74% of	Met less than 60% of
Improvement	Improvement	Improvement	Improvement
Objective(s)	Objective(s)	Objective(s)	Objective(s)

The following Rating Rubric should be used for evaluating results assessed by a NCT developed rubric as opposed to percentage based Improvement Objective(s).			
4 (Highly Effective)3 (Effective)2 (Developing)1 (Ineffective)			
Exceeded the Improvement Objective(s) set in the rubric	Met the Improvement Objective(s) set in the rubric	Did not meet the Improvement Objective(s) as set in the rubric	Did not meet the Improvement Objective(s) as set in the rubric due to inadequate implementation

# **Final Effectiveness Rating**

A teacher's final effectiveness rating is based on combined ratings from the measures of Student Growth as well as Teacher Practice.

The Student Growth and Learning rating is determined by the SSP/SSIO component rating. The Teacher Practice rating is determined by calculating the weighted average of the Core Professionalism (40%) and Observation(s)/Working Portfolio (60%) component ratings. The Student Growth and Learning rating and the Teacher Practice rating are then applied to the matrix below to determine the Final Effectiveness Rating.



### **Student Growth and Learning**

Unsatisfactory 0-1	Marginal 2	Effective 3	Highly Effective 4		
Marginal	Effective	Effective	Highly Effective	Highly Effective 4	Te
Marginal	Effective	Effective	Effective	Effective 3	Teacher
Marginal	Marginal	Effective	Effective	Marginal 2	Practice
Unsatisfactory	Marginal	Marginal	Marginal	Unsatisfactory 0-1	ce

## **Exceptions to the Teacher Practice Weights**

An exception to the weighted measures shall occur if a teacher earns an Unsatisfactory rating in either the Observation or CP components of Teacher Practice. If the overall observation rating is Unsatisfactory, the Teacher Practice rating shall be Unsatisfactory. If a teacher earns an Unsatisfactory CP rating, the overall Teacher Practice rating shall be Unsatisfactory. A final rating may be rendered in situations where only the SSP/SSIO and CP components exist and are justified by proper documentation.

Within PDE<sup>3</sup>, teachers will be able to see annual rating data, as well as historical data about their performance. No teacher shall be rated less than Effective without proper documentation.

	0		
Note: there may be employment circumstances that may not be addressed below.			
TEACHER STATUS	FINAL SY 2019 - 2020 RATING	FINAL SY 2020 - 2021 RATING	EMPLOYMENT ACTION(S) ****
Tenured	Effective/ Highly Effective	Effective/ Highly Effective	Continuation of employment
Tenured	Marginal	Effective/ Highly Effective	Continuation of employment
Tenured	Effective/ Highly Effective	Marginal	Continuation of employment
Tenured	Marginal	Marginal	2020-2021 Rating deemed Unsatisfactory
Tenured	Effective/ Highly Effective or Marginal	Unsatisfactory	Termination of Employment
Non-Tenured *	Effective/ Highly Effective	Effective/ Highly Effective	Continuation of employment**
Non-Tenured *	Effective	Marginal	Continuation of employment & extension of probation. **
Non-Tenured *	Marginal	Marginal	Non-renewal of employment***
Non-Tenured *	Effective/ Highly Effective or Marginal	Unsatisfactory	Non-renewal of employment***

## **Impact of Final Rating on Employment Action(s)**

Tenured teachers with a final rating of Marginal may file for an Expedited Appeal Process.

\* In order to be probation complete a teacher must complete required semesters of probation and have effective or better ratings in the last two years of probation. The transition from non-tenured to tenured may change EES track for the subsequent school year.

\*\* Refer to Collective Bargaining Agreement, Article VIII. P

\*\*\* Refer to Collective Bargaining Agreement, Article VI. JJ

\*\*\*\* Refer to Collective Bargaining Agreement, Article XX.7

# **Appendix A: Key Terms**

### Educator Effectiveness System (EES)

The evaluation system for BU05 members employed as teachers within the HIDOE.

### Professional Development Educate, Empower, Excel (PDE<sup>3</sup>) (https://pde3.k12.hi.us)

PDE<sup>3</sup> is a platform for transparent documentation between teachers and evaluators for the EES, as well as a platform to search and record professional development opportunities. Employees need to log in with a secured username and password.

#### Roster Verification (RV) (https://rostersonline.k12.hi.us)

A process to record and validate instructional relationships between students and teachers. The online tool captures data from the Infinite Campus (IC) to help schools build rosters for teachers to verify. While the same online tool is used for Student Perception Survey and HGM, the two RV administrations are unique due to the type of information used by each metric. RV administrations involve:

- > school teams and administrators preparing the system,
- classroom teachers verifying student roster data, and
- > school administrators approving the data at two points in a school year.

All CTs in grades 3-12 who are responsible for delivering instruction and assigning or collaborating in the assignment of grades or monitoring student progress will verify rosters during the designated Student Perception Survey RV window. Only teachers who are responsible for both providing and assessing direct instruction for math, ELA, Hawaiian Language Arts, and ELL, in grades 4-8 will verify rosters for SGP attribution purposes.

### Schoolwide ELA MGP

The median of all SGPs achieved in ELA across a school.

#### Smarter Balanced Assessment (SBA)

The SBA is an assessment system developed by a state-led consortium (including Hawaii) to accurately measure student progress toward college and career readiness. SBA replaced the Hawaii State Assessment in the 2014-2015 school year.

#### Strive HI Performance System

Hawaii's school accountability and improvement system that was approved by the U.S. Department of Education in May 2013, and currently includes 14 common statewide measures.

#### Student Growth Percentile (SGP)

A rank from 1 to 99 relative to students with similar achievement histories.

#### **Student Perception Survey**

Surveys administered to students and treated as formal assessments capturing students' perceptions of their classroom experiences. Teachers are provided with feedback about how to improve their teaching practice.

#### Teacher ELA MGP

The median, or middle value, summarizing the growth performance of students linked to an individual teacher instructing grades 4-8 ELA classes.

#### Teacher Math MGP

The median, or middle value, summarizing the growth performance of students linked to an individual teacher instructing grades 4-8 math classes.

#### Teacher Median Growth Percentile (MGP)

The MGP summarizing the complete set of student growth scores, both ELA and math, linked to an individual teacher.

# **Appendix B: Supporting Resources**

### Adjustments to the EES for SY 2020-2021 Memo\*

SY 2020-2021 Memo from the Superintendent summarizing the changes to EES for the current school year.

#### **Complex Area Support Team**

Each complex area will have at least one lead educator who will serve as the EES contact.

#### Educator Effectiveness System Summary of Conference (EES SOC)

The form to document conversation between the evaluator and teacher regarding EES issues. The document memorializes the events, conversations, and possible next steps to situations.

#### **EES Help Desk**

The EES Help Desk will provide callers with knowledge, awareness, and understanding of the EES components. In addition, the Help Desk documents caller feedback to improve overall EES training and implementation planning.

- ➢ Phone Number: 808-586-4072
- ➤ Hours of Operation: 8:00 A.M. 3:00 P.M.
- > Days: Monday-Friday, except state holidays and the winter break period

#### Expedited Appeals Process (EAP): <u>EAP Form</u> and <u>EAP Form Instructions</u>

A process for tenured teachers rated Marginal and is to be used instead of Step 1 and 2 of the grievance procedure.

#### HIDOE Intranet

The Intranet is an internal website for HIDOE staff. It includes a site devoted to the EES that connects users to the manual, orientation training video, component overviews, reference documents, FAQs, and other supporting materials. Employees need to log in with a secured username and password.

# Implementing the Framework for Teaching in Enhancing Professional Practice: An ASCD Action Tool

Charlotte Danielson and six members of the Danielson Group collaborated to create this book. It contains specific examples for each component and element of the Framework for Teaching, for proficient and distinguished levels of performance.

### Talk About Teaching! Leading Professional Conversations

A book written by Charlotte Danielson to help school leaders understand the value of reflective, informal, professional conversations in promoting a positive environment of inquiry, support, and teacher development. Organized around the "big ideas" of successful teaching and ongoing teacher learning, it explores the unique interaction of power structures in schools.

# **Appendix C: EES SOC Form**



#### EDUCATOR EFFECTIVENESS SYSTEM (EES) SUMMARY OF CONFERENCE

DOE OTM 500-006 Last Revised: 07/01/2019

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Office of Talent Management EES Section P.O. Box 2360, Honolulu, HI 96804

DATE: TO:					
0.		MM/DD/YY	YY		
	Teacher Name:	Test	Time		
	Teacher School/Office:	Last	First	M.I.	
ROM:	Evaluator Name:	Last	First	M.I.	
	Evaluator Position:	2451			
	Evaluator School/Offic	e:			
	Evaluator Signature:				
BJEC	Г	Summary of Confe	erence Held on		
		Pa	MM	/DD/YYYY	
		Re:(S	ubject matter and/or Duty(ies)	Discussed)	
	ENCE DADITIONALITO				
	ENCE PARTICIPANTS				
he follow	wing is my understanding	of what we discusse	ed on(date of conference	at	
			(date of conference	) (time of day)	

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# **Appendix C con't: EES SOC Form pg. 2**

#### DOE OTM 500-006

Last Revised: 07/01/2019

Part II: If applicable, state directive(s) or suggestions given, follow-up activities, expectations, etc.

Part III: If applicable, state failure to comply with the items in Part II above, may result in a less than proficient/effective component and/or overall EES rating, as well as consequent employment action, up to and including termination.

If there are any corrections, additions, or deletions to the above, please do so in writing. You may also attach any additional comments, if you wish. Please affix your signature below and return the document with any corrections, additions/deletions and/or comments by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. The copy is for your own files.

(date reasonably determined)

Teacher Signature:	Date:	
	5.5	MM/DD/YYYY

Teacher's signature does not necessarily indicate concurrence but merely indicates knowledge and receipt of this Summary of Conference.

Distribution: 1. Original - School/Office; 2. Copy 1 - Employee

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# **Appendix D: Multi-Track Schools Implementation Timelines**

## **YELLOW Track Schools Implementation Timeline**

Evaluator or Implementation Deadline	Component	Implementation Notes
August		
8/4 (or prior to the first day of instruction)	Training	SY2020-2021 EES Orientation Training for all teachers. Teachers informed of online EES Manual on the DOE public website ( <u>hawaiipublicschools.org</u> )
8/24 (or prior to starting EES evaluation)	Training	<ul> <li>EES Overview Training for teachers new to the EES*</li> <li>Evaluators may start scheduling Beginning Conferences for components (Observation, CP, WP, IPDP as applicable)</li> <li>*Relative to teachers hired after the school year starts, training should be conducted as soon as possible.</li> </ul>
September		
9/4	1 <sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO	<ul> <li>Evaluators approve 1<sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO in PDE<sup>3</sup></li> <li>9/7-12/4: Teachers implement SSP/SSIO plan Secondary teachers who only teach quarter-long classes must collaborate with their evaluators to determine the following deadlines: approval, mid-term, data collection, and end-of-term rating</li> </ul>
9/16	PDPDP	<ul> <li>Evaluator-led PDPDP developed for</li> <li>Teachers who received a final effectiveness rating of less than Effective in the prior school year, or Teachers who are on extended probation</li> </ul>

October		
10/2	<ul> <li>WP (for NCTs as applicable)</li> <li>CP</li> <li>IPDP</li> <li>Year-long SSP/SSIO</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Beginning Conferences completed</li> <li>Evaluators &amp; NCTs collaborate &amp; agree upon 5 components for WP</li> <li>Evaluators share CP expectations</li> <li>Teachers share IPDP with evaluators</li> <li>Evaluators approve Year-long SSP/SSIO in PDE<sup>3</sup></li> <li>10/12-4/30: Teachers implement SSP/SSIO plan</li> </ul>
10/30	1 <sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO	Evaluators approve Mid-term 1 <sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO in PDE <sup>3</sup>
December		
12/4	• 1 <sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO	Teachers end data collection/implementation of 1 <sup>st</sup> Sem.     SSP/SSIO
	Observations	1st Sem. Observations completed
12/7-1/5	1 <sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO	Evaluators conduct 1 <sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO ending conferences
January		
1/5 or second day after return from Winter Break	<ul> <li>1<sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO</li> <li>Observations</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Evaluators finalize 1<sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO End-of-term rating in PDE<sup>3</sup></li> <li>Evaluators finalize 1<sup>st</sup> Sem. Observations ratings in PDE<sup>3</sup></li> </ul>
1/15	Year-long SSP/SSIO	Evaluators approve Mid-term Year-long SSP/SSIO in PDE <sup>3</sup>
1/22	EES Track     Movement	Deadline for moving a teacher from Off-Cycle to On-Cycle for SY 2020-2021
February		
2/5	2 <sup>nd</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO	<ul> <li>Evaluators approve 2<sup>nd</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO in PDE<sup>3</sup></li> <li>2/9-4/30: Teachers implement SSP/SSIO plan</li> </ul>
February - April	Student Perception Survey	<ul> <li>Results for Student Perception Survey distributed</li> <li>Teachers review &amp; reflect upon the results</li> </ul>

April		
4/1	2 <sup>nd</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO	Evaluators approve Mid-term 2 <sup>nd</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO in PDE <sup>3</sup>
4/30	<ul> <li>2<sup>nd</sup> Sem. Obs.</li> <li>WP</li> <li>CP</li> <li>IPDP/PDPDP</li> <li>2<sup>nd</sup> Sem. or Year-long SSP/SSIO</li> <li>Student Perception Survey Reflection</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>2<sup>nd</sup> sem. Observations completed</li> <li>Teachers stop data collection/implementation for WP, CP, IPDP/PDPDP, Year-long or 2<sup>nd</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO         <ul> <li>Teachers should prepare for the final evaluation conference as applicable</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
May		
5/3-5/21	<ul> <li>Observations/WP SSP/SSIO</li> <li>CP</li> <li>PDPDP</li> <li>Student Perception Survey Reflection (as applicable)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Evaluators complete all ending conferences within this time frame; especially for teachers rated less than Effective.         <ul> <li>Evaluators finalize and lock all relevant components in PDE<sup>3</sup>, including the Summary Tab where evaluator &amp; teacher should e-sign and date to acknowledge the final effectiveness rating for SY 2020-2021.</li> <li>For teachers that receive a less than Effective final rating, the principal must review and discuss the final effectiveness rating no later than 5/21.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Note: Off Cycle T	eachers finalize IPDP ar	d Student Perception Survey reflection.

## **RED Track Schools Implementation Timeline**

Evaluator or Implementation Deadline	Component	Implementation Notes
August		
8/4 (or prior to the first day of instruction)	Training	SY2020-2021 EES Orientation Training for all teachers. Teachers informed of online EES Manual on the DOE public website (hawaiipublicschools.org)
8/24 (or prior to starting EES evaluation)	Training	<ul> <li>EES Overview Training for teachers new to the EES*</li> <li>Evaluators may start scheduling Beginning Conferences for components (Observation, CP, WP, IPDP as applicable)</li> <li>*Relative to teachers hired after the school year starts, training should be conducted as soon as possible.</li> </ul>
September		
9/4	1 <sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO	<ul> <li>Evaluators approve 1<sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO in PDE<sup>3</sup></li> <li>9/7-12/4: Teachers implement SSP/SSIO plan Secondary teachers who only teach quarter-long classes must collaborate with their evaluators to determine the following deadlines: approval, mid-term, data collection, and end-of-term rating</li> </ul>
9/16	PDPDP	<ul> <li>Evaluator-led PDPDP developed for</li> <li>Teachers who received a final effectiveness rating of less than Effective in the prior school year, or</li> <li>Teachers who are on extended probation</li> </ul>
October		
10/2	<ul> <li>WP (for NCTs as applicable)</li> <li>CP</li> <li>IPDP</li> <li>Year-long SSP/SSIO</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Beginning Conferences completed</li> <li>Evaluators &amp; NCTs collaborate &amp; agree upon 5 components for WP</li> <li>Evaluators share CP expectations</li> <li>Teachers share IPDP with evaluators</li> <li>Evaluators approve Year-long SSP/SSIO in PDE<sup>3</sup></li> <li>10/12-5/28: Teachers implement SSP/SSIO plan</li> </ul>
10/30	1 <sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO	Evaluators approve Mid-term 1 <sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO in PDE <sup>3</sup>

December		
12/4	<ul> <li>1<sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO</li> <li>Observations</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Teachers end data collection/implementation of 1<sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO</li> <li>1<sup>st</sup> Sem. Observations completed</li> </ul>
12/7-1/5	1 <sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO	Evaluators conduct 1st Sem. SSP/SSIO ending conferences
January		
1/5 or second day after return	• 1 <sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO	• Evaluators finalize 1 <sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO End-of-term rating in PDE <sup>3</sup>
from Winter Break	Observations	• Evaluators finalize 1 <sup>st</sup> Sem. Observations ratings in PDE <sup>3</sup>
1/15	Year-long SSP/SSIO	Evaluators approve Mid-term Year-long SSP/SSIO in PDE <sup>3</sup>
1/22	EES Track Movement	Deadline for moving a teacher from Off-Cycle to On-Cycle for SY 2020-2021
February		
February - April	Student Perception Survey	<ul> <li>Results for Student Perception Survey distributed</li> <li>Teachers review &amp; reflect upon the results</li> </ul>
2/26	2 <sup>nd</sup> Sem.	Evaluators approve 2 <sup>nd</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO in PDE <sup>3</sup>
	SSP/SSIO	<ul> <li>3/1-5/28: Teachers implement SSP/SSIO plan</li> </ul>
April		
4/1	2 <sup>nd</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO	Evaluators approve Mid-term 2 <sup>nd</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO in PDE <sup>3</sup>

May		
5/28	<ul> <li>2<sup>nd</sup> Sem. Obs.</li> <li>WP</li> <li>CP</li> <li>IPDP/PDPDP</li> <li>2<sup>nd</sup> Sem. or Yearlong SSP/SSIO</li> <li>Student Perception Survey Reflection</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>2<sup>nd</sup> Sem. Observations completed</li> <li>Teachers stop data collection/implementation for WP, CP, IPDP/PDPDP, Year-long or 2<sup>nd</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO         <ul> <li>Teachers should prepare for the final evaluation conference as applicable</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
June		
6/1-6/18	<ul> <li>Observations/WP</li> <li>SSP/SSIO</li> <li>CP</li> <li>PDPDP</li> <li>Student Perception Survey Reflection (as applicable)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Evaluators complete all ending conferences within this time frame; especially for teachers rated less than Effective.         <ul> <li>Evaluators finalize and lock all relevant components in PDE<sup>3</sup>, including the Summary Tab where evaluator &amp; teacher should e-sign and date to acknowledge the final effectiveness rating for SY 2020-2021</li> <li>For teachers that receive a less than Effective final rating, the principal must review and discuss the final effectiveness rating no later than 6/18.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Note: Off Cycle Teachers finalize IPDP and Student Perception Survey reflection.		

## **GREEN Track Schools Implementation Timeline**

Evaluator or Implementation Deadline	Component	Implementation Notes
August		
8/4 (or prior to the first day of instruction)	Training	SY2020-2021 EES Orientation Training for all teachers. Teachers informed of online EES Manual on the DOE public website (hawaiipublicschools.org)
8/24 (or prior to starting EES evaluation)	Training	<ul> <li>EES Overview Training for teachers new to the EES*</li> <li>Evaluators may start scheduling Beginning Conferences for components (Observation, CP, WP, IPDP as applicable)</li> </ul>
		*Relative to teachers hired after the school year starts, training should be conducted as soon as possible.
September		
9/4	1 <sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO	<ul> <li>Evaluators approve 1<sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO in PDE<sup>3</sup></li> <li>9/7-12/4: Teachers implement SSP/SSIO plan Secondary teachers who only teach quarter-long classes must collaborate with their evaluators to determine the following deadlines: approval, mid-term, data collection, and end-of-term rating</li> </ul>
9/16	PDPDP	<ul> <li>Evaluator-led PDPDP developed for</li> <li>Teachers who received a final effectiveness rating of less than Effective in the prior school year, or</li> <li>Teachers who are on extended probation</li> </ul>
October		
10/2	<ul> <li>WP (for NCTs as applicable)</li> <li>CP</li> <li>IPDP</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Beginning Conferences completed</li> <li>Evaluators &amp; NCTs collaborate &amp; agree upon 5 components for WP</li> <li>Evaluators share CP expectations</li> <li>Teachers share IPDP with evaluators</li> </ul>
	• Year-long SSP/SSIO	<ul> <li>Evaluators approve Year-long SSP/SSIO in PDE<sup>3</sup></li> <li>10/12-5/28: Teachers implement SSP/SSIO plan</li> </ul>
10/30	1 <sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO	Evaluators approve Mid-term 1 <sup>st</sup> sem. SSP/SSIO in PDE <sup>3</sup>

December		
12/4	<ul> <li>1<sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO</li> <li>Observations</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Teachers end data collection/implementation of 1st sem. SSP/SSIO</li> <li>1<sup>st</sup> Sem. Observations completed</li> </ul>
12/7-1/27	1 <sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO	Evaluators conduct 1 <sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO ending conferences
January		
1/27 or second day after return from Winter Break	<ul> <li>1<sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO</li> <li>Observations</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Evaluators finalize 1<sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO End-of-term rating in PDE<sup>3</sup></li> <li>Evaluators finalize 1<sup>st</sup> Sem. Observations ratings in PDE<sup>3</sup></li> </ul>
February		
2/5	Year-long SSP/SSIO	Evaluators approve Mid-term Year-long SSP/SSIO in PDE <sup>3</sup>
February - April	Student Perception Survey	Results for Student Perception Survey distributed Teachers review & reflect upon the results
2/12	EES Track Movement	Deadline for moving a teacher from Off-Cycle to On-Cycle for SY 2020-2021
2/26	2 <sup>nd</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO	<ul> <li>Evaluators approve 2<sup>nd</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO in PDE<sup>3</sup></li> <li>3/1-5/28: Teachers implement SSP/SSIO plan</li> </ul>
March		
3/31	2 <sup>nd</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO	Evaluators approve Mid-term 2 <sup>nd</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO in PDE <sup>3</sup>

May		
5/28	<ul> <li>2<sup>nd</sup> Sem. Obs.</li> <li>WP</li> <li>CP</li> <li>IPDP/PDPDP</li> <li>2<sup>nd</sup> Sem. or Yearlong SSP/SSIO</li> <li>Student Perception Survey Reflection</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>2<sup>nd</sup> Sem. Observations completed</li> <li>Teachers stop data collection/implementation for WP, CP, IPDP/PDPDP, Year-long or 2<sup>nd</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO         <ul> <li>Teachers should prepare for the final evaluation conference as applicable</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
June		
6/1-6/18	<ul> <li>Observations/WP</li> <li>SSP/SSIO</li> <li>CP</li> <li>PDPDP</li> <li>Student Perception Survey Reflection (as applicable)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Evaluators complete all ending conferences within this time frame; especially for teachers rated less than Effective.         <ul> <li>Evaluators finalize and lock all relevant components in PDE<sup>3</sup>, including the Summary Tab where evaluator &amp; teacher should e-sign and date to acknowledge the final effectiveness rating for SY 2020-2021.</li> <li>For teachers that receive a less than Effective final rating, the principal must review and discuss the final effectiveness rating no later than 6/18.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Note: Off Cycle Teachers finalize IPDP and Student Perception Survey reflection.		

## **BLUE Track Schools Implementation Timelines**

Evaluator or Implementation Deadline	Component	Implementation Notes
August		
8/4 (or prior to the first day of instruction)	Training	SY2020-2021 EES Orientation Training for all teachers. Teachers informed of online EES Manual on the DOE public website (hawaiipublicschools.org)
8/24 (or prior to starting EES evaluation)	Training	<ul> <li>EES Overview Training for teachers new to the EES*</li> <li>Evaluators may start scheduling Beginning Conferences for components (Observation, CP, WP, IPDP as applicable)</li> </ul>
		*Relative to teachers hired after the school year starts, training should be conducted as soon as possible.
September		
9/4	1 <sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO	<ul> <li>Evaluators approve 1<sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO in PDE<sup>3</sup></li> <li>9/7-12/4: Teachers implement SSP/SSIO plan Secondary teachers who only teach quarter-long classes must collaborate with their evaluators to determine the following deadlines: approval, mid-term, data collection, and end-of- term rating</li> </ul>
9/16	PDPDP	<ul> <li>Evaluator-led PDPDP developed for</li> <li>Teachers who received a final effectiveness rating of less than Effective in the prior school year, or</li> <li>Teachers who are on extended probation</li> </ul>
October		
10/2	<ul> <li>WP (for NCTs as applicable)</li> <li>CP</li> <li>IPDP</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Beginning Conferences completed</li> <li>Evaluators &amp; NCTs collaborate &amp; agree upon 5 components for WP</li> <li>Evaluators share CP expectations</li> <li>Teachers share IPDP with evaluators</li> </ul>
	Year-long     SSP/SSIO	<ul> <li>Evaluators approve Year-long SSP/SSIO in PDE<sup>3</sup></li> <li>10/12-5/7: Teachers implement SSP/SSIO plan</li> </ul>
10/30	1 <sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO	Evaluators approve Mid-term 1 <sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO in PDE <sup>3</sup>

December		
12/4	1 <sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO Observations	<ul> <li>Teachers end data collection/implementation of 1<sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO</li> <li>1<sup>st</sup> Sem. Observations completed</li> </ul>
12/7-1/5	1 <sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO	Evaluators conduct 1 <sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO ending conferences
January		
1/5 or second day after return from	• 1 <sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO	• Evaluators finalize 1 <sup>st</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO End-of-term rating in PDE <sup>3</sup>
Winter Break	Observations	• Evaluators finalize 1 <sup>st</sup> Sem. Observations ratings in PDE <sup>3</sup>
1/15	Year-long     SSP/SSIO	Evaluators approve Mid-term Year-long SSP/SSIO in PDE <sup>3</sup>
1/22	EES Track     Movement	Deadline for moving a teacher from Off-Cycle to On-Cycle for SY 2020-2021
February		
2/5	2 <sup>nd</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO	<ul> <li>Evaluators approve 2<sup>nd</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO in PDE<sup>3</sup></li> <li>2/9-5/7: Teachers implement SSP/SSIO plan</li> </ul>
February - April	Student Perception Survey	Results for Student Perception Survey distributed Teachers review & reflect upon the results

April		
4/1	• 2 <sup>nd</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO	Evaluators approve mid-term 2 <sup>nd</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO in PDE <sup>3</sup>
May		
5/7	<ul> <li>2<sup>nd</sup> Sem. Obs.</li> <li>WP</li> <li>CP</li> <li>IPDP/PDPDP</li> <li>2<sup>nd</sup> Sem. or Year - long SSP/SSIO</li> <li>Student Perception Survey Reflection</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>2<sup>nd</sup> Sem. Observations completed</li> <li>Teachers stop data collection/implementation for WP, CP, IPDP/PDPDP, Year-long or 2<sup>nd</sup> Sem. SSP/SSIO</li> <li>Teachers should prepare for the final evaluation conference as applicable</li> </ul>
5/10-6/18	<ul> <li>Observations/WP</li> <li>SSP/SSIO</li> <li>CP</li> <li>PDPDP</li> <li>Student Perception Survey Reflection (as applicable)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Evaluators complete all ending conferences within this time frame; especially for teachers rated less than Effective.         <ul> <li>Evaluators finalize and lock all relevant components in PDE<sup>3</sup>, including the Summary Tab where evaluator &amp; teacher should e-sign and date to acknowledge the final effectiveness rating for SY 2020-2021.</li> <li>For teachers that receive a less than Effective final rating, the principal must review and discuss the final effectiveness rating no later than 6/18.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Note: Off Cycle Teachers finalize IPDP and Student Perception Survey reflection.		