

MESA PUBLIC SCHOOLS





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Arizona Revised Statute § 15-203(A)(38)

Charlotte Danielson, Enhancing Professional Practice: A Framework for Teaching (2nd Edition) Chicago Public Schools, The Excellence in Teaching Project

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InTASC Model Core Teaching Standards, CCSSO's Interstate Teacher Assessment and Support Consortium (April 2011)

Mesa Public Schools Educators

Northbrook/Glenview School District 30, Appraisal System

The Arizona State Board of Education, Arizona Framework for Measuring Educator Effectiveness

Table of Contents

Teacher Evaluation Committee	5
Evaluation Introduction	6
District Vision, Mission, Core Values, Priorities and Goals	7
Key Components of the Mesa Public Schools Classroom Teacher Evaluation System	8
Teaching Performance	8-10
Student Academic Progress	
Identification of Group A and Group B Teachers	10-11
Student Academic Progress Profile and Rating for Group B Teachers	11
Student Academic Progress Cut Scores	11
Final Teacher Evaluation Rating	11
Professional Development	
Teachers New to Mesa or Teachers New to Teaching	11-12
Professional Refinement Plan	12
Professional Remediation Plan	12
Inadequate of Classroom Performance	12-13
Appeal of Evaluation	13
Evaluation Timelines and Activities	14
Forms	
Teaching Performance Evaluation Profile and Rating (Form 1)	16-17
Student Academic Progress Profile and Rating (Form 2)	18
Final Teacher Evaluation Rating (Form 3)	19
Professional Refinement Plan (Form 4)	20
Professional Remediation Plan (Form 5)	21

Protocol for Pre-Observation Conference (Form 6)	22
Protocol for Post-Observation Conference (Form 7)	23
Notice of Inadequate of Classroom Performance-Fall (Form 8)	24
Notice of Inadequate of Classroom Performance-Final (Form 8)	25
Appendix	
Appendix A-Teaching Performance Evaluation	27
Appendix B-Summary of Domains	28
Appendix C-Domains, Components and Elements of the Teaching Performance Evaluation	29
Appendix D-Examples of Evidence and Artifacts	30-32
Appendix E-Common Themes in the Teaching Performance Evaluation	33
Appendix F-Group A and Group B Teachers	34
Appendix G-Measurements for Student Academic Progress	35
Appendix H-Student Academic Progress Cut Scores	36
Appendix I-Teacher Performance Classifications	37

Teacher Evaluation Committee

Teachers

Amy Andelora	Dobson High School
Nancy Berthold	Mesa High School
Cynthia Crown	Red Mountain High School
Kim Elliott	Smith Junior High School
James Epley	Mountain View High School
Dennis Esparza	Brimhall Junior High School
Jennifer Kunz	Zaharis Elementary School
Eileen Mattingly	Stapley Junior High School
Linda Newman	Franklin East Elementary School
Marie Smith	Johnson Elementary School
Aimee Stagnoli	Guerrero Elementary School
Kerri Whitely	Whitman Elementary School

Specialists

Valeri Angus	Professional Development
Kathy Ray	Taft Elementary School

Assistant Principals and Team Leaders

Tony Elmer	Carson Junior High School
James Gowdy	Red Mountain High School

Principals

Kent Ashton	Mendoza Elementary School
Patricia Christie	Fremont Junior High School
Matthew Devlin	Rhodes Junior High School
Steven Green	Skyline High School
Suzanne McCullough	Superstition High School
Helen Riddle	Westwood High School
Monica Torres	Keller Elementary School

Executive Directors and Directors

Jill Bonewell	Human Resources
Marlo Loria	Career and Technical Education
Joseph O'Reilly	Student Achievement Support
Tracy Yslas	Professional Development

Assistant Superintendents

Suzan DePrez	Curriculum and Instruction
Peter Lesar	Human Resources
Arlinda Mann	West Area

Holly Williams Evaluation Introduction

In 2010, a state law was enacted to change the culture of education in Arizona and to improve how local education agencies evaluate classroom teachers. Arizona Revised Statute § 15-203(A)(38) requires the Arizona State Board of Education to adopt and maintain a model framework for a classroom teacher evaluation instrument that includes quantitative data on student academic progress. Furthermore, the statute states that student academic progress shall account for 33 to 50 percent of the classroom teacher evaluation outcomes. The Arizona State Board of Education approved the Arizona Framework for Measuring Educator Effectiveness, which complies with all legal requirements of the statute while providing school districts with some flexibility in developing their own classroom teacher evaluation systems. The state's framework requires:

- Annual evaluation of teachers
- Rubrics for teaching performance aligned with national teaching standards as approved by the State Board of Education
- Multiple classroom observations that account for 50 to 67 percent of the classroom teacher evaluation outcomes
- Multiple student academic progress measurements that account for 33 to 50 percent of the classroom teacher evaluation outcomes

Through a collaborative effort involving teachers, principals, curriculum and instruction specialists, professional development leaders, and research and evaluation staff members, Mesa Public Schools has developed a classroom teacher evaluation system that aligns with the state's framework and with the vision, mission, core values, priorities and goals that are part of the district's strategic plan.

The classroom teacher evaluation system, which includes measurements of teaching performance and student academic progress, is designed to enhance teaching and student achievement through targeted professional development and data-informed decision making. It is intended to bring clarity, conversation and improvements to teaching and learning by:

- Providing a common district wide definition of effective teaching
- Embracing meaningful discussion and collaboration about teaching practices
- Focusing on continuous growth for all teachers
- Identifying and emphasizing strategies that have the greatest impact on student learning

Vision Statement

Unprecedented Excellence in Education

Mission Statement

The mission of Mesa Public Schools is to develop a highly educated and productive community, one student at a time.

Core Values

In Mesa Public Schools, we believe...

- ...each child is important.
- ...learning is our focus.
- ... collaboration and innovation are indispensable.
- ...sound fiscal stewardship is essential.
- ...diversity increases our opportunities.
- ... success is expected and celebrated.

Priorities and Goals

Priority 1: Learning and Achievement

Goals

- 1. Provide educational offerings that maximize learning and achievement by meeting individual student's varied needs and interests.
- 2. Maximize the efficient and effective use of time, resources and staff to ensure academic excellence.
- 3. Monitor and support the academic progress of students.
- 4. Expect all stakeholders to take personal responsibility for student learning.

Priority 2: Relevant and High-Quality Comprehensive Curriculum

Goals

- 1. Develop and implement a comprehensive, relevant curriculum that is aligned with state academic standards.
- 2. Provide a wide range of co-curricular and extracurricular opportunities to develop a wide variety of skills.
- 3. Provide an optimal learning environment for high student performance.
- 4. Utilize technology that is relevant and enhances learning.

Priority 3: Highly Qualified and Highly Effective Personnel

Goals

- 1. Recruit highly qualified personnel.
- 2. Retain highly effective personnel.
- 3. Provide professional and personal support, recognition and rewards.

Priority 4: Safe Health and Nurturing Learning Environments

Goals

- 1. Incorporate health, physical activity and nutrition concepts into the curriculum.
- 2. Provide a safe environment.
- 3. Maintain a clean environment.
- 4. Provide a supportive environment for the workplace and educational excellence.

Priority 5: Students, Staff, Parents and Community Working Together

Goals

- 1. Provide timely and accurate information.
- 2. Promote and expand involvement with all families.
- 3. Develop meaningful, student-oriented community partnerships.

Priority 6: Optimal and Equitable Utilization of Resources

Goals

- 1. Capitalize on all viable revenue sources.
- 2. Allocate district resources in an equitable manner.
- 3. Manage district resources efficiently and effectively while emphasizing quality.

Key Components of the Mesa Public Schools Classroom Teacher Evaluation System

The Mesa Public Schools classroom teacher evaluation system is a collaborative model leading to improved teaching performance and increased student academic achievement. All teachers who provide instruction to pre-kindergarten, kindergarten, grades 1 through 12, or ungraded classes, or who teaches in an environment other than a classroom setting and who maintains student attendance records for each instructional meeting will use the classroom teacher evaluation system. The classroom teacher evaluation system includes the following components and weighting:

- The **teaching performance** component will account for **67 percent** of a teacher's final evaluation rating and will be determined by performance on the Framework for Teaching rubric developed by Charlotte Danielson.
- The **student academic progress** component will account for **33 percent** of the teacher's final evaluation rating. Twenty percent of the 33 percent will be determined from student academic growth, while the remaining 13 percent will be determined by other student achievement results. The student academic progress component will be calculated through the use and review of data from multiple approved student achievement measurements.

At the conclusion of the evaluation process, a *Final Teacher Evaluation Rating (Form 3)* will be calculated using the categories and weightings listed above.

Based on established rubrics and in alignment with state labels, the performance indicators of **Highly Effective**, **Effective**, **Developing** and **Ineffective** will be used to rate a classroom teacher's performance in the individual areas of teaching performance, student academic progress and overall performance.

Teaching Performance

Charlotte Danielson's Framework for Teaching, which will be used as the teaching performance evaluation for each classroom teacher, is organized into four domains and 22 components. Complete descriptions of the domains and components can be found in *Appendix B* and *Appendix C*. The four domains are:

- Planning and Preparation
- Classroom Environment
- Instruction
- Professional Responsibilities

Mesa Public Schools refers to Danielson's Framework for Teaching as the *Teaching Performance Evaluation (Appendix A)*. The *Teaching Performance Evaluation* identifies aspects of a teacher's responsibilities that have been documented, through empirical studies and theoretical research, as promoting improved student learning. Evidence of teaching performance will be gathered for all components of the framework. Evidence for the domains of Classroom Environment and Instruction will be primarily collected through classroom observations. Evidence for the domains of Planning and Preparation and Professional Responsibilities will be provided by the teacher and gathered through the review of lesson plans, student work, communication logs, conversations about teaching practice, and other professional and instructional artifacts. Samples of evidence and artifacts are noted in *Appendix D*.

The *Teaching Performance Evaluation* emphasizes that planning precedes the work in the classroom; a positive, engaging, student-centered classroom environment must be in place for quality instruction to occur; and teachers embracing high professional standards contribute to better instruction. Equity, cultural competence, high expectations, developmental appropriateness, attention to individual students, appropriate use of technology, and student assumption of responsibility are common themes that permeate the domains, components and elements of the *Teaching Performance Evaluation*.

Evaluators will be required to conduct at least one formal classroom observation and additional classroom observations, if deemed necessary by the evaluator or teacher, before completing the Fall Summative Teaching Performance Evaluation. Evaluators will be required to conduct at least one formal classroom observation and additional classroom observations, if deemed necessary by the evaluator or teacher, before completing the Spring Summative Teaching Performance Evaluation. The evaluator will provide the classroom teacher with the choice of a scheduled or unscheduled first formal classroom observation for the Fall Summative Teaching Performance Evaluation.

During pre- and post-observation conferences, which are part of the formal classroom observation process, teachers must be prepared to discuss the questions outlined in the *Protocol for Pre-Observation Conference (Form 6)* and the *Protocol for Post-Observation Conference (Form 7)*. Within 10 business days after each formal observation, a post-observation conference must be completed and the evaluator must provide written feedback to the teacher. The teacher will be provided the opportunity to complete a self-review during the Fall and Spring Summative Teaching Performance Evaluations. Teachers will be evaluated in each of the 22 components based on the evidence collected from pre- and post-observation conferences, informal and formal classroom observations and other information regarding interactions with students, parents, and coworkers may be considered as evidence by the evaluator, provided that the classroom teacher is given an opportunity to comment on the information during a conference or other communication with the evaluator.

If a classroom teacher is a continuing teacher as defined in A.R.S. §15-538.01(D) and receives a "Highly Effective" or "Effective" rating on the Fall Summative Teaching Performance Evaluation, the evaluator may waive the requirement of conducting a Spring Summative Teaching Performance Evaluation. Evaluator or teacher may request a Spring Summative Teaching Performance Evaluation. If the waiver occurs, the employee's Final Summative Teaching Performance Evaluation will be completed using the Fall Summative Teaching Performance Evaluation scores.

A continuing status teacher who, after completing his or her fourth year with the district, has a performance classification of Effective or Highly Effective with no Developing marks in domains 1 and 4, will be evaluated in domains 2 and 3 only for the two subsequent school years. Following two years of being evaluated in domains 2 and 3 only, a full evaluation will start the next three-year cycle. If at any time during this three-year cycle the teacher earns a performance classification of Ineffective or Developing, a full evaluation will be conducted until the teacher achieves a minimum performance classification of Effective with no Developing marks in domains 1 and 4. At any time during the three-year sequence, evaluators have the discretion to place any teacher on the full evaluation and teachers may request to be placed on the full evaluation.

All classroom teachers, other than a continuing teacher as defined in A.R.S. §15-538.01(D) who receives a "Highly Effective" or "Effective" rating on the Fall Summative Teaching Performance Evaluation, will receive a Fall Summative Teaching Performance Evaluation and Spring Summative Teaching Performance Evaluation. The results of the two evaluations will be used to complete a Final Summative Teaching Performance Evaluation. If the teacher receives unequal scores for the same component of the Fall and Spring Summative Teaching Performance Evaluations, the evaluator will determine, in his or her sole discretion, which score most accurately reflects the teacher's performance over the school year. At least 60 calendar days must elapse between the formal classroom observation of the Fall Summative Teaching Performance Evaluation and the formal classroom observation of the Spring Summative Teaching Performance Evaluation.

A classroom teacher who is scheduled to be evaluated by a school principal or other evaluator who was rated "Ineffective" or "Unsatisfactory" for the preceding school year may decline to be evaluated by such evaluator. By September 1, the district will notify teachers who have the foregoing right and, if so notified, the teacher must exercise the right by delivery of written notice to the Assistant Superintendent of Human Resources no later than September 15 of the current school year. Upon receipt of notice from the teacher, the Assistant Superintendent of Human Resources will assign responsibility for the teacher's evaluation to another evaluator.

After the review of all teaching performance evidence, the teacher will receive a Final Summative Teaching Performance Evaluation that will be used to determine the teacher's *Teaching Performance Profile and Rating (Form 1)*. The teaching performance component of the evaluation system will account for 67 percent of the teacher's final teacher evaluation rating. The levels of performance as they relate to teaching performance are defined as follows:

Highly Effective

There is evidence of high levels of knowledge, implementation and integration of performance standards, along with evidence of leadership initiative and willingness to model and serve as a mentor for colleagues. This rating refers to professional teaching that innovatively involves all students in the learning process and creates a true community of learners. Teachers performing at this level are master teachers and leaders in the field, both inside and outside their school.

Effective

There is evidence of increased knowledge, implementation and integration of performance standards, and clear proficiency and skill in the performance area. This rating refers to successful, professional teaching that is consistently at a high level. It is expected that most experienced teachers frequently perform at this level.

Developing

There is evidence of basic knowledge and implementation of performance standards. Integration of performance standards is not evident. This indicates that the teacher has the necessary knowledge and skills to be effective, but the application of those skills is inconsistent.

Ineffective

There is little or no knowledge and minimal implementation of performance standards. The teacher does not meet minimal performance standards and needs substantial improvement. This rating refers to teaching that does not convey an understanding of the concepts underlying the component. This level of performance is hindering learning or is doing harm in the classroom.

Student Academic Progress

Identification of Group A and Group B Teachers

Within the evaluation process, individuals will be identified as Group A or Group B teachers. Teachers with multiple approved classroom-level student achievement measurements aligned to the Arizona College and Career Ready Standards and appropriate to individual teacher content areas will be identified as Group A teachers. All other individuals will be identified as Group B teachers. Based on whether a teacher has been identified as a Group A or Group B teacher, appropriate classroom-level, grade-level or school-level data will be used to determine a teacher's *Student Academic Progress Profile and Rating (Form 2)*.

Teachers will be moved from Group B to Group A only after the Curriculum and Instruction and Research and Evaluation departments have reviewed and confirmed multiple appropriate student achievement measurements that have been developed for a specific group or subject area. Teachers will be moved from Group B to Group A as an entire district wide group (i.e. 3^{rd} grade, mathgeometry, elementary PE, welding, culinary arts, choir). *Appendix F* outlines the Group A and Group B teachers for the elementary and secondary divisions.

A classroom teacher who is transferred to a school assigned a letter grade of "D" or "F" for the previous school year may exercise the right to have the student academic progress part of the teacher's evaluation from the teacher's previous school used as the student academic progress part of the teacher's current year evaluation. By September 1, the district will notify teachers who have the foregoing right and, if so notified, the teacher must exercise the right by delivery of written notice to the Assistant Superintendent of Human Resources no later than November 1 of the current school year. A teacher may exercise this right only for the first year of his or her assignment to a new school.

Student Academic Progress Profile and Rating for Group B Teachers

Elementary and secondary Group B teachers will use schoolwide assessment (approved district and state assessments) results for the development of their *Student Academic Progress Profile and Rating (Form 2)*.

Student Academic Progress Cut Scores

District and state assessments will be reviewed, and cut scores will be established for those deemed valid and reliable. The student academic progress component of the evaluation system will account for 33 percent of the teacher's final teacher evaluation rating. Twenty percent of the 33 percent will be determined by student academic growth, while the remaining 13 percent will be determined by other student achievement results.

Final Teacher Evaluation Rating

At the conclusion of the school year, the evaluator will review student achievement results from the past school year. The evaluator will complete the *Student Academic Progress Profile and Rating* (*Form 2*) for each teacher. The evaluator will apply the appropriate rubric scores to the *Final Teacher Evaluation Rating (Form 3)*. The weighted scores for teaching performance (67 percent) and student academic progress (33 percent) will determine a Final Teacher Evaluation Numerical Score that will result in a Final Teacher Evaluation Rating of **Highly Effective**, **Effective**, **Developing** or **Ineffective**. These teacher performance classifications and descriptions, which have been adopted by the Arizona State Board of Education, can be found in *Appendix I*.

A teacher's annual evaluation will conclude in the fall of the following school year. Prior to the end of the first quarter of the following school year, the evaluator will complete the *Student Academic Progress Profile and Rating (Form 2)* and *Final Teacher Evaluation Rating (Form 3)* forms for each teacher. Each teacher will review and finalize their documents.

Professional Development

Teachers New to Mesa Public Schools or Teachers New to Teaching

Professional development instructional specialists provide training specifically designed for probationary teachers in Mesa. This professional development series, adapted annually based on the needs of new teachers, is research-based and is aligned to state and national teaching standards and district initiatives. The induction program provides professional development modules as well as classroom observations and coaching with an assigned specialist. Teachers new to Mesa also receive differentiated support based upon years of experience and individual needs through professional development modules. Teachers new to Mesa with less than three years of experience will be assigned a professional development specialist for classroom observation and coaching. Experienced teachers new to Mesa may be assigned a professional development specialist upon administrator or teacher request for classroom observation and coaching.

Professional Refinement Plan

A *Professional Refinement Plan (Form 4)* will be established for every teacher who receives a final rating of "Highly Effective" or "Effective" on the *Teaching Performance Profile and Rating (Form 1)*. Prior to the end of the present school year, the evaluator, in collaboration with the teacher, will develop a plan to target an area for refinement. The professional refinement plan will be implemented throughout the next evaluation cycle.

Professional Remediation Plan

A *Professional Remediation Plan (Form 5)* will be established for every teacher who receives a final rating of "Developing" or "Ineffective" on the *Teaching Performance Profile and Rating (Form 1)* or at any time at the discretion of the evaluator. The evaluator, in collaboration with the teacher, will develop a plan to target the areas(s) of deficiency. The plan will include goals, strategies, and action steps; identify training opportunities and other resources available for the employee to correct the deficiencies and demonstrate adequate classroom performance; and specify the date by which the employee must correct any deficiencies and demonstrate adequate classroom performance.

Inadequate Classroom Performance

A classroom teacher shall be deemed inadequate when he or she receives a rating of "Ineffective" as a result of the Fall or Final Summative Teaching Performance Evaluation, or a rating of "Developing" or "Ineffective" as a result of the Fall or Final Summative Teaching Performance Evaluations for two consecutive school years.

If a classroom teacher meets the definition of Inadequate Classroom Performance based on the Fall or Final Summative Teaching Performance Evaluations, the evaluator will initiate the inadequate classroom performance process by completing the *Notification of Inadequate Classroom Performance (Form 8)* and submitting the form and the signed *Teaching Performance Profile and Rating (Form 1)* to the Human Resources Department. The fall notification must occur prior to the last Monday in November, and the spring notification prior to the last Monday in April. The Superintendent may issue a preliminary notice of inadequate classroom performance at any time after a teacher receives a rating of "Ineffective" as a result of the Fall or Final Summative

Teaching Performance Evaluation. If the inadequate classroom performance process is not completed by the end of the school year in which it started, the process will continue in the following school year as necessary to allow the teacher the opportunity to complete the Professional Remediation Plan, correct inadequacies, and demonstrate adequate classroom performance.

If a classroom teacher has been issued a preliminary notice of inadequate classroom performance, the Assistant Superintendent of Human Resources will assign a second evaluator not from the school, to independently complete a second summative evaluation. The evaluation will include a review of all evidence collected by the original evaluator and at least one formal classroom observation conducted by each evaluator after the employee has been given an opportunity to complete a Professional Remediation Plan. The original evaluator and second evaluator will meet to determine whether there is interrater agreement identifying the employee has corrected inadequacies and demonstrated adequate classroom performance. The evaluators will inform the employee and the Assistant Superintendent of Human Resources of the results of the Fall or Final Summative Teaching Performance Evaluation.

If a classroom teacher receives a preliminary notice of inadequate classroom performance, the notice will be accompanied by a Professional Remediation Plan designed to help the teacher correct inadequacies and demonstrate adequate classroom performance. The plan will include goals, strategies, and action steps; identify training opportunities and other resources available for the employee to correct the deficiencies and demonstrate adequate classroom performance; and specify the date by which the employee must correct any deficiencies and demonstrate adequate classroom performance. The Professional Remediation Plan will remain in effect for not less than 45 instructional days.

Appeal of Evaluation

A classroom teacher who disagrees with a Final Summative Evaluation may submit a written appeal to the Assistant Superintendent of Human Resources or designee within 10 calendar days after receipt of the evaluation instrument. The appeal must describe with specificity the alleged error or errors that are the basis for the appeal. Allegations of error regarding the evaluator's judgment of the teacher's performance during a formal or informal observation will not be considered in an appeal, if the evaluator's perceptions of the teacher's performance with regard to specific elements are properly documented. The Assistant Superintendent may decline to consider an appeal if the appeal is not timely or if the Assistant Superintendent determines that the evaluation will not affect the employee's eligibility for, or amount of, career ladder, performance pay, or other form of compensation and will not materially affect an administrative decision regarding the employee's employment for the subsequent school year.

Evaluation Timelines and Activities

Timeline	Activities
Within the first two weeks	Classroom Teacher Evaluation Orientation
of the school year	• Evaluator will provide an overview of the classroom Teacher evaluation system to all classroom teachers.
Prior to the end of the first	Fall Summative Teaching Performance Evaluation
semester	• Collect evidence for Domains 1 and 4 through the pre- and post-observation conference process
	• Collect evidence for Domains 2 and 3 through informal observations and the first formal observation
	• Teacher completes self-review
	• Complete the Fall Summative Teaching Performance Evaluation and record component scores in the Teaching Performance Profile and Rating (Form 1) in OnBase
	• Complete the Final Summative Teaching Performance Evaluation for continuing status teachers in good standing and record component scores in the Teaching Performance Profile and Rating (Form 1) in OnBase
Prior to the end of March	Spring and Final Summative Teaching Performance Evaluations
	Collect evidence for Domains 1 and 4 through the pre- and post-observation conference process
	• Collect evidence for Domains 2 and 3 through informal observations and the second formal observation
	• Teacher completes self-review
	• Complete the Spring and Final Summative Teaching Performance Evaluations for probationary teachers and continuing status teachers requiring a Spring Summative Teaching Performance Evaluation and record component scores in the Teaching Performance Profile and Rating (Form 1) in OnBase
	• Final Summative Teaching Performance Evaluation scores will be used for teacher RIF profiles
Prior to the last day of	Development of Refinement Plans
school	• A Professional Refinement Plan (Form 4) will be established for every teacher who receives a final rating of "Highly Effective" or "Effective" on the <i>Teaching Performance Profile and Rating (Form 1)</i> . Prior to the end of the present school year, the evaluator, in collaboration with the teacher, will develop a plan to target an area for refinement. The professional refinement plan will be implemented throughout the next evaluation cycle.
No timeline	Development of Remediation Plans
	• A Professional Remediation Plan (Form 5) will be established for every teacher who receives a final rating of "Developing" or "Ineffective" on the <i>Teaching Performance Profile and Rating (Form 1)</i> or at any time at the discretion of the evaluator. The evaluator, in collaboration with the teacher, will develop a plan to target the areas(s) of deficiency.
Prior to August 15	Evaluator Review of Student Achievement Data
	 After a thorough review of student achievement data from the past school year, the evaluator will complete the Student Academic Progress Profile and Rating (Form 2) and the Final Teacher Evaluation Rating (Form 3) for all teachers in OnBase.
Prior to the end of August	 <u>Teacher Review of Evaluation</u> Teacher reviews the Student Academic Progress Profile and Rating (Form 2) from the past school year.
	 Teacher reviews Final Teacher Evaluation Rating (Form 3) from the past school year.
	• Teacher electronically signs final evaluation in OnBase.

Forms

Teaching Performance Profile and Rating (Form 1)

Teacher Name: EIN: School: School Year:	Fall Summative Formal Observation #1 Date:		Spring Summative Formal Observation #2 Date:				Final Summative Due No Later Than March 31					
Grade/Subject/Dept:	0	οo			0	οo			0	50		
Evaluator:	Ineffective	Developing	Effective	Highly Effective	Ineffective	Developing	Effective	Highly Effective	Ineffective	Developing	Effective	Highly Effective
Status: Probationary Continuing 1 Continuing Retiree Late Hire	Ir	Д	Щ	ΗÜ	Ir	Д	Щ	н	Ir	Д	Щ	нн
Domain 1: Planning and Preparation	<u> </u>											
1a: Demonstrating Knowledge of Content and Pedagogy												
1b: Demonstrating Knowledge of Students												
1c: Setting Instructional Outcomes												
1d: Demonstrating Knowledge of Resources												
1e: Designing Coherent Instruction												
1f: Designing Student Assessments												
Domain 2: The Classroom Environment												
2a: Creating an Environment of Respect and Rapport												
2b: Establishing a Culture for Learning												
2c: Managing Classroom Procedures												
2d: Managing Student Behavior												
2e: Organizing Physical Space												
Domain 3: Instruction												
3a: Communicating With Students												
3b: Using Questioning and Discussion Techniques												
3c: Engaging Students in Learning												
3d: Using Assessment in Instruction												
3e: Demonstrating Flexibility and Responsiveness												

Domain 4: Professional Responsibilities						
4a: Reflecting on Teaching						
4b: Maintaining Accurate Records						
4c: Communicating With Families						
4d: Participating in a Professional Community						
4e: Growing and Developing Professionally						
4f: Showing Professionalism						

Final Summative Teaching Perfo	rmance Rating		
Ineffective (0) \Box	Developing (1) \Box	Effective (2)	Highly Effective (3) \Box
3 or more Ineffective ratings	1 or 2 Ineffective ratings or 4 or more Developing ratings	Zero Ineffective ratings and fewer than 4 Developing ratings	At least 5 Highly Effective ratings combined in Domains 2 and 3 and Zero Ineffective and Developing ratings

Teaching Performance Rating



Evaluator's Printed Name

Teacher's Printed Name

Teacher's Signature

Fall Summative

Evaluator's Signature

Date

Final Summative

Evaluator's Signature

Teacher's Signature

Date

Date

Date

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Student Academic Progress Profile and Rating (Form 2)

Teacher:			School Year:		EIN:
School:			Grade/Subject/Dept:		
Evaluator:					
Status:	Probationary □	Continuing 1 \square	Continuing □	Retiree □	Late Hire □

Student Academic Progress Profile-Growth				
Assessments	Ineffective (0)	Developing (1)	Effective (2)	Highly Effective (3)

Student Academic P	rogress Profile-Oth	er		
Assessments	Ineffective (0)	Developing (1)	Effective (2)	Highly Effective (3)

Student Academic Progress-Othe	Student	Academi	Progres	s-Othe
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Student Academic Progress-Growth

Final Teacher Evaluation Rating (Form 3)

Teacher:	School Year:	EIN:
School:	Grade/Subject/Dept:	
Evaluator:		
Probationary Continuing 1 Status:	\Box Continuing \Box Retiree \Box	Late Hire
Teaching Performance (67 percent)		X .67 =
Student Academic Progress-Growth (20 perce	ent)	X .20 =
Student Academic Progress-Other (13 percent)	X .13 =
		+

Final Teacher Evaluation Numerical Score

Final Teacher Evaluation Rating			
Ineffective 🗆	Developing 🗆	Effective 🗆	Highly Effective □
Less than 1.0	Greater than or equal to 1.0 and less than 1.7	Greater than or equal to 1.7 and less than 2.5	Greater than or equal to 2.5

Final Teacher Evaluation Rating

Evaluator's Signature

Teacher's Signature

Date

Date

Professional Refinement Plan (Form 4)

Teacher:	School Year:	EIN:
School:	Grade/Subject/Dept:	
Evaluator:	Status: Probationary	Continuing
Area f	or Refinement	
	Dian	

	Plan
Evaluator's Signature	Teacher's Signature
Date	Date

Summary of Work Completed		
Evaluator's Signature	Teacher's Signature	
Date	Date	

Professional Remediation Plan (Form 5)

Teacher:	School Year: EIN:
School:	Grade/Subject/Dept:
Evaluator:	Status: Probationary Continuing
	Plan
Goal:	
Strategy 1:	
Action Steps:	
Strategy 2:	
Action Steps:	
Strategy 3:	
Action Steps:	
Evaluator's Signature	Teacher's Signature
Date	Date
	Results
Progress on goal	
□ Limited or no progress on goal	
Commentar	
Comments:	
Evaluator's Signature	Teacher's Signature
Evaluator s Signature	Teacher's Signature
Date	Date

Protocol for Pre-Observation Conference (Form 6)

The teacher will complete this form and submit it to the appropriate evaluator prior to the preobservation conference. The teacher should reflect on the Teaching Performance Evaluation rubric to complete this form and to prepare for the pre-observation conference.

Name of Teacher:	
School:	
Grade Level/Subject(s):	
Name of Observer:	
Date of Pre-Observation Conference:	
Date of Scheduled Classroom	
Observation:	

Evidence of teaching performance will be gathered for all components of the Teaching Performance Evaluation. Evidence of planning and preparation and professional responsibilities will be gathered during the pre- and post-observation conference process through the review of lesson plans, student work, communication logs, conversations about practice, and other professional and instructional artifacts.

Questions for discussion:

- 1. To which part of your curriculum does this lesson relate?
- 2. How does this learning fit in the sequence of learning for this class?
- 3. Briefly describe the students in this class, including those with special needs.
- 4. What are your learning outcomes for the lesson? What do you want the students to understand?
- 5. How will you engage the students in the learning? What will you do? What will the students do? Will the students work in small groups, individually or as a large group? Provide worksheets or other materials the students will use.
- 6. How will you differentiate instruction for different individuals or groups of students in the class?
- 7. How and when will you know whether the students have learned what you intend?
- 8. Is there anything you would like me to specifically observe during the lesson?

Protocol for Post-Observation Conference (Form 7)

The teacher will complete this form and submit it to the appropriate evaluator prior to the postobservation conference. The teacher should reflect on the Teaching Performance Evaluation rubric to complete this form and to prepare for the post-observation conference.

Name of Teacher:	
School:	
Grade Level/Subject(s):	
Name of Observer:	
Date of Classroom Observation:	
Date of Scheduled	
Post-Observation Conference:	

Evidence of teaching performance will be gathered for all components of the Teaching Performance Evaluation. Evidence of planning and preparation and professional responsibilities will be gathered during the pre- and post-observation conference process through the review of lesson plans, student work, communication logs, conversations about practice, and other professional and instructional artifacts.

- 1. In general, how successful was the lesson? Did the students learn what you intended for them to learn? How do you know?
- 2. If you were able to bring samples of student work, what would the samples reveal about the levels of student engagement and understanding?
- 3. Comment on your classroom procedures, student conduct and your use of physical space. To what extent did these contribute to student learning?
- 4. Did you depart from your plan? If so, how and why?
- 5. Comment on different aspects of your instructional delivery (e.g., activities, grouping of students, materials and resources.) To what extent were they effective?
- 6. If you had a chance to teach this lesson again to the same group of students, what would you do differently, from planning through execution?

Notification of Inadequate Classroom Performance-Fall (Form 8)

Teacher:	School Year:		EIN:	
School:	Grade/Subject	/Dept:		
Evaluator:	Status: Pro	bationary 🗆	Continuing \Box	

The teacher listed above has been rated "Ineffective" on the Fall Summative Teaching Performance Evaluation or is a continuing status teacher who has been rated "Ineffective" or "Developing" on last year's Final Summative Teaching Performance Evaluation and this year's Fall Summative Teaching Performance Evaluation. A signed copy of the teachers's *Teaching Performance Profile and Rating (Form 1-OnBase)* is included with this notification.

Listed below are the "Ineffective" components (and "Developing" components if the teacher is continuing status and rated "Ineffective" or "Developing" for two consecutive years as described above):

1.	
2.	
12.	

Evaluator's Signature

Teacher's Signature

Notification of Inadequate Classroom Performance-Final (Form 8)

Teacher:	School Year:		EIN:
School:	Grade/Subject/D	lept:	
Evaluator:	Status: Proba	tionary 🗆	Continuing \Box

The teacher listed above has been rated "Ineffective" on the Final Summative Teaching Performance Evaluation. A signed copy of the teachers's *Teaching Performance Profile and Rating (Form 1-OnBase)* is included with this notification.

Listed below are the "Ineffective" components:

1.	
7.	
8.	
9.	
10.	
11.	
12.	

Evaluator's Signature

Teacher's Signature

Date

Date

Appendix

Appendix A-Teaching Performance Evaluation (2013 Danielson Framework for Teaching)

The 2013 Danielson Framework for Teaching can be accessed through a paper copy provided by your evaluator or by visiting the link <u>https://danielsongroup.org/framework</u>.

Appendix B-Summary of Domains

Domain 1: Planning and Preparation

Instructional planning includes a deep understanding of content and pedagogy and an understanding and appreciation of the students and what they bring to the educational experience. Understanding the content is not sufficient. The content must be transformed through instructional design into sequences of activities and exercises that make it accessible to students. All elements of the instructional design, including learning activities, materials, and strategies, must be appropriate to both the content and the students and aligned with larger instructional goals. In content and process, assessment techniques must also reflect the instructional outcomes and should serve to document student progress during and at the end of a teaching episode. In designing assessment strategies, teachers must consider their use for formative purposes. Assessments can provide diagnostic opportunities for students to demonstrate their level of understanding during the instructional sequence, while there is still time to make adjustments.

Domain 2: The Classroom Environment

Teachers create a learning environment through positive interpersonal interactions, efficient routines and procedures, clear and consistent standards of conduct, and a safe physical environment that supports learning. In addition, the environment encourages students to take pride in their work and to assume responsibility for their learning. Students respond to the warmth and caring of teachers, their high expectations for achievement, and their commitment to students. Students feel safe with these teachers and know that they can count on them to be fair and compassionate.

The components of Domain 2 are not associated with the learning of any particular content; instead, they set the stage for all learning. The teacher establishes a comfortable and respectful classroom environment, which cultivates a culture for learning and creates a safe place for risk-taking. The atmosphere is businesslike, with non-instructional routines and procedures handled efficiently; student behavior is cooperative and non-disruptive; and the physical environment is conducive to learning.

Domain 3: Instruction

Domain 3 contains the components that are at the heart of teaching. Teachers facilitate the engagement of students in learning, through the vision of students developing a complex understanding and participation in a community of learners. Students are engaged in meaningful work, which carries significance beyond the next test and is relevant to students' lives.

Teachers who excel in Domain 3 have finely honed instructional skills. Their work in the classroom is fluid and flexible. They can shift easily from one approach to another when the situation demands it. They seamlessly incorporate ideas and concepts from other parts of the curriculum into their explanations and activities. Their questions probe student thinking and serve to extend understanding. They are attentive to different students in the class and the degree to which they are thoughtfully engaged; they carefully monitor student understanding as they proceed through well-designed questions or activities; and make minor midcourse corrections as needed. Above all, they promote the emergence of self-directed learners fully engaged in the work at hand.

Domain 4: Professional Responsibilities

The components in Domain 4 are associated with being a true professional educator. They encompass the roles assumed outside of and in addition to those in the classroom with students. Students rarely observe these activities; parents and the larger community observe them only intermittently. However, the activities are critical to preserving and enhancing the profession.

Domain 4 consists of a wide range of professional responsibilities, from self-reflection and professional growth, to participation in a professional community, to contributions made to the profession as a whole. The components also include interactions with the families of students, contacts with the larger community and advocacy for students. Domain 4 captures the essence of professionalism by teachers. As a result of their skills in this domain, teachers are full members of the teaching profession and committed to its enhancement.

Appendix C-Domains, Components and Elements of the Teaching Performance Evaluation

Domain 1: Planning and Preparation	Domain 2: The Classroom Environment
Component 1a: Demonstrating Knowledge of Content and	Component 2a: Creating an Environment of Respect and Rapport
Pedagogy	Teacher interaction with students
• Knowledge of content and the structure of the	• Student interactions with other students
discipline	Component 2b: Establishing a Culture for Learning
 Knowledge of prerequisite relationships Knowledge of context related address system 	Importance of the content
• Knowledge of content-related pedagogy Component 1b: Demonstrating Knowledge of Students	Expectations for learning and achievement
Knowledge of child and adolescent development	Student pride in work Component 2c: Managing Classroom Procedures
 Knowledge of the learning process 	Management of instructional groups
 Knowledge of students' skills, knowledge, and 	 Management of transitions
language proficiency	 Management of materials and supplies
• Knowledge of students' interests and cultural heritage	 Performance of non-instructional duties
• Knowledge of students' special needs	 Supervision of volunteers and paraprofessionals
Component 1c: Setting Instructional Outcomes	Component 2d: Managing Student Behavior
• Value, sequence, and alignment	Expectations
Clarity	Monitoring of student behavior
• Balance	Response to student misbehavior
• Suitability for diverse learners	Component 2e: Organizing Physical Space
Component 1d: Demonstrating Knowledge of Resources	Safety and accessibility
Resources for classroom use	Arrangement of furniture and use of physical resources
• Resources to extend content knowledge and pedagogy	
Resources for students	
Component 1e: Designing Coherent Instruction	
Learning activities	
Instructional materials and resourcesInstructional groups	
 Lesson and unit structure 	
Component 1f: Designing Student Assessments	
Congruence with instructional outcomes	
Criteria and standards	
• Design of formative assessments	
• Use for planning	
Domain 4: Professional Responsibilities	Domain 3: Instruction
Component 4a: Reflecting on Teaching	
	Component 3a: Communicating with Students
• Accuracy	• Expectations for learning
AccuracyUse in future teaching	Expectations for learningDirections and procedures
 Accuracy Use in future teaching Component 4b: Maintaining Accurate Records 	 Expectations for learning Directions and procedures Explanations of content
 Accuracy Use in future teaching Component 4b: Maintaining Accurate Records Student completion of assignments 	 Expectations for learning Directions and procedures Explanations of content Use of oral and written language
 Accuracy Use in future teaching Component 4b: Maintaining Accurate Records Student completion of assignments Student progress in learning 	 Expectations for learning Directions and procedures Explanations of content Use of oral and written language Component 3b: Using Questioning and Discussion Techniques
 Accuracy Use in future teaching Component 4b: Maintaining Accurate Records Student completion of assignments Student progress in learning Noninstructional records 	 Expectations for learning Directions and procedures Explanations of content Use of oral and written language Component 3b: Using Questioning and Discussion Techniques Quality of questions
 Accuracy Use in future teaching Component 4b: Maintaining Accurate Records Student completion of assignments Student progress in learning Noninstructional records Component 4c: Communicating with Families 	 Expectations for learning Directions and procedures Explanations of content Use of oral and written language Component 3b: Using Questioning and Discussion Techniques Quality of questions Discussion techniques
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 Accuracy Use in future teaching Component 4b: Maintaining Accurate Records Student completion of assignments Student progress in learning Noninstructional records Component 4c: Communicating with Families Information about the instructional program Information about individual students 	 Expectations for learning Directions and procedures Explanations of content Use of oral and written language Component 3b: Using Questioning and Discussion Techniques Quality of questions Discussion techniques Student participation Component 3c: Engaging Students in Learning
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 Accuracy Use in future teaching Component 4b: Maintaining Accurate Records Student completion of assignments Student progress in learning Noninstructional records Component 4c: Communicating with Families Information about the instructional program Information about the instructional program Information about the instructional program Component 4d: Participating in a Professional Community Relationships with colleagues Involvement in a culture of professional inquiry Service to the school Participation in school and district projects Component 4e: Growing and Developing Professionally Enhancement of content knowledge and pedagogical skill Receptivity to feedback from colleagues 	 Expectations for learning Directions and procedures Explanations of content Use of oral and written language Component 3b: Using Questioning and Discussion Techniques Quality of questions Discussion techniques Student participation Component 3c: Engaging Students in Learning Activities and assignments Grouping of students Instructional materials and resources Structure and pacing Component 3d: Using Assessment in Instruction Assessment criteria Monitoring of students Feedback to students
 Accuracy Use in future teaching Component 4b: Maintaining Accurate Records Student completion of assignments Student progress in learning Noninstructional records Component 4c: Communicating with Families Information about the instructional program Information about the instructional program Information about the instructional program Component 4d: Participating in a Professional Community Relationships with colleagues Involvement in a culture of professional inquiry Service to the school Participation in school and district projects Component 4e: Growing and Developing Professionally Enhancement of content knowledge and pedagogical skill Receptivity to feedback from colleagues Service to profession 	 Expectations for learning Directions and procedures Explanations of content Use of oral and written language Component 3b: Using Questioning and Discussion Techniques Quality of questions Discussion techniques Student participation Component 3c: Engaging Students in Learning Activities and assignments Grouping of students Instructional materials and resources Structure and pacing Component 3d: Using Assessment in Instruction Assessment criteria Monitoring of students Student self-assessment and monitoring of progress
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 Accuracy Use in future teaching Component 4b: Maintaining Accurate Records Student completion of assignments Student progress in learning Noninstructional records Component 4c: Communicating with Families Information about the instructional program Information about individual students Engagement of families in the instructional program Component 4d: Participating in a Professional Community Relationships with colleagues Involvement in a culture of professional inquiry Service to the school Participation in school and district projects Component 4e: Growing and Developing Professionally Enhancement of content knowledge and pedagogical skill Receptivity to feedback from colleagues Service to profession Component 4f: Showing Professionalism Integrity and ethical conduct 	 Expectations for learning Directions and procedures Explanations of content Use of oral and written language Component 3b: Using Questioning and Discussion Techniques Quality of questions Discussion techniques Student participation Component 3c: Engaging Students in Learning Activities and assignments Grouping of students Instructional materials and resources Structure and pacing Component 3d: Using Assessment in Instruction Assessment criteria Monitoring of students Student self-assessment and monitoring of progress Component 3e: Demonstrating Flexibility and Responsiveness Lesson adjustment
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Appendix D-Examples of Evidence and Artifacts

Artifacts are indicators of professional growth. They are not intended to be a portfolio of completed work. They are meant to support a teacher's instructional improvement and progress toward his/her goals. Artifacts are not put into the personnel file. They are for dialogue purposes only.

The artifacts on the following list are intended as examples. There is no expectation that these specific artifacts be provided to the evaluator. Teachers may wish to provide evaluators with artifacts that are not on this list. Note that some artifacts, although listed in only one domain, may be evidence of practice in other domains as well.

Domain 1: Planning and Preparation	
Lesson plans	Lesson plans and logs of meetings that involve
Unit plans	collaborating with district specialists
Discipline plans	Examples of collaboration with other
Differentiation plans	practitioners
Assessment plan for student achievement	List of professional books, resources and
Substitute folder	materials used to create lesson plan
Bulletin boards connected to units	Photographs of parents and other professionals
Student profiles	volunteering and/or presenting in the
Student work samples	classroom
Student portfolios	PDFs and photo copies of resource lists
Teaching artifacts such as primary sources	Written abstracts of research articles for
Student and parent surveys	resources
Notes from workshops, conferences,	Electronic bookmarks of educational
professional texts and classes	sites/resources used
Curriculum Night presentation/handouts	Google docs between classroom teachers and
Examples of informal time with students	specialists with collaborative lesson plans
Student conferences/check-ins notations	Examples of grouping based on pre-tests
Charts with data collected from student files, test	Examples of visual aids
data, etc.	Examples of educational games to reinforce
Examples of getting to know students: interest	skills
inventories, etc.	Examples of re-teaching with Google websites,
Examples of anecdotal records on students	math videos
Examples of modifications of assessments,	Examples of student-designed rubrics
assignments, lessons for SPED, ELL, Gifted	Examples of varied assessment for large units
(recognize IEPs and 504 Plans)	Examples of "small" regular assessments for
Examples of pre- and post-assessments	basic skills and clear articulation of how they
Rubric samples and important concepts reflected	are used to plan
in lesson plans	Examples of pre-tests/entrance slips/exit slips
Examples of aligning special service to curriculum	Examples of Topic-Do-LOT at beginning of lesson
Examples of differentiating assignment	Examples of daily essential questions, goals, and
Notes on collaboration with grade level teams	objectives
	Examples of computer usage and technology

Domain 2: The Classroom Environment

CD, electronic presentations Classroom observations Problem solving notebook Interviews Behavior log Homework plan Log of parent contacts Incentive and reward plans Unit bulletin boards Seating chart Substitute plan folder Physical layout of room Diagram and photographs of room Daily, weekly routine, schedules Examples of classroom management plan Evidence of character lessons, posters, and charts Anecdotal records of student sharing Notes on behavioral intervention Examples of cooperative group activities Modeling appropriate classroom behavior Examples of student rubrics (so that students are aware of expected outcomes) Examples of work completed checklist Examples of positive feedback to and from students (certificates, notes) Examples of student self-assessment

A collection of content specific resources (books, references, etc.) Examples of learning stations (e.g. Writers' Workshop) Content related, relevant artifacts on walls Sign-ups for computer access, publishing conferences Photos of organizational areas Agenda and minutes of training for assistants Documentation and use of transition strategies (music, saying, clapping, lights, etc.) Plans for instructional assistants and volunteers Individual student schedules Student checklists (for routines) Examples of time management supports (timers, hand signals, lights, etc.) Notes on strategies for students Documentation of behavior intervention Examples of positive intervention strategies and recognitions (i.e. marble jar, class and individual rewards, tally marks, etc.) Student work displayed (in classroom, halls) Examples of written objective for unit and lesson Examples of KWL charts and content relevant posters

Domain 3: Instruction

Student achievement data
Classroom observations
Student work samples
Units of study
Technology links
Video and audio records of student performance
Extension and enrichment activities
Modifications
Examples of written feedback
Differentiation samples
Copies of quizzes, tests, assignments
Examples of journaling and autobiographies
Examples of student projects
Examples of objectives and goals, clear
expectations
Google Docs comments

Examples of blogging, podcasting through
practitioner's website
Examples of syllabus with expectations
Examples of assignment guides
Student answers/participation recorded
Pictures or video of students utilizing a variety
of materials/resources (SmartBoards,
computers, leveled books, math games, etc.)
Examples of graphic organizers
Creation of leveled groups based on pre and post
assessment
Video camera use
Conferencing notes
Class meeting notes
Videotaped instruction/interactions with students

Domain 4: Professional Responsibilities

Log of parent contacts Newsletters **Published** articles Parent surveys Voice mail and email logs Reflection sheets and journals Notes on lesson reflections and ideas for improvement Parent letters and emails Teacher certification classes, workshops District, building committees PD documentation Coursework Community service National Board Accreditation A list of conferences and workshops attended Presentations made Journals Observations Videotapes Transcripts Examples of specific report card comments Examples of progress monitoring data and plans changed based on progress Examples of attendance, grades, conference forms, report cards, anecdotal records, parent contacts logs, portfolios, etc. Examples of promptness in meeting deadlines (i.e. IEP), timelines, meeting prep

Binders/folders of used materials Notes/information from committee meetings, professional journals, team meetings/grade level meetings Handouts and notations on continued professional development (conferences, workshops, conventions) Examples of observations of other practitioners (via video or in person) List of useful websites Participation log of activities in professional organizations Log of tutorials used for technology or other educational purposes Notes from site visits to other institutions Notes from working collaboratively with colleagues Examples of participation in after school activities (i.e. Bingo Night) Examples of professionalism based on participation with education association Noted parent feedback based on teacher and student performance Examples of providing extra support to students outside of assigned school hours Examples of advocacy with attendance at PTO/PTAC, board meeting, student events to present or support programming Examples of attending student activities outside the school day

Appendix E-Common Themes in the Teaching Performance Evaluation

Equity

A commitment to excellence is not complete without a commitment to equity. In an environment of respect and rapport, all students feel valued. Equal opportunities for all have not always occurred in public schools, especially considering the educational tradition of elitism. Equity provides for stimulating academic achievement (including higher education and the resultant careers) as well as additional levels of support for those traditionally underserved.

Cultural Competence

The cultural backgrounds of students shape their interpretation and understanding of material as well as their interactions with practitioners. Effective practitioners become knowledgeable about the cultural traditions, practices and interactions that might impact students in the classroom. This ensures that every child feels valued and optimizes the student's understanding of material and ability to share information.

High Expectations

Accomplished practitioners believe that all students are capable of high standards of learning and organize their practice accordingly. Instructional outcomes are set at a high and challenging level. The questions practitioners ask, the feedback they give, and the way they communicate with families all reflect the belief that students are capable of high-level work.

Developmental Appropriateness

Intellectual development shapes academic content. Effective practitioners observe patterns of development among students. Students' ability to understand concepts depends on their cognitive structures at the time of instruction.

Attention to Individual Students, Including Those With Special Needs

Learning is done by individuals, not by groups. Therefore, effective practitioners provide learning experiences that are challenging on a variety of levels. Instructional plans, assessment strategies, interactions and feedback are appropriate for individual student needs.

Appropriate Use of Technology

Students' familiarity and experience with technology are diverse. Effective practitioners stay abreast of new developments in technology and provide access for all students. Technology is used to enhance, not replace, learning. Used appropriately, technology is beneficial in planning, teaching, managing records, professional development and communicating with families.

Student Assumption of Responsibility

Effective practitioners recognize that they are responsible for creating a student-focused learning environment. An effective practitioner enlists student input and energy to create a community of learners in which students assume at least some of the responsibility for the learning environment.

Appendix F-Group A and Group B Teachers

Elementary Teachers	
Group A	Group B
	All Teachers

Secondary Teachers	
Group A	Group B
	All Teachers

Appendix G-Measurements for Student Academic Progress

Elementary

District and state assessments will be reviewed, and those deemed valid and reliable will be used for the student academic progress component.

Junior High

District and state assessments will be reviewed, and those deemed valid and reliable will be used for the student academic progress component.

High School

District and state assessments will be reviewed, and those deemed valid and reliable will be used for the student academic progress component.

Choice and Success Schools

District and state assessments will be reviewed, and those deemed valid and reliable will be used for the student academic progress component.

Appendix H-Student Academic Progress Cut Scores

Student Academic Progress Measurements	Cut Scores
District and state assessments will be reviewed, and cut scores will be established for those deemed valid and reliable.	

Classification	Description
Highly Effective	A <i>Highly Effective</i> teacher consistently exceeds expectations. This teacher's students generally made exceptional levels of academic progress. The highly effective teacher demonstrates mastery of the state board of education adopted professional teaching standards.
Effective	An <i>Effective</i> teacher consistently meets expectations. This teacher's students generally made satisfactory levels of academic progress. The effective teacher demonstrates competency in the state board of education adopted professional teaching standards.
Developing	A <i>Developing</i> teacher fails to consistently meet expectations and requires a change in performance. This teacher's students generally made unsatisfactory levels of academic progress. The developing teacher demonstrates an insufficient level of competency in the state board of education adopted professional teaching standards. The Developing classification may be appropriate for new or newly-reassigned teachers, but for all other teachers it shall be limited to two years.
Ineffective	An <i>Ineffective</i> teacher consistently fails to meet expectations and requires a change in performance. This teacher's students generally made unacceptable levels of academic progress. The ineffective teacher demonstrates minimal competency in the state board of education adopted professional teaching standards.