Table of Contents

Introduction	1
General Information	7
Health Insurance	39
State Health Plan	43
BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO	
AMRA TRICARE Supplement Plan	97
Dental Insurance	101
State Dental Plan	103
Dental Plus	
Vision Care	111
State Vision Plan	113
Vision Care Discount Program	118
Life Insurance	119
Basic Life Insurance Program	121
Optional Life Insurance Program	123
Dependent Life Insurance Program	134
Long Term Disability	141
Basic Long Term Disability	143
Supplemental Long Term Disability	147
MoneyPlus	155
Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature	159
Dependent Care Spending Account	161
Medical Spending Account	
Health Savings Account	172
Retirement/Disability Retirement	179
Medicare	203

insurance Benefits Guide	2014
Dromiumo	223
Premiums	223
Appendix	233
Appendix	233
Index	253

Introduction

To make the best use of your insurance, please remember:

- You are responsible for understanding your benefits. We encourage you to ask questions if you do not understand your benefits.
- Coverage and changes are not automatic. You must take action to initiate them.
- A special eligibility situation permits you to change your coverage within 31 days of certain events, such as birth, adoption, marriage or loss of other coverage. To make changes as a result of a special eligibility situation, contact your benefits administrator (BA). (Your BA works in your employer's personnel office if you are an active employee or a local subdivision retiree. Otherwise, the PEBA Insurance Benefits staff is your BA.)
- Whether you are enrolled in the State Health Plan or BlueChoice HealthPlan, some services are not covered or must be approved before you receive them. Check preauthorization requirements, such as those for maternity benefits, and exclusions now, so you will be familiar with them when you need services.

BENEFITS ADMINISTRATORS AND OTHERS CHOSEN BY YOUR EMPLOYER WHO MAY ASSIST WITH INSURANCE ENROLLMENT, CHANGES, RETIREMENT OR TERMINATION AND RELATED ACTIVITIES ARE NOT AGENTS OF THE S.C. PUBLIC EMPLOYEE BENEFIT AUTHORITY AND ARE NOT AUTHORIZED TO BIND THE S.C. PUBLIC EMPLOYEE BENEFIT AUTHORITY.

THIS GUIDE CONTAINS AN ABBREVIATED DESCRIPTION OF INSURANCE BENEFITS
PROVIDED BY OR THROUGH THE S.C. PUBLIC EMPLOYEE BENEFIT AUTHORITY. THE
PLAN OF BENEFITS DOCUMENTS AND BENEFITS CONTRACTS CONTAIN COMPLETE
DESCRIPTIONS OF THE HEALTH AND DENTAL PLANS AND ALL OTHER INSURANCE
BENEFITS. THEIR TERMS AND CONDITIONS GOVERN ALL BENEFITS OFFERED BY OR
THROUGH THE S.C. PUBLIC EMPLOYEE BENEFIT AUTHORITY. IF YOU WOULD LIKE TO
REVIEW THESE DOCUMENTS, CONTACT YOUR BENEFITS ADMINISTRATOR OR THE S.C.
PUBLIC EMPLOYEE BENEFIT AUTHORITY.

THE LANGUAGE USED IN THIS DOCUMENT DOES NOT CREATE AN EMPLOYMENT CONTRACT BETWEEN THE EMPLOYEE AND THE S.C. PUBLIC EMPLOYEE BENEFIT AUTHORITY. THIS DOCUMENT DOES NOT CREATE ANY CONTRACTUAL RIGHTS OR ENTITLEMENTS. THE S.C. PUBLIC EMPLOYEE BENEFIT AUTHORITY RESERVES THE RIGHT TO REVISE THE CONTENT OF THIS DOCUMENT, IN WHOLE OR IN PART. NO PROMISES OR ASSURANCES, WHETHER WRITTEN OR ORAL, WHICH ARE CONTRACT TO OR INCONSISTENT WITH THE TERMS OF THIS PARAGRAPH CREATE ANY CONTRACT OF EMPLOYMENT.

Introduction

We know that your benefits are important to you and to your family. We also know that you lead busy lives, and it can be hard to find time to read complicated insurance materials. For that reason, we continually try to make the *Insurance Benefits Guide* (IBG) easier to understand and use.

"What's New?" on pages 4 and 5 highlights major changes in insurance benefits offered through the S.C. Public Employee Benefit Authority. There also are some changes in this book.

 Under the State Health Plan Standard Plan the charges that were formerly called "per-occurrence deductibles" are now called "copayments." You make these copayments for emergency care, outpatient facility services and visits to a physician's office.

Please note: PEBA Insurance Benefits has moved to 202 Arbor Lake Drive, Columbia. Its telephone numbers remain 803-734-0678 (Greater Columbia area) and 888-260-9430 (toll-free outside the Columbia area).

Every year there are changes in your insurance benefits. To avoid mistakes, please recycle your 2013 *Insurance Benefits Guide* and use this 2014 edition instead.

As always, this guide includes explanations of benefits, premiums and contact information and gives an overview of the health plans and other programs offered through PEBA Insurance Benefits.

Terms that may be unfamiliar to you are italicized and defined in the text. However, if you have questions, ask your benefits administrator; the third-party claims processor, such as BlueCross BlueShield of South Carolina; the vendor; or PEBA Insurance Benefits. Turn to the index for help in finding information about specific topics, including definitions of terms.

Remember, only information concerning those benefits for which you are eligible and in which you are enrolled applies to you.

We encourage you to review each chapter that applies to you and to discuss your benefits with your family. Charts are included to help you compare plans. Pay close attention to copayments, deductibles, preauthorization requirements and services that may be limited or not covered.

- For a more detailed explanation of your benefits: Check the appropriate chapter in this book. If you still have questions, call your benefits administrator or PEBA Insurance Benefits.
- For information about processing and payment of claims: Contact the appropriate third-party claims processor or other vendor. Contact information is listed on the inside cover of this book.

Notice to Members

State Health Plan's Grandfathered Status Allows Premiums to Remain Stable

PEBA Insurance Benefits considers the State Health Plan to be a "grandfathered health plan" under the Affordable Care Act, formally the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, a federal law signed in 2010 as part of the health care reform program of the Obama administration. As a grandfathered plan, PEBA Insurance Benefits will be able to minimize the increase in State Health Plan premiums while it assesses the future financial impact of the act. As permitted by the Affordable Care Act, a grandfathered health plan can preserve certain basic health coverage that was already in effect when the law was enacted. Being a grandfathered health plan means that the plan may not include certain consumer protections of the Affordable Care Act that apply to other plans, for example, the requirement for the provision of preventive health services without any cost sharing. However, grandfathered health plans must comply with certain other consumer protections in the Affordable Care Act, for example, the elimination of lifetime limits on benefits.

Questions regarding which protections apply and which protections do not apply to a grandfathered health plan and what might cause a plan to change from grandfathered health plan status can be directed to the plan administrator at 803-734-0678 (Greater Columbia area) and 888-260-9430 (toll-free outside the Columbia area).

You may also contact the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services at www.healthcare.gov.

What's New?

General Information

 Open enrollment is now held yearly in October. Eligible employees, retirees, COBRA subscribers and survivors may enroll in or drop their own health coverage and add or drop their eligible spouse and/ or children. Eligible subscribers also may change health plans. Subscribers may add or drop the State Dental Plan and Dental Plus in October of odd-numbered years.

For details, see page 22

- A child younger than age 26 may be covered under his parent's health insurance even if he is eligible
 for a group health plan sponsored by an employer, including an employer that is a PEBA Insurance
 Benefits participating group.
- Pre-existing conditions are no longer excluded from health coverage.

State Health Plan

- Catamaran is now the State Health Plan's pharmacy benefit manager.
 For details, see pages 72-77.
- In addition to the health insurance card you receive from BlueCross BlueShield of South Carolina, you
 will receive two copies of a pharmacy benefits card from Catamaran, the State Health Plan's pharmacy
 benefits manager. Please present this card when you fill a prescription, especially the first time you fill
 one in 2014, and any time you fill a prescription at a different pharmacy.
- The Standard Plan copayments are now \$12 for an office visit to a physician, \$90 for outpatient facility services and \$150 for emergency care.
- The Standard Plan annual deductibles are now \$420 for individual coverage and \$840 for family coverage. The Savings Plan annual deductibles are now \$3,600 for individual coverage and \$7,200 for family coverage.
- The coinsurance maximums under the Standard Plan and the Savings Plan are now \$2,400 for individual coverage and \$4,800 for family coverage for network services. For out-of-network services, the coinsurance maximums are now \$4,800 for individual coverage and \$9,600 for family coverage.

For details about copayments, deductibles and coinsurance maximums, see pages 45-47.

 The Standard Plan prescription drug copayment for generic drugs remains \$9. The copayment for Tier 2 brand drugs is \$36 and for Tier 3 brand drugs is \$60. The mail order prescription drug copayment remains \$22 for generic drugs. The mail order copayment is \$90 for Tier 2 brand drugs and \$150 for Tier 3 brand drugs.

For details, see pages 72 and 76.

BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO

- Away from Home Care and the Quit for Life program are no longer offered by BlueChoice HealthPlan.
- BlueChoice HealthPlan premiums have increased.

For premiums, see pages 225-228.

AMRA TRICARE Supplement Plan

 The TRICARE Supplement Plan is available to the military community, including eligible employees, retirees and survivors, as well as to their eligible family members, until they become eligible for Medicare. Active employees may pay premiums through the MoneyPlus Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature.

For details, see pages 97-99.

For premiums, see pages 225-228.

Dental Insurance

Dental Plus premiums have increased.

For details, see pages 225-228.

State Vision Plan

State Vision Plan premiums have increased.

For details, see pages 225-228.

MoneyPlus

As part of the merger of Fringe Benefits Management Company and WageWorks, the third-party claims processor for tax-favored accounts, is now referred to in the *Insurance Benefits Guide*, and elsewhere, as "WageWorks."

Long Term Disability

• Premiums for Supplemental Long Term Disability Insurance have increased.

For details, see page 150.

Retirement/Disability Retirement

 Effective January 1, 2014, disability retirement eligibility for South Carolina Retirement System members is based on approval for Social Security disability benefits.

For details, see page 183.

Confidentiality Policies

The South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority (PEBA) is committed to protecting the privacy of your health information. PEBA strives continually to ensure its compliance with the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA), which mandates the security and privacy of health information by setting standards for access and distribution of that information.

PEBA provides a Notice of Privacy Practices directly to all persons covered under the state insurance program. This brochure outlines the situations in which PEBA uses and discloses health information. It also outlines your rights with regard to the information and disclosure. A copy of PEBA's Notice of Privacy Practices begins on page 237 and is also on the PEBA Insurance Benefits website, www.eip.sc.gov. On the home page, select "Forms" and then go to "HIPAA." In addition, the website contains links to forms mentioned in the Notice of Privacy Practices.

If you would like for someone, such as your spouse or your parents, to have access to your protected health information – or if they would like for you to have access to theirs – you, as a subscriber or a covered dependent, must complete an Authorized Representative Form. The form is on the PEBA Insurance Benefits website under "Forms." Go to "HIPAA" and then select "Authorized Representative Form."

If you have any questions about HIPAA, please contact:

Privacy Officer
South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority
Insurance Benefits
P.O. Box 11661
Columbia, SC 29211-1661

Phone: 803-734-0678 Fax: 803-726-9877

Email: <u>privacyofficer@eip.sc.gov</u>

Fraud Prevention Hotline

Inspector General's Fraud Hotline (State agency fraud only)

1-855-723-7283 or 1-855-SCFRAUD

You also may file a complaint on an Internet complaint form, which is available on the Inspector General's website, http://oig.sc.gov/Pages/default.aspx, or by mail by at State Inspector General's Office, 111 Executive Center Drive, Enoree Building, Suite 204, Columbia, SC 29210.

If you would like to report a fraud related to a specific program offered through the S.C. Public Employee Benefit Authority, you may also call the program's customer service number.

General Information

General Information Table of Contents

Your insurance Benefits: Help when You Need it Most	9
Eligibility	9
Dependent Eligibility Audits	11
Coordination of Benefits	12
Enrolling as a Transferring Employee	12
Insurance Coverage Available to You	13
Choosing a Health Plan	13
Comparison of Health Plan Benefits Offered for 2014	15
Health Maintenance Organization (HMO)	
AMRA TRICARE Supplement Plan	
Dental Insurance	17
Vision Care	17
Life Insurance	18
Long Term Disability Insurance	18
MoneyPlus	19
Initial Enrollment	19
Information You Need at Enrollment	20
Documents You Need at Enrollment	20
Tips for Completing a Paper Enrollment Form, the Notice of Election	21
After Your Initial Enrollment	21
Insurance Cards	
Open Enrollment	
Special Eligibility Situations	
Leaves of Absence	
Paid Leave	
Leave Without Pay (LWOP)	29
Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) Leave	
Military Leave	
Workers' Compensation	
Prevention Partners	30
PEBA Insurance Benefits Website: <u>www.eip.sc.gov</u>	31
When Coverage Ends	
COBRA	
Death of a Subscriber or Covered Spouse or Child	34
Survivors	34
Appeals	35
Checklists: Quick Guides to Your Benefits	
New Employee Checklist	36
Retiree Checklist	
Survivor Checklist	38

Your Insurance Benefits: Help When You Need It Most

Your insurance, offered through the S.C. Public Employee Benefit Authority (PEBA) Insurance Benefits, provides a financial safety net when you are ill or injured. This chapter describes how to enroll in insurance coverage when you begin work for a state-covered employer. It also provides information that may be useful to anyone covered by any plan PEBA Insurance Benefits offers.

Eligibility

An Eligible Active Employee

- Is employed by the state, a higher education institution, a public school district or a participating *local subdivision* and
- Works in a permanent, full-time position and
- Receives compensation from the state, a higher education institution, a public school district or a participating local subdivision.

Some benefits are based on your annual salary. If you do not know your salary, ask a staff member in your employer's personnel office.

Eligible employees also include clerical and administrative
employees of the S.C. General Assembly and judges in the state
courts; General Assembly members; elected members of the
councils of participating counties or municipalities who also participate in the PEBA Retirement
Benefits; and permanent, part-time teachers, who are considered employees for insurance
purposes. Generally, members of other governing boards are not eligible for coverage. If you
work for more than one participating group, contact your benefits
administrator for further information.

A *local subdivision* is any *participating group* other than a state agency, a higher education institution or a public school district. Examples include: counties, municipalities, councils on aging, commissions on alcohol and other drug abuse, special purpose districts, community action agencies, disabilities and special needs boards, recreation districts, hospital districts and councils of government. The General Assembly passed legislation extending voluntary participation in the state insurance program to certain local subdivisions. For a local subdivision to be

An orientation program for new employees is on the PEBA Insurance Benefits website, <u>www.eip.sc.gov</u>, under "Presentations."

eligible to participate in the state insurance program, it must fall within one of the categories established by statute (Section 1-11-720 of the S.C. Code of Laws, as amended).

An Eligible Retiree

An individual may be eligible for health, dental and vision coverage in retirement if:

- He retires from an employer that participates in the state insurance program.
- 2. He is eligible to retire when he leaves employment.
- 3. His last five years of employment were served consecutively in a full-time, permanent position with an employer that participates in the state insurance program.

To learn where to find information about retiree insurance, see the Retiree Checklist on page 37.

For insurance purposes, members of a defined benefit plan administered by PEBA must meet the minimum retirement eligibility requirements established by the system in which they participate when they leave covered employment. Defined benefits plans administered by PEBA include South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS), Police Officers Retirement System (PORS), General Assembly Retirement System (GARS) and Judges and Solicitors Retirement System (JSRS).

Please note: This is a brief summary of retiree insurance eligibility requirements. For detailed information, see pages 181-183.

An Eligible Spouse

- Is a lawful spouse or
- A former spouse who is required to be covered by a divorce decree.

You may cover your current spouse or your divorced spouse, but you cannot cover both spouses.

A spouse who is eligible for coverage as an employee of any participating group, including a local subdivision, or as a state-funded retiree may not be covered as a spouse under any plan. A spouse who is a permanent, part-time teacher may be covered as an employee or as a spouse, but not as both. A spouse who is a non-funded retiree may be covered as a retiree or as a spouse, but not as both.

When you enroll a family member, you must document his relationship to you. See pages 20-21 to learn how to do it.

An Eligible Child

- Must be younger than age 26
- Must be the subscriber's natural child, adopted child (including child placed for legal adoption), stepchild, foster child, a child for whom the subscriber has legal custody

or a child the subscriber is required to cover due to a court order.

A *foster child* is a child placed by an authorized placement agency with the subscriber, who is a licensed foster parent.

A *child for whom the subscriber has legal custody* is a child for whom the subscriber has guardianship responsibility, not merely financial responsibility, according to a court order or other document filed with the courts.

When you enroll a spouse or child of any age, you must give your benefits administrator his date of birth and Social Security number.

If you and your spouse are both eligible for coverage, only one of you can cover your children under any one plan. However, one parent can cover the children under health, and the other can cover the children under dental.

A Child Age 19 and Older

According to the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, as amended by the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, a child age 19-25 does not need to be certified as a full-time student or an incapacitated child to be covered under his parent's health, dental or vision insurance. This includes a child who is eligible for state coverage on his own because he works for an employer that participates in PEBA Insurance Benefits. However, if the child is covered under his parent's insurance he is only eligible for benefits offered to children.

Health, dental and vision coverage for a child ends the last day of the month in which he turns 26, unless he is covered as an incapacitated child.

Coverage under Dependent Life-Child Insurance

According to state law, a dependent child, age 19-24, must be a full-time student to be covered under **Dependent Life-Child insurance**. A child of any age who has been certified by PEBA Insurance Benefits as an incapacitated child may continue to be covered under Dependent Life-Child. For more information about eligibility for Dependent Life-Child coverage, see pages 134 and 135.

To file a claim under Dependent Life-Child for a child age 19-24, a subscriber must obtain a statement on letterhead from the educational institution the child was attending that verifies he was a full-time student and gives his dates of enrollment. The statement should be given to the subscriber's BA, who will send it to MetLife with the claim form.

To file a claim for an incapacitated child, the subscriber must give certification of incapacitation to his BA, who will send it to MetLife with the claim form.

Please note: If a child is found to be ineligible for Dependent Life-Child coverage, benefits will not be paid.

An Incapacitated Child

You can continue to cover your child who is age 26 or older if he is incapacitated and you are financially responsible for him. To cover your dependent child who is incapacitated, he must meet these requirements:

- The child must have been continuously covered by health insurance from the time of incapacitation
- The child must be unmarried and must remain unmarried to continue eligibility
- The child must be incapable of self-sustaining employment because of mental illness, retardation or physical disability and must remain principally dependent (more than 50 percent) on the covered employee, retiree, survivor or COBRA subscriber for support and maintenance.

Incapacitation must be established no earlier than 90 days before the child's 26th birthday (or before the child's 19th birthday for him to be covered under Dependent Life-Child) but no later than 31 days after the date he is no longer eligible for coverage as a child. An Incapacitated Child Certification Form must be completed by the subscriber and the child's physician and then sent to PEBA Insurance Benefits for review. PEBA Insurance Benefits will send the form to Standard Insurance Company for review of the medical information. Additional medical documentation from the child's physician may be required by The Standard. The Standard will forward its recommendation to PEBA Insurance Benefits, which makes the final decision.

Please send a copy of your most recent federal tax return, which will demonstrate the child is principally dependent on you, the subscriber, for support and maintenance. Also attach a completed Authorized Representative Form signed by the incapacitated child, a copy of guardianship papers or a power of attorney that verifies your authority to act for your incapacitated child. Any of these documents give PEBA Insurance Benefits permission to discuss or disclose the child's protected health information with the child's Authorized Representative.

A Survivor

Spouses and children covered under the State Health Plan, BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO, the State Dental Plan or the State Vision Plan are classified as "survivors" when a covered employee or retiree dies. **For more information about survivor coverage, see page 34-35.**

Dependent Eligibility Audits

Your employer-sponsored health insurance is a valuable benefit, but it is also an expensive one. It becomes more costly to you and your employer when ineligible individuals are covered. PEBA Insurance Benefits requires documentation of eligibility when family members enroll in coverage. The Dependent Eligibility Audit checks the eligibility of family members who were covered through the state insurance program before that rule went into effect. This ongoing process is designed to ensure that only eligible individuals are covered under state benefits.

If you enrolled before proof of eligibility was required, you will eventually receive a letter asking you to provide specific documents showing that family members you cover are eligible. If you do not do so within 60 days of the date of the letter from PEBA Insurance Benefits, family members whose eligibility has not been documented will be dropped from coverage.

If you wish to prepare for the audit, go to the insurance benefits website, www.eip.sc.gov, and check MyBenefits to make sure PEBA Insurance Benefits has the correct address on file for your insurance benefits. You may also want to go ahead and obtain the documents you will need for the audit. To get a link to the list and to learn more about the audit, go to www.eip.sc.gov/audit.

Coordination of Benefits

Some families in which one spouse works for a participating employer and the other works for an employer that is not covered through PEBA Insurance Benefits are eligible to enroll in two health plans. While the additional coverage may mean that more of your medical expenses are paid by insurance, you will probably pay premiums for both plans. Weigh the advantages and disadvantages before purchasing extra coverage.

Most health plans have a system to determine how claims are handled when a person is covered under more than one insurance plan. This is called "coordination of benefits" (COB). When a subscriber has coverage under more than one plan, he can file a claim for reimbursement from each plan. Third-party claims processors, such as BlueCross BlueShield of South Carolina or BlueChoice HealthPlan, coordinate benefits so that you get the proper reimbursement. That amount will never be more than 100 percent of your covered medical, dental or prescription drug benefits. Your plan will not pay more as a secondary plan than it would have paid if it were the primary plan.

There are rules that determine the order in which the plans pay benefits. The plan that pays first is the *primary* plan. The *secondary* plan pays after the primary plan. Here are some examples of how that works:

- The plan that covers a person as an employee is primary to the plan that covers the person as a dependent.
- When both parents cover a child, the plan of the parent whose birthday comes earlier in the year is primary. Other rules may apply in special situations, such as when a child's parents are divorced.
- If you are eligible for Medicare and are covered as an active employee, your State Health Plan coverage is primary over Medicare. Exceptions may apply in the case of Medicare coverage due to kidney disease. Contact your local Social Security office for details.
- If a person is covered under one plan because the subscriber is an active employee and under another
 plan because the subscriber is retired, the active employee's plan typically pays first. There may be
 exceptions to this rule.

For more information about how coordination of benefits works, call your health plan's customer service number.

Enrolling as a Transferring Employee

As an active employee, PEBA Insurance Benefits considers you a transfer if you change employment from one participating group to another with no break in insurance coverage or with a break of employment of no more than 15 calendar days.

To avoid a lapse in coverage or delays in processing claims, be sure to tell your benefits administrator if you transfer to another participating group. Check with the benefits administrator at your new employer to be sure that your benefits have been transferred.

As an **academic employee**, you are considered a transfer if you complete a school term and move to another participating academic employer at the beginning of the next school term. Your insurance coverage with the employer you are leaving will remain in effect until you begin work

A transfer is not a new hire for insurance purposes. He must remain enrolled in the same insurance benefits in which he was enrolled at his former employer.

with your new employer, typically September 1. On that date, your new employer will pick up your coverage. If you do not transfer to another participating academic employer, your coverage ends the last day of the month in which you were engaged in active employment.

Insurance Coverage Available to You

Here are brief descriptions of the insurance programs for which you may be eligible. Before you enroll, you are strongly advised to review detailed information about each plan you are considering. Pages where this information can be found are listed at the end of each section. If you have specific questions, contact the vendor, which is listed on the inside cover of this book. A checklist for new employees is on page 36, and a checklist for retirees is on page 37.

Please note: If you are enrolled in the TRICARE Supplement Plan, you are not eligible for Basic Life Insurance or for Basic Long Term Disability Insurance offered through PEBA Insurance Benefits.

Choosing a Health Plan

Three plans are available. The State Health Plan operates as a preferred provider organization (PPO), and BlueChoice HealthPlan is a health maintenance organization (HMO). The TRICARE Supplement Plan is offered to eligible members of the military community.

The benefits each plan offers are similar but not identical. All of the plans cover prescription drugs and mental health and substance abuse services, as well as care from doctors and in hospitals. There are differences in provider networks, preventive services and a subscriber's freedom to decide when to see a specialist. The costs — including deductibles, copayments and premiums — also differ. Compare the plans to determine which one best suits your needs. Active employees may pay premiums before taxes through the MoneyPlus Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature. See page 159.

Basic Life Insurance and
Basic Long Term Disability
Insurance are provided at
no charge to active employees who enroll in the State
Health Plan or BlueChoice
HealthPlan. Those who do
not enroll in either plan do
not receive this coverage.

No matter whether you are an active, retired, COBRA or survivor subscriber, if you have single coverage and use tobacco and are covered by the State Health Plan or BlueChoice HealthPlan, you will pay a \$40 monthly surcharge. If you have subscriber/spouse, subscriber/children or full-family coverage and you or anyone you cover uses tobacco, the monthly surcharge will be \$60.

Comparison of Health

Plan	SHP Savings Plan		SHP Star	ndard Plan²
Availability	Coverage worldwide		Coverage	e worldwide
Active Employee Monthly Premiums Employee Only Employee/Spouse Employee/Children Full Family	\$ 77.40 \$ 20.48		\$ 9 \$2 \$1 \$3	97.68 53.36 43.86 06.56
Annual Deductible	(No cona		miums for optional empl	oyer groups, such as local
Single Family			•	420 840
Coinsurance	In-network Plan pays 80% You pay 20%	Out-of-network Plan pays 60% You pay 40%	In-network Plan pays 80% You pay 20%	Out-of-network Plan pays 60% You pay 40%
Coinsurance Maximum Single Family	\$2,400 \$4,800 (excludes deductible)	\$4,800 \$9,600 (excludes deductible)	\$2,400 \$4,800 (excludes deductible and copayments)	\$4,800 \$9,600 (excludes deductible and copayments)
	Chiropractic payments limited to \$500 a year, per person			payments limited rear, per person
Physicians Office Visits	No copa	yments	\$12 copayment then:	
Trigorodino Ornos violes	In-network Plan pays 80% You pay 20%	Out-of-network Plan pays 60% You pay 40%	In-network Plan pays 80% You pay 20%	Out-of-network Plan pays 60% You pay 40%
Hospitalization/	No copayments		\$90 co	acility services: ppayment e: \$150 copayment nen:
Emergency Care			In-network Plan pays 80% You pay 20%	Out-of-network Plan pays 60% You pay 40%
Prescription Drugs	Participating pharmacies and mail order only: You pay the State Health Plan's allowed amount until the annual deductible is met. Afterward, the plan will reimburse 80% of the allowed amount and you pay 20% in coinsurance. When the coinsurance maximum is reached, the plan will reimburse 100% of the allowed amount.		\$9 Tier 1 (generic-lo \$36 Tier 2 (brand-h \$60 Tier 3 (brand-h Mail order (63-90-d \$90 Tier 2	only (up to 31-day supply): owest cost alternative), igher cost alternative), ighest cost alternative) ay supply): \$22 Tier 1, , \$150 Tier 3

¹This table is for comparison purposes only.

²The Standard Plan coordinates with Medicare through the carve-out method. Refer to the Medicare chapter for more information.

³ BlueChoice HealthPlan is not available to subscribers and/or their dependents whose primary coverage is Medicare.

⁴If more than one family member is covered, no family member will receive benefits, other than preventive, until the \$7,200 annual family deductible is met.

Benefits Offered for 2014¹

	BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO ³	Medicare Supplemental Plan
	Available in all South Carolina counties Emergency and urgent coverage worldwide	Same as Medicare Available to retirees and covered spouse and/or children/survivors who are eligible for Medicare
	coverage and use tobacco. You will pay \$60 monthly if you cove	r dependents and anyone you cover uses tobacco. See p. 42
	\$ 345.42 \$ 921.84 \$ 602.20 \$1,290.60	Refer to the premium tables on pages 225-228 for rates
	subdivisions, may vary. <u>To verify your rates, contact your benefi</u>	ts office.
	\$250 \$500	Pays Medicare Part A and Part B deductibles
	HMO pays 85% after deductible or hospital copays You pay 15%	Pays Part B coinsurance of 20%
	\$2,000 \$4,000 (excludes deductible)	None
	\$15 PCP copay \$15 OB/GYN well-woman exam \$45 specialist copay \$5 Doctors Care and CVS Minute Clinics copay	Pays Part B coinsurance of 20%
Inpatient: \$200 copay per admission then 15% Outpatient \$100 copay per visit /first 3 visits. 15% for visit 4 and thereafter Ambulatory surgical centers: \$45 copay then HMO pays 100%		For inpatient hospital stays, the Plan pays: Medicare deductible; coinsurance for days 61-150; (Medicare benefits may end sooner than day 150 if the member has previously used any of his 60 lifetime reserve days); 100% beyond 150 days (Medi-Call approval required)
	Emergency care: \$125 copay, then15% Urgent care: \$35 copay at participating provider, then HMO pays 100%	For skilled nursing facility care, the Plan pays coinsurance for days 21-100; 100% of approved days beyond 100 days, up to 60 days per year.
	Participating pharmacies only (31-day supply): \$4/\$20 generic, \$40 preferred brand, \$60 non-preferred brand, \$125/\$80 specialty pharmaceuticals Mail order (Up to 90-day supply): \$10/\$50 generic, \$100 preferred brand, \$150 non-preferred brand	Participating pharmacies only (up to 31-day supply): \$9 Tier 1 (generic-lowest cost alternative), \$36 Tier 2 (brand-higher cost alternative), \$60 Tier 3 (brand-highest cost alternative) Mail order (up to 90-day supply): \$22 Tier 1, \$90 Tier 2, \$150 Tier 3 Copayment maximum: \$2,500

If your physician provides a letter stating that it is unreasonably difficult for you to stop using tobacco due to a medical reason or that it is medically inadvisable for you to attempt to stop using tobacco, you may be eligible for a waiver of the surcharge. See page 42 for more information.

Please note: No health plan offered through PEBA Insurance Benefits has a lifetime maximum benefit.

For premiums, see pages 225-228.

The State Health Plan

The State Health Plan (SHP) offers the **Standard Plan**, the **Savings Plan** and, for retirees who are eligible for Medicare, the **Medicare Supplemental Plan**. Retirees eligible for Medicare also can be covered under the **Standard Plan**. If you are considering the Standard Plan, see pages 210-211 for more information about the carve-out method of claims payment.

Some State Health Plan members are eligible for free generic drugs through the Wellness Incentive Program. For more information, see page 56.

As a preferred provider organization, the State Health Plan has networks, groups of doctors, hospitals and other providers, that accept the plan's allowed amount as payment in full. The allowed amount is the most a plan allows for a covered service, procedure or supply. Network providers also file subscribers' claims.

plan allows for a covered service, procedure of supply. Network providers also life subscribers claims.

Under both the Standard Plan and the Savings Plan, prescription drugs are covered only if they are purchased at a network pharmacy. A subscriber may use any doctor, hospital or mental health/substance abuse provider he chooses. However, a higher percentage of his health care costs will be paid if he receives care from a network provider.

The annual deductibles for the **Standard Plan** are lower than for the Savings Plan, but the premiums are higher. Standard Plan subscribers also pay *copayments* for each office visit and for outpatient facility services and emergency care before the plan begins to pay a percentage of the cost of the services. These copayments do not apply toward the annual deductible and continue after the deductible is met. Neither do they apply to the coinsurance maximum, and they continue after the coinsurance maximum is met.

Prescription drugs at network pharmacies are available for a *copayment*, a fixed total amount for each prescription. The copayment applies to the member's prescription drug copayment maximum but not to the annual deductible.

Savings Plan premiums are lower, but the annual deductibles are higher. Savings Plan subscribers pay the full *allowed amount* for medical and mental health/substance abuse services and prescription drugs. The allowed amount is the most the plan allows for a covered service. Unlike the Standard Plan drug copayments, the allowed amount for prescription drugs under the Savings Plan is applied to the annual deductible. The Savings Plan offers more preventive benefits than the Standard Plan. An important advantage of the plan is that a subscriber can save for medical expenses with a tax-free Health Savings Account, which is discussed in the MoneyPlus chapter on pages 172-176.

For more information about the State Health Plan, see pages 43-83.

Health Maintenance Organization (HMO)

HMO members must use network health care providers, including hospitals, except in emergencies. Each family member chooses his own primary care physician, who coordinates his care, including referrals to specialists.

BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO

BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO is offered statewide to subscribers for whom Medicare is not primary coverage. Most services, such as office visits, well child care visits, routine physicals and immunizations, require only a copayment. BlueChoice has an annual deductible, which applies to some services. Prescription drugs are available from a network pharmacy for a copayment.

For more information about BlueChoice HealthPlan, see pages 84-96.

AMRA TRICARE Supplement Plan

TRICARE is the Department of Defense health benefit program for the military community. The AMRA TRI-CARE Supplement Plan is designed for TRICARE-eligible employees and retirees and their eligible family members until they become eligible for TRICARE for Life, a Medicare supplement.

For more information about the TRICARE Supplement Plan, see pages 97-99.

Dental Insurance

This plan assists with dental expenses. Benefits are divided into four classes. The State Dental Plan covers Class IV, orthodontics, but Dental Plus does not. The maximum yearly amount paid for benefits for each covered person is \$1,000 under the State Dental Plan and \$2,000 for those covered under both plans. Active employees may pay premiums before taxes through MoneyPlus.

State Dental Plan

The State Dental Plan is free to active employees and funded retirees. An eligible spouse and/or children may be added by paying a premium. They do not have to be enrolled in a health plan to enroll in the State Dental Plan.

Dental Plus

To enroll in Dental Plus, a subscriber must also be enrolled in the State Dental Plan, cover the same family members under both plans and pay an additional premium. Dental Plus covers the same services in Classes I – III. Because the *allowed amounts*, the most the plan allows for a covered service, are higher, a subscriber will pay less for dental care covered in Classes I – III.

Classes of Dental Coverage

Class	Services	Yearly Deductible	Percent Covered
I	Diagnostic and Preventive	None	100% of allowed amount
II	Basic	\$25	80% of allowed amount
Ш	Prosthodontics	\$25	50% of allowed amount
IV	Orthodontics	None	\$1,000 lifetime maximum. Covered children age 18 and younger only. Dental Plus does not cover orthodontics.

For more information about dental insurance, see pages 103-110. For premiums, see pages 225-228.

Vision Care

State Vision Plan

This plan is open to active and retired employees, permanent, part-time teachers, survivors and COBRA subscribers, as well as to their eligible spouse and/or children. It offers benefits for a comprehensive vision exam every year, eyeglass lenses or contact lenses every year and frames every two years.

For more information about the State Vision Plan, see pages 113-118. For premiums, see pages 225-228.

Vision Care Discount Program

This program is offered at no cost to full-time and part-time employees, retirees, survivors and COBRA subscribers and their spouses and/or children. Participating providers offer a routine eye examination for no more than \$60. Providers also give a 20-percent discount on all eyewear except disposable contact lenses. These discounts can vary yearly. For more information about the Vision Care Discount Program, see page 118.

Life Insurance

Coverage offered through PEBA Insurance Benefits is *term life insurance*. Term life insurance provides coverage for a specific period of time. It has no cash value.

Basic Life Insurance (for active employees only)

Term life and accidental death and dismemberment insurance is provided free to employees enrolled in the State Health Plan or BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO. Employees younger than 70 receive \$3,000 in life insurance. Those 70 and older receive \$1,500.

Optional Life Insurance

Employees can enroll in this term life insurance within 31 days of the date they are hired. Enrollment in a health or dental plan is not required.

An employee can choose coverage, in \$10,000 increments, up to three times his basic annual salary, rounded down to the nearest \$10,000 (\$500,000 maximum), without providing medical evidence of good health. An employee can purchase more insurance, in \$10,000 increments, up to a maximum of \$500,000, by providing medical evidence of good health. Coverage starts on the first day of the month in which he starts work, if he is actively at work as a full-time employee on that date. If he is not, it starts on the first day of the month after the date he began work. Coverage that requires medical evidence starts on the first day of the month after approval.

Dependent Life-Spouse

Within 31 days of the date he begins employment or marries, an employee can enroll his spouse for \$10,000 or \$20,000 in term life insurance without providing medical evidence of good health. The employee does not have to be enrolled in Optional Life.

Medical evidence is required for coverage of more than \$20,000 and for late entrants. An employee enrolled in Optional Life may cover his spouse, in increments of \$10,000, up to 50 percent of his Optional Life coverage, or \$100,000, whichever is less.

Premiums for Dependent Life–Spouse coverage are based on the employee's age, and the employee is the beneficiary.

Dependent Life-Child

An eligible dependent child younger than age 19 and a child age 19-24 who is a full-time student may be covered for \$15,000 in term life insurance. An incapacitated child of any age may be covered. (See page 11 for information on incapacitation.) Medical evidence is not required, even for late entrants. The premium is \$1.24 a month, no matter how many children are covered. See pages 134-139 for more information.

For more information about life insurance, see pages 121-139. For premiums, see pages 229-231.

Long Term Disability Insurance

Basic Long Term Disability (BLTD)

BLTD is provided free to active employees who are enrolled in the State Health Plan or BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO. It pays a benefit of 62.5 percent of the employee's gross monthly salary, reduced by other sources of income, up to a maximum of \$800 a month. There is no minimum benefit. BLTD has a 90-day benefit waiting period, the time the employee must be disabled before benefits are payable.

Supplemental Long Term Disability (SLTD)

The SLTD premium is paid by the employee. The benefit is 65 percent of the employee's gross monthly salary, reduced by other sources of income, up to a maximum of \$8,000 a month. There is a minimum benefit of \$100 a month.

The employee may choose a 90-day or a 180-day benefit waiting period. Premiums are based on his age and salary. If the employee does not enroll within 31 days of the date he is hired, he can enroll year-round by providing medical evidence of good health. He may also reduce his benefit waiting period from 180 to 90 days by providing medical evidence.

For more information about long term disability insurance, see pages 143-153. For premiums, see page 150.

MoneyPlus

This plan enables an active employee to save money on eligible medical and dependent care costs by paying these expenses with money deducted from his salary before taxes.

Pretax Premiums

The Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature permits an employee to pay these premiums before taxes are taken from his paycheck: health (including the tobacco-use surcharge), the TRICARE Supplement Plan, dental, vision and Optional Life (for coverage up to \$50,000).

Flexible Spending Accounts

The plan offers these Flexible Spending Accounts: a **Medical Spending Account**; a **limited-use Medical Spending Account**, which can accompany a Health Savings Account; and a **Dependent Care Spending Account**. A person with medical and dependent care expenses can open both accounts. An employee authorizes deposits to his account every pay period. As he has eligible expenses, he can request tax-free reimbursements from the account.

To open a Medical Spending Account, an employee must have worked for a state-covered employer for one year by January 1 after October enrollment.

Health Savings Account (HSA)

A Health Savings Account is available to employees enrolled in a high-deductible health plan, such as the Savings Plan. Funds in an HSA do not have to be spent the year they are deposited. Money in the account is tax-free and can be used for eligible medical expenses even if an employee changes jobs. To enroll in an HSA, an eligible employee should complete a MoneyPlus enrollment form to establish a payroll deduction and then go to PEBA's Insurance Benefits website to open a custodial account for the deposit of funds. Select "Links" and then go to "MoneyPlus" and select the appropriate link.

For more information about MoneyPlus programs, see pages 157-177 or the *Tax-Favored Accounts Guide*, which is available on the PEBA Insurance Benefits website.

Initial Enrollment

If you are an eligible employee or retiree of a *participating group* in South Carolina, you can enroll in insurance coverage within 31 days of the date you are hired or the date you retire. You can also enroll your eligible spouse and/or children. A *participating group* is a state agency, higher education institution, public school district, county, municipality or other group that is authorized by statute to participate and is participating in the state insurance program.

To enroll, you must complete a *Notice of Election* (NOE) form or your BA may enroll you online. Coverage is not automatic.

Your coverage starts on the first calendar day of the month, if you are engaged in *active employment* that day.

- If you begin work on the first working day of the month (the first day that is not a Saturday, Sunday or observed holiday), and it is not the first calendar day, you may choose to have your coverage start on the first day of that month or the first day of the next month.
- If you start work on a day other than the first calendar day or first working day of the month, your coverage starts on the first day of the next month.
- Coverage of your enrolled spouse and/or children begins on the same day your coverage begins.

Active employment is defined as performing all the regular duties of an occupation on an employer's scheduled workday. You may be working at your usual workplace or elsewhere, if you are required to travel. You are also considered engaged in active employment while on jury duty, on a paid vacation day or on one of your employer's normal holidays if you were engaged in active employment on the previous regular workday. Coverage will not be delayed if you are absent from work due to a health-related reason when your coverage would otherwise start.

If you do not enroll within 31 days of the date you begin employment, retire or experience a special eligibility situation, you cannot enroll yourself or your eligible spouse and/or children until the next open enrollment, which is held yearly in October. Your coverage will begin the following January 1.

After you enroll, please check your payroll stub to make sure the correct premiums are deducted. Your coverage, except MoneyPlus accounts, will continue from one year to the next as long as you are a full-time, permanent employee or an eligible retiree and pay the premiums.

Information You Need at Enrollment

Whether your BA enrolls you online or you complete a paper Notice of Election form, you must answer some questions. Below is information you may wish to write down and bring to your enrollment meeting.

	Information Required
For you	Social Security number; email address (at work or at home); annual salary; date of hire, which is the date you report to work
For each family member you wish to cover	Social Security number, date of birth
For you and any family members who are eligible for Medicare Part A and/or Part B	Medicare number; reason for eligibility; date Medicare coverage was effective
For each beneficiary of your Basic and/or Optional Life coverage	Social Security number, date of birth, whether the beneficiary is <i>primary</i> , will receive the proceeds of your policy when you die, or <i>contingent</i> , will receive the proceeds if your primary beneficiary does not survive you
For a beneficiary that is an estate or a trust	Name, address, the date the trust was signed

Documents You Need at Enrollment

You must bring photocopies of these documents to the orientation meeting at which you enroll in insurance coverage. You will also need this documentation when you add someone to your coverage during open enrollment or as a result of a special eligibility situation. Please do not submit original documents to PEBA Insurance Benefits. They cannot be returned.

Action	Documentation Required
To cover a legal spouse	A copy of the marriage license or page 1 of federal tax return with financial information marked out.
To cover a common law spouse	The Common Law Marriage Affidavit, which is a notarized statement signed by both spouses.
To cover a former spouse	Copy of the divorce decree ordering the subscriber to cover the former spouse.
To cover a natural child	A copy of the long-form birth certificate showing the subscriber as the parent.
To cover a stepchild	A copy of the long-form birth certificate showing the name of the natural parent plus proof that the natural parent and the subscriber are married (see legal spouse and common law spouse requirements above).
To cover an adopted child or a child placed for adoption	A copy of the long-form birth certificate showing the subscriber as the parent or a copy of legal adoption document from the court, stating the adoption is complete; or a letter of placement from an attorney, an adoption agency or the S.C. Dept. of Social Services, stating the adoption is in progress.
To cover a foster child	A court order or another legal document placing the child with the subscriber, who is a licensed foster parent.
To cover other children	For all other children for whom a subscriber has legal custody, a court order or other legal document granting custody of the child to the subscriber. The document must verify the subscriber has guardianship responsibility for the child, not just financial responsibility.
To cover an incapacitated child	Incapacitated Child Certification Form. (See the "Incapacitated Child" section on page 11 for complete information on the process.) Plus , proof of the relationship. See the appropriate section above for the type of documentation required.
To enroll in the TRICARE Supplement Plan	A copy of the subscriber's TRICARE ID card.

Tips for Completing a Paper Enrollment Form, the Notice of Election

- As a new employee, fill out the form completely.
- Please write clearly.
- Under each benefit, mark a plan or "Refuse." If applicable, select a coverage level.
- If you have questions, ask your benefits administrator.
- Check the form for accuracy.
- Make sure you sign the form and give your benefits administrator copies of the appropriate documents.

Please don't use a highlighter on any document or form sent to PEBA Insurance Benefits or to a vendor.

Note: Your BA may enroll you online, which is the best way to ensure no errors are made. If he submits your benefit selections electronically, you must register in MyBenefits and then go online to approve your selections by electronically signing a Summary of Enrollment (SOE). Your BA also has the option of printing a paper SOE, which he will ask you to sign. Give any documents to your BA, who will send them to PEBA Insurance Benefits.

After Your Initial Enrollment

Insurance Cards

If you enroll in the Standard Plan, Savings Plan or Medicare Supplemental Plan, BlueCross BlueShield of South Carolina (BCBSSC) sends you health insurance cards for you and your covered family members. You also will receive two pharmacy benefits cards from Catamaran. BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO mails insurance cards to its members. Benefits administrators provide State Dental Plan subscribers with a card upon which they can write their name and Benefits ID Number. Dental Plus subscribers receive an insurance card from BCBSSC. State Vision Plan subscribers receive two paper cards from EyeMed Vision Care.

In a Medical Emergency

If, in an emergency, you need medical care before you receive your insurance card, contact your benefits administrator. He will be able to help you.

Benefits Identification Number

PEBA Insurance Benefits gives each subscriber an eight-digit Benefits Identification Number (BIN). This unique number is used instead of a Social Security number (SSN) in emails and written communication between you and your spouse and/or children and PEBA Insurance Benefits. It is designed to make your personal information more secure.

The State Health Plan and BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO put your BIN on your identification card. The BIN is also used on Dental Plus cards. If you are not enrolled in a plan that uses the BIN, PEBA Insurance Benefits will send you your number. Keep your BIN in a safe place.

Subscribers need their BIN to use MyBenefits, PEBA's online insurance benefits enrollment system. If you forget your BIN, you can get it through MyBenefits. Just click on "Get my BIN."

Open Enrollment

During **open enrollment**, which is offered every October, eligible employees, retirees, survivors and CO-BRA subscribers may change their coverage without regard to special eligibility situations.

Changing Plans or Coverage During Open Enrollment

You can change to or from the Savings Plan, the Standard Plan or BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO during open enrollment, which occurs yearly in October. Retirees and survivors and their eligible spouse and/or children who are enrolled in a health plan may change to the Medicare Supplemental Plan within 31 days of Medicare eligibility or during open enrollment. There may be exceptions to this rule.

Contact your benefits administrator for details if you are an active employee or if you are a retiree, a survivor or COBRA subscriber of a local subdivision. Retirees, survivors and COBRA subscribers of other employers should contact PEBA Insurance Benefits, which is their benefits administrator.

Eligible members of the military community may add or drop TRICARE Supplement Plan coverage for themselves and for their eligible dependents during open enrollment.

You may add or drop State Vision Plan coverage for yourself and for your eligible spouse and/or children during open enrollment.

You can add or drop State Dental Plan and Dental Plus coverage only during open enrollment in October of <u>odd-numbered years</u>, or within 31 days of a special eligibility situation.

Other changes you may make in your coverage are explained in the *Insurance Advantage* newsletter, which you receive each September. Open enrollment changes become effective the following January 1.

MyBenefits — PEBA's Online Insurance Benefits Enrollment System

The easiest way to change your coverage during open enrollment, which occurs yearly in October, is through MyBenefits. Look for it in the column on the left on the PEBA Insurance Benefits website, www.eip.sc.gov. During October, links to written instructions accompany each section in which you are eligible to make changes.

The system is useful year-round. With it, all subscribers can:

- Update contact information. (The information is sent to vendors and the subscriber's employer, as well as to PEBA Insurance Benefits.)
- Print a list of the insurance plans under which they are covered
- · Get their Benefits Identification Number (BIN).

COBRA subscribers must pay their initial COBRA premiums before they can register to use MyBenefits.

Employees also can:

- Update beneficiaries
- Approve changes made as a result of a special eligibility situation.

To protect the confidentiality of your insurance information, you must register the first time you use MyBenefits. After you register, you will see a screen listing your password and your answers to the security questions. You are now ready to use MyBenefits. Information about how to do so is offered as you work through the program.

Please note: If you have a question about a claim, contact the third-party claims processor listed on the inside cover of this book or under "Links" on the PEBA Insurance Benefits website. For a description of benefits in which you are enrolled, read the appropriate chapter of this book or contact the claims processor.

Special Eligibility Situations

A *special eligibility situation* is an event that allows an eligible employee, retiree, survivor or COBRA subscriber to enroll in or drop coverage for himself and/or eligible family members. To make a change, he must:

- Contact his benefits administrator (BA)
- · Complete a Notice of Election (NOE) within 31 days of the event
 - An exception: Changes related to Medicaid or the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), in which changes must be made within 60 days
- Give his BA copies of the appropriate documents.

A salary increase does not create a special eligibility situation.

If you are an active employee and eligible to change your health, Dental/Dental Plus, State Vision Plan or Optional Life Insurance coverage due to a special eligibility situation, you also may enroll in or drop the Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature.

Please note: Rather than using a paper NOE, a BA may make changes electronically and send them to the subscriber through MyBenefits. He must approve and electronically sign the Summary of Change (SOC). His BA may also print a paper SOC for the subscriber to sign. The subscriber should give copies of any required documents to his BA, who will send them to PEBA Insurance Benefits.

Marriage

If you, as a covered subscriber, wish to add a spouse because you marry, you can do so by completing an NOE and submitting a copy of your marriage license within 31 days of the date of your marriage. If you are not enrolled, you may add health, Dental/Dental Plus and/or State Vision Plan coverage for yourself and your new spouse and/or new stepchildren within 31 days of the date of your marriage. If you add your new spouse or your new stepchildren to your health coverage, you may also change health plans. You may add your new spouse and/or new stepchildren to Dental/Dental Plus and State Vision Plan coverage. Along with a copy of the marriage license, long-form birth certificates are required for each stepchild you want to cover. Coverage becomes effective on the date of marriage.

Marriage also allows a covered subscriber to enroll in or increase Optional Life coverage up to \$50,000 and enroll a spouse in up to \$20,000 of Dependent Life-Spouse coverage without medical evidence of good health. Coverage becomes effective the first of the month after the date requested if the employee is actively at work. Otherwise, it becomes effective the first of the month after his return to work.

You cannot cover your spouse if he is eligible, or becomes eligible, for coverage as an employee or as a funded retiree of a participating group. If you do not add your new spouse and/or your new stepchildren within 31 days of the date of marriage, you cannot add them until the next open enrollment period, which occurs yearly in October, or within 31 days of a special eligibility situation.

To add a common law spouse to your coverage, you must complete the Common Law Marriage Affidavit, which is a notarized statement signed by both spouses. Within 31 days of the notary's signature, submit the affidavit and an NOE to your benefits administrator. Submit the forms to PEBA Insurance Benefits if you are a COBRA or a survivor subscriber or a retiree of a state agency, a higher education institution or a public school district. The forms are on the PEBA Insurance Benefits website. Select "Forms." The affidavit is under "Other Forms." You may also contact PEBA Insurance Benefits or your BA for a copy of the affidavit.

Legal Separation

If you and your covered spouse separate, your spouse may remain on your health, Dental/Dental Plus, State Vision Plan and Dependent Life-Spouse coverage until the divorce is final.

If you do **not** participate in the MoneyPlus pretax premium feature, you can remove your spouse from your coverage when you separate. If you remove your spouse from one of these programs: health, dental or vision coverage, you must also remove him from the other two programs. For example, if you remove your spouse from dental, you must also remove him from health and vision. To do so, give your benefits administrator a copy of a complaint filed in Family Court showing that a divorce is in progress or a court order signed by a Family Court judge showing a divorce is in progress. **A letter from an attorney is not sufficient documentation**. The complaint or court order must be attached to an NOE and must be given to your BA within 31 days of the date the court document was stamped. Your spouse's coverage will end the last day of the month after the date of separation. If you do not request your spouse be removed from

coverage within 31 days of the date stamp on the order, you must wait until the divorce is final or another special eligibility situation occurs.

An employee may enroll in or increase Optional Life coverage for up to \$50,000 without medical evidence of good health. An employee can also decrease or cancel his Optional Life coverage. Changes are effective the first of the month after the date of the request if the employee is actively at work on that date. Otherwise, they are effective the first of the month after his return to work.

If you reconcile with your spouse after you drop his health insurance, it cannot be reinstated until the next open enrollment period, which occurs yearly in October, or a special eligibility situation.

You may re-enroll your spouse in Dependent Life-Spouse insurance year round if you submit medical evidence of good health and it is approved by MetLife. Dental/Dental Plus coverage can be reinstated during the next open enrollment period in an odd-numbered year or within 31 days of a special eligibility situation. Vision coverage can be reinstated during the next open enrollment period, which occurs yearly in October, or within 31 days of a special eligibility situation. These rules also apply to common law marriages.

You cannot drop your spouse from your MoneyPlus coverage because you are in the <u>process</u> of a divorce. When a divorce is final, it is a change-in-status event that permits you to change your MoneyPlus account.

Divorce

If you divorce, you must remove your spouse and former stepchildren from your coverage by completing an NOE and submitting **a complete copy** of the divorce decree within 31 days of the date stamped on the divorce decree. Coverage for your divorced spouse and former stepchildren will end the last day of the month after the divorce decree is stamped. If you fail to drop your divorced spouse or former stepchildren within 31 days of the date the court order or divorce decree is stamped by the court, the change in coverage is effective the first of the month after your signature on the NOE dropping your former dependents.

You may continue to provide health, vision and dental coverage for your former spouse and/or stepchildren only if the Family Court requires that you do so. You must provide a copy of the divorce decree ordering you to cover your former spouse and/or former stepchildren, as well as an NOE, to your benefits administrator, who will send both to PEBA Insurance Benefits. The document must list the plans under which your former spouse and/or former stepchildren must be covered. Retirees of state agencies, higher education institutions and school districts, survivors and COBRA subscribers should notify PEBA Insurance Benefits. Retirees of local subdivisions should notify their benefits administrator. The effective date is the first of the month after the divorce becomes final.

You cannot continue to cover your former spouse or former stepchildren under Dependent Life under any circumstances.

When your divorce is final, you can enroll in or increase your Optional Life coverage by \$50,000 without medical evidence of good health. You may also cancel or decrease your Optional Life coverage.

You also may be able to make changes in a Medical Spending Account or a Dependent Care Spending Account.

If you remarry, you can cover your divorced spouse or your current spouse, but you cannot cover both under any PEBA Insurance Benefits plan. You can, however, cover one spouse under one plan (health, for example) and the other spouse under another plan (dental, for example). Spouses who lose coverage due to a qualifying event may be eligible to continue coverage under COBRA. For more information, you must

contact your benefits administrator or PEBA Insurance Benefits as soon as possible, but **within 60 days** after the event or from when coverage would have been lost due to the event, whichever is later.

These rules also apply to common law marriages.

Adding Children

Eligible children may be added by completing an NOE within 31 days of:

- Date of birth (effective on the date of birth)
- Marriage of the subscriber to the child's parent (effective on the date of the marriage)
- Gaining custody or guardianship with a court order (effective on the date the court stamped on the order)
- Adoption or placement for adoption (effective on the date of birth if adopted within 31 days of birth. Otherwise, effective on the date of adoption or placement for adoption.)
- Placement of a foster child (effective on the date of placement)
- Loss of other coverage (effective on the date of loss of coverage).

The newly eligible child must be offered health, Dental/Dental Plus and State Vision Plan coverage. The subscriber and all other previously enrolled family members may change health plans. A child who is eligible, but <u>not newly eligible</u>, **cannot** be added at this time. However, a spouse may be added.

If an employee adds coverage of a newborn or a child who is adopted or placed with the employee for adoption, he can enroll in Optional Life or increase his coverage up to \$50,000 without medical evidence of good health.

Dependent Life-Child coverage begins the first of the month after the date of request and once the child is 15 days old. For more information, see pages 134-139.

If a subscriber **is not** enrolled in Dependent Life-Spouse when a child is born, adopted or placed for adoption, the subscriber may enroll in \$10,000 or \$20,000 of Dependent Life-Spouse coverage without medical evidence of good health if he files an NOE within 31 days of the event. The enrollment is effective the first of the month after the date of request, subject to the Deferred Effective Date provision.

If a subscriber **is** enrolled in Dependent Life-Spouse coverage when a child is born, adopted or placed for adoption, the subscriber may increase his Dependent Life-Spouse coverage by \$10,000 or \$20,000 without medical evidence of good health if he files an NOE within 31 days of the event. Subscribers increasing by more than \$20,000 up to a maximum total of \$100,000 will require medical evidence of good health. The increase is effective the first of the month after the date of the request, subject to the Deferred Effective Date provision.

A subscriber also may enroll in Dependent Life-Child.

Children must be listed on your NOE to be covered, even if you already have full family or subscriber/children coverage. You must also submit a copy of the child's long-form birth certificate. Notification to Medi-Call of the delivery of your baby does not add the baby to your health insurance.

To add a stepchild, submit a copy of his long-form birth certificate, showing the name of the child's natural parent plus proof that the natural parent and the subscriber are married. For a legal spouse, this would be a marriage license. For a common law spouse, this would be the Common Law Marriage Affidavit.

To add a child under 18 who is adopted or placed for adoption, you must submit an NOE with one of the

following: 1) a copy of the long-form birth certificate showing the subscriber as the parent; 2) a copy of the legal adoption documentation from the court verifying the completed adoption or 3) a letter of placement from an adoption agency, attorney or the S.C. Department of Social Services verifying the adoption is in progress. The effective date of health, dental and vision coverage is the child's date of birth, if the child is placed within 31 days of birth. Otherwise, it is the date of adoption or placement. For information about international adoptions, see your benefits administrator.

To add a foster child to your policy, you must submit a copy of a court order or another legal document placing the child with you, the subscriber, and showing that you are a licensed foster parent. A foster child is not eligible for Dependent Life coverage.

To add other children for whom you have legal custody, you must submit a copy of a court order or other legal document from the S.C. Dept. of Social Services or a placement agency granting you custody or guardianship. The documents must verify that you, the subscriber, have guardianship responsibility for the child and not just financial responsibility.

If a court order is issued requiring you to cover your child, you must notify your employer and PEBA Insurance Benefits and elect coverage within 31 days of the date the court order was stamped by the court. Please note: if the court order was for health and/or dental coverage, you must enroll yourself if you are not already enrolled. A copy of the entire court order or divorce decree must be attached to the NOE. It must list the names of the individuals to be covered and the type of coverage that must be provided.

If you and your spouse are both eligible for coverage, only one of you can cover your children under any one plan. For example, one parent can cover the children under health, and the other can cover the children under dental. Only one parent can carry Dependent Life coverage for eligible dependent children.

You may also be eligible to make changes in your Medical Spending Account or Dependent Care Spending Account.

Dropping a Spouse and/or Children

If a covered spouse or child becomes ineligible, you must drop him from your health, dental, vision and Dependent Life coverage. This may occur because of divorce or separation. To drop a spouse or child from your coverage, you must complete an NOE within 31 days of the date he becomes ineligible and provide documentation to your BA.

When a child loses eligibility for health, dental or vision coverage because he turned 26, he will be dropped automatically the first of the month after he turns 26. If he is your last covered child, your level of coverage will be changed.

Eligibility for Dependent Life-Child coverage ends at age 19 unless the child is a full-time student or an incapacitated child. If your child is not a full-time student or incapacitated, notify your benefits administrator so the child's coverage can be dropped. When a child covered by Dependent Life-Child turns 25, he loses eligibility for coverage. He will be dropped automatically on the first of the month after he turns 25 unless he is approved to continue coverage as an incapacitated child.

If your child becomes eligible for group health, dental or vision insurance sponsored by an employer, either as an employee or as a spouse, you have the <u>option</u> to drop him from your health, dental or vision coverage. Within 31 days of eligibility or as soon as possible, you should provide your BA with a letter from the employer showing the date the child became eligible for coverage. Your child will be dropped from coverage the first of the month after the notice.

Gaining Other Coverage

If your spouse gains eligibility for coverage as an employee of a group that also offers insurance benefits through PEBA Insurance Benefits, you **must** drop him within 31 days by completing a Notice of Election (NOE) form. No other documentation is needed.

If you or your spouse gain coverage through a group that does not offer insurance benefits through PEBA Insurance Benefits and you wish to drop your PEBA Insurance Benefits coverage, you have 31 days to cancel the type of coverage gained. You must complete an NOE and return it to your benefits office with proof of the other coverage. To document gain of coverage, you must present a letter on company letterhead that includes the effective date of coverage, names of all individuals covered and the types of coverage gained. Only those who gained coverage may be dropped. If you fail to cancel coverage within 31 days, you must wait until the next open enrollment period. For more information, contact your benefits administrator or PEBA Insurance Benefits.

Gain of Medicare Coverage

If you gain, or your spouse or your child gains Medicare coverage, the family member who gained coverage may drop health coverage through PEBA Insurance Benefits within 31 days of the date Part A is effective. Attach a copy of the Medicare card to an NOE and give it to your BA within 31 days of the date on the confirmation letter from the Social Security Administration. Coverage will be canceled on the effective date of the Medicare Part A coverage or, in some circumstances, the first of the month after gain of Medicare.

For more information, see the Medicare chapter, which begins on page 205.

Loss of Other Coverage

If you refuse enrollment for yourself or your eligible family members because of other coverage, you may later be able to enroll yourself and/or your eligible family members in coverage if you and your spouse and/or children lose eligibility for that other coverage (or if the employer stops contributing to the coverage).

- If you are the employee or retiree, you lose other group health coverage and you are not already enrolled in health coverage through PEBA Insurance Benefits, you may enroll yourself and any eligible
 spouse and/or children in health, Dental/Dental Plus, and/or State Vision Plan coverage. If you are
 already enrolled in health, you cannot make changes.
- If you are the employee or retiree and have a spouse or child who loses other group health coverage, you may enroll the eligible spouse and/or children in health, Dental/Dental Plus, and/or State Vision Plan coverage. If you are not already enrolled, you may enroll yourself with the individual who lost coverage. You may enroll only the spouse and/or children who lost health insurance coverage. If you are already enrolled as an employee or retiree, you may change health plans (for example, Savings Plan to Standard Plan) when you add the spouse

For information about loss of TRICARE Supplement coverage, which would follow loss of TRICARE coverage, see page 99.

- and/or children who lost health insurance coverage. Contributions toward your deductible will start over.
 If you, your spouse, and/or children lose dental and/or vision coverage only (not health), then you, your spouse, and/or children who lost the dental and/or vision coverage may enroll in the type of coverage
 - that was lost. If you are not already enrolled, you must enroll yourself with the individual who lost dental and/or vision coverage.
- If you refused coverage because you were covered under your parent's plan and you lose that coverage, you may enroll yourself and/or your eligible family members in health, dental and vision coverage. For information about Optional Life, Dependent Life-Spouse, Dependent Life-Child or Supplemental Long Term Disability insurance, contact your benefits administrator.

You must complete an NOE within 31 days of the date the other coverage ends. To enroll because of a loss

of coverage, you must give your benefits office a letter on company letterhead listing the names of those covered and the date coverage was lost, a completed NOE and appropriate documents showing how any added family member is related to you. If a subscriber, spouse or child loses health coverage, he also may enroll in vision or dental coverage, even if he did not lose that coverage.

Coverage under Medicaid or the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP)

Gain of Medicaid or CHIP Coverage

If you or your covered family members become eligible for Medicaid or CHIP coverage, you have **60 days** to drop coverage through PEBA Insurance Benefits. An employee may cancel health, dental and/or vision coverage if he gains Medicaid coverage. If a spouse or a child gains Medicaid, only the family member who gained coverage may be dropped. A copy of the Medicaid approval letter must be attached to the NOE.

Eligibility for Premium Assistance Through Medicaid or CHIP

If you or your spouse and/or children become eligible for premium assistance under Medicaid or through CHIP, you may be able to enroll yourself and your spouse and/or children in PEBA-sponsored health insurance. However, you must request enrollment within **60 days** of the date you are determined to be eligible for premium assistance.

Loss of Medicaid or CHIP Coverage

If you refused enrollment in PEBA Insurance Benefits-sponsored health, dental and vision insurance for yourself or for your eligible spouse and/or child because of coverage under Medicaid or CHIP and then lost eligibility for that coverage, you may be able to enroll in a PEBA Insurance Benefits plan. However, you must request enrollment within **60 days** of the date the other coverage ends.

To request enrollment or to learn more, contact your benefits administrator.

Leaves of Absence

Paid Leave

Generally, if you are an active employee and you go on **paid** leave, your coverage will continue during that leave. You must pay the employee portion of the premium, and your employer will pay the employer portion of the premium during your paid leave.

Leave Without Pay (LWOP)

If you are an active employee and begin a Leave Without Pay (LWOP), you may:

- Continue all your health, dental and vision coverage for up to 12 months while you are on that leave.
 (Your employer may allow more or less than 12 months of LWOP before terminating your employment.)
 If you do so, you are responsible for the employee and employer portion of the premium. You must continue all the health, dental and vision coverage in which you were enrolled when your LWOP began or
- Cancel **all** your health, dental and vision coverage at the beginning of your unpaid leave. If you cancel your coverage, you will be offered 18 months of COBRA continuation coverage. (For more information on continuation of coverage under COBRA, see pages 32-34.)

If your spouse is covered as an employee for health, dental and/or vision through PEBA Insurance Benefits, your spouse may add you, as an LWOP employee, to his coverage as long as you drop all active coverage. Coverage must be dropped or continued within 31 days of starting unpaid leave.

29

Some additional COBRA continuation coverage is available at the end of the 12-month LWOP period or if you terminate employment before the end of 12 months, whichever occurs first. You have a maximum of 18 months of continued coverage under LWOP and COBRA combined. (For more information on continuation of coverage under COBRA, see pages 32-34.)

If you continue your coverage during LWOP and it is canceled due to failure to pay premiums, you will not be eligible for additional COBRA continuation coverage, and you will not be allowed to re-enroll until you return to work. (For more information on continuation of coverage under COBRA, see pages 32-34.)

You have a separate right to continue or end your life insurance while you are on LWOP. However, you must continue or end all Optional Life, Dependent Life-Spouse and Dependent Life-Child coverage in which you are enrolled. If you continue life insurance coverage, it will be for 12 months from the last day worked.

Please contact your benefits administrator for more information if you are taking LWOP or any type of medical or disability-related leave.

Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) Leave

Under the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) employers are required to provide job-protected leave, continuation of certain benefits and restoration of certain benefits upon return from leave for certain specified family and medical reasons. If you are going on FMLA leave or returning from FMLA leave, please contact your benefits administrator for information.

Military Leave

Under the Uniformed Services Employment and Re-employment Rights Act (USERRA) employers are required to provide certain re-employment and benefits rights to employees who serve or have served in the uniformed services. If you are going on military leave or returning from military leave, please contact your benefits administrator for information.

Workers' Compensation

If you are on approved leave and receiving workers' compensation benefits under state law, you may continue your coverage as long as you pay the required premium. Insurance offered through PEBA Insurance Benefits is not meant to replace workers' compensation and does not affect any requirement for coverage for workers' compensation insurance. It is not intended to provide or duplicate benefits for work-related injuries that are within the Workers' Compensation Act. If you need more information, please contact your benefits office.

Prevention Partners •

Prevention Partners, a unit of PEBA Insurance Benefits, is designed to help subscribers and their families lead healthier lives. Its activities, programs and services promote good health through disease prevention, early detection of disease and chronic disease education. Programs are conducted at the workplace.

A major initiative of Prevention Partners is the Preventive Workplace Screening. For only \$15, this comprehensive, biometric screening includes fasting blood work, a personal health risk appraisal, height and weight, blood pressure and lipid panels. It usually takes about three weeks to receive results. These reports highlight measurements outside the normal range, which may show the individual is at risk for developing diseases such as hypertension, diabetes and anemia. A subscriber may wish to give the screening results to his doctor.

Look for apples as you read this guide. They highlight programs that help prevent and control diseases.

This benefit is available every year to employees, retirees, subscribers with continued coverage under CO-BRA and their covered spouses whose primary insurance coverage is the Standard Plan, the Savings Plan or BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO. Subscribers whose primary coverage is Medicare are not eligible. The \$15 cost of the Preventive Workplace Screening does not contribute toward a subscriber's annual deductible or coinsurance maximum. Individuals are screened at their current or former workplace. To find out when a screening is scheduled, employees should contact their benefits administrator. Retirees should contact the staff at their former workplace.

Chronic disease and lifestyle change workshops give subscribers and their family members information they need to help them take better care of themselves. Workshops include: Preventive Workplace Benefits, Diabetes, Heart Disease, Asthma, Weight Management, Stress Management, Move it or Lose it – Physical Activity Workshop, Men's Health and Caregivers.

Other Prevention Partners programs include:

- Wellness Walk (Do it yourself! See "Coordinators" under Prevention Partners on the PEBA Insurance Benefits website.)
- Lifestyle change workshops on weight loss, exercise and lowering risk factors
- Workplace program consultation
- Volunteer Workplace Prevention Partners coordinator network
- · Prevention Partners training workshops.

For more information on Prevention Partners, contact your benefits office, your Prevention Partners coordinator or call 888-260-9430. You also can go to the PEBA Insurance Benefits website, <u>www.eip.sc.gov</u>, and click on "Prevention Partners," which is on the left of the home page.

PEBA Insurance Benefits Website: www.eip.sc.gov

PEBA offers helpful information through the Internet. Two places to find insurance information are *PEBA Direct* and the PEBA Insurance Benefits website, www.eip.sc.gov.

PEBA Direct is a bimonthly newsletter sent to your benefits administrator, who may send you the articles or the newsletter itself. It gives you information about benefit changes, answers questions about benefits and tells you about programs that may interest you.

The website offers other tools to help you make the best use of your insurance. For example, it includes links to the websites of third-party claims processors, such as BlueCross BlueShield of South Carolina. These sites give you access to your account information, including claim status, verification of authorization for inpatient and outpatient visits and Explanations of Benefits.

Other useful features on the PEBA Insurance Benefits site include:

- FAQ, which offers frequently asked questions covering PEBA Insurance Benefits plans in general, as well as the Savings Plan, HSAs, Vision, Tobacco-use Certification, Health Care Reform and the Dependent Eligibility Audit
- Online directories and links to tools that will help you find network providers
- Publications, such as this benefits guide and WageWorks' Tax-Favored Accounts Guide
- Information about eligibility and copies of forms.

Through MyBenefits, PEBA's online insurance benefits enrollment system, you can change coverage during open enrollment, which occurs yearly in October. Year round, all subscribers can change contact information and print a list of the programs under which they are covered. Active employees can change beneficiaries, and approve changes made as a result of a special eligibility situation. For more information, see page 23.

The Prevention Partners section of the site provides information on ways to improve your health. Under "Training Calendar," for example, you can sign up for educational programs. You can also read a newsletter, *Health Bulletin*.

If you need help or additional information or would like to make a suggestion, click on "Contact Us."

When Coverage Ends

Your coverage will end:

- The last day of the month in which you were engaged in active employment, unless you are transferring to another participating group
- The last day of the month in which you become ineligible for coverage (for example, your working hours are reduced from full-time to part-time)
- The day after your death
- The date the coverage ends for all subscribers or
- The last day of the month in which your premiums were paid in full. (You must pay the entire premium, including the tobacco-use surcharge, if it applies.)

Coverage for your spouse and/or children will end:

- The date your coverage ends
- · The date coverage for spouses and children is no longer offered or
- The last day of the month in which your spouse or child's eligibility for coverage ends.

If your coverage or your spouse or child's coverage ends, you may be eligible for continuation of coverage as a retiree, as a survivor or under COBRA. If you are dropping a spouse or child from your coverage, you must complete a Notice of Election (NOE) form within 31 days of the date the spouse or child is no longer eligible for coverage.

COBRA

COBRA is short for Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act. It requires that continuation of **group health**, **vision**, **dental and/or Medical Spending Account coverage** be offered to you and/or your covered spouse and/or children if you are no longer eligible for coverage due to a qualifying event. Qualifying events include:

- The covered employee's working hours are reduced from full-time to part-time
- The covered employee voluntarily quits work, retires, is laid off or is fired (unless the firing is due to gross misconduct)
- A covered spouse loses eligibility due to a legal separation or divorce
- A child no longer qualifies for coverage.

A copy of the Initial CO-BRA Notice begins on page 246. For more information about COBRA, including the length of your coverage, check your COBRA notice or contact your benefits administrator.

Please note: An individual who loses coverage as a result of a Dependent Eligibility Audit is not eligible for continued coverage.

For a covered spouse and/or children to continue coverage under COBRA, the subscriber or covered family member must notify his benefits office within 60 days after the qualifying event or the date coverage would have been lost due to the qualifying event, whichever is later. Otherwise, the individual will lose his rights to continue his coverage.

To continue coverage under COBRA, a COBRA NOE and premiums must be submitted. The premiums must be paid within 45 days of the date coverage was elected. Your first premium payment must include

premiums back to the date of the loss of coverage.

For example: You lost coverage on June 30, elected coverage on August 15 and paid the initial premium on September 17. You would be required to pay three premiums: one for the month following the date you lost coverage (July); one for the month in which you elected coverage (August); and one for the month in which you made your first payment (September).

Continued coverage starts when the first premium is paid. It is effective the day after your previous coverage ended. Coverage remains in effect only as long as the premiums are up to date. A premium is considered paid on the date of the postmark or the date it is hand-delivered, not the date on the check.

PEBA Insurance Benefits is the benefits administrator for COBRA subscribers of state agencies, higher education institutions and public school districts. <u>COBRA subscribers from local subdivisions keep the same benefits administrator.</u>

How Continued Coverage under COBRA May End

Continued coverage will end before the maximum benefit period is over if:

- 1. A subscriber fails to pay the full premium on time
- 2. A qualified beneficiary gains coverage under another group health plan
- 3. A qualified beneficiary becomes entitled to Medicare
- 4. PEBA Insurance Benefits no longer provides group health coverage
- 5. During a disability extension, the Social Security Administration determines the qualified beneficiary is no longer disabled
- 6. An event occurs that would cause PEBA Insurance Benefits to end the coverage of any subscriber, such as the subscriber commits fraud.

The qualified beneficiary, his personal representative or his guardian is responsible for notifying PEBA Insurance Benefits when he is no longer eligible for continued coverage. Continued coverage will be canceled automatically by PEBA in situations numbered 1, 3 and 6. The qualified beneficiary is responsible for submitting a Notice to Terminate COBRA Continuation Coverage, along with supporting documents, in situations numbered 2 and 5.

How Medicare Affects Continued Coverage Under COBRA

If you or your eligible spouse or child continued coverage and becomes eligible for Medicare Part A, Part B or both, please notify PEBA Insurance Benefits.

A subscriber or eligible spouse or child who is covered by Medicare and then becomes eligible for continued coverage can enroll in continued coverage under COBRA for secondary coverage. Medicare will be his primary coverage.

If you need more information about COBRA, contact your benefits office or PEBA Insurance Benefits.

When Benefits Provided Under COBRA Run Out

The Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA) guarantees that persons who have exhausted continued coverage under COBRA and are not eligible for coverage under another group health plan have access to health insurance without being subject to a pre-existing condition exclusion period. However, certain conditions must be met. In South Carolina, the South Carolina Health Insurance Pool provides this guarantee of health insurance coverage. For information, call 803-788-0500, ext. 46401 (Greater Columbia area) or 800-868-2500, ext. 46401 (toll-free outside the Columbia area).

Extending Continued Coverage

If you enroll in continued coverage under COBRA, an extension of the maximum period of coverage may be available if you, as a qualified beneficiary, are disabled or a second qualifying event occurs. You must notify your COBRA administrator, within certain time frames, of a disability or a second qualifying event to extend the period of continued coverage. Failure to provide timely notice of a disability or a second qualifying even may affect the right to extend the period of continued coverage under COBRA. For detailed information see the COBRA notice beginning on page 246.

Other Coverage Options for You and Your Family

Under the federal Affordable Care Act, you can buy coverage through the Health Insurance Marketplace. In the Marketplace, you could be eligible for a tax credit that lowers your monthly premium. You can see what your premium, deductible and out-of-pocket costs will be before you enroll. Eligibility for COBRA does not limit your eligibility for a tax credit through the Marketplace. You also may qualify for special enrollment in another group health plan for which you are eligible, such as a spouse's plan, even if the plan generally does not accept late enrollees. However, you must request enrollment within 30 days.

Death of a Subscriber or Covered Spouse or Child

If an active employee or a retiree of a local subdivision dies, a family member should contact the deceased's employer to report the death, to discontinue the employee's coverage and start survivor coverage for any covered spouse and/or children. If a retiree of a state agency, higher education or public school district dies, a family member should contact PEBA Insurance Benefits.

If your covered spouse or child dies, please contact your benefits administrator. PEBA Insurance Benefits is the benefits administrator for retirees of state agencies, higher education institutions and public school districts. Retiree subscribers of local subdivisions keep the same benefits administrator.



Survivors

Spouses and children who are covered under the State Health Plan or an HMO are eligible as survivors for a one-year waiver of health insurance premiums, including the tobacco-use surcharge, if it applies, when a covered employee dies.

Premiums are also waived for qualified survivors of funded retirees of state agencies, higher education institutions and public school districts. Participating local subdivisions may elect to, but are not required to, waive the premiums of survivors of retirees. A survivor of a retiree of a participating local subdivision should check with the retiree's benefits administrator to see whether the waiver applies.

After the premium has been waived for a year, a survivor must pay the subscriber and employer share of the premium to continue coverage. If the deceased and his spouse are both covered employees or retirees at the time of death, the surviving spouse is not eligible for the premium waiver.

Dental and vision premiums are not waived. However, survivors, including survivors of a subscriber covered under the TRICARE Supplement Plan, may continue dental and vision coverage by paying the full premium.

The health and dental premiums of a covered spouse or child of a covered employee who was **killed in the line of duty** while working for a participating group will be waived for the first year after the employee's death. Dental premiums also will be waived for a covered spouse or child of an employee who was enrolled in the TRICARE Supplement Plan and who was killed in the line of duty while working for a participating

group. The survivor must submit verification of death in the line of duty. After the one-year waiver, a covered surviving spouse of a state agency, higher education institution or a public school district employee may continue coverage, at the employer-funded rate, until he remarries or otherwise becomes ineligible. A covered surviving child may continue coverage at the employer-funded rate until he is no longer eligible. Participating local subdivisions may elect to, but are not required to, contribute to a survivor's insurance premium, but the survivor may continue coverage, at the full rate, for as long as he is eligible.

A surviving spouse may continue coverage until he remarries. A child can continue coverage until he is no longer eligible. Please notify PEBA Insurance Benefits within 31 days of loss of eligibility for coverage. A person who is no longer eligible for coverage as a survivor may be eligible to continue coverage under COBRA. Contact PEBA Insurance Benefits for details.

As long as a survivor remains covered by health, vision or dental insurance, he can add the others during open enrollment, which occurs yearly in October, or within 31 days of a special eligibility situation. If he drops health, vision and dental insurance, he is no longer eligible as a survivor and cannot re-enroll in coverage, even during open enrollment.

If a surviving spouse becomes an active employee of a participating employer, he can switch to active coverage. When he leaves active employment, he can go back to survivor coverage within 31 days, if he has not remarried.

Appeals

What If I Disagree With A Decision About Eligibility?

This chapter includes a summary of the eligibility rules for benefits offered through PEBA Insurance Benefits. Eligibility determinations are subject to the provisions of the Plan of Benefits and to state law.

If you are dissatisfied after an eligibility determination has been made, you may ask PEBA Insurance Benefits to review the decision.

- If you are an **employee**, a Request for Review should be submitted through your benefits office. Your BA may write a letter or use the Request for Review form, which is available online at the PEBA Insurance Benefits website, <u>www.eip.sc.gov</u>.
- If you are a retiree, survivor or COBRA subscriber of a state agency, a public school district or a higher education institution, submit your request directly to PEBA Insurance Benefits, which is your BA.
- If you are a **retiree**, **survivor or COBRA subscriber of a local subdivision**, submit your request through the benefits office of your former employer, which is your BA.

If the request for review is denied, you may appeal by writing to the PEBA Insurance Benefits Appeals Committee within 90 days of notice of the decision. If the PEBA Insurance Benefits Appeals Committee denies your appeal, you have 30 days to seek judicial review as provided by Sections 1-11-710 and 1-23-380 of the S.C. Code of Laws, as amended.

Checklists: Quick Guides to Your Benefits

New Employee Checklist

Welcome! You now have a job that makes you eligible for insurance benefits offered through the Public Employee Benefit Authority (PEBA) Insurance Benefits. This list will help you as your benefits administrator (BA) guides you through enrollment.

Eligibility

You can cover yourself and, under some plans, your spouse and children. See pages 9-11.

Health Plans Offered Through PEBA Insurance Benefits

- The State Health Plan, which includes the Standard Plan and the Savings Plan, and a health maintenance organization, BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO, are available to you. The TRICARE Supplement Plan is offered to eligible members of the military community. Please read the Health Insurance chapter of this guide for detailed information. For brief descriptions of the plans, see pages 13-17.
- If you enroll in the State Health Plan or BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO, you will pay a \$40 monthly
 tobacco-use surcharge if you have subscriber-only coverage and you use tobacco. You will pay a \$60
 monthly surcharge if you cover your spouse or children and you or anyone you cover uses tobacco.
 See page 42.
- Basic Life Insurance and Basic Long Term Disability Insurance are provided free to permanent, full-time employees who enroll in the State Health Plan or BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO. See pages 18-19.

Other Insurance Benefits Offered Through PEBA Insurance Benefits

- You may also be eligible for **dental**, **vision**, **life** and **long term disability insurance**. For information about these plans, read the chapters about them, as well as the summary on pages 17-19.
- MoneyPlus enables you to save money by paying some expenses with funds deducted from your salary before taxes.
 - As a new employee, you are eligible for the Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature and a Dependent Care Spending Account.
 - If you are enrolled in the Savings Plan, you are also eligible for a Health Savings Account.
 - When you have worked for a state-covered employer for one year, you will become eligible for a Medical Spending Account beginning January 1 after open enrollment, which occurs yearly in October.
 - For detailed information about MoneyPlus programs, see the MoneyPlus chapter in this guide. MoneyPlus programs are summarized on pages 19-20.

Enrolling Online or with a Notice of Election (NOE) Form

- As an eligible employee of a group participating in PEBA Insurance Benefits, you can enroll yourself
 and your eligible spouse and/or children in insurance coverage within 31 days of the date you are
 hired. You can do so online or on paper by completing an NOE. Information about initial enrollment in
 coverage is on pages 20-22.
- You must give your BA copies of some documents and provide certain information when you enroll. See page 21.

Retiree Checklist

Before you retire, check your coverage. You can obtain a list of the plans under which you are covered from MyBenefits, the online enrollment system. Go to the PEBA Insurance Benefits website, www.eip.sc.gov, and click on "MyBenefits" in the column on the left. After you log in, click on "Review Benefits."

Eligibility

You must meet certain requirements to continue your insurance in retirement. See pages 181-183.

Funding

Find out if your employer will pay part of your health insurance premium. See pages 183-187.

Enrollment

 You must complete a Retiree NOE form and an Employment Verification Record within 31 days of your retirement date. See pages 187-188.

Returning to Work

• If you plan to return to work for a participating employer after you retire, see pages 194-195.

Benefit Choices

- **Health** –Your health plan choices as a retiree depend on whether you are eligible for Medicare. To learn what your choices are, see page 189. For premiums, see pages 225-226.
- Notify your benefits administrator within 31 days of the date you or someone you cover becomes eligible for Medicare. Enroll in Part A and Part B. In most cases, you should remain in the Medicare Part
 D program sponsored by PEBA Insurance Benefits. For details, see pages 205-209.
- **Dental** –You are eligible for the State Dental Plan and Dental Plus. For details, see page 190. For premiums, see pages 225-226.
- Life Insurance –You may convert your Basic Life insurance. You can convert or continue your Optional Life insurance. Your dependents may convert Dependent Life insurance. For details, see pages 190-192.
- Vision You are eligible for vision care benefits. For details, see page 190.
- Long Term Disability Eligibility for Basic Long Term Disability and Supplemental Long Term Disability insurance ends with retirement. For details, see page 192.
- MoneyPlus –Your eligibility ends at retirement. For details, see page 192.

Your Benefits Administrator in Retirement

- If you worked for a state agency, a higher education institution or a public school district, PEBA Insurance Benefits becomes your benefits administrator.
- If you worked for a local subdivision, your benefits administrator remains the same.

Survivor Checklist

Contacts

If the deceased was an active employee or his covered spouse or child, notify the subscriber's employer.

If the deceased was a **retiree of a state agency, higher education institution or public school district**, or his covered spouse or child, notify PEBA Insurance Benefits.

If the deceased was a **retiree of a local subdivision** or his covered spouse or child, notify his former employer.

When Coverage Ends for the Deceased

• If the deceased was enrolled in health, dental, vision and/or Long Term Disability coverage, this coverage ends the day after death. Optional Life coverage ends on the day of death.

Health and Dental Insurance, Vision Care Benefits

Please read the "Survivors" section, beginning on page 34.

- Spouses or children covered under the State Health Plan or BlueChoice HealthPlan can continue coverage as survivors. (Survivors eligible for Medicare may not enroll in BlueChoice.) They may also be eligible for a one-year waiver of health insurance premiums, including the tobacco-use surcharge, if it applies.
- Survivors, including survivors of a subscriber enrolled in the TRICARE Supplement Plan, may continue dental insurance and vision benefits, but **the premiums are not waived**.

Life Insurance

A certified, raised-seal death certificate is needed to apply for benefits from MetLife.

- Basic Life insurance, \$3,000, is provided to all full-time, active employees younger than age 70 enrolled in the State Health Plan (SHP) or BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO. A \$1,500 policy is provided to active employees age 70 and older who are enrolled in the SHP or BlueChoice HealthPlan. See page 121.
- If the deceased was covered by Optional Life insurance, see page 128.
- If the deceased was covered by Dependent Life insurance, see pages 137-138.
- If the deceased was retired and his last employer before retirement participates in the Retiree Group
 Life Insurance program, he may be eligible for a benefit based on his retirement-credited service in
 PEBA Retirement Benefits. For more information, call PEBA Retirement Benefits at 803-737-6800 (Columbia area) or 800-868-9002 (toll-free outside the Columbia area but within South Carolina).

Supplemental Long Term Disability Insurance

• If the deceased was receiving Supplemental Long Term Disability benefits provided by The Standard, survivor benefits may be payable to the eligible survivor in a lump sum. See page 153.

MoneyPlus

- If the deceased had a MoneyPlus Health Savings Account, contact the bank that is the custodian of the account about settling the account. See the HSA Custodial Agreement, Article VII, on the PEBA Insurance Benefits website under "Publications."
- Medical Spending Account and Dependent Care Spending Account claims incurred through the day of death will be paid. See page 176.

Health Insurance

Health Insurance Table of Contents

Introduction	42
What Are My Health Plan Choices?	
Notice to Subscribers: Tobacco-Use Surcharge	42
Subrogation: If Someone Else Caused Your Injury	42
Benefits at a Glance: State Health Plan	
The State Health Plan	44
How the SHP Pays for Covered Benefits	44
How the Standard Plan Works	
Annual Deductible	45
Copayments	45
Coinsurance	46
How the Savings Plan Works	46
Annual Deductible	46
Coinsurance	47
Coinsurance Maximum	47
Coordination of Benefits	48
Using SHP Provider Networks	48
How to Find a Medical or Mental Health/Substance Abuse Network Provider	
BlueCard® and BlueCard Worldwide®	49
Mental Health/Substance Abuse Provider Network	
Prescription Drug Provider Network	
Out-of-Network Benefits	
Balance Billing	
Out-of-Network Differential	
Managing Your Medical Care	
Medi-Call	
Advanced /National Imaging Associates (NIA)	
Maternity Management	
Wellness Management	
Health Management Program	
Medical Case Management	
Online Health Tools	
My Health Toolkit	
State Health Plan Benefits	
Preventive Benefits	
Shingles Vaccine Benefit	
Benefits for Women	
Well Child Care Benefits	
Additional Benefits for Savings Plan Participants	
Natural Blue sm and Member Discounts	
Prescription Drug Benefits	
Mental Health and Substance Abuse Benefits	77

Additional Limits under the Standard Plan 81 Additional Limits and Exclusions under the Savings Plan 81 Helpful Information May be Found on the Internet 82 Website: StateSC.SouthCarolinablues.com 82 Website: www.CompanionBenefitAlternatives.com 82 Appeals 82 BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO 84 Benefits at a Glance: BlueChoice HealthPlan 84 Network Benefits 86 Covered Benefits 86 Covered Benefits 87 Other Plan Features 92 Exclusions and Limitations 92 Website: www.BlueChoiceSC.com 95 Appeals 96 AMRA TRICARE Supplement Plan 97	Exclusions: Services Not Covered	79
Helpful Information May be Found on the Internet 82 Website: StateSC.SouthCarolinablues.com 82 Website: www.CompanionBenefitAlternatives.com 82 Appeals 82 BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO 84 Benefits at a Glance: BlueChoice HealthPlan 84 Network Benefits 86 Covered Benefits 87 Other Plan Features 92 Exclusions and Limitations 92 Website: www.BlueChoiceSC.com 95 Appeals 96	Additional Limits under the Standard Plan	81
Website: StateSC.SouthCarolinablues.com 82 Website: www.CompanionBenefitAlternatives.com 82 Appeals 82 BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO 84 Benefits at a Glance: BlueChoice HealthPlan 84 Network Benefits 86 Covered Benefits 87 Other Plan Features 92 Exclusions and Limitations 92 Website: www.BlueChoiceSC.com 95 Appeals 96	Additional Limits and Exclusions under the Savings Plan	81
Website: StateSC.SouthCarolinablues.com 82 Website: www.CompanionBenefitAlternatives.com 82 Appeals 82 BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO 84 Benefits at a Glance: BlueChoice HealthPlan 84 Network Benefits 86 Covered Benefits 87 Other Plan Features 92 Exclusions and Limitations 92 Website: www.BlueChoiceSC.com 95 Appeals 96	Helpful Information May be Found on the Internet	82
Appeals 82 BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO 84 Benefits at a Glance: BlueChoice HealthPlan 84 Network Benefits 86 Covered Benefits 87 Other Plan Features 92 Exclusions and Limitations 92 Website: www.BlueChoiceSC.com 95 Appeals 96		
Appeals 82 BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO 84 Benefits at a Glance: BlueChoice HealthPlan 84 Network Benefits 86 Covered Benefits 87 Other Plan Features 92 Exclusions and Limitations 92 Website: www.BlueChoiceSC.com 95 Appeals 96	Website: www.CompanionBenefitAlternatives.com	82
BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO 84 Benefits at a Glance: BlueChoice HealthPlan 84 Network Benefits 86 Covered Benefits 87 Other Plan Features 92 Exclusions and Limitations 92 Website: www.BlueChoiceSC.com 95 Appeals 96		
Benefits at a Glance: BlueChoice HealthPlan 84 Network Benefits 86 Covered Benefits 87 Other Plan Features 92 Exclusions and Limitations 92 Website: www.BlueChoiceSC.com 95 Appeals 96		
Covered Benefits 87 Other Plan Features 92 Exclusions and Limitations 92 Website: www.BlueChoiceSC.com 95 Appeals 96	Benefits at a Glance: BlueChoice HealthPlan	84
Other Plan Features	Network Benefits	86
Exclusions and Limitations		
Website: <u>www.BlueChoiceSC.com</u> 95 Appeals96	Other Plan Features	92
Appeals96	Exclusions and Limitations	92
Appeals96	Website: www.BlueChoiceSC.com	95
• •	Appeals	96
	• •	

Introduction

What Are My Health Plan Choices?

Your health plan choices include the State Health Plan (the Standard Plan, the Savings Plan and, if you are retired and enrolled in Medicare, the Medicare Supplemental Plan) and a health maintenance organization, BlueChoice® HealthPlan HMO. Eligible members of the military community may enroll in the AMRA TRI-CARE Supplement Plan.

To learn about eligibility, enrollment and other features that are common to the health plans offered through the Public Employee Benefit Authority (PEBA) Insurance Benefits, see the General Information chapter, which begins on page 9.

Please note: There is no lifetime maximum on benefits offered by the health plans available through PEBA Insurance Benefits.

Notice to Subscribers: Tobacco-Use Surcharge

If you are a State Health Plan or BlueChoice HealthPlan subscriber with single coverage and you use tobacco, you will pay a \$40 monthly surcharge. If you have subscriber/spouse, subscriber/children or full-family coverage and you or anyone you cover uses tobacco, the surcharge will be \$60 monthly.

To avoid this charge, a subscriber must certify no one covered under his health insurance uses tobacco, and no one has used it during the past six months. To do so, complete a Certification Regarding Tobacco Use form. If you have not certified or need to change your certification, go to PEBA's Insurance Benefits website, www.eip.sc.gov, and click on

or retiree who is not eligible for Medicare and your primary coverage is the Standard Plan, the Savings Plan or BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO, you and your covered spouse may participate yearly in a Preventive Workplace Screening. For \$15, you receive a comprehensive, biometric health appraisal that includes a blood test and an evaluation of your risk factors. Ask your BA when a screening is scheduled.

If you are an employee

"Tobacco Information." Give the certification form to your benefits administrator, who will send it to PEBA Insurance Benefits. The certification will be effective the first of the month after PEBA Insurance Benefits receives the form.

A subscriber must pay all his premiums, including the tobacco-use surcharge, if it applies, when they are due. If he does not, coverage for <u>all</u> of his plans will be canceled effective the last day of the month in which the premiums were paid in full.

If You Are Unable to Stop Using Tobacco Due to a Medical Reason

If your physician provides a letter stating that it is unreasonably difficult due to a medical condition for you to stop using tobacco or that it is medically inadvisable for you to stop using tobacco, you may qualify for a waiver of the tobacco-use surcharge. Please give the letter to your benefits administrator, who will send it to PEBA Insurance Benefits.

Subrogation: If Someone Else Caused Your Injury

To the extent provided by South Carolina law, health plans offered through PEBA Insurance Benefits have the right to recover payment in full for benefits provided to a covered person under the terms of the plan when the injury or illness occurs through the act or omission of another person, firm, corporation or organization. If a covered person receives payment for such medical expenses from another who caused the injury or illness, the covered person agrees to reimburse the plan in full for any medical expenses paid by the plan.

Benefits at a Glance: State Health Plan

<u>This brief overview of your medical plan is for comparison only</u>. The *Plan of Benefits* governs all health benefits offered by the state.

	Standard Plan	Savings Plan
Annual Deductible	\$420 Individual \$840 Family	\$3,600 Individual \$7,200 Family (If more than one family member is covered, only the cost of preventive benefits will be paid until the \$7,200 annual family deductible is met.)
Copayments: Emergency Care ¹	\$150	None
Outpatient Facility Services ²	\$90	None
Physician Office Visit ³	\$12	None
Coinsurance (after deductible is met): Network	20% You pay 80% Insurance pays	20% You pay 80% Insurance pays
Out-of-network ^{4, 5}	40% You pay 60% Insurance pays	40% You pay 60% Insurance pays
Coinsurance Maximum: Network	\$2,400 Individual \$4,800 Family	\$2,400 Individual \$4,800 Family
Out-of-network ^{4, 5}	\$4,800 Individual \$9,600 Family	\$4,800 Individual \$9,600 Family
Lifetime Maximum	None	None
Prescription Drug Deductible per Year ⁴	No annual deductible	
Retail Copayments for up to a 31-day supply (Participating pharmacies only) ⁴	\$9 Tier 1 (Generic – lowest cost) \$36 Tier 2 (Brand – higher cost) \$60 Tier 3 (Brand – highest cost)	Prescription Drugs You must use participating pharmacies. You pay the full allowed amount for prescription drugs, and the cost is applied to your annual deductible.
Mail Order and Retail Maintenance Network Copayments for up to a 90- day supply ⁴	\$22 Tier 1 (Generic – lowest cost) \$90 Tier 2 (Brand – higher cost) \$150 Tier 3 (Brand – highest cost)	After you reach your deductible, you continue to pay the full allowed amount for prescription drugs. However, the plan will reimburse you for 80% of the allowed amount. You pay the
Prescription Drug Copayment Maximum⁴	\$2,500 per person (applies to prescription drugs only)	remaining 20% as coinsurance. Drug costs are applied to your plan's network coinsurance maximum: \$2,400 – individual; \$4,800 – family.
Tax-favored Medical Accounts	Medical Spending Account	Health Savings Account Limited-use Medical Spending Account

¹Waived if admitted.

²Waived for dialysis, routine mammograms, routine Pap tests, routine physical therapy, clinic visits, oncology services, electroconvulsive therapy, psychiatric medication management and partial hospitalization and intensive outpatient behavioral health services.

³Waived for routine Pap tests, routine mammograms and well child care.

⁴Prescription drugs are not covered out of network.

⁵ An out-of-network provider may bill you for more than the plan's allowed amount for services.

he State Health Plan

The State Health Plan (SHP) offers the **Standard Plan**, the **Savings Plan** and, for members enrolled in Medicare, the **Medicare Supplemental Plan**. It is important that you understand how your plan works.

The State Health Plan is self-insured. PEBA Insurance Benefits does not pay premiums to an insurance company. Subscribers' monthly premiums and employers' contributions are placed in a trust account maintained by the state to pay claims and administrative expenses. Administrative expenses comprise only about 4 percent of the total program spending.

The Standard Plan has higher premiums but lower annual deductibles than the Savings Plan. When one family member meets his deductible, the Standard Plan will begin to pay benefits for him, even if the family deductible has not been met. Under the Standard Plan, when you buy a prescription drug you make a copayment, rather than pay the allowed amount. (The allowed amount is the most a health plan allows for a covered service or product, whether it is provided in network or out of network. Network providers have agreed to accept the allowed amount as their total fee.) You do not have to meet your deductible to buy prescription drugs for the copayment.

As a Savings Plan subscriber, you take greater responsibility for your health care costs and accept a higher annual deductible. You pay the full allowed amount for covered medical benefits (including mental health/substance abuse benefits and prescription drugs) until you reach the deductible. As a result, you save money on premiums. Another advantage is that because the Savings Plan is a tax-qualified, highdeductible health plan, you may establish a Health Savings Account (HSA) if you have no other health coverage, including Medicare, unless it is another high-deductible health plan, and you cannot be claimed as a dependent on another person's tax return. Funds in an HSA may be used to pay qualified medical expenses now and in the future.

The Plan of Benefits contains a complete description of the plan. Its terms and conditions govern all health benefits offered by the state. To review this document, contact your benefits administrator or PEBA Insurance Benefits.

How the SHP Pays for Covered Benefits

PEBA Insurance Benefits contracts with several organizations to process your claims in a cost-efficient, timely manner. BlueCross BlueShield of South Carolina (BCBSSC) is the medical claims processor; Medi-Call, a division of BCBSSC, provides medical preauthorization and case management services; Companion Benefit Alternatives (CBA), a wholly owned subsidiary of BCBSSC, is the behavioral health manager, handling mental health and substance abuse treatment preauthorization, case management and provider networks; and Catamaran processes prescription drug claims.

Subscribers share the cost of their benefits by paying deductibles, copayments and coinsurance for covered benefits.

Allowed Amount

The allowed amount is the most a plan allows for a covered service. Network providers have agreed to accept the allowed amount as their total fee, leaving you responsible only for copayments and 20 percent coinsurance after your annual deductible is met. (Savings Plan subscribers do not pay copayments.) For out-of-network services, you will pay more in coinsurance, and the provider may charge more than the allowed amount. See balance billing on page 52.

How the Standard Plan Works

Annual Deductible

The annual deductible is the amount you must pay each year for covered medical benefits (including mental health and substance abuse benefits) before the plan begins to pay a percentage of the cost of your covered medical benefits. The annual deductibles are:

- \$420 for individual coverage
- \$840 for family coverage.

Under the Standard Plan, the family deductible is the same, regardless of how many family members are covered. The \$840 family deductible may be met by any combination of two or more family members' covered medical expenses, as long as they total \$840. For example, if four people each have \$215 in covered expenses, the family deductible has been met, even if no one person has met the \$420 individual deductible. If only one person has met the \$420 individual deductible, the plan will begin paying a percentage of the cost of his benefits but not a percentage of the cost of the family's benefits until the family deductible has been met. No family member may pay more than \$420 toward the family deductible.

If the subscriber and his spouse, who is also covered as an employee or retiree, select the same health plan, they will share the family deductible.

Payments for non-covered services, copayments and penalties for not calling Medi-Call, National Imaging Associates or Companion Benefit Alternatives do not count toward the annual deductible.

Copayments

Standard Plan subscribers pay these copayments:

- Copayments for prescription drugs.
- Copayments for services in a professional provider's office; for outpatient facility services, which may
 be provided in an outpatient department of a hospital or in a freestanding facility; and for care in an
 emergency room.

A **prescription drug copayment** is a <u>fixed total amount</u> a Standard Plan subscriber pays for each prescription. The copayment maximum for each family member covered is \$2,500. Drug costs do not apply to the annual deductible or the coinsurance maximum. For more information, see page 72.

A copayment for services in a provider's office, for outpatient facility services or in an emergency room is the amount a subscriber pays before the Standard Plan begins to pay a percentage of the cost of the services.

You continue to pay these copayments even after you meet your annual deductible and reach your coinsurance maximum. These copayments do not apply to your annual deductible or to your coinsurance maximum.

The copayment for each visit to a professional provider's office is \$12. This deductible is waived for routine Pap tests, routine mammograms and well child care visits. Here is an example of how it works.

This example uses a physician's office visit that has a \$56 allowed amount under the Standard Plan.

Annua	al deductible <u>has not</u> been met:	Annu	ıal deductible <u>has</u> been met:
\$56	Allowed amount	\$56	Allowed amount
<u>- 12</u>	Copayment	<u>- 12</u>	Copayment
\$44	Remaining allowed amount, which goes toward the annual deductible	\$44	Remaining allowed amount
		\$44	Remaining allowed amount
\$12	Copayment	x 20%*	
+ 44	Applied to deductible	\$8.80	Coinsurance
\$56	Your total payment		
		\$12.00	Copayment
		<u>+ 8.80</u>	Coinsurance
		\$20.80	Your total payment
			e Standard Plan paid 80 percent of the \$44 naining after the copayment, totaling \$35.20.

The copayment for outpatient facility services, which includes outpatient hospital services other than emergency room visits and outpatient surgery center services, is \$90. This deductible is waived for dialysis, routine mammograms, routine Pap tests, routine physical therapy, clinic visits, oncology services, electro-convulsive therapy, psychiatric medication management and partial hospitalization and intensive outpatient behavioral health services. The copayment for each emergency room visit is \$150. This deductible is waived if you are admitted to the hospital.

Coinsurance

After your annual deductible has been met, the Standard Plan pays 80 percent of the allowed amount for your covered medical and mental health/substance abuse benefits if you use network providers. You pay 20 percent as *coinsurance*, which applies to your coinsurance maximum.

If you use out-of-network providers, the plan pays 60 percent of the plan's allowed amount for your covered medical and mental health/substance abuse benefits, and you pay 40 percent as *coinsurance*, which applies to your coinsurance maximum. Any charge above the plan's allowed amount for a covered medical or mental health/substance abuse benefit is your responsibility. See pages 51-53 to learn more about balance billing and the out-of-network differential.

A different coinsurance rate applies for infertility treatments and prescription drugs associated with infertility. See pages 63-64.

How the Savings Plan Works

Annual Deductible

The annual deductible is the amount you must pay each year for covered medical and mental health/substance abuse benefits and prescription drugs before the Savings Plan begins to pay a percentage of the cost of your covered benefits. The annual deductibles are:

\$3,600 for individual coverage

\$7,200 for family coverage.

There is no individual deductible if more than one family member is covered. If the subscriber and spouse, who is also covered as an employee or retiree, select the same health plan, they will share the family deductible. The family deductible is not met for any covered individual until the total allowed amount paid for covered benefits exceeds \$7,200. For example, even if one family member has paid \$3,601 for covered medical benefits, the plan will not begin paying a percentage of the cost of his

covered benefits until his family has paid \$7,200 for covered benefits. However, if the subscriber has paid \$2,199 for covered benefits, the spouse has paid \$3,001 for covered benefits and a child has paid \$2,000 for covered benefits, the plan will begin paying a percentage of the cost of the covered benefits of all family members.

If you are covered under the Savings Plan, you pay the full allowed amount for covered prescription drugs, and the amount is applied to your deductible. After you meet your deductible you still have to pay the full allowed amount, but you are reimbursed for 80 percent of the allowed amount. After you meet your coinsurance maximum, you are reimbursed for 100 percent of the allowed amount.

There are **no** copayments under the Savings Plan. You pay the full allowed amount for services, and it is applied to your annual deductible.

Coinsurance

After your annual deductible has been met, the Savings Plan pays 80 percent of the allowed amount for your covered medical, prescription drug and mental health/substance abuse benefits if you use network providers. You pay 20 percent as *coinsurance*.

If you use out-of-network providers, the plan pays 60 percent of the plan's allowed amount for your covered medical and mental health/substance abuse benefits, and you pay 40 percent as *coinsurance*. Any charge above the plan's allowed amount for a covered medical or mental health/substance abuse benefit is your responsibility. See pages 51-53 to learn more about balance billing and the out-of-network differential. **Prescription drug benefits are paid only if you use a network provider.**

A different coinsurance rate applies for infertility treatments and prescription drugs associated with infertility. See pages 63-64.

Coinsurance Maximum

The *coinsurance maximum* is the amount in coinsurance a subscriber must pay for covered benefits each year before he is no longer required to pay coinsurance. Under the **Standard Plan** and the **Savings Plan** it is \$2,400 for individual coverage or \$4,800 for family coverage for **network** services and \$4,800 for individual coverage or \$9,600 for family coverage for **out-of-network** services.

Please note: The allowed amount for network services does not apply to the out-of-network coinsurance maximum, and the allowed amount for out-of-network services does not apply to the network coinsurance maximum. For example: If you have individual coverage and have paid \$2,000 in network coinsurance and \$600 in out-of-network coinsurance, you have not met your network coinsurance maximum.

Standard Plan subscribers continue to pay copayments even after they meet their annual deductible and coinsurance maximum. Copayments for services in a provider's office, for outpatient facility services and in an emergency room do not apply to the annual deductible or to the coinsurance maximum. Prescription drug copayments apply to the \$2,500 prescription drug copayment maximum but do not apply to the annual deductible or the coinsurance maximum.

Payments for non-covered services, deductibles and penalties for not calling Medi-Call, National Imaging Associates or Companion Benefit Alternatives (CBA) do not count toward the coinsurance maximum.

Coordination of Benefits

All State Health Plan benefits, including prescription drug and mental health benefits, are subject to *coordination of benefits* (COB). COB is a system to make sure a person covered under more than one insurance plan is not reimbursed more than once for the same expenses. For more information about COB, including how third-party claims processors determine which plan pays first, see page 12.

**Please remember: The SHP is not responsible for filing or processing claims for a second coverage.

Here are some specific features of coordination of benefits under the Standard Plan and the Savings Plan:

Please remember: The SHP is not responsible for filing or processing claims for a subscriber through another health insurance plan. That is your responsibility.

On your Notice of Election (NOE) form, you are asked if you are covered by more than one group insurance plan. Your response is recorded and placed in your file. However, the third-party claims processor, BlueCross BlueShield of South Carolina (BCBSSC), may ask you this question every year, by sending you a questionnaire. **Complete this form and return it to BCBSSC promptly, since claims will not be processed or paid until your information is received.** You can also update this information by calling BCBSSC or by visiting www.StateSC.South-CarolinaBlues.com. Log in to "My Health Toolkit." Under "Benefits," select "Other Health Insurance,"

This is how the SHP works when it is secondary insurance:

- For a **medical** or a **mental health/substance abuse** claim, you or your provider must file the Explanation of Benefits from your primary plan with BCBSSC.
- For prescription drug benefits, you must present your card for your primary coverage first. Otherwise, the claim will be rejected because the pharmacist's electronic system will show that the SHP is secondary coverage. After the pharmacy processes the claim with your primary coverage, you must file a paper claim through Catamaran for payment of any secondary benefits. Prescription drug claim forms are on the PEBA Insurance Benefits website, www.eip.sc.gov. You may also ask your benefits administrator for the form.
- The SHP will pay the lesser of: 1) what it would pay if it were the primary payer; or 2) the balance after the primary plan's network discounts and/or payments are deducted from the total charge.
- The SHP's limit on balance billing does not apply. Therefore, it is important that you use a provider in your primary plan's network.
- You will also be responsible for the SHP deductible and SHP coinsurance, if the maximum has not been met.

Please note: If your coverage with any other health insurance program is canceled, you must request a letter of termination. The letter of termination must be submitted to BCBSSC promptly, because claims will not be processed or paid until your information is received.

Using SHP Provider Networks

When you are ill or injured, you decide where to go for your care. The SHP operates as a *preferred pro-vider organization* (PPO). As such, it has networks of physicians and hospitals, outpatient surgery centers and mammography testing centers. There are also networks available to subscribers for ambulatory surgery centers, durable medical equipment, labs, radiology and X-ray, physical therapy, occupational therapy, speech therapy, skilled nursing facilities, long term acute care facilities, hospices and dialysis centers. They have agreed, as part of the network, to accept the plan's allowed amount for covered benefits as payment in full. Network providers will charge you for your deductible, copayments and coinsurance when the services are provided. They will also file your claims.

If you use an out-of-network medical or mental health/substance abuse provider or your physician sends your laboratory tests to an out-of-network provider, your costs will increase.

Please note: Even if you are at a network hospital or at a network provider's office, the provider may employ out-of-network contract providers or technicians. If an out-of-network provider renders services, even in a network facility, he can still balance bill you, and you will still pay the out-of-network differential.

Prescription drug benefits are paid only if you use a network provider.

How to Find a Medical or Mental Health/Substance Abuse Network Provider

To view the online provider directory, go to PEBA Insurance Benefits website, www.eip.sc.gov, and select "Links," "Medical (BlueCross BlueShield of South Carolina)"

- Under "Find a Doctor or Hospital," select "Find a Provider."
- Now you will be asked to give the city, state and postal code where you wish to find a provider.
- Now select "Advanced Search." Confirm your location. Under "Type of Provider" select your choice. Follow the prompts.
- You can also search for "ER Alternatives," places to go for care other than an emergency room, such as urgent care and walk-in clinics near you.
- When you find a provider, you can view "Networks" to make sure he participates in the State Health Plan.

If you do not have access to the Internet, call BCBSSC at 803-736-1576 (Greater Columbia area) or 800-868-2520 (toll-free outside the Columbia area) to ask that a list of SHP providers in your area be mailed to you.

BlueCard® and BlueCard Worldwide®

State Health Plan and BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO members have access to doctors and hospitals throughout the United States and around the world through the BlueCard Program and Blue Cross and Blue Shield provider networks. If you are covered by the State Health Plan and need mental health or substance abuse care outside South Carolina, call 800-810-2583. If you are a BlueChoice member and need behavioral health services, call Companion Benefit Alternatives at 800-868-1032.

Please note: BlueChoice members have BlueCard® coverage for urgent and emergency care only.

Inside the U.S.

With the BlueCard program you can choose network doctors and hospitals that suit you best. Follow these steps for health coverage when you are away from home but within the United States:

- 1. Always carry your health plan ID card.
- 2. To find the names and addresses of nearby doctors and hospitals, choose "Links" on the PEBA Insurance Benefits website. Follow the steps above and enter the location where you need a provider. You may also call BlueCard *Access* at 800-810-2583.
- 3. State Health Plan subscribers must call Medi-Call within 48 hours of receiving emergency care. The toll-free number is on your SHP ID card. BlueChoice subscribers must call BlueChoice HealthPlan Member Services within 24 hours or the next business day to notify the plan of an emergency admission to a hospital.
- 4. When you arrive at the participating doctor's office or hospital, show your identification card. The provider will recognize the BlueCard logo, which will ensure that you get the highest level of benefits with no balance billing.
- 5. The provider should file claims with the Blue Cross and Blue Shield affiliate in the state where the services were provided.

You should not have to complete any claim forms, nor should you have to pay up front for medical services other than the usual out-of-pocket expenses (deductibles, copayments, coinsurance and non-covered services). BCBSSC will mail an Explanation of Benefits to you.

For information about out-of-network benefits, see pages 51-53.

Outside the U.S.

Through the BlueCard Worldwide® program, your health plan card gives you access to doctors and hospitals in more than 200 countries and territories worldwide and to a broad range of medical services.

Please note: Medicare does not offer benefits outside the U.S. Because the Medicare Supplemental Plan does not allow benefits for services not covered by Medicare, Medicare Supplemental Plan subscribers do not have coverage outside the U.S. See page 211 for more information.

To take advantage of the BlueCard Worldwide program, follow these steps:

- 1. Always carry your health plan ID card.
- 2. Before your trip:
 - If you have questions, call the phone number on the back of your ID card to check your benefits and for preauthorization, if necessary. (Your health care benefits may be different outside the U.S.)
 - The BlueCard Worldwide Service Center can help you find providers in the area where you are traveling. It can also provide other helpful information about health care overseas. To reach the center, go to the PEBA Insurance Benefits website, www.eip.sc.gov, and, under "Links," select "Medical (BlueCross BlueShield of South Carolina)." Under "Find a Doctor or Hospital," select "Worldwide Directory." You may also call toll-free at 800-810-2583 or collect at 804-673-1177.
- 3. During your trip:
 - If you need to find a doctor or hospital or need medical assistance, go to the state BCBSSC website through "Links" on the PEBA Insurance Benefits website. www.eip.sc.gov. Under "Find a Doctor or Hospital," select "Worldwide Directory." You must accept the terms and conditions and login with the first three letters of your identification number. Then you may "Select a Provider Type." You also can choose a specialty, city, nation and distance from the city.
 - You may also call the BlueCard Worldwide Service Center tollfree at 800-810-2583 or collect at 804-673-1177 (24 hours a day, seven days a week).
 - If you are admitted to the hospital, call the BlueCard Worldwide Service Center toll-free at 800-810-2583 or collect at 804-673-1177.
 - The BlueCard Worldwide Service Center will work with your plan to arrange direct billing with the hospital for your inpatient stay.
 - When direct billing is arranged, you are responsible for the out-of-pocket expenses (non-covered services, deductibles, copayments and coinsurance) you normally pay. The hospital will submit your claim on your behalf.
 - **Please note:** If direct billing is not arranged between the hospital and your plan, you must pay the bill up front and file a claim. For outpatient care and doctor visits, pay the provider when you receive care and file a claim.
- 4. To file a claim for services you paid for when you received care or paid to providers that are not part of the BlueCard Worldwide network, complete a BlueCard Worldwide International Claim Form and send it to the BlueCard Worldwide Service Center with this information: the charge for each service; the date

S.C. Public Employee Benefit Authority

If you need proof of insurance for overseas travel, please request it from PEBA Insurance Benefits in writing through the "Contact Us" link on the PEBA Insurance Benefits website or in a letter. The request must be made least 10 working days in advance.

Please note: Some toll-free

numbers do not work over-

seas. You can always reach

BlueCard Worldwide by call-

ing collect at 804-673-1177.

this number with you when

you leave the United States.

We recommend you take

- of that service and the name and address of each provider; a complete, detailed bill, including line-item descriptions; and descriptions and dates for all procedures and surgeries. This information does not have to be in English. Be sure to get all of this information before you leave the provider's office.
- 5. The claim form is available on the PEBA Insurance Benefits website. Select "Forms" and then, under "State Health Plan (SHP)," select "BlueCard Worldwide International Claim Form." You may also call the service center toll-free at 800-810-2583 or collect at 804-673-1177. The address of the service center is on the claim form. BlueCard Worldwide will arrange billing to BCBSSC.

Mental Health/Substance Abuse Provider Network

The State Health Plan offers coverage for mental health and substance abuse services, on the same terms as medical coverage. Preauthorization is required by Companion Benefit Alternatives (CBA), the mental health and substance abuse benefits manager, for most hospital services and some outpatient services (see Mental Health and Substance Abuse Benefits on pages 77-79). A greater percentage of the cost of your covered benefits will be paid if you use a network provider.

The most up-to-date list of network providers is available under "Find a Doctor or Hospital" on the state BCBSSC website. There is a link to StateSC.SouthCarolinaBlues.com under "Links" on the PEBA Insurance Benefits website. When you get to the site, select "Find a Provider." Select "Advanced Search" then under "Type of Provider" select "Other." From the drop-down menu choose "Mental Health." Follow the prompts. A printable version of the directory is on the CBA website, CompanionBenefitAlternatives.com. Select "Members" then, under "Find a Provider," select "Network Directory." The directory can be searched using the "binoculars" search feature. For help selecting a provider, call CBA at 800-868-1032. To find a provider outside the U.S., select "Worldwide Directory" under the "Find a Doctor or Hospital" on the state BCBSSC website or call collect 804-673-1177.

If you do not have access to the Internet, printed lists of providers from the directory are available from your benefits office or, if you are a retiree, survivor or COBRA participant, from BCBSSC.

For more information on your mental health and substance abuse benefits, see pages 77-79.

Prescription Drug Provider Network

Because the State Health Plan offers no out-of-network coverage for prescription drugs, it is important that you find a network provider for this service. The list of network providers is on the website sponsored by Catamaran, the prescription drug manager. The site is accessible through the PEBA Insurance Benefits website, www.eip.sc.gov. You can also go directly to Catamaran's website, www.myCatamaranRx.com, sign in and click on "Pharmacy Locator."

If you do not have Internet access, ask your benefits administrator to print a list of network pharmacies near you. If you are a retiree, COBRA or survivor subscriber, call Catamaran for network pharmacies near you.

For more information on your prescription drug benefits, see pages 72-77.

Out-of-Network Benefits

You can use providers for medical and mental health/substance abuse care who are not part of the network and still receive some coverage. Before the State Health Plan will pay 100 percent of the plan's allowed amount:

For out-of-network benefits, Standard Plan and Savings Plan subscribers must pay a \$4,800 individual coinsurance maximum or a \$9,600 family coinsurance maximum. Subscribers to both plans may also have to fill out claim forms.

Please note: No benefits will be paid for advanced radiology services (**CT, MRI, MRA or PET scans**) that are not preauthorized by National Imaging Associates.

There is no out-of-network coverage for **prescription drugs**.

Balance Billing

If you use a provider who is not part of the network, you may be subject to *balance billing*. When the State Health Plan is your primary coverage, network providers are prohibited from billing you for covered benefits, except for copayments, coinsurance and the deductible. **However, an out-of-network provider may bill you for more than the plan's allowed amount for the covered benefit, which will increase your out-of-pocket cost.** The difference between what the out-of-network provider charges and the allowed amount is called the "balance bill." The balance bill does not contribute toward meeting your annual deductible or coinsurance maximum.

Out-of-Network Differential

In addition to balance billing, if you receive services from a provider that does not participate in the State Health Plan, Companion Benefit Alternatives or BlueCard networks, you will pay 40 percent of the allowed amount, instead of 20 percent, in coinsurance. These examples show how it will cost you more to use a out-of-network provider:

In both examples below, you have subscriber-only coverage under the SHP, and you have not met your deductible. The allowed amount is \$4,000. The provider charged \$5,000 for the service.

Standard Plan

	Network provider		Out-of-network provider
\$5,000	Billed charge	\$5,000	Billed charge
	_	- 4,000	Allowed amount
\$4,000	Allowed amount ¹	\$1,000	Balance bill ¹
- 420	Annual deductible		
\$3,580	Allowed amount after annual deductible	\$4,000	Allowed amount
		- 420	Annual deductible
\$3,580	Allowed amount after annual deductible	\$3,580	Allowed amount after annual deductible
x 20% ²			
\$ 716	Coinsurance, which goes toward your	\$3,580	Allowed amount after annual deductible
	coinsurance maximum	x 40% ²	
		\$1,432	Coinsurance, which goes toward your
\$ 716	Coinsurance		coinsurance maximum
+ 420	Annual deductible		
\$1,136	Your total payment	\$1,432	Coinsurance
·		+ 420	Annual deductible
¹ Network providers	are not allowed to charge more than the	+1,000 Balance bill	
allowed amount.	· ·	\$2,852	Your total payment
	Standard Plan paid 80 percent of the	' '	. ,
\$3,580 allowed am	ount after the deductible, totaling \$2,864.		
		choose above the allowed amount and bill you the balance	
		above the allowed amount.	
	² In this example, the Standard Plan paid 60 percent of the		
		\$3,580 allowed am	ount after the deductible, totaling \$2,148.

Savings Plan

Network provider	C	Out-of-network provider
Billed charge	\$5,000	Billed charge
	<u>- 4,000</u>	Allowed amount
Allowed amount ¹	\$1,000	Balance bill ¹
Annual deductible		
Allowed amount after annual deductible	\$4,000	Allowed amount
	<u>- 3,600</u>	Annual deductible
Allowed amount after annual deductible	\$ 400	Allowed amount after annual deductible
Coinsurance, which goes toward your	\$ 400	Allowed amount after annual deductible
coinsurance maximum	<u>x 40%</u> ²	
	\$ 160	Coinsurance, which goes toward your
Coinsurance		coinsurance maximum
Annual deductible		
Your total payment	\$ 160	Coinsurance
	+3,600	Annual deductible
re not allowed to charge more than the	+1,000 Balance bill	
allowed amount.		Your total payment
In this example, the Savings Plan paid 80 percent of the \$400		
the deductible, totaling \$320.	¹ Out-of-network providers can charge any amount they choose	
	above the allowed amount and bill you the balance above the	
	allowed amount. 2 In this example, the Savings Plan paid 60 percent of the \$400	
	anowed amount and	er the deductible, totalling \$240.
	Billed charge Allowed amount¹ Annual deductible Allowed amount after annual deductible Allowed amount after annual deductible Coinsurance, which goes toward your coinsurance maximum Coinsurance Annual deductible Your total payment e not allowed to charge more than the	Billed charge Allowed amount¹ Annual deductible Allowed amount after annual deductible Allowed amount after annual deductible Coinsurance, which goes toward your coinsurance maximum Coinsurance Annual deductible Your total payment e not allowed to charge more than the Savings Plan paid 80 percent of the \$400 the deductible, totaling \$320. \$5,000 -4,000 \$1,000 \$4,000 -3,600 \$400 \$ 4

Managing Your Medical Care

Medi-Call

Under the State Health Plan, some covered services require preauthorization before you receive them. A phone call gets things started. Your health care provider may make the call for you, **but it is your responsibility to see that the call is made.**

Medi-Call numbers are:

- 800-925-9724 (South Carolina, nationwide, Canada)
- 803-699-3337 (Greater Columbia area)
- 803-264-0183 (fax)

Please note: Some mental health/substance abuse and prescription drug benefits require preauthorization. See pages 77-78 for mental health and page 75 for prescription drugs.

What Are the Penalties for not Calling?

If you do not preauthorize treatment when required, you will pay a \$200 penalty for **each** hospital, rehabilitation or skilled nursing facility or mental health/substance abuse **admission**. In addition, the coinsurance maximum will not apply. You will continue to pay your coinsurance, no matter how much you pay out-of-pocket.

How to Preauthorize Your Treatment

You can reach Medi-Call by phone from 8:30 a.m. to 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except holidays. You may fax information to Medi-Call 24 hours a day. However, Medi-Call will not respond until the next business day. If you send a fax to Medi-Call, provide, at a minimum, this information so the review can begin:

- Subscriber's name
- Patient's name
- Subscriber's Benefits ID number or Social Security number

- Information about the service requested
- A telephone number where you can be reached during business hours.

Medi-Call promotes high-quality, cost-effective care for you and your covered family members through reviews that assess, plan, implement, coordinate, monitor and evaluate health care options and services required to meet an individual's needs. You must contact Medi-Call at least **48 hours or two working days,** whichever is longer, before receiving any of these medical services at any hospital in the U.S. or Canada:

- You need any type of inpatient care in a hospital¹
- Your preauthorized outpatient services result in a hospital admission (You must call again for the hospital admission.)
- You need outpatient surgery for a septoplasty (surgery on the septum of the nose)
- You need outpatient or inpatient surgery for a hysterectomy
- · You need sclerotherapy (vein surgery) performed in an inpatient, outpatient or office setting
- You will receive a new course of chemotherapy or radiation therapy (one-time notification per course)
- You are admitted to a hospital in an emergency (Your admission must be reported within 48 hours or the next working day after a weekend or holiday admission.)¹
- You are pregnant (You must notify Medi-Call within the first three months of your pregnancy. See pages 55-56 for additional requirements.)
- You have an emergency admission during pregnancy²
- Your baby is born (if you plan to file a claim for any birth-related expenses)²
- Your baby has complications at birth
- Before your baby is given Synagis (a drug to protect high-risk babies from respiratory syncytial virus disease) outside the hospital nursery
- You are to be, or have been, admitted to a long-term acute care facility, skilled nursing facility, or need home health care, hospice care or would like an alternative treatment plan
- You need durable medical equipment
- You or your covered spouse decides to undergo in vitro fertilization, GIFT, ZIFT or any other infertility procedure
- You or your covered family member needs to be evaluated for a transplant
- You need inpatient rehabilitative services and related outpatient physical, speech or occupational therapy.

¹For mental health or substance abuse services, you must call Companion Benefit Alternatives (CBA) at 800-868-1032 for preauthorization before a non-emergency admission or, in the case of an emergency admission, within 48 hours or the next working day, whichever is longer.

²Contacting Medi-Call for the delivery of your baby does not add the baby to your health insurance. You must add your child by filing an NOE and submitting the required documentation, a long-form birth certificate, within 31 days of birth for benefits to be payable.

A preauthorization request for any procedure that may be considered cosmetic must be received in writing by Medi-Call seven days before surgery. (Procedures in this category include: blepharoplasty, reduction mammoplasty, augmentation mammoplasty, mastopexy, TMJ or other jaw surgery, panniculectomy, abdominoplasty, rhinoplasty or other nose surgery, etc.) Your physician should include photographs if appropriate.

A determination by Medi-Call that a proposed treatment is within generally recognized medical standards and procedures does not guarantee claim payment. Other conditions, including eligibility requirements, other limitations or exclusions, payment of deductibles and other provisions of the plan must be satisfied before BlueCross BlueShield of South Carolina makes payment. Remember, if you use an out-of-network provider, you will pay more.

National Imaging Associates (NIA)

The State Health Plan has a system for preauthorizing CT, MRI, MRA and PET scans.

Network South Carolina physicians, radiology (imaging) centers and outpatient hospital radiology centers will be responsible for requesting advanced radiology preauthorization from National Imaging Associates (NIA).

Doctors can get more information on the BCBSSC website, <u>StateSC.SouthCarolinaBlues.com</u>, or by calling 800-444-4311. To request preauthorization over the Internet, providers can go to NIA's website, <u>www.RadMD.com</u>. They may also call NIA at 866-500-7664, Monday through Friday, from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., ET.

If a subscriber or a covered family member is scheduled to receive a CT, MRI, MRA or PET scan from an out-of-network provider in South Carolina or any provider outside South Carolina, it is the subscriber's responsibility to make sure his provider calls for preauthorization. A subscriber may begin the process by calling NIA at 866-500-7664. He should be able to give NIA the name and phone number of the ordering physician and the name and phone number of the imaging center or the physician who will provide the radiology service.

NIA will make a decision about non-emergency preauthorization requests within two business days of receiving the request from the provider. If the situation is urgent, a decision will be made within one business day of receiving the request from the provider. However, the process may take longer if additional clinical information is needed to make a decision.

A subscriber can check the status of a preauthorization request online through "My Health Toolkit" at StateSC.SouthCarolinaBlues.com.

What are the Penalties for not Calling?

If a **network** South Carolina physician or radiology center does not request preauthorization, the provider will not be paid for the service, and he **cannot bill the subscriber for the service**.

If a subscriber or a covered family member receives advanced radiology services from an **out-of-network provider in South Carolina or from any provider outside South Carolina** without preauthorization, the provider will not be paid by BCBSSC, and the **subscriber will be responsible for the entire bill.**

Maternity Management



Regular prenatal care and following your doctor's recommendations can help keep you and your baby healthy. If you are a mother-to-be, **you must participate in the Maternity Management Program**. Medi-Call administers PEBA Insurance Benefits' comprehensive maternity management program, "Coming Attractions." The program monitors expectant mothers throughout pregnancy and manages Neonatal Intensive Care Unit (NICU) infants or other babies with special needs until they are 1

For more information about maternity benefits, see Pregnancy and Pediatric Care on page 65.

year old. To enroll in maternity benefits, you must notify Medi-Call during the first trimester (three months) of your pregnancy. Medi-Call's numbers are 803-699-3337 (Greater Columbia area) and 800-925-9724 (toll-free outside the Columbia area). You do not have to wait until you have seen your physician to call and enroll in "Coming Attractions." If you do not enroll during your first trimester, you will incur a substantial financial penalty. See below.

You can also notify Medi-Call of your pregnancy and enroll in "Coming Attractions" online through the Personal Health Record's maternity screening program. Go to the PEBA Insurance Benefits website, www.eip.

sc.gov. Under "Links," select "Medical (BlueCross BlueShield of South Carolina)." At the site, log in to "My Health Toolkit." At the site, under "Quick Links," select "Personal Health Record." Now select the member. From there, you will be taken to the home screen of the "Personal Health Record," which includes "My Activity Center." Under "My Other Assessments" box, select "Coming Attractions."

You can also get to "My Health Toolkit" through StateSC.SouthCarolina Blues.com.

Participating in the Mater-

nity Management Program

about the birth of your baby

your health insurance. Even

does not add your baby to

if you have Full Family or

Employee/Children coverage, you must add the baby

to your policy by complet-

ing an NOE and submitting

a long-form birth certificate within 31 days of his birth.

or contacting Medi-Call

If you do not notify Medi-Call of your pregnancy during the first trimester, or if you refuse to participate in the Maternity Management Program, you will pay a \$200 penalty for failing to call. You will also incur a \$200 penalty for each admission you fail to preauthorize, whether it is maternity related or not. There will also be a coinsurance penalty if you fail to enroll in the maternity management program during the first trimester, if you don't enroll in it at all or if you fail to preauthorize your hospital admission. The coinsurance you pay will not count toward your coinsurance maximum. For more information, see page 53 or call your maternity care nurse.

As a participant in "Coming Attractions," you will receive a welcome packet that includes a pregnancy quide book to assist you in having a healthy pregnancy and other educational information throughout your pregnancy.

A Medi-Call maternity nurse will complete a Maternity Health Assessment form when you enroll. It is used to identify potential high-risk factors during your first trimester. If high-risk factors are identified, you will be scheduled

for follow-up calls. If no risks are identified, you should call with any changes in your condition. Otherwise, your Medi-Call nurse will call you during your second and third trimester. Your Medi-Call nurse will also call you after your baby is born.

If you enroll in the program through the Personal Health Record, you can use the online system to correspond with your nurse and receive articles of interest from recognized medical sources.

Also, you can call Medi-Call anytime you have questions. A maternity case management nurse will be there to help you with both routine and special needs throughout your pregnancy and the postpartum period.

Wellness Management



Wellness Incentive Program

The Wellness Incentive Program enables eligible State Health Plan members with cardiovascular disease, congestive heart failure or diabetes to qualify for a drug copayment waiver, 12 months of free generic drugs that treat these conditions. Diabetes testing supplies (glucometer, test strips, control solution, lancet, syringes, pen needles, etc.) purchased at a network pharmacy are also covered at no charge. The waiver can be renewed. This program is designed to encourage participants to take more responsibility for their health and save themselves and the plan money.

Employees, retirees, COBRA subscribers and survivors and their covered family members are eligible to qualify if the State Health Plan is their primary insurance. If a subscriber is enrolled in the Medicare Supplemental Plan but covers family members who are not eligible for Medicare, these dependents are eligible for the incentive program. If Medicare or other coverage becomes primary while receiving the waiver, the waiver will continue for the 12-month period, but it will not be extended. Children age 5 and older are eligible if they have been diagnosed with a condition covered by the program.

Members are identified through claims or preauthorizations for one of the qualifying conditions. Members who are eligible will receive a letter or phone call from BCBSSC explaining the details of the Wellness Incentive Program, including how to qualify for the waiver.

For detailed information about the Wellness Incentive Program, call BCBSSC Customer Service at 800-868-2520 or go to StateSC.SouthCarolinaBlues.com. If you think you qualify for the program but have not been notified of your eligibility, call 855-838-5897. For more information about prescriptions, call Catamaran, the pharmacy benefit manager, at 855-901-PEBA (7322).

Weight Management Program

The BlueCross Weight Management program is designed to help you achieve weight-loss goals through small changes you can make while still getting on with your life. You will receive information about weight management, and a confidential survey will help a registered nurse tailor the program to meet your needs. Program candidates are identified through claims analysis, preauthorizations, doctor referral or self-referral.

If you think you qualify but have not received a letter or would like more information, call 855-838-5897.

Healthy Weight for Kids and Teens

This confidential program is for overweight and obese children between the ages of 2 and 17. It is designed to teach children and their parents healthy habits, support their efforts and help them work with their doctor on weight management. Members are enrolled based on medical claims, or they may be referred by a doctor. Also, a parent can enroll his covered child by calling 855-838-5897.

Health Management Program



Managing a chronic condition can be difficult. However, studies show you can help control your symptoms by making lifestyle changes and by following your doctor's advice. You can also delay, or even prevent, many of the complications of the disease.

The Health Management Program is designed for Standard Plan and Savings Plan subscribers and their covered family members who have diabetes, heart disease or chronic respiratory conditions. BCBSSC selects participants by reviewing medical, pharmacy and laboratory claims. If you are identified as someone who could benefit from it, you are automatically enrolled. You may, however, opt out of the program.

As a participant, you will receive a welcome letter that includes the name of and contact information for your BlueCross health coach. Your coach will be a registered nurse who will help you learn more about your condition and how to manage it. He or she will also help you work with your physician to develop a plan to take charge of your illness, contacting you by phone or through the online Personal Health Record. You can contact your health coach as often as you like with questions or to ask for advice. For more information, call 855-838-5897.

If you have diabetes, congestive heart failure or cardiovascular disease, BCBSSC may send you a letter saying you are eligible for the Wellness Incentive Program.

About Your Privacy

In compliance with federal law, your health information will always be kept confidential. Your employer does not receive the results of any surveys you complete. Enrolling will not affect your health benefits now or in the future.

Health Management for Migraine Program

The program encourages a member to work with his doctor to create a plan to ease the pain of migraine headaches. A health coach helps the member learn to identify migraine triggers, develop healthy habits to prevent migraines and comply with his treatment plan. Members, who must be at least age 18, are invited to participate based on medical and pharmacy claims. They can also enroll by calling 855-838-5897.

Medical Case Management

Facing a serious illness or injury can be confusing and frustrating. You may not know where to find support or information to help you cope with your illness, and you may not know what treatment options are available. Case management can help.

The case management programs available to State Health Plan members are explained below. Each program includes teams of specially trained nurses and doctors. Their goal is to assist participants in coordinating, assessing and planning health care. They do so by giving a patient control over his care and respecting his right to knowledge, choice, a direct relationship with his physician, privacy and dignity. None of the programs provide medical treatment. All recognize that, ultimately, decisions about your care are between you and your physician. Each program may involve a home or facility visit to a participant but only with permission.

By working closely with your doctor, using your benefits effectively and using the resources in your community, the case management programs may help you through a difficult time. For more information on any of these programs, call 800-925-9724 and ask to be transferred to the case management supervisor.

BlueCross Medi-Call Case Management Program

This program is designed for State Health Plan members who have specific catastrophic or chronic disorders, acute illnesses or serious injuries. The program facilitates continuity of care and support of these patients while managing health plan benefits in a way that promotes high-quality, cost-effective outcomes.

Case managers talk with patients, family members and providers to coordinate services among providers and support the patient through a crisis or chronic disease. Case management intervention may be short-or long-term. Case managers combine standard preauthorization services with innovative approaches for patients who require high levels of medical care and benefits. Case managers can often arrange services or identify community resources available to meet the patient's needs.

The case manager works with the patient and the providers to assess, plan, implement, coordinate, monitor and evaluate ways of meeting a patient's needs, reducing readmissions and enhancing quality of life. Your Medi-Call nurse case manager may visit you at home, with your permission, or in a treatment facility or your physician's office when the treatment team determines it is appropriate.

A Medi-Call nurse stays in touch with the patient, caregivers and providers to assess and re-evaluate the treatment plan and the patient's progress. All communication between BlueCross BlueShield of South Carolina and the patient, family members or providers complies with HIPAA privacy requirements. If a patient refuses medical case management, Medi-Call will continue to preauthorize appropriate treatment.

Alere Complex Care Management Program

Some members are referred to Alere for complex care management. The program is designed to assist the most seriously ill patients. They include those with complex medical conditions, who may have more than one illness or injury, who have critical barriers to their care and who are frequently hospitalized.

The complex care management program provides you with information and support through a local care coordinator, who is a registered nurse. This nurse coordinator can help you identify treatment options; locate supplies and equipment recommended by your doctor; coordinate care with your doctor and the SHP; and research the availability of transportation and lodging for out-of-town treatment. The nurse stays in touch weekly with patients and caregivers to assess and re-evaluate the treatment plan and the patient's progress. This program helps you make informed decisions about your health when you are seriously ill or injured. Participation is voluntary. You can leave the program at any time, for any reason. Your benefits will not be affected by your participation.

Here is how the program works: BlueCross BlueShield of South Carolina will refer you to Alere if the program may benefit you. You will receive a letter explaining the program, and an Alere representative will contact you. A care coordinator in your area will visit you to discuss ways he can help you and will ask permission to contact your doctor to offer assistance.

An Alere team of specially trained nurses and doctors will review your medical information and treatment plan. (Your medical history and information will always be kept confidential among your caregivers and the Alere team.) Your local care coordinator nurse will be your main contact. You and your doctor, however, will always make the final decision about your treatment. Complex care management does not replace your doctor's care. Always check with your doctor before following any medical advice.

A BlueCross nurse will act as a liaison with the Alere nurse. This BlueCross nurse provides information about benefits and networks and helps complete authorization for medically necessary services that are covered by the plan.

VillageHealth Disease Management Renal Case Management Program

VillageHealth Disease Management provides renal disease management care for select State Health Plan members receiving renal dialysis. These nurses visit patients in dialysis centers and in their homes to provide education and outreach that may help prevent acute illnesses and hospitalizations.

Here is how the program works. Subscribers receiving renal dialysis are referred to VillageHealth by BCBSSC. A South Carolina-based VillageHealth nurse then contacts the individual to confirm that he is a good candidate for renal case management. The nurse, who has many years of renal dialysis experience, coordinates care across all disciplines and facilitates Medi-Call referrals for patients accepted into the program.

As the link between the patient, providers and dialysis team, the nurse identifies the patient's needs through medical record review and consultations with the patient, family and health care team. Needs may be medical, social, behavioral, emotional and financial. The nurse coordinates services based on the long-term needs of the patient and incorporates these needs into a plan agreed upon by the patient, physician(s), dialysis team and other providers. Your VillageHealth nurse may visit you at home, with your permission, or in the dialysis center when the treatment team determines it is appropriate. Your nurse will call you frequently and receive updates from your providers.

A Medi-Call case manager will be the liaison with the VillageHealth nurse. This Medi-Call nurse provides information about the use of benefits and networks and completes authorization for medically necessary services covered by the plan.

Online Health Tools



My Health Toolkit

Personal Health Record

Your Personal Health Record, which is available on the state BCBSSC website, is safe and secure. Through it, you have access to your health information, including a list of your claims and the prescription drugs you are taking, 24 hours a day, seven days a week.

You can enter medical information, such as allergies, vaccinations, test results and personal or family medical history. This information can be shared with family members or new doctors as you feel is appropriate. Through the "My Care Plan" section, you can get information about your health conditions and other medical topics that are of interest to you. If you participate in the Health Management Program, your health coach can use it to send you messages, assign tasks and provide you with additional information about your condition.

To review your record, go to the PEBA Insurance Benefits website, www.eip.sc.gov. Under "Links," select "Medical (BlueCross BlueShield of South Carolina)." Log in to "My Health Toolkit" and select "Personal Health Record." From there, you will be asked to select the member. Then you will be taken to the home screen of the "Personal Health Record."

Personal Health Assessment

An Personal Health Assessment (PHA) is available to State Health Plan subscribers who are 18 years and older. Go to the PEBA Insurance Benefits website, www.eip.sc.gov. Under "Links," select "Medical (BlueCross BlueShield of South Carolina)." At the site, log in to "My Health Toolkit." Under "Wellness," select "Personal Health Assessment" Then you will be taken to the survey.

The survey asks questions and then provides a wellness score based on your responses. To get the most useful results, you need measurements of your cholesterol, triglycerides, glucose and blood pressure, as well as of the circumference of your neck and waist. Most of this information is available through the Preventive Workplace Screening. See page 30 for more information.

The PHA gives you access to programs designed to address your risk factors. These interactive tools will help you reach your goals at your own pace. You can print your PHA results and recommendations, and you will continue to have access to them online. The program is on a secure web link. All assessments remain confidential. You can retake the survey each year to measure your progress toward your health goals.

Wellness

The Wellness section of My Health Toolkit offers ways to take a more active role in improving your health. Go to the PEBA Insurance Benefits website, www.eip.sc.gov. Under "Links," select "Medical (BlueCross BlueShield of South Carolina" and then log in to "My Health Toolkit." Then click on "Wellness" and choose "Healthy Living Programs."

Healthy Living Programs range from Stress Relief to Cancer Fighting to Healthy Aging. You can even design a program based on your own goals and interests. Healthwise Conversations® on a variety of topics tell how to get healthier by making simple changes. Interactive activities include tools to help you make healthy salads and sandwiches, shop better at the grocery store and track your meals and physical activity.

State Health Plan Benefits

The Standard Plan and the Savings Plan pay benefits for treatment of illnesses and injuries meeting the definition of *medically necessary* under the plan. This section is a general description of the plan. The Plan of Benefits contains a complete description of the benefits. Its terms and conditions govern all health benefits offered by the state. Contact your benefits administrator or PEBA Insurance Benefits for more information. Some services and treatment require preauthorization by Medi-Call, National Imaging Associates, Catamaran or Companion Benefit Alternatives (CBA). Be sure to read the Medi-Call section beginning on page 53, the National Imaging Associates section on page 54 and the mental health and substance abuse section on page 77 for details.

Under the terms of the plan, a *medically necessary* service or supply is:

- Required to identify or treat an existing condition, illness or injury and
- Prescribed or ordered by a physician and
- Consistent with the covered person's illness, injury or condition and in accordance with proper medical
 and surgical practices in the medical specialty or field of medicine at the time provided and
- Required for reasons other than the convenience of the patient and
- Results in measurable, identifiable progress in treating the covered person's condition, illness or injury.

The fact that a procedure, service or supply is prescribed by a physician does not automatically mean it is medically necessary under the terms of the plan.

Advanced Practice Registered Nurse

Expenses for services received from a licensed, independent Advanced Practice Registered Nurse (APRN) are covered, even if these services are not performed under the immediate direction of a doctor. An APRN is a nurse practitioner, certified nurse midwife, certified registered nurse anesthetist or a clinical nurse specialist. All services received must be within the scope of the nurse's license and needed because of a service allowed by the plan.

The State Health Plan only recognizes certified nurse midwives as providers of midwife covered services. A certified nurse midwife (CNM) is an APRN who is licensed by the State Board of Nursing as a midwife. The services of lay midwives and midwives licensed by the S.C. Dept. of Health and Environmental Control (DHEC) are not reimbursed.

Alternative Treatment Plans (ATP)

An alternative treatment plan is an individual program to permit treatment in a more cost-effective and less intensive manner. An ATP requires the approval of the treating physician, Medi-Call and the patient. Services and supplies that are authorized by Medi-Call as medically necessary because of the approved alternative treatment plan will be covered.

Ambulance Service

Ambulance service, including air ambulance service, is covered to the nearest outpatient hospital department to obtain medically necessary emergency care. Ambulance service is also covered to transport a member to the nearest hospital that can provide medically necessary inpatient services when those services are not available at the current facility. No benefits are payable for ambulance service used for routine, non-emergency transportation, including, but not limited to, travel to a facility for scheduled medical or surgical treatments, such as dialysis or cancer treatment. All claims for ambulance service are subject to medical review. Ambulance services are reimbursed at 80 percent of the allowed amount. However, non-participating providers can balance bill you up to the total of their charge for the service. For information on balance billing, see page 52.

Autism Spectrum Disorder Benefits

Applied Behavior Analysis (ABA) for children diagnosed with an Autism Spectrum Disorder at age 8 or younger is covered, subject to Companion Benefit Alternatives (CBA) guidelines and preauthorization requirements, for up to a maximum of \$53,100 for 2014. A child must be younger than 16 years of age to receive benefits. All services must be approved by CBA and performed by a certified ABA provider.

Bone, Stem Cell and Solid Organ Transplants

State Health Plan transplant contracting arrangements include the BlueCross BlueShield Association (BCBSA) national transplant network, Blue Distinction Centers for Transplants (BDCT). All BDCT facilities meet specific criteria that consider provider qualifications, programs and patient outcomes.

All transplant services must be approved by Medi-Call (see page 53). You must call Medi-Call, even before you or a covered family member is evaluated for a transplant.

Through the BDCT network, SHP members have access to the leading organ transplant facilities in the nation. Contracts are also in effect with local providers for transplant services so that individuals insured by the plan may receive transplants at those facilities. You will save a significant amount of money if you receive your transplant services either at a BDCT network facility or through a local South Carolina network transplant facility. If you receive transplant services at one of these network facilities, you will not be bal-

ance billed. You will be responsible only for your deductible, coinsurance and any charges not covered by the plan. In addition, these network facilities will file all claims for you.

Transplant services at nonparticipating facilities will be covered by the plan. However, the SHP will pay only the SHP allowed amount for transplants performed at out-of-network facilities. If you do **not** receive your transplant services at a network facility, you may pay substantially more. In addition to the deductible and coinsurance, subscribers using out-of-network facilities are responsible for any amount over the allowed amount and will pay 40 percent coinsurance because they used out-of-network providers. Costs for transplant care can vary by hundreds of thousands of dollars. If you receive services outside the network, you cannot be assured that your costs will not exceed those allowed by the plan. For information on balance billing, see page 52. You may also call Medi-Call for more information.

Chiropractic Care

You are covered for specific office-based services from a chiropractor, including detection and correction by manual or mechanical means of structural imbalance, distortion or subluxation in the body to remove nerve interference and the effects of such nerve interference, where such interference is the result of, or related to, distortion, misalignment or subluxation of, or in, the vertebral column. Diagnostic X-rays are covered if medically necessary. For Standard Plan subscribers, chiropractic benefits are limited to \$2,000 per person each year. Under the Savings Plan, they are limited to \$500 per person each year. Both plans are limited to one Manual Therapy per visit, which is subject to the plan maximum. Services of a massage therapist are not covered.

Colonoscopies



Routine colonoscopies are covered once every ten years, starting at age 50, even when no symptoms are apparent. The plan will not cover the consultation before the routine colonoscopy. The amount billed for the consultation will be the patient's responsibility. The plan also covers diagnostic colonoscopies. However, the plan does not pay 100 percent of the cost of a colonoscopy. All routine and diagnostic colonoscopies are subject to the plan's copayments, deductible and coinsurance. Your copayments and the amount you pay in coinsurance may vary based on where you receive the service.

Contraceptives

For subscribers and covered spouses, routine contraceptive prescriptions, including birth control pills and injectables (including, but not limited to, Depo-Provera and Lunelle), filled at a participating pharmacy or through the plan's mail-order pharmacy, are covered as prescription drugs. Birth control implants and injectables, given in a doctor's office, are covered as a medical benefit. Contraceptives are covered for covered children only to treat a medical condition and must be preauthorized by Catamaran.

Cranial Remodeling Band or Helmet

The plan covers a cranial remodeling band when preauthorization review determines it to be medically necessary for the correction of a child's moderate to severe positional head deformities associated with premature birth, restrictive intrauterine positioning, cervical abnormalities, birth trauma, torticollis or sleeping positions. Remodeling must begin between 4 and 12 months of age, following a failed two-month trial of conservative treatment (e.g., repositioning, neck exercises, etc.).

Diabetic Supplies

Insulin is allowed under the prescription drug program or under the medical plan but not under both. Insulin requires a \$36 copayment for each supply of up to 31 days. Diabetic supplies, including syringes, lancets and test strips, are covered at participating pharmacies through your drug benefit for a \$9 copayment, per item, for each supply of up to 31 days. Generic drugs to treat diabetes and diabetes testing supplies are

covered at no charge for Standard Plan and Savings Plan members enrolled in the Wellness Incentive Program. Because insulin is not a generic drug, it is not eligible for coverage under the Wellness Incentive Program. For more information about the program, see page 56. Claims for diabetic durable medical equipment should be filed under your medical coverage.

Doctor Visits

Treatments or consultations for an injury or illness are covered when they are medically necessary under the terms of the plan and not associated with a service excluded by the plan. Some mental health and substance abuse outpatient visits still require preauthorization. For details on mental health and substance abuse benefits, see page 77.

Durable Medical Equipment (DME)

Generally, DME must be preauthorized by Medi-Call. Some examples include:

- Any purchase or rental of durable medical equipment
- Any purchase or rental of durable medical equipment that has a nontherapeutic use or a potentially non-therapeutic use
- C-Pap or Bi-Pap machines
- Oxygen and equipment for oxygen use outside a hospital setting, whether purchased or rented
- Any prosthetic appliance or orthopedic brace, crutch or lift, attached to the brace, crutch or lift, whether initial or replacement.

DME provider networks are available to State Health Plan members. They offer you discounts while providing you with high-quality products and care.

Home Health Care

Home health care includes part-time nursing care, health aide service or physical, occupational or speech therapy provided by an approved home health care agency and given in the patient's home. You cannot receive home health care and hospital or skilled nursing facility benefits at the same time. These services do not include custodial care or care given by a person who ordinarily lives in the home or is a member of the patient's family or the patient's spouse's family. **Benefits are limited to 100 visits per year.** These services must be preauthorized by Medi-Call, and the member must be home bound.

Hospice Care

The plan will pay up to \$6,000 for hospice care for a patient certified by his physician as having a terminal illness and a life expectancy of six months or less. The benefit also includes a maximum of \$200 for be-reavement counseling. These services must be preauthorized by Medi-Call.

Infertility

If either the subscriber or the spouse has had a tubal ligation or a vasectomy, the plan will not pay for the diagnosis and treatment of infertility for either member.

To be eligible for benefits to treat infertility, the subscriber or spouse must have a diagnosis of infertility. **Coverage is limited to a lifetime maximum payment of \$15,000.** The limit applies to any covered medical benefits and covered prescription drug benefits incurred by the subscriber or the covered spouse, whether covered as a spouse or as an employee. Included in the \$15,000 maximum are diagnostic tests, prescription drugs and up to six cycles of Intrauterine Insemination (IUI), and a maximum of three completed cycles of zygote or gamete intrafallopian transfer (ZIFT or GIFT) or in vitro fertilization (IVF) per lifetime. A cycle reflects the cyclic changes of fertility with the cycle beginning with each new insemination or assist-

ed reproductive technology (ART) transfer or implantation attempt. ART procedures not specifically mentioned are not covered, including but not limited to: tubal embryo transfer (TET), pronuclear stage tubal embryo transfer (PROUST) oocyte donation and intracytoplasmic sperm injection (ICSI).

Benefits are payable at 70 percent of the allowed amount. Your share of the expenses does not count toward your coinsurance maximum. All procedures related to infertility must be preauthorized by Medi-Call. Call Medi-Call at 803-699-3337 in the Greater Columbia area and at 800-925-9724 in South Carolina, nationwide and in Canada for more information.

The plan will pay a total lifetime maximum of \$15,000 for fertility treatment. It applies to all benefits paid under any State Health Plan option. The limit may also be met by the number of cycles.

Prescription drugs for treatment of infertility are subject to a 30 percent coinsurance payment under both the Savings Plan and the Standard Plan. This expense does not apply to the \$2,500 per person prescription drug copayment maximum under the Standard Plan. It does apply to the Savings Plan deductible. The 70 percent plan payment for prescription drugs for infertility treatments applies to the \$15,000 maximum lifetime payment for infertility treatments. Call Catamaran's Member Services at 855-901-PEBA (7322) for more information about prescription drugs.

Please note: When you become pregnant, be sure to enroll in the "Coming Attractions" Maternity Management Program. See pages 55-56 for more information.

Inpatient Hospital Services

Inpatient hospital care, including a semi-private room and board, is covered. In addition to normal visits by your physician while you are in the hospital, you are covered for one consultation per consulting physician for each inpatient hospital stay. Inpatient care must be approved by Medi-Call or Companion Benefit Alternatives (CBA). For more information, see page 53.

Outpatient Facility Services

Outpatient facility services may be provided in the outpatient department of a hospital or in a freestanding facility.

Outpatient services and supplies include:

- Laboratory services
- X-ray and other radiological services
- Emergency room services
- Radiation therapy
- Pathology services
- Outpatient surgery
- Infusion suite services and
- Diagnostic tests.

If you are covered under the Standard Plan, you will be charged a \$90 outpatient facility services copayment. You will be charged a \$150 copayment for emergency room services. These copayments do not apply to your annual deductible or your coinsurance maximum. The copayment for emergency room services is waived if you are admitted to the hospital.

The outpatient facility services copayment <u>does not</u> apply to dialysis, routine mammograms, routine Pap tests, routine physical therapy, clinic visits, oncology services, electro-convulsive therapy, psychiatric medication management and partial hospitalization and intensive outpatient behavioral health services.

Please note: When lab tests are ordered, you may wish to talk with your provider about the possibility of having the service performed at an independent lab. This would enable you to avoid the \$90 copayment for outpatient facility services or the \$12 copayment for a physician office visit.

Pregnancy and Pediatric Care

Maternity benefits are provided to covered female employees or retirees and to covered wives of male employees or retirees. Covered children do not have maternity benefits. Maternity benefits include necessary prenatal and postpartum care, including childbirth, miscarriage and complications related to pregnancy. There are penalties if you do not call Medi-Call within the first three months of your pregnancy to enroll in the "Coming Attractions" Maternity Management Program. See pages 55-56 for information.

Under federal law, group health plans generally cannot restrict benefits for the length of any hospital stay in connection with childbirth for the mother or the newborn to fewer than 48 hours after a vaginal delivery or fewer than 96 hours after a caesarean section. However, the plan may pay for a shorter stay if the attending physician, after consultation with the mother, discharges the mother or newborn earlier.

Also under federal law, group health plans may not set the level of benefits or out-of-pocket costs so that any later portion of the 48-hour (or 96-hour) stay is treated in a manner less favorable to the mother or newborn than any earlier portion of the stay. In addition, a plan may not require that a physician or other health care provider obtain authorization for prescribing a length of stay of up to 48 hours (or 96 hours). However, to use certain providers or facilities, or to reduce out-of-pocket costs, a member may be required to obtain precertification.

The State Health Plan only recognizes certified nurse midwives as providers of midwife covered services. A certified nurse midwife (CNM) is an Advance Practice Registered Nurse (APRN) who is licensed by the State Board of Nursing as a midwife. Services from an APRN are covered, even if these services are not performed under the immediate direction of a doctor. The services of lay midwives and midwives licensed by the S.C. Dept. of Health and Environmental Control (DHEC) are not reimbursed.

Please note: Prenatal vitamins and breast pumps are not covered.

Prescription Drugs

Prescription drugs, including insulin, are covered at a participating pharmacy, subject to plan exclusions and limitations. Drugs in FDA Phase I, II or III testing are not covered. Prescription drugs associated with infertility treatments have a different coinsurance rate. See page 64 for more information.

Nonsedating antihistamines and drugs for treating erectile dysfunction are not covered under the Savings Plan.

Reconstructive Surgery After a Medically Necessary Mastectomy

The plan will cover, as required by the Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act of 1998, mastectomy-related services, including:

- Reconstruction of the breast on which the mastectomy has been performed
- Surgery and reconstruction of the other breast to produce a symmetrical appearance
- Prostheses
- Treatment of physical complications in all stages of mastectomy, including lymphedema.

These services apply only in post mastectomy cases. All services must be approved by Medi-Call.

Rehabilitation Care

The plan provides benefits for physical rehabilitation designed to restore a bodily function that has been lost because of trauma or disease.

Rehabilitation care is subject to all terms and conditions of the plan including:

- Preauthorization is required for any inpatient rehabilitation care, regardless of the reason for the admission
- The rehabilitation therapy must be performed in the most cost-effective setting appropriate to the condition.
- The provider must submit a treatment plan to Medi-Call
- There must be reasonable expectation that sufficient function can be restored for the patient to live at home
- Significant improvement must continue to be made
- An inpatient admission must be to an accredited (JCAHO or CARF) rehabilitation facility.

Rehabilitation benefits are not payable for:

- · Vocational rehabilitation intended to teach a patient how to be gainfully employed
- Pulmonary rehabilitation (except in conjunction with a covered and approved lung transplant)
- Cognitive (mental) retraining
- · Community re-entry programs
- · Long-term rehabilitation after the acute phase
- · Work-hardening programs
- Services by a massage therapist.

Rehabilitation – Acute

Acute-phase rehabilitation often is done in an outpatient setting. In complex cases, the rehabilitation may be done in an acute-care facility and then a sub-acute rehabilitation facility or an outpatient facility. Acute rehabilitation begins soon after the start of the illness or injury and may continue for days, weeks or several months. Cardiac and pulmonary rehabilitation require preauthorization.

Rehabilitation - Long-term

Long-term rehabilitation refers to the point at which further improvement is possible, in theory, but progress is slow and its relationship to formal treatment is unclear. Long-term rehabilitation after the acute phase is generally not covered.

Second Opinions

If Medi-Call advises you to seek a second opinion before a medical procedure, the plan will pay 100 percent of the cost of that opinion. These procedures include surgery, as well as treatment (including hospitalization).

Skilled Nursing Facility

The plan will pay limited benefits for medically necessary inpatient services at a skilled nursing facility for up to 60 days. Physician visits are limited to one a day. These services require approval by Medi-Call.

Speech Therapy

The plan covers short-term speech therapy to restore speech or swallowing function that has been lost as a result of disease, trauma, injury or congenital defect (e.g., cleft lip or cleft palate). Speech therapy must be prescribed by a physician and provided by a licensed speech therapist.

Speech therapy, whether it is offered in an inpatient setting or in the member's home, requires preauthorization. For more information about this benefit, contact BlueCross BlueShield of South Carolina (BCBSSC) customer service at 803-736-1576 (Greater Columbia area) or 800-868-2520 (toll-free outside the Columbia area).

Maintenance therapy begins when the therapeutic goals of a treatment plan have been achieved or when no further functional progress is documented or expected to occur. Maintenance therapy is not covered.

Speech therapy is not covered when associated with any of the following:

- Verbal apraxia or stuttering
- Language delay
- Communication delay
- Developmental delay
- Attention disorders
- Behavioral disorders
- Cognitive (mental) retraining
- Community re-entry programs or
- Long-term rehabilitation after the acute phase of treatment for the injury or illness.

After a claim is paid, BCBSSC can still review speech therapy services to determine if the services are a benefit covered by the plan.

Surgery

Physician charges for medically necessary inpatient surgery, outpatient surgery and use of surgical facilities are covered, if the care is associated with a service allowed by the plan.

Other Covered Benefits

These benefits are covered if they are determined to be medically necessary and associated with a service allowed by the plan:

- Blood and blood plasma, excluding storage fees
- Nursing services (part-time/intermittent)
- Dental treatments or surgery to repair damage from an accident, for up to one year from the date of the
 accident
- Dental surgery for bony, impacted teeth when supported by X-rays.

Extended care is covered as an alternative to hospital care only if it is approved by Medi-Call.

Preventive Benefits

The Standard Plan and the Savings Plan have benefits that can help make it easier for you and your family to stay healthy. You also are eligible for Prevention Partners programs. By helping prevent potentially expensive health problems and hospital admissions, these benefits help control medical claims costs, saving you and the plan money.

Please note: Preventive and routine services, other than those listed below, generally are not covered by the plan.

Zostavax, the shingles vaccine, is covered as a pharmacy benefit for State Health Plan members age 60 and older. The vaccination requires a prescription. (To save the cost of an extra office visit, the member may want to get the prescription on a regular visit to his doctor.) **Remember: Zostavax, like all prescription drugs, is covered only if it is purchased at a network pharmacy.**

- For a Standard Plan member, the vaccine is covered as a Tier 3 drug, which has a \$60 copayment.
- For a Savings Plan member, the allowed amount for the drug is applied to his annual deductible, if it has not been met.

Some network pharmacies administer the vaccine. If the vaccination is not given on site, Zostavax needs to be kept frozen and taken **immediately** to a doctor's office for administration.

Please note: The plan covers the cost of the vaccine only. It does not cover any charges related to providing the vaccination, including the cost of any office visits or the fee for giving the vaccination, whether it is given at a pharmacy or at a doctor's office.

Benefits for Women

Mammography Program

Routine mammograms are covered at 100 percent as long as you use a provider that is in the mammography network and you meet eligibility requirements.

Mammography benefits include:

- One base-line mammogram (four views) for women age 35 through 39
- One routine mammogram (four views) every year for women age 40 through 74. (It is recommended that you schedule your mammogram after your birthday.)

Please note: To find a mammography network provider, go to "Find a Doctor or Hospital" on <u>StateSC.</u> <u>SouthCarolinaBlues.com</u>. If you do not have Internet access, contact your provider or call BCBSSC at 803-736-1576 (Greater Columbia area) or 800-868-2520 (toll-free outside the Columbia area) for assistance.

Charges for routine mammograms performed at nonparticipating facilities are not covered, with the exception of procedures performed outside South Carolina. Out-of-network providers are free to charge you any price for their services, so you may pay more.

A doctor's order is not required for a routine mammogram. However, most centers ask for one, so it is recommended that you get one.

Preventive mammogram benefits are in addition to benefits for diagnostic mammograms. Any charges for additional mammograms are subject to copayments, the deductible and coinsurance.

Women, age 40 and older, covered as retirees and enrolled in Medicare, should contact Medicare or see *Medicare and You 2014* for information about coverage. The State Health Plan is primary for a woman covered as active employee or as the spouse of an active employee, regardless of Medicare eligibility.

Pap Test Benefit

Standard Plan members

The plan covers only the cost of the lab work associated with a Pap test each calendar year, without any requirement for a deductible or coinsurance, for covered women ages 18 through 65. Before you receive this service, please consider the following:

- The cost of the portion of the office visit **associated with the Pap test** is covered.
- Costs for the portion of the office visit not associated with the Pap test, charges associated with a pelvic
 exam, breast exam, or a complete or mini-physical exam and any other laboratory tests, procedures or
 services associated with receiving the Pap test benefit are not covered and are the member's responsibility.
- If the test is performed by an out-of-network provider, the member may be billed for the amount of the charge above the State Health Plan allowed amount for the test.

It is strongly advised that the member contact the provider before scheduling an office visit to determine the cost of the exam and related services. The amount the member pays for additional services does not count toward her annual deductible.

Savings Plan members

Savings Plan participants have the same Pap test benefit as Standard Plan members. However, Savings Plan members older than 18 are entitled to a routine annual exam. They may receive a routine annual exam or an exam performed in conjunction with the Pap test, but not both. If both are performed in the same year, the first one filed will be allowed.

Well Child Care Benefits

Well Child Care benefits are designed to promote good health and aid in the early detection and prevention of illness in children enrolled in the State Health Plan.

Who is Eligible?

Covered children are eligible for Well Child Care check-ups until they turn age 19.

How Does it Work?

This benefit covers Well Child Care exams and timely immunizations, which must be performed by a network professional. When these services are received from an SHP or BlueCard network doctor, benefits will be paid at 100 percent of the allowed amount. **The State Health Plan will not pay for services from out-of-network providers.** Some services may not be considered part of Well Child Care. For example, if during a well child visit a fever and sore throat were discovered, the lab work to verify the diagnosis would not be part of the routine visit. These charges, if covered, would be subject to the copayment, deductible and coinsurance, as would any other medical expense.

Well Child Care Checkups

The plan pays 100 percent of the allowed amount for approved routine exams, Centers for Disease Control-recommended immunizations and American Academy of Pediatrics-recommended lab tests when a network doctor provides these checkups:

- Younger than 1 year old five visits
- 1 year old three visits
- 2 years old until they turn 19 years old one visit a year. (The Well Child Care exam must occur after the child's birthday.)

Immunizations

Benefits are provided for all immunizations at the appropriate ages recommended by the Centers for Disease Control for children until they turn age 19. To be sure the immunization will be covered, the child must have reached the age at which the schedule says the immunization should be given.

If your covered child has delayed or missed receiving immunizations at the recommended times, the plan will

properly.

pay for catch-up immunizations until he turns age 19, subject to the limitations outlined above. The schedule below provides general information but is subject to change. Please contact your State Health Plan pediatrician or call Medi-Call for the most up-to-date information about how to immunize your child

Disease	Recommended Immunization Schedule
Hepatitis B (HepB)	Birth 1-2 months 6-18 months
Rotavirus	2 months 4 months 6 months
Inactivated Polio vaccine (IVP)	2 months 4 months 6-18 months 4-6 years
Diphtheria- Tetanus- Pertussis (Whooping cough)	2 months 4 months 6 months 15-18 months 4-6 years 11-12 years
Haemophilus (HIB)	2 months 4 months 6 months (optional) 12-15 months
Pneumococcal Conjugate (PCV7)	2 months 4 months 6 months 12-15 months
Influenza	Yearly from age 6 months until the child turns age 19 (Two doses the first year)
Measles- Mumps- Rubella	12-15 months 4-6 years
Varicella (Chickenpox)	12-15 months, 4-6 years
Hepatitis A	First dose: 12-23 months; second dose: 6-18 months later
Meningococcal	11-12 years, booster at 16 years
Tetanus	Booster at 11-12 years
Human Papillomavirus (HPV) (females and males)	1st dose at 11-12 years 2nd dose 2 months after 1st dose 3rd dose 6 months after 1st dose

Additional Benefits for Savings Plan Participants

As a participant in the Savings Plan, you are taking greater responsibility for your health care. To make that easier, your plan offers extra preventive benefits. They include:

• The allowed amount for a yearly flu immunization for each eligible participant. (If the member does not go to a network physician, he may be billed for the difference between the charge and the allowed amount.)

- Subscribers have access to the Playback Audio Library, which includes information in English and Spanish on hundreds of topics. The toll-free number is listed on the back of your health plan ID card.
- A monthly *Healthy Life* newsletter and a copy of a self-care handbook.

Nurse Line: 877-799-6835

Through this special service, Savings Plan members only can receive personal, immediate assistance from a registered nurse 24 hours a day, seven days a week. Whether the question is about a newborn's hiccups or whether to go to the emergency room, these health care professionals are there to guide you — and possibly save you money. The number is listed on the cover of the self-care handbook and on the Nurse Line refrigerator magnet, but members may wish to put it in their cell phone so it will always be immediately available.

Physical Exam

Savings Plan participants age 19 and older may receive an annual physical from a network provider in his office that includes:

- A preventive, comprehensive examination
- · A complete urinalysis, if coded as a preventive screening
- A preventive EKG
- · A fecal occult blood test, if coded as a preventive screening
- A general health laboratory panel blood work, if coded as a preventive screening. (This benefit does not include a more comprehensive executive blood panel test.)
- A preventive lipid panel once every five years (for testing cholesterol and triglycerides).

Note: If your network physician sends tests to a out-of-network physician or lab, the tests will not be covered.

When you check out, you may wish to remind your physician's staff that you are covered under the Savings Plan and your exam should be coded as a routine physical. If a service that would have otherwise been covered is coded as a diagnostic procedure, it will apply to the member's deductible or be paid as a diagnostic procedure at the contract rate.

Natural Bluesm and Member Discounts

Natural Bluesm is a discount program available to State Health Plan subscribers and offered by BCBSSC. The program has a network of licensed acupuncturists, massage therapists and fitness clubs that may be used at lower fees, often as much as a 25 percent discount. Natural Blue also offers discounts on health products, such as vitamins, herbal supplements, books and tapes.

LIke Natural Blue, Member Discounts offers savings on other products and services that BCBSSC makes available but that are not State Health Plan benefits. Companion Global Healthcare, for example, assists with providing lower-cost medical care in countries ranging from Costa Rica to Ireland to Thailand. All care is offered at facilities accredited by the Joint Commission International. Members also may be able to save money on major dental work through Companion Global Dental. For more information, call 800-906-7065 or go to www.companionglobalhealthcare.com.

Member Discounts include:

- Discount network
- · TruHearing Digital Hearing Aids
- Walking Works®
- Vision One EyeCare Program

- Vitamins and supplements
- Bosley Hair Restoration
- Cosmetic and restorative dentistry
- Cosmetic surgery

- Allergy relief
- · Doctors Wellness Center
- Fitness centers
- My Gym Children's Fitness Center
- · Jenny Craig
- Blue 365
- Healthy products

Members may use their Medical Spending Account (MSA) funds tax free for contacts, eyeglasses, hearing aids and many other services. For more information, see IRS Publication 969, "Health Savings Accounts and Other Tax-Favored Health Plans." It is available on the IRS website, www.irs.gov.

For more information on Natural Blue or Member Discounts, go to the PEBA Insurance Benefits website, www.eip.sc.gov. Click on "Links" in the top menu bar and, under State Health Plan, select "Member Discounts." You also may call BCBSSC Customer Service at 800-868-2520.

Prescription Drug Benefits

Prescription Drugs - 855-901-7322 (PEBA)

Prescription drugs are a major benefit to you and a major part of the cost of our self-insured health plan. Using generic drugs saves you and the plan money. You also can save money, and receive the same FDA-approved drugs, when you refill prescriptions through the plan's mail-order prescription service. Remember, benefits are paid only for prescriptions filled at network pharmacies or through the mail-order pharmacy. Prescription drugs, including insulin or other self-injectable drugs (drugs administered at home), are covered subject to plan exclusions and limitations, provided you use a participating pharmacy. Drugs in FDA Phase I, II or III testing are not covered. Prescription drugs associated

To find the copayment for a prescription drug, check it under "Price and Save" on the prescription drug website, www. myCatamaranRx.com.

with infertility treatments have a different coinsurance rate. See page 64 for more information.

Please note: You will receive two pharmacy benefits cards from Catamaran, the State Health Plan pharmacy benefits manager. Please present your card when you fill a prescription, particularly the first time you fill a prescription in 2014, and any time you fill a prescription at a different pharmacy.

Standard Plan

The prescription drug benefit, administered by Catamaran, is easy and convenient to use. With this program, you show your pharmacy benefits card the first time you purchase a prescription from a participating retail pharmacy and pay a copayment of \$9 for Tier 1 (generic – lowest cost), \$36 for Tier 2 (brand – higher cost) or \$60 for Tier 3 (brand - highest cost) for up to a 31-day supply. If the price of your prescription is less than the copayment, you pay the lesser amount.

The prescription drug copayment is a fixed total amount a subscriber must pay for a covered expense. The insurance plan pays the additional cost beyond the copayment, up to the allowed amount.

Prescription drug benefits are payable without an annual deductible. There are no claims to file. The prescription drug benefits are the same for the Standard Plan and the Medicare Supplemental Plan.

The prescription drug benefit has a separate annual copayment maximum of \$2,500 per person. This means that after you spend \$2,500 in prescription drug copayments, the plan will pay 100 percent of the allowed amount for your covered prescription drugs for the rest of the year. Drug expenses do not count toward your medical annual deductible or coinsurance maximum.

Savings Plan

With this plan, you show your pharmacy benefits card the first time you purchase a prescription from a participating retail pharmacy and pay the full allowed amount for your prescription drugs. There is no copayment.

This cost is transmitted electronically to BCBSSC. If you have not met your annual deductible, the full allowed amount for the drug will be credited to it. If you have met your deductible, you will be reimbursed for 80 percent of the drug's allowed amount. The remaining 20 percent of the cost will be credited to your coinsurance maximum.

Nonsedating antihistamines and drugs for erectile dysfunction are not covered under the Savings Plan.

Find Pharmacy Information Online

Catamaran offers several tools that may help you and your doctor make more economical decisions about your long-term prescriptions. Go to www.myCatamaranRx.com and log in to find a variety of tools to help you get the most value from your pharmacy benefits. On myCatamaranRx.com you can search for the medications you take, learn what you will pay for them and find out how much you could save by using lower-cost alternatives available under your plan. Your options could include generic drugs, less expensive brand-name drugs or the use of Catamaran Home Delivery for long-term prescriptions. Remember, no prescription will ever be changed without your doctor's approval.

For Members on the Go

The Catamaran Mobile App provides easy, on-the-go access to your prescription drug information. With the mobile app, you can:

- · Show your doctor which drugs you are taking
- Pull up your medication history
- Shop around for the best price on your prescription
- Compare copayments at retail pharmacies and mail order before you fill your prescription
- Find the pharmacy you want quickly and easily
- Get directions to network pharmacies and find a nearby 24-hour retail pharmacy.

Step Therapy Program

This program is designed to encourage use of generics and over-the-counter drugs that are alternatives to some high-volume, high-priced brand-name drugs. For example, omeprazole is a less expensive alternative to Aciphex.

If you or your doctor thinks you should not use the lower-cost drug, your prescription may require preauthorization or it may be covered at the Tier 3 (highest cost) rate. You or your doctor may request a coverage review by calling Catamaran. As part of the process, you may be required to have tried and failed to successfully use the lower-cost drug. If as a result of the review, the drug is approved, it will be covered at the appropriate tier. If approval is denied, your health plan will not cover the drug.

For more information, call Catamaran at 855-901-PEBA (7322).

Medication Tiers Determine Your Cost

Under the State Health Plan, prescription drugs are divided into these categories:

- Tier 1 (generic lowest cost)
- Tier 2 (brand higher cost)
- Tier 3 (brand highest cost).

Tier 1 (Generic – Lowest Cost)

Generic drugs may differ in color, size or shape, but the FDA requires that the active ingredients be the chemical equivalent of the brand-name alternative and have the same strength, purity and quality. Prescriptions filled with generic drugs often have a lower allowed amount, under the Savings Plan, and a lower copayment, under the Standard Plan. Therefore, you typically get the same health benefits for less.

You may wish to ask your doctor to mark "substitution permitted" on your prescription. If he does not, your pharmacist will have no choice but to give you the brand-name drug, if that is the drug your doctor wrote on the prescription.

Tier 2 (Brand – Higher Cost)

These are drugs Catamaran's Pharmacy and Therapeutics Committee has determined to be safe, effective and available at a lower cost than Tier 3 drugs. The list may be updated during the year. It is available online at www.myCatamaranRx.com. You may reach the Catamaran website through the PEBA Insurance Benefits website by clicking on "Links" and then "Prescription Drugs (Catamaran)."

<u>Tier 3 (Brand – Highest Cost)</u>

These medications carry a higher copayment or higher price. **Tier 3 contains drugs that may be considered preferred or nonpreferred on the formulary**, the list of prescription drugs approved by your plan.

Pay-the-Difference Policy

Under the State Health Plan, there is a "pay-the-difference" policy. If you purchase a brand-name drug when an FDA-approved generic equivalent is available, the payment will be limited to what the plan would have paid for the generic equivalent. This policy will apply even if the doctor prescribes the drug as "Dispense as Written" or "Do Not Substitute."

Under the **Standard Plan and the Medicare Supplemental Plan**, if you purchase a Tier 2 or Tier 3 (brand) drug over a Tier 1 (generic) drug, you will be charged the generic copayment, PLUS the difference between the allowed amount for the brand and the generic drug. If the total amount is less than the Tier 2 or Tier 3 (brand) copayment, you will pay the brand copayment.

The pay-the-difference policy does not apply to members covered by the State Health Plan Medicare Prescription Drug Program.

Please note: Only the copayment for the Tier 1 (generic) drug will apply toward a member's annual prescription drug copayment maximum.

The examples below show how pay-the-difference works under the Standard Plan and the Medicare Supplemental Plan:

This is what you pay for a Tier 2 (brand) drug when a Tier 1 (generic) drug is not available.

	Tier 1 (generic)	Tier 2 (brand)
Allowed amount for the drug	N/A	\$125
Generic copayment	N/A	N/A
Amount you pay	N/A	\$36 (the brand copayment only)

This is what you pay when a Tier 1 (generic) drug <u>is</u> available and you choose the Tier 2 (brand) drug.

	Tier 1 (generic)	Tier 2 (brand)
Allowed amount for the drug	\$65	\$125
Generic copayment	\$9	N/A
Amount you would have paid had you chosen the generic drug	\$9 (the generic copayment only)	
Amount you pay because you chose the brand drug		\$69 (The generic copayment [\$9] plus the difference between the allowed amount for the generic drug and the brand drug [\$60])

Under the **Savings Plan**, if you purchase a Tier 2 or Tier 3 (brand) drug over a Tier 1 (generic) drug, only the allowed amount for the generic drug will apply toward your deductible. After you have met your deductible, only the patient's 20 percent share of the allowed amount for the generic drug will apply toward your coinsurance maximum.

If you are taking a Tier 2 or Tier 3 drug, you may wish to ask your doctor about using a generic drug, if one is available. If appropriate, the doctor may note on the prescription that substitution is permitted.

Compound Prescriptions

A compound prescription is a medication that requires a pharmacist to mix two or more drugs, based on a doctor's prescription, when such a medication is not available from a manufacturer. It is handled the same way any prescription is handled and **must be purchased from a participating pharmacy**.

If a network pharmacy does not file your claim, you must pay the entire cost of the prescription and then submit a claim to Catamaran. Information on how to file a claim to Catamaran is on page 236. Claims must be accompanied by an itemized list of the ingredients. Ask your pharmacist to provide you with this list when you fill your prescription. Please be sure it includes:

- · The name of each ingredient
- The valid National Drug Code (NDC) for each ingredient
- · The quantity of each ingredient.

This information allows Catamaran to process your claim based on the actual ingredients in your medication.

When you file your own claim, your reimbursement may be less than what you paid for the drug because it will be limited to the plan's allowed amount minus the copayment for the actual ingredients in the compound prescription. Prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies will not be reimbursed.

Some compound drugs may be available through the mail-order pharmacy. Please contact Catamaran to see if they are available before ordering.

Preauthorization

Some medications will be covered by the plan only if they are prescribed for certain uses. These drugs must be authorized in advance, or they will not be covered under the plan. If the prescribed medication must be preauthorized, you, your doctor or your pharmacist may begin the review process by contacting Catamaran at 855-901-PEBA (7322).

Retail Pharmacies

You must use a participating pharmacy, and you must show your health plan identification card when purchasing medications. The State Health Plan uses Catamaran's national pharmacy network. Most major pharmacy chains and independent pharmacies participate in this network. If you are enrolled in the State Health Plan, you may get a list of network pharmacies through the PEBA Insurance Benefits website, www.eip.sc.gov, by selecting "Online Directories" and then "State Health Plan Pharmacy Locator." You will need to register and sign in. You may also get a list of network pharmacies from your benefits administrator.

Retail Maintenance Network

If you are enrolled in the *Standard Plan* or the *Medicare Supplemental Plan*, you may buy 90-day supplies of prescription drugs at mail-order prices at local pharmacies belonging to the Retail Maintenance Network. You pay the same copayment as you would pay through mail order. This applies only to prescriptions filled for a 63-90 day supply at a network pharmacy. Copayments for prescriptions filled for a 0-62 day supply at these retail pharmacies remain the same. The copayments also remain the same at all other network pharmacies. A list of the pharmacies is on the PEBA Insurance Benefits website, www.eip.sc.gov, under "Online Directories." If you do not have Internet access, ask your benefits administrator to print the list for you. For more information, call Catamaran at 855-901-PEBA (7322).

Mail-Order: A Way to Save Time and Money

The Standard Plan and the Savings Plan offer home delivery for 90-day supplies of prescriptions. By using this service, you receive a discount on the same FDA-approved prescription drugs that you would buy at a retail pharmacy. Mail order is an ideal option for anyone with a recurring prescription, such as birth control medicine, or a chronic condition, such as asthma, high cholesterol or high blood pressure. Some controlled substances may not be available by mail. Please call Catamaran before submitting your prescription.

Please be sure your physician writes your prescription for a 90-day supply. If you have any questions before you order a 90-day supply of a drug, call Catamaran at 855-901-PEBA (7322).

Standard Plan

The copayments for up to a 90-day supply are:

- Tier 1 (generic) \$22.
- Tier 2 (brand) \$90
- Tier 3 (brand) \$150.

Savings Plan

You pay the full allowed amount when you order prescription drugs through the mail. However, that cost for a 90-day supply will typically be less than you would pay at a retail pharmacy.

How to Order Drugs by Mail

This is how Catamaran's home delivery service works:

- Ask your physician to write two prescriptions: one for a single 31-day supply and one for a 90-day supply with refills.
- Fill your prescription for the 31-day supply at a network retail pharmacy.
- Complete a home delivery prescription form and mail it to Catamaran Home Delivery. Order forms are
 available through the PEBA Insurance Benefits website, www.eip.sc.gov, under "Forms" or on Catamaran's website, www.myCatamaranRx.com. An order form also will be included in your welcome packet.
- Your mail order prescription(s) will be sent to your home, typically within 10-14 business days. Meanwhile, use your prescription from the network retail pharmacy.

Once the initial prescription has been entered and filled, you may order refills online or by phone using Catamaran's toll-free number: 855-901-PEBA (7322).

If you want to save money by ordering a 90-day supply by mail, be sure to ask your doctor to write a prescription for a **90-day supply with refills**. Under the **Savings Plan**, you can buy less than a 90-day supply.

Coordination of Benefits

The State Health Plan coordinates prescription drug benefits, as well as medical benefits. This ensures that if you are covered by more than one health plan, both plans pay their share of the cost of your care. See pages 12 and 48 for more information.

Exclusions

Some prescription drugs are not covered under the plan. See page 65 for more information.

Mental Health and Substance Abuse Benefits

For Customer Service and Claims - 800-868-2520

For customer service and information about claims for mental health and/or substance abuse care, call BlueCross BlueShield of South Carolina (BCBSSC).

How Are Mental Health/Substance Abuse Claims Filed?

Claims for mental health and substance abuse are subject to the same copayments, deductibles, coinsurance and coinsurance maximums as medical claims. There is no limit on the number of provider visits allowed as long as the care is medically necessary under the terms of the plan. There is not a separate annual and lifetime maximum for mental health and substance abuse benefits.

If you use a network provider, the provider is responsible for submitting claims for services. If you receive care from a provider who is not a member of the network, see page 235 for information about how to file a claim. Your mental health and substance abuse provider will be required to conduct periodic medical necessity reviews (similar to Medi-Call for medical benefits).

The Mental Health/Substance Abuse Provider Network

Medically necessary mental health and substance abuse services are covered when rendered by network and out-of-network providers. Just like benefits for medical services, a higher percentage of the cost of your care is covered if you use network services.

The most up-to-date list of providers is on the BCBSSC website. Under "Online Directories" on the PEBA Insurance Benefits website, select "State Health Plan Doctor/Hospital Finder." To see a printable directory of network providers in South Carolina and surrounding counties in Georgia and North Carolina, select "Mental health/substance abuse (Companion Benefit Alternatives)" under "Links." This will take you to CompanionBenefitAlternatives.com where you can select "Members." Under "Find a Provider," select "Network Directory." **To learn more about how to use these directories, see page 49.**

Paper copies of lists of providers from the directory are available from your benefits office or, if you are a retiree, survivor or COBRA subscriber, from BCBSSC. **If you have questions about these or other network providers, call BCBSSC.** Remember, if you use an out-of-network provider, you will pay more.

For Preauthorization and Case Management - 800-868-1032

Preauthorization and case management of mental health and substance abuse benefits are handled by Companion Benefit Alternatives (CBA). CBA is the mental health/substance abuse benefit manager and a wholly owned subsidiary of BCBSSC.

Office visits to a mental health or substance abuse provider, such as a psychologist, a clinical social worker or a professional counselor, do not require preauthorization **except** for the services listed below.

These services must be preauthorized by CBA:

- Inpatient Hospital Care
- Intensive Outpatient Hospital Care
- Partial Hospitalization Care
- Outpatient Electroconvulsive Therapy (ECT) Hospital and Physician Services
- Mental Health Professional Services Applied Behavior Analysis Therapy (ABA) and Psychological/Neuropsychological Testing.

To preauthorize services, your provider must call CBA at 800-868-1032 before you are admitted or, in an emergency situation, within 48 hours or the next working day. For professional services listed above, your provider must call before services are rendered. To assess medical necessity, CBA will require clinical information from the mental health or substance abuse provider currently treating you. Although your provider may make the call for you, it is your responsibility to see that the call is made and the preauthorization has been granted. A determination by CBA does not guarantee payment. Other conditions, including eligibility requirements, other limitations and exclusions, payment of deductibles and other provisions of the plan must be satisfied before BCBSSC makes payment.

What are the Penalties for not Calling CBA for Preauthorization?

Mental Health Professional Services

If mental health and substance abuse outpatient services that require preauthorization, (Applied Behavior Analysis Therapy and Psychological/Neuropsychological Testing) are not preauthorized, they will not be covered.

Facility Services

If your provider does not call CBA when required, you will pay a \$200 penalty for each hospital admission. In addition, the coinsurance maximum will not apply. You will continue to pay your coinsurance, no matter how much you pay out-of-pocket.

Case Management

Case management is designed to support members with catastrophic or chronic illness. Participants are assigned a case manager, who will help educate them on the options and services available to meet their mental health and substance abuse needs and assist in coordinating needed services.

Case managers are licensed nurses and social workers. They assist members by answering questions and helping them get the most out of their mental health, medical and pharmacy benefits. This may include care planning, patient/family education, benefits review and coordinating other services and community resources. Covered members enrolled in this program receive access to a personal case manager, educational resources and web tools that help them learn more about their health and how they can better manage their condition. Participation is voluntary and confidential.

Quit For Life® Program



The research-based Quit For Life® Program is brought to you by the American Cancer Society® and Alere Wellbeing. It is available at no charge to State Health Plan subscribers, their covered spouses and covered dependents age 13 or older.

One of the most successful programs of its kind, the Quit For Life Program helps participants stop using cigarettes, cigars, pipes and smokeless tobacco. A professionally trained Quit Coach® works with each participant to create a personalized quit plan. As part of the 12-month program, participants receive a complete Quit Guide and five telephone calls from a Quit Coach. Participants may call the toll-free support line as often as they wish. For members age 18 and older, the program also provides free nicotine replacement therapy, such as patches, gum or lozenges, if appropriate. Your Quit Coach may also recommend that your doctor prescribe a smoking cessation drug, such as bupropion or Chantix, which is available through your prescription drug coverage.

Registration is available 24 hours a day, seven days a week, and coaches are available from 8 a.m. to 3 a.m., ET, seven days a week. If the participant still needs help after the 12-month program ends, he may re-enroll.

Call 866-QUIT-4-LIFE (866-784-8454) or visit www.quitnow.net/ScStatehealthPlan to enroll in the Quit For Life Program. After your eligibility is verified, you will be transferred to a Quit Coach for your first call. You may also go to the PEBA Insurance Benefits website and select "Tobacco Information" then "Tobacco Cessation" and then "State Health Plan Quit for Life Program."

Exclusions: Services Not Covered

There are some medical expenses the State Health Plan does not cover. The Plan of Benefits (available in your benefits office or through PEBA Insurance Benefits) contains a complete list of the exclusions.

- 1. Services or supplies that are not medically necessary under the terms of the plan
- 2. Routine procedures not related to the treatment of injury or illness, except for those specifically listed under the Preventive Benefits section
- 3. Routine physical exams, checkups (except Well Child Care and Preventive Benefits according to guidelines), services, surgery (including cosmetic surgery) or supplies that are not medically necessary. (The Savings Plan covers an annual physical by a network physician for each participant age 19 and older.)
- 4. Routine prostate exams, screenings or related services are not covered under the plan. (A diagnostic prostate exam may be covered when medically necessary but not as part of the Savings Plan annual physical exam. The diagnostic exam will be subject to the State Health Plan's usual deductibles and coinsurance.)
- 5. Routine PSA (Prostate-Specific Antigen) tests
- 6. Diabetic education and training are not covered
- 7. Eyeglasses
- 8. Contact lenses, unless medically necessary after cataract surgery and for the treatment of keratoconus, a corneal disease affecting vision
- 9. Routine eye examinations
- 10. Refractive surgery, such as radial keratotomy, laser-assisted in situ keratomileusis (LASIK) vision correction, and other procedures to alter the refractive properties of the cornea
- 11. Hearing aids and examinations for fitting them
- 12. Dental services, except for removing impacted teeth or treatment within one year of a condition resulting from an accident
- 13. TMJ splints, braces, guards, etc. (Medically necessary surgery for TMJ is covered if preauthorized by

^{®2013} Alere, All Rights Reserved, Quit For Life is a trademark of Alere Wellbeing.

The American Cancer Society name and logo are trademarks of the American Cancer Society, Inc.

- 14. Custodial care, including sitters and companions or homemakers/caretakers
- 15. Admissions or portions thereof for custodial care or long-term care, including:
 - Respite care
 - Long-term acute or chronic psychiatric care
 - Care to assist a member in the performance of activities of daily living, i.e. custodial care (including, but not limited to: walking, movement, bathing, dressing, feeding, toileting, continence, eating, food preparation and taking medication)

Medi-Call.) TMJ, temporo mandibular joint syndrome, is often characterized by headache, facial pain

- Psychiatric or substance abuse long-term care, including: therapeutic schools, wilderness/boot camps, therapeutic boarding homes, half-way houses and therapeutic group homes
- 16. Any item that may be purchased over the counter, including but not limited to, medicines and contraceptive devices
- 17. Services related to a vasectomy or tubal ligation performed within one year of enrollment
- 18. Surgery to reverse a vasectomy or tubal ligation
- 19. Diagnosis or treatment of infertility for a subscriber or a spouse if either member has had a tubal ligation or vasectomy
- 20. Assisted reproductive technologies (fertility treatment) except as noted on pages 63-64 of this chapter
- 21. Diet treatments and all weight loss surgery, including, but not limited to: gastric bypass, gastric banding or stapling; intestinal bypass and any related procedures; the reversal of such procedures; and conditions and complications as a result of such procedures or treatment
- 22. Equipment that has a nontherapeutic use (such as humidifiers, air conditioners, whirlpools, wigs, artificial hair replacement, vacuum cleaners, home and vehicle modifications, fitness supplies, speech augmentation or communication devices, including computers, etc.), regardless of whether the equipment is related to a medical condition or prescribed by a physician
- 23. Air quality or mold tests
- 24. Supplies used for participation in athletics (that are not necessary for activities of daily living), including but not limited to, splints or braces
- 25. Physician charges for medicine, drugs, appliances, supplies, blood and blood derivatives, unless approved by Medi-Call
- 26. Medical care by a doctor on the same day or during the same hospital stay in which you have surgery. unless a medical specialist is needed for a condition the surgeon could not treat
- 27. Physician's charges for clinical pathology, defined as services for reading any machine-generated reports or mechanical laboratory tests. Interpretation of these tests is included in the allowance for the lab service.
- 28. Fees for medical records and claims filing
- 29. Food supplements, including but not limited to, formula, enteral nutrition, Boost/Ensure or related supplements
- 30. Services performed by members of the insured's immediate family
- 31. Acupuncture
- 32. Chronic pain management programs
- 33. Transcutaneous (through the skin) electrical nerve stimulation (TENS), whose primary purpose is the treatment of pain
- 34. Biofeedback when related to psychological services
- 35. Complications arising from the receipt of noncovered services
- 36. Psychological tests to determine job, occupational or school placement or for educational purposes; milieu therapy; or to determine learning disability
- 37. Any service or supply for which a covered person is entitled to payment or benefits pursuant to federal or state law (except Medicaid), such as benefits payable under workers' compensation laws
- 38. Charges for treatment of illness or injury or complications caused by acts of war or military service, injuries received by participating in a riot, insurrection, felony or any illegal occupation (job)
- 39. Intentionally self-inflicted injury that does not result from a medical condition or domestic violence

- 40. Cosmetic goods, procedures or surgery or complications resulting from such procedures or services
- 41. Smoking cessation or deterrence products or services, with the exception of provisions established under the Prescription Drug Program or as authorized by the behavioral health manager for eligible participants in its tobacco cessation program.
- 42. Sclerotherapy (treatment of varicose veins), including injections of sclerosing solutions for varicose veins of the leg, unless a prior-approved ligation (tying off of a blood vessel) or stripping procedure has been performed within three years and documentation submitted to Medi-Call with a preauthorization request establishes that some varicosities (twisted veins) remained after the procedure
- 43. Services performed by service or therapy animals or their handlers
- 44. Abortions, except for an abortion performed in accordance with federal Medicaid guidelines
- 45. Pregnancy of a covered child
- 46. Storage of blood or blood plasma
- 47. Experimental or investigational surgery or medical procedures, supplies, devices or drugs.

 Any surgical or medical procedures determined by the medical staff of the third-party claims processor, with appropriate consultation, to be experimental or investigational or not accepted medical practice.

 Experimental or investigational procedures are those medical or surgical procedures, supplies, devices or drugs, which at the time provided, or sought to be provided:
 - Are not recognized as conforming to accepted medical practice in the relevant medical specialty or field of medicine; or
 - The procedures, drugs or devices have not received final approval to market from appropriate government bodies; or
 - Are those about which the peer-reviewed medical literature does not permit conclusions concerning their effect on health outcomes; or
 - · Are not demonstrated to be as beneficial as established alternatives; or
 - Have not been demonstrated, to a statistically significant level, to improve the net health outcomes;
 - Are those in which the improvement claimed is not demonstrated to be obtainable outside the investigational or experimental setting.

Additional Limits under the Standard Plan

- Chiropractic benefits under the Standard Plan are limited to \$2,000 per person per year.
- Chiropractic benefits for Manual Therapy are limited to one per visit per person.

Additional Limits and Exclusions under the Savings Plan

- Chiropractic benefits under the Savings Plan are limited to \$500 per covered person per year.
- Chiropractic benefits for Manual Therapy are limited to one per visit per person.
- Nonsedating antihistamines and drugs for treating erectile dysfunction are not covered under the Savings Plan.

Helpful Information May be Found on the Internet

Website: StateSC.SouthCarolinablues.com

BlueCross BlueShield of South Carolina has a website designed to give State Health Plan subscribers quick access to information about their plan. You can go directly to the site or go to the PEBA Insurance Benefits website, www.eip.sc.gov, and click on "Links." Under State Health Plan," choose "Medical (BlueCross BlueShield of South Carolina)."

On the site, you will find direct links to:

- The 2014 Insurance Benefits Guide
- Frequently used forms and publications
- A program for finding network doctors, dentists, hospitals and other providers
- Information about the Wellness Incentive Program, including how to enroll, which generic drugs are covered by the waiver and frequently asked questions.

You will also find the login for MyHealth Toolkit.

You must register and then log in to use MyHealth Toolkit. Once you do, you can do a variety of things, including:

- · See how much of your deductible and coinsurance maximum you have satisfied
- Check the status of claims, preauthorizations and bills
- Review Information about your dental benefits, including a claims summary and how to get a pretreatment estimate
- Choose to view your Explanation of Benefits (EOB) online rather than receiving a paper copy in the mail. You will be notified by email when an EOB is ready.
- · Request an ID card
- Create a Personal Health Record
- Take a Personal Health Assessment
- Enroll in the "Coming Attractions" maternity program
- · Ask Customer Service a question.

Website: www.CompanionBenefitAlternatives.com

The Companion Benefit Alternatives (CBA) website offers a variety of ways to learn more about mental health and health in general. Go to the PEBA Insurance Benefits website, www.eip.sc.gov, and click on "Links." Under "State Health Plan," you can choose "Mental health/substance abuse (Companion Benefit Alternatives)." At the CBA website select "Members." You can sign up for an email newsletter. Other tools include:

- A description of CBA's case management program
- Links to other resources, including phone numbers for financial assistance hot lines.

Appeals

The Public Employee Benefit Authority (PEBA) Insurance Benefits contracts with third-party claims processors, BlueCross BlueShield of South Carolina (BCBSSC) and Catamaran to handle claims for State Health Plan benefits, and Companion Benefit Alternatives (CBA), to manage mental health and substance abuse benefits. You have the right to appeal their decisions.

If all or part of your request for preauthorization or a claim for benefits is denied, you will be informed of the decision promptly and told why it was made. If you have questions about the decision, check the information in this book, or call the third-party claims processor that made the decision for an explanation.

Appeals to Third-party Claims Processors

First-level Appeals: Preauthorizations and Claims

You may appeal an initial denial of a preauthorization (to Medi-Call) or a claim (to BCBSSC) within 180 days of the decision. If you would like for someone else to appeal on your behalf, you may make this request in writing.

Please include in your appeal:

- The subscriber's Benefits Identification Number (BIN) (ZCS followed by eight numbers)
- Your name and date of birth
- A copy of the decision that is being appealed
- The claim number of the services that are being appealed, if applicable (This is on your Explanation of Benefits.)
- A copy of medical records that support your claim and
- Any other information or documents that support your appeal.

Your appeal rights and instructions for an appeal are outlined in your denial letter.

Please note: Procedures to appeal preauthorization decisions by National Imaging Associates (NIA) are different from other appeal procedures.

If NIA denies a procedure on the grounds that it is not medically necessary, you have three days to file an appeal with NIA if the services have not been received. If three days have passed, you may request Medi-Call review the decision.

Appeals to PEBA – Preauthorizations and Services That Have Been Provided

If you are still dissatisfied after the decision is re-examined, you may request a second-level appeal by writing to PEBA Insurance Benefits within 90 days of notice of the denial. If the denial is upheld by the PEBA Insurance Benefits Health Appeals Committee, you have 30 days to seek judicial review as provided by Sections 1-11-710 and 1-23-380 of the S.C. Code of Laws, as amended.

Please note: A provider may not appeal to PEBA Insurance Benefits, even if it appealed the decision to the third-party claims processor. Only a subscriber may initiate an appeal through PEBA Insurance Benefits.

BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO

BlueChoice HealthPlan, a health maintenance organization (HMO), is offered statewide.

BlueChoice HealthPlan is fully insured. This means the Public Employee Benefit Authority (PEBA) Insur-

ance Benefits has a contract with BlueChoice HealthPlan under which the HMO is financially responsible for medical claims, including those for prescription drugs and mental health/substance abuse services, and administrative costs the HMO incurs serving PEBA Insurance Benefits' members.

As a BlueChoice member, you select a Primary Care Physician (PCP) to coordinate your health care. If you need services your PCP does not offer, he or she will refer you to a qualified specialist in the network. If you would like to use specific physicians, hospitals and other providers, you may wish to check to see if they are part of the BlueChoice network before you enroll in the plan.

Refer to pages 14-15 for a comparison of benefits and pages 225-228 for premiums. For more information, active employees should contact their benefits administrator, BlueChoice HealthPlan or PEBA Insurance Benefits. Retirees, COBRA subscribers and survivors should contact

A Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) is a health plan in which members must use only healthcare providers, including hospitals, within the HMO's network. If a member receives care outside the network, the plan will not pay benefits unless the care was preauthorized or deemed an emergency.

BlueChoice or PEBA Insurance Benefits. Telephone numbers and the website are listed on the inside cover of this book.

Benefits at a Glance: BlueChoice HealthPlan

Benefits	Member Pays		
Deductible per Calendar Year			
Per member	\$250		
Per family	\$500		
Coinsurance Maximum per Calendar Year			
Per member	\$2,000		
Per family	\$4,000		
Physician Services			
Primary Care			
Office visit	\$15 copayment per visit		
Hospital visit	\$0		
Routine mammogram	\$0		
Allergy injection and serum	\$15 copayment per visit		
Routine physical exam	\$15 copayment per visit		
Health assessment	\$15 copayment per visit		
Well baby and child care	\$15 copayment per visit		
Immunizations	\$15 copayment per visit		
Doctors Care and CVS Minute Clinics	\$5 copayment per visit		
Specialty Care	All services must be preauthorized		
Office visit	\$45 copayment per visit		
Maternity care	\$45 copayment first visit, then 15%		
Hospital services	Deductible, then 15%		
Emergency room care	Deductible, then 15%		
Routine GYN exam – two per calendar year	\$15 copayment per visit (preauthorization not required)		
Chiropractic care – \$1,000 maximum per calendar	\$45 copayment per visit		
year			

Benefits	Member Pays
Facility Services Inpatient admission Skilled nursing facility and/or long-term acute care facility – 120-day maximum per calendar year	All services, except emergency care, must be preauthorized \$200 copayment per admission, then 15% Deductible, then 15%
Outpatient services	\$100 copayment and 15% per visit for first 3 visits per calendar year; 15% for visit 4 and each visit thereafter
Ambulatory surgery centers Emergency room services	\$45 copayment then HMO pays 100% \$125 copayment per visit, then 15% per visit
Urgent Care Inside the local service area	\$35 copayment per visit at a participating urgent care provider
Prescription Medication (Generics Now) Retail copayment (up to a 31-day supply)	\$4 Value Generic drug \$20 Regular generic drug \$40 Preferred brand-name drug \$60 Nonpreferred brand-name drug
Mail-order copayment (up to a 90-day supply)	\$10 Value generic drug \$50 Regular generic drug \$100 Preferred brand-name drug \$150 Nonpreferred brand-name drug
Specialty Pharmaceuticals	\$80 copayment per 31-day supply–preferred specialty brands \$125 copayment per 31-day supply–nonpreferred specialty brands
Mental Health/Substance Abuse Disorders (The following services must be authorized in advance by Companion Benefit Alternatives at 800-868-1032)	
Inpatient Hospital Facility Services Inpatient physician services Outpatient facility institutional services (Maximum of three \$100 copayments)	\$200 copayment per admission then 15% 15% \$100 copayment and 15% per visit for first 3 visits per calendar year,15% for visit 4 and each visit thereafter
Outpatient facility professional services Office physician services Urgent care (does not require preauthorization)	15% \$15 per visit \$35 per visit
Benefits not listed above will be covered the same as "Services other than Mental Health and Substance Abuse Disorders"	
Other Services Ambulance Behavioral Therapy (ABA) for Autism Spectrum Disorder\$53,100 for 2014 Home health Private duty nursing up to 60 days per calendar year Hospice Medical supplies Initial prosthetic appliances Occupational therapy – 20 visits per benefit period Physical therapy – 20 visits per benefit period Speech therapy – 20 visits per benefit period Dental services due to accidental injury Durable medical equipment (DME)	All services, except emergency care, must be preauthorized Deductible, then 15%

Benefits	Member Pays
Human Organ Transplants	
Covered Transplants include:	Transplants must occur at a Blue Distinction Center of Excel-
Kidney (single)	lence to be covered.
Pancreas/kidney	
Heart	\$200 copayment per admission and 15%
Lung (single)	
Lung (double)	
Liver	
Pancreas	
Heart/lung	
Bone marrow/stem cell	
Cornea	

Network Benefits

With BlueChoice HealthPlan, benefits are provided only when you go to participating (network) physicians, hospitals and other health care providers. Network providers will:

- File covered expense claims for you
- · Ask you to pay only the deductible, copayment and/or coinsurance (if any) for covered expenses
- Accept the plan's payment for covered expenses as payment-in-full, minus any copayment or coinsurance.

Primary Care Physician

At enrollment, you must select a *Primary Care Physician* (PCP) from BlueChoice HealthPlan's network. Your PCP coordinates all health services covered under your plan. Each member of your family may select a different PCP. When you need to see a specialist or another health care professional, your PCP will refer you to a network provider. BlueChoice HealthPlan will cover those services according to the Schedule of Benefits.

You may change your PCP at any time by calling Member Services at 800-868-2528 or visiting the BlueChoice HealthPlan website at www.blueChoiceSc.com.

If you receive care from a specialist without a referral from your PCP, BlueChoice HealthPlan will cover the services only if they are related to a medical emergency.

Referrals

If you need medical care your PCP cannot provide, he or she will refer you to another network provider. Remember, to ensure that BlueChoice HealthPlan will pay for the visit to the specialist, make sure your doctor makes the referral before you visit the specialist. You can check for referrals on the BlueChoice HealthPlan website at www.BlueChoiceSC.com.

Note: Women may go to a participating gynecologist twice a year without a referral from their PCP. Women may also go to any participating obstetrician for prenatal care.

Finding a Network Provider

A complete list of providers is at www.BlueChoiceSC.com. If you would like a list of providers in your area, you may request one by calling Member Services at 800-868-2528. You may also ask Member Services for more information about providers, including their qualifications and experience. Member Services can give you the most up-to-date information about changes in providers and about which ones are accepting new patients.

Deductibles

A deductible is the amount you must pay each year before the plan begins to pay for certain benefits. BlueChoice HealthPlan's annual deductible is \$250 for individuals and \$500 for families. The deductible does not apply to:

- Any services from your PCP, such as office visits, routine physicals and well child care and immunizations
- Office visits to specialists
- · Retail and mail-order pharmacy benefits
- · Specialty drugs
- Routine mammograms.

Coinsurance

Coinsurance is the percentage of the cost of certain benefits that you pay. As a BlueChoice HealthPlan member, you pay 15 percent of the cost of these benefits. Please see the Schedule of Benefits for more information. After you spend either \$2,000 (individual coverage) or \$4,000 (family coverage) in coinsurance for network benefits in a calendar year, the plan will pay 100 percent of your medical costs for network benefits for the remainder of the calendar year, excluding appropriate copayments. Copayments do not count toward your out-of-pocket coinsurance limit or your deductible.

Copayments

A *copayment* is the fixed dollar amount you pay when you receive a benefit. The copayment will vary depending on the type of care you receive. Your annual deductible does not affect copayments. You must make your copayments whether or not you have met your deductible.

Covered Benefits

To be covered, benefits must be provided by your PCP or another network provider. Benefits provided by another network provider must be authorized in advance by your PCP and BlueChoice HealthPlan, unless it is a medical emergency or otherwise noted in the Schedule of Benefits.

Ambulance Benefits

Charges for emergency ambulance transportation, provided by a licensed ambulance service to the nearest hospital where emergency covered services can be provided, are covered. Coverage includes transportation between acute care facilities when a medically indicated transfer is needed.

Autism Spectrum Disorder Benefits

Behavioral Therapy, also known as Applied Behavior Analysis (ABA), for children diagnosed with an Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD) at age 8 or younger is covered. A child must be younger than 16 years of age to receive benefits. There is a \$53,100 maximum for 2014. Services must be provided by, or under the direction of, a participating provider. Prior authorization requests and treatment plans must be approved by Companion Benefit Alternatives (CBA). For services or more information, call CBA at 800-868-1032.

Treatment of ASD, other than Behavioral Therapy, will be treated in the same manner as other medical conditions. These benefits may include, but are not limited to, physical therapy, speech therapy or office visits.

All covered treatment is subject to deductibles, copayments and coinsurance.

Behavioral Health Benefits

You are covered for treatment of mental health conditions and substance abuse. Companion Benefit Alternatives (CBA) coordinates these benefits. To receive services from a mental health or substance abuse professional, you or your primary care physician may call CBA at 800-868-1032 for authorization and/or more information.

Chiropractic Benefits

You are covered for office services from a chiropractor, including detection and correction by manual or mechanical means of structural imbalance, distortion or subluxation in the human body for purposes of removing nerve interference and the effects of such nerve interference, where such interference is the result of, or related to, distortion, misalignment or subluxation of, or in, the vertebral column. Diagnostic X-rays are covered if medically necessary. Other services that are within the scope of the practice of chiropractic are also covered. Chiropractic benefits are limited to a maximum of \$1,000 annually.

Dental Benefits for Accidental Injuries

You are covered for dental services performed by a Doctor of Dental Surgery (DDS) or a Doctor of Medical Dentistry (DMD) to sound natural teeth when required because of accidental injury. For purposes of this benefit, an accidental injury is defined as an external traumatic force, such as a car accident or blow by a moving object. The first (emergency) visit to the dentist does not require authorization. However, the dentist must submit an outline of the plan for future treatment to BlueChoice HealthPlan for review and approval before continuing with follow-up care for that care to be covered. Follow-up care must be completed within six months of the accident.

Doctor Visits

Charges from your PCP for office visits, including routine examinations, preventive care, injections, immunizations, well-child care and health education, are covered. Charges from specialists for treatment or consultation are also covered.

Durable Medical Equipment

Charges for medically necessary durable medical equipment, such as wheelchairs, braces, hospital beds, traction equipment, inhalation therapy equipment and suction machines, and other equipment as approved by BlueChoice HealthPlan for outpatient use, are covered. Equipment is covered only when ordered, delivered and used while you are enrolled with BlueChoice HealthPlan.

Repair, replacement or duplicates of durable medical equipment are not covered, except when medically necessary due to a change in your medical condition. Appliances that serve no medical purpose and are solely for your comfort, such as a whirlpool bath, air conditioner or dehumidifier, are not covered.

Emergency Services and Urgent Care

Emergency Services

You are covered for treatment of a true medical emergency anywhere in the world. If practical, you should call your PCP first and follow his or her directions. However, in a serious medical emergency, go to the nearest hospital or treatment center for help or call 911. You should then have someone notify your doctor and BlueChoice HealthPlan.

BlueChoice HealthPlan will cover emergency room care only if you are seeking treatment for symptoms that are severe and need immediate

To learn more about receiving emergency services outside the BlueChoice HealthPlan service area, read the BlueCard® program section on page 49.

medical attention, or if your doctor authorized the emergency room visit. Conditions that are considered a medical emergency include those so severe that if you do not get immediate medical attention, one of the following could occur:

- Severe risk to your health, or with respect to pregnancy, the health of your unborn child
- Serious damage to body function
- Serious damage to any organ or body part.

Follow-up care for emergency services must be received from providers within the BlueChoice HealthPlan network or arranged by BlueChoice HealthPlan.

Urgent Care

Urgent care is a medical condition that is serious but not life- or limb-threatening. If you need urgent care, you should call your PCP. If you have an illness or injury that requires urgent care and you cannot get to your doctor or wait until normal business hours, you should go to a participating urgent care center. Please refer to the BlueChoice HealthPlan Provider Directory for the list of participating urgent care centers.

Urgent care required within South Carolina is covered when provided by a participating urgent care provider. Urgent care required outside South Carolina is covered when coordinated through the BlueCard program. For information about BlueCard, see pages 49-50.

Hospice

You are covered for hospice care recommended by and provided by a participating provider.

Human Organ Transplant Benefits

You are covered for certain human organ transplants. The organ must be provided from a human donor to you (the transplant recipient), and the transplant must occur at a Blue Distinction Center of Excellence to be covered. Covered transplants include kidney (single), pancreas/kidney, heart, lung (single), lung (double), liver, pancreas, heart/lung, bone marrow/stem cell and cornea. All solid organ (complete organ or segmental, cadaveric or living donor) procurement services, including donor organ harvesting, typing, storage and transportation, are covered.

Coverage for charges incurred by a living donor are limited to those for medical and surgical expenses for care and treatment, but only if the donor and recipient are both covered by BlueChoice HealthPlan.

Transplants that are experimental, investigational or unproven are not covered. Transplants that are not determined by BlueChoice HealthPlan to be medically necessary are not covered.

Inpatient Hospital Benefits

You are covered for inpatient hospital services at an acute care hospital, a skilled nursing facility, or a long-term acute care hospital, including room and board, physician visits and consultations.

Maternity Care

You and your covered spouse are covered for hospital care, hospital-based birthing center care, and prenatal and postpartum care, including childbirth, miscarriage and complications related to pregnancy. Inpatient benefits are provided for the mother and newborn for 48 hours after normal delivery, not including the day of delivery, or 96 hours after caesarean section, not including the day of surgery. Coverage for the newborn includes, but is not limited to, routine nursery care and/or routine well-baby care during this period of hospital confinement. Charges for home births are not covered. Pregnancy is not considered a pre-existing condition.

Medical Supplies

Charges are covered for medical supplies, including, but not limited to:

- Dressings requiring skilled application, for conditions such as cancer or burns
- Catheters
- Colostomy bags and related supplies
- Medically necessary supplies for renal dialysis equipment or machines
- Surgical travs
- Splints or such supplies as needed for orthopedic conditions
- Syringes, test tapes and other related diabetic supplies not covered under other provisions of the plan.

Outpatient Hospital Benefits

Charges for outpatient laboratory, X-ray, surgery and diagnostic tests are covered. Physical therapy, occupational therapy and speech therapy are also covered, subject to the limits listed in the Schedule of Benefits.

Ambulatory Surgery Centers and Freestanding Imaging Centers

Receiving outpatient services away from a hospital can save you money. Treatment at an ambulatory surgery center is processed as a specialist office visit, which has a \$45 copayment. Freestanding imaging centers offer imaging and radiology services, including X-rays, CT scans and MRIs. If these services are provided in a radiology office, as most are, they also are filed as specialist office visits.

To find lists of both kinds of centers, go to <u>BlueChoiceSC.com</u> and select Doctor & Hospital Finder. Under "Specialty," select "Ambulatory Surgical" or "free standing imaging facility (radiology)."

Outpatient Private Duty Nursing Care and Home Health Benefits

You are covered for special or private duty nursing care provided by a registered nurse or a licensed practical nurse, on an outpatient basis, for up to 60 days each calendar year. Services must be provided in lieu of inpatient care.

You are also covered for home health services provided by a licensed home health agency. Services must be provided in lieu of inpatient care.

Prescription Medicine

Prescription drugs, including insulin, are covered, subject to plan exclusions and limitations, if you use a participating pharmacy. You may purchase up to a 31-day supply of a covered prescription medication at a participating retail pharmacy and up to a 90-day supply through a participating mail-order pharmacy. Not all medications are available through the mail-order pharmacy. Please refer to the BlueChoice HealthPlan Preferred Drug List for a list of prescription drugs covered under your pharmacy benefits. The list is available by going to www.BlueChoiceSC.com and selecting "My Health Toolkit"or by contacting BlueChoice Member Services at 800-868-2528 (803-786-8476 in the Columbia area).

Value Generics

BlueChoice HealthPlan has another class of generic drugs, Value generics. These drugs cost less than \$20 for a 31-day supply and, therefore, have a lower copayment. Regular generics cost more than \$20. Here are the copayments:

Retail (up to a 31-day supply)

- \$4 for Value generics
- \$20 for regular generics

Mail-order (up to a 90-day supply)

- \$10 for Value generics
- \$50 for regular generics

If the cost of the drug is less than the copayment, the member will pay the lower cost. For example: if a drug costs \$2 for a 31-day supply, the member will pay \$2, rather than the \$4 copayment.

Generics Nowsm

Generic drugs are equivalent in composition and effect to their brand-name counterparts but are generally less expensive. Generics Now encourages the use of generic drugs. If your doctor prescribes a brand-name drug but allows you to substitute an equivalent generic drug if one is available, you should consider buying the generic drug. Here is why – if you request the brand-name drug over the generic drug, you will be required to pay the difference between the cost of the brand-name drug and the generic drug. You will also have to pay the brand-name drug copayment. However, you will never be charged more than the retail cost of the brand-name drug.

Specialty Pharmaceuticals

Specialty pharmaceuticals are prescription drugs used to treat complex clinical conditions with complex delivery of care and distribution requirements. They include, but are not limited to, infusible specialty drugs for chronic disease, injectable and self-injectable specialty drugs for acute and chronic disease, and specialty oral drugs. Specialty pharmaceuticals are covered when purchased from a designated participating provider and prescribed by a participating physician. You may obtain a list of specialty pharmaceuticals by going to www.BlueChoiceSC.com or by contacting BlueChoice Member Services at 800-868-2528 (803-786-8476 in the Columbia area).

Prior Authorization

Certain prescription drugs require prior authorization to be covered, and certain drugs have dosage limits as determined by BlueChoice. Please refer to the BlueChoice HealthPlan Preferred Drug List for information on which drugs require prior authorization and/or have dosage limits.

Prosthetics

You are covered for a prosthetic device, other than a dental or cranial prosthetic, that is a replacement for a body part and meets minimum specifications. Only the initial prosthesis is covered.

Reconstructive Surgery after a Medically Necessary Mastectomy

If you are receiving benefits in connection with a mastectomy and/or elective breast reconstruction in connection with the mastectomy, you are covered for mastectomy-related services including:

- Reconstruction of the breast on which the mastectomy has been performed
- Surgery and reconstruction of the other breast to produce a symmetrical appearance
- Prostheses
- Treatment of physical complications during all stages of mastectomy, including lymphedemas.

This coverage is in compliance with the Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act of 1998.

Rehabilitation Benefits

Physical therapy, occupational therapy and speech therapy are covered. Benefits are limited to 20 visits per benefit period for each type of therapy.

Therapeutic Benefits

Charges for radiation therapy, cancer chemotherapy and respiratory therapy are covered.

Other Plan Features

Great Expectations® for health



As your partner in good health, one way BlueChoice can help you reach your health goals is through Great Expectations for health programs. They are designed to help you improve your health by providing you with educational information and professional support from a team of health specialists. BlueChoice members may participate in these programs at no charge or for a small, one-time fee.

For more information, call the BlueChoice HealthPlan Health Management department at 800-327-3183, ext. 25541, or visit www.blueChoiceSC.com.

Great Expectations for health offers programs for:

- Alcohol Management
- Healthy and Active Kids
- Before Baby
- Irritable Bowel Syndrome
- Chronic Kidney Disease
- Chronic Obstructive
 Pulmonary Disease
- Pre-Diabetes
- Quit Smoking
- Weight Management
- · Women's Health

- Asthma
- Heart Failure
- Back Care
- Children's Health
- Maternity
- · Men's Health
- Migraine
- Depression
- Diabetes
- Heart Disease

Added Value Discount Programs

There are many ways to stay healthy. These services and discounts are in addition to (but are not a part of) the services and benefits covered under a BlueChoice policy.

Through the Natural Bluesm program, you have access to discounts on services from a network of acupuncturists, massage therapists, chiropractors, day spas and fitness centers in South Carolina and nationwide.

For more information or to find a provider, call Member Services at 800-868-2528 or go to www.BlueChoiceSC.com and click on "Discounts & Added Values."

Other Added Value discounts include:

- LASIK services
- Alternative medicine
- · Hearing tests and aids
- Weight loss programs and centers
- Magazine subscriptions
- Cosmetic surgery
- · Cosmetic dentistry.

Exclusions and Limitations

No benefits are provided for the following, unless otherwise specified in the Schedule of Benefits. Treatment of an injury which is generally covered by this contract will not be denied if the injury results from an act of domestic violence or a medical condition (including both physical and mental conditions), even if the medical condition was not diagnosed before the injury.

- 1. Any services or supplies for which the Member is not legally obligated to pay.
- 2. Any services or supplies for treatment of military service-related disabilities when the Member is legally entitled to other coverage.
- 3. Any services or supplies for which benefits are paid by workers' compensation, occupational disease law or other similar legislation.
- 4. Treatment of an illness contracted or injury sustained while engaged in the commission or an attempt to commit an assault or a felony; treatment of an injury or illness incurred while engaged in an illegal act or occupation; treatment of an injury or illness due to voluntary participation in a riot or civil disorder.

- 5. Any charges for services provided prior to the Member's Effective Date or after the termination of Coverage.
- 6. Custodial care or respite care.
- 7. Residential treatment of Mental Health or Substance Use Disorders, including therapeutic schools; wilderness/boot camps; therapeutic boarding homes; half-way houses; and therapeutic group homes.
- 8. Any services or procedures for transsexual surgery or related services provided as a result of complications of such transsexual surgery.
- All services and supplies related to pregnancy of a Dependent child except for life-threatening complications of pregnancy to either the mother or fetus. An elective abortion is not considered to be a complication of pregnancy.
- 10. Services, supplies, or drugs for the treatment of infertility including, but not limited to, artificial insemination and in-vitro fertilization; fertility drugs; reversal of sterilization procedures; and surrogate parenting.
- 11. Pre-conception testing, pre-conception counseling, or pre-conception genetic testing.
- 12. Any drugs, services, treatment or supplies determined by the medical staff of the Corporation, with appropriate consultation, to be Experimental, Investigational or Unproven Services. NOTE: Benefits are provided for off-label uses of pharmaceuticals that have been approved by the U.S. FDA (but not approved for the prescribed use) provided that the drug is not contraindicated by the FDA for the off-label use prescribed, and that the drug has been proven safe, effective and accepted for the treatment of the specific medical condition for which the drug has been prescribed, as evidenced by the results of good quality-controlled clinical studies published in at least two or more peer reviewed full length articles in respected national professional medical journals.
- 13. Drugs for which there is an over-the-counter equivalent except for over-the-counter drugs considered to be Prescription Medication. All vitamins, except prenatal vitamins; drugs not approved by the Food and Drug Administration; drugs for the treatment of non-Covered therapies, services, or conditions such as drugs prescribed for obesity or weight control, cosmetic purposes, hair growth, fertility, or sexual dysfunction.
- 14. Plastic or cosmetic surgical procedures or services performed to improve appearance or to correct a deformity without restoring a bodily function, unless such services are Medically Necessary and due to physical trauma, prior surgery, or congenital anomaly.
- 15. Psychological or educational testing to determine job or occupational placement, school placement or for other educational purposes, or to determine if a learning disability exists.
- 16. Medical supplies, services or charges for the diagnosis or treatment of dissociative disorders, sexual and gender identity disorders, personality disorders, learning disorders, developmental speech delay, communication disorders, developmental coordination disorders, mental retardation or vocational rehabilitation
- 17. Relationship counseling including marriage counseling for the treatment of pre-marital, marital or relationship dysfunction.
- 18. Any rehabilitation therapy or services for the treatment of mental retardation or developmental coordination disorder; or vocational rehabilitation.
- 19. Counseling and psychotherapy services for the following conditions: Feeding and eating disorders in early childhood and infancy; Tic disorders except when related to Tourette's syndrome; Elimination disorders; Mental disorders due to general medical condition; Sexual function disorders; Sleep disorders; Medication induced movement disorders; Nicotine dependence unless listed elsewhere as covered.
- 20. Services for Animal Assisted Therapy, rTMS, Eye Movement Desensitization and Reprocessing (EMDR), behavioral therapy for solitary maladaptive habits, or Rapid Opiate Detoxification.
- 21. Group counseling or psychotherapy.
- 22. Any service or supply for the diagnosis or treatment of sexual dysfunction including, but not limited to, surgery, drugs, laboratory and X-ray tests, counseling, or penile implant necessary due to any medical condition or organic disease.
- 23. Services or supplies related to dysfunctional conditions of the muscles of mastication, malpositions or deformities of the jaw bone(s), orthognathic deformities or temporomandibular joint (TMJ) disorders including, but not limited to, surgical treatment, appliances and orthodontia.

- 24. For dental work or treatment which includes Hospital or professional care in connection with:
 - an operation or treatment for the fitting or wearing of dentures, regardless if needed due to injury of natural teeth due to an accident;
 - orthodontic care or treatment of malocclusion;
 - operations on or treatment of or to the teeth or supporting bones and/or tissues of the teeth except for removal of malignant tumors or cysts;
 - any treatment of an injury to natural teeth due to an accident not received within 6 months of the accident date;
 - removal of teeth, whether impacted or not; and
 - any operation, service, prosthesis, supply or treatment for the preparation for, and the insertion or removal of a dental implant.

This exclusion does not apply to facility and anesthesia services that are Medically Necessary because of a specific organic medical condition including but not limited to congestive heart failure, asthma or chronic obstructive pulmonary disease that requires Hospital-level monitoring.

- 25. Hearing aids or examinations for the prescription or fitting of hearing aids.
- 26. Charges incurred as the result of a missed scheduled appointment and charges for the preparation, reproduction, or completion of medical records, itemized bills, or claims forms. Physician charges for virtual office visits including but not limited to telephonic, internet, electronic mail or video chat consultations.
- 27. Services or supplies not specifically listed as a Covered Service or in the Schedule of Benefits.
- 28. Transplant services other than those described in Covered Services.
- 29. Complications arising during, from or related to the receipt by a Member of non-Covered Services. "Complications," as used in this exclusion, includes any medically necessary services or supplies which, in the Plan's judgment, would not have been required by the Member had the Member not received non-Covered Services. This includes Complications arising from discount value-added services.
- 30. Items that do not provide a direct medical treatment, are generally available without a physician's prescription, and may be useful to a Member in the absence of disease, including but not limited to the purchase or rental of air conditioners, home air filtration systems, motorized transportation equipment, escalators or elevators, swimming pools, waterbeds, exercise equipment, or other similar items or equipment.
- 31. Manual or motorized wheelchairs or power operated vehicles such as scooters for mobility outside of the home setting. Coverage for these devices to assist with mobility in the home setting is subject to the establishment of Medical Necessity by the Corporation.
- 32. Any service or supply provided by a member of the patient's family or by the patient, including the dispensing of drugs. A member of the patient's family means the patient's spouse, parent, grandparent, brother, sister, child or spouse's parent.
- 33. Charges for acupuncture, hypnotism, biofeedback therapy, massage therapy and/or TENS units. Services for chronic pain management programs or any program developed by centers with multidisciplinary staffs intended to provide the interventions necessary to allow the patient to develop pain coping skills and freedom from dependence on analgesic medications.
- 34. Services, supplies, treatment or medication for the management of morbid obesity, obesity, weight reduction, weight control or dietary control (collectively referred to as "Obesity-related treatment") including, but not limited to, gastric bypass or stapling, intestinal bypass and related procedures or gastric restrictive procedures.
 - Also, the treatment or correction of complications from Obesity-related treatment are non-covered services, regardless of Medical Necessity, prescription by a physician or the passage of time from a Member's obesity-related treatment. This includes the reversal of Obesity-related treatments, and reconstructive procedures necessitated by weight loss.
- 35. Orthomolecular therapy including infant formula, nutrients, vitamins and food supplements. Enteral

feedings when not a sole source of nutrition.

- 36. Radial keratotomy, myopic keratomileusis, LASIK surgery, INTACS surgery and any surgery which involves corneal tissue for the purpose of altering, modifying or correcting myopia, hyperopia or stigmatic error. This exclusion does not include the treatment and management of keratoconus unresponsive to contact lens therapy.
- 37. Treatment of weak, strained or flat feet, including orthopedic shoes or other orthotic supportive devices, for services and supplies for cutting, removal or treatment of corns, calluses or nail care. This exclusion does not include corrective surgery, or treatment for metabolic or peripheral vascular disease.
- 38. Nutrition counseling, lifestyle improvements, or physical fitness programs. This exclusion does not include diabetic nutrition education.
- 39. Communications, travel time, transportation, except for use of professional ambulance services as defined in Covered Services under Ambulance Services.
- 40. Adjustable cranial orthoses (band or helmet) for positional plagiocephaly or craniosynostoses in the absence of cranial vault remodeling surgery.
- 41. Services, supplies or treatment for varicose veins, including but not limited to endovenous ablation, vein stripping, or the injection of sclerosing solutions.
- 42. Growth hormone therapy for patients over 18 years of age. Growth hormone therapy for patients 18 years of age or younger is excluded unless for documented growth hormone deficiency.
- 43. Pulmonary Rehabilitation, except in conjunction with a Covered lung transplant.
- 44. Charges for services or supplies from an independent health care professional whose services are normally included in facility charges. Charges for Pre-operative anesthesia assessment.

Limitation

Benefits will be limited to the extent a member proves entitlement to any benefits under this contract by filing or causing to be filed a claim and documentation in support of the claim.

Website: www.BlueChoiceSC.com

BlueChoice's website is a protected, secure and convenient way for you to have access to timely information about your health benefits on your own schedule. The site is at www.BlueChoiceSC.com. You may also reach the site by selecting "Links" and then "BlueChoice HealthPlan (medical)" on the PEBA Insurance Benefits website, www.eip.sc.com.

At the site, you can:

- Learn about Discounts and Added Values
- Find a provider using the Doctor and Hospital Finder
- Create a user name and password, which will enable you to use "My Health Toolkit."

With My Health Toolkit you can:

- Review the status of your claims
- View and print a copy of your Explanation of Benefits
- See how much you have paid toward your deductible or out-of-pocket limit
- Ask a customer-service question through secure email
- Request a new ID card

The site also gives you access to information about your pharmacy benefits. These benefits are offered through Caremark. To use the Caremark site, you will need to register. Once you do, you can:

- View your prescription history
- Find information about medications you are taking or are considering taking
- Learn about therapeutic options to discuss with your physician
- Compare drug costs.

Appeals

You have the right to appeal any decision by BlueChoice HealthPlan to deny an authorization for services you have requested or deny payment for services you have received. To request an appeal, you (or your designated representative) may call Member Services at 803-786-8476 (Columbia area) or 800-868-2528 (toll-free outside the Columbia area). If you prefer, you may send a written appeal request to:

BlueChoice HealthPlan Member Services (AX-435) P.O. Box 6170 Columbia, SC 29260-6170.

To learn more about appeals, contact BlueChoice HealthPlan by phone, letter or email.

You may also email your appeal request to BlueChoice HealthPlan through its website at www.BlueChoiceSC.com. Sign on to "My Health Toolkit" and click on "Ask Customer Service."

You must file your appeal within six months of the date you were notified that the authorization or claim was denied. BlueChoice HealthPlan will reach a decision on your appeal and send you notification of that decision within 30 days of receipt of your appeal request if you are appealing a decision on a service that has not been provided. If the service has already been provided, you will be notified of the decision within 60 days of receipt of your appeal request.

BlueChoice HealthPlan and BlueCross BlueShield of South Carolina are independent licensees of the Blue Cross and Blue Shield Association.

AMRA TRICARE Supplement Plan

TRICARE is the Department of Defense health benefit program for the military community. It consists of TRICARE Prime, an HMO; TRICARE Extra, a preferred-provider option; and TRICARE Standard, a fee-for-service plan.

The TRICARE Supplement Plan is secondary coverage to TRICARE. It pays the subscriber's share of covered medical expenses under the TRICARE Prime (in-network), Extra and Standard options. Eligible participants have almost 100 percent coverage. Underwritten by Monumental Life Insurance Company, the plan is administered by the Association & Society Insurance Corporation (ASI). Federal law requires that the plan be sponsored by an association, not an employer. The plan sponsor is the American Military Retirees Association (AMRA).

The TRICARE Supplement Plan is designed for TRICARE-eligible active employees and retired employees until they become eligible for TRICARE for Life, a Medicare supplement. It is an alternative to the State Health Plan (SHP) and BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO.

Eligibility

PEBA Insurance Benefits does not confirm eligibility for the TRICARE Supplement Plan. Eligible individuals must be registered with the Defense Enrollment Eligibility Reporting System (DEERS) and must not be eligible for Medicare. A subscriber must drop his SHP or HMO coverage to enroll in the TRICARE Supplement Plan.

An individual who is unsure if he is eligible for TRICARE should confirm eligibility with DEERS before enrolling in the TRICARE Supplement. If a dependent's Military ID card has expired or if information has changed (i.e., address corrections), call DEERS at 800-538-9552.

The TRICARE Supplement Plan is available to:

Eligible employees, retirees and survivor subscribers and spouses who are under age 65 and not eligible for Medicare

- Military retirees receiving retired, retainer or equivalent pay
- Spouse/surviving spouse of a military retiree
- Retired reservists between the ages of 60 and 65 and spouses/surviving spouses of retired reservists
- Retired reservists younger than 60 and enrolled in TRICARE Retired Reserve (TRR) ("Gray Area" retires) and spouses/surviving spouses of retired reservists enrolled in TRR.

Please note: There are limited exceptions to the Age 65 Eligibility Rule. Contact ASI for more information.

A subscriber may cover his eligible dependent children. However, dependent eligibility for the TRI-CARE Supplement Plan is based on TRICARE eligibility rules and is different from PEBA Insurance Benefits' dependent eligibility rules.

Eligible dependent children

- Unmarried dependent children up to age 21, or, if the child is a full-time student, up to age 23. Documentation that a child, age 21-22, is a full-time student must be provided to TRICARE.
- Incapacitated dependents are covered after age 21, 23 or 26, if the child is dependent on the member for primary support and maintenance and is still eligible for TRICARE. Proof of continued incapacity and dependency is required. Documentation must be provided to TRICARE.
- Adult dependent children who are younger than 26 and who are enrolled in TRICARE Young Adult (TYA). The child must send a copy of his TYA Enrollment ID card to ASI.

For more information about eligibility, contact TRICARE or ASI.

How to Enroll

Individuals who are eligible for TRICARE and eligible for coverage under the South Carolina state health insurance program can enroll themselves and their eligible dependents within 31 days of the date they are hired or become eligible for TRICARE. They also can enroll during open enrollment, which is offered yearly in October. If they enroll during open enrollment, coverage becomes effective on January 1.

To enroll:

- 1. Membership in AMRA is required for enrollment in the TRICARE Supplement Plan. Information about AMRA is provided in the TRICARE Supplement Plan welcome packet. Dues are included in the plan's monthly premium. For more information, contact AMRA at 800-424-2969 or info@amra1973.org.
- 2. Complete a Notice of Election (NOE) form, and check TRICARE Supplement Plan under the health plan section. Return the NOE to your benefits administrator along with a copy of your military ID or TRICARE ID card. Also, a BA can enroll an active employee using EBS. A subscriber can enroll through MyBenefits during open enrollment. See page 22 for more information. A retired employee of a state agency, public school district or a higher education institution should submit an RNOE to PEBA Insurance Benefits. A local subdivision retiree should submit an RNOE to the benefits office at his former employer. See page 187 for more information. Coverage is not automatic
- 3. Eligible subscribers should complete the Other Health Insurance (OHI) form if they were previously enrolled under the State Health Plan or BlueChoice HealthPlan. The OHI form for each region is on the TRICARE website, www.tricare.mil. Fax the completed forms to TRICARE at the number on the form. Remember, the TRICARE Supplement Plan is not considered other health insurance.

Upon enrollment, a subscriber will receive a packet with his certificate of insurance, identification card, claim forms and instructions on how to file claims.

In addition to enrolling in the TRICARE Supplement Plan, during open enrollment eligible subscribers may drop TRICARE Supplement Plan coverage for themselves or their dependents. They also may add dependents. See page 22 for more information.

Plan Features

The TRICARE Supplement Plan provides subscribers with additional coverage, which, when combined with the other TRICARE coverage, usually pays 100 percent of the subscriber's out-of-pocket expenses. Some of the plan's features include:

- No deductibles, coinsurance or out-of-pocket expenses for covered services
- Subscribers may choose any TRICARE-authorized provider, including network, non-network, participating and nonparticipating providers. For more information, see the *TRICARE Supplement Plan Member Handbook*.
- Reimbursement of prescription drug copayments.

Premiums

The monthly premiums for the TRICARE Supplement Plan for active employees, retirees and survivors are:

Employee	\$62.50
Employee/spouse	\$121.50
Employee/children	\$121.50
Full family	\$162.50

The premiums are paid entirely by the subscriber with no employer contribution. However, they may be paid before taxes are deducted from the employee's paycheck through the MoneyPlus Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature.

Filing Claims

Most providers submit TRICARE Supplement Plan claims. If a provider does not, a subscriber may submit the claims to ASI. Detailed information about filing doctor/hospital and pharmacy claims is in the *TRICARE Supplement Plan Member Handbook* and on the ASI website, <u>www.asicorporation.com/SC</u>. The claim form is in the welcome packet and on the website under "ASI Member Resources."

Portability

The TRICARE Supplement Plan is portable. If a subscriber leaves his job, he can continue coverage by paying the premiums directly to ASI.

Medicare Eligibility and the TRICARE Supplement Plan

When an active employee, survivor or retiree becomes eligible for Medicare Part A, he must purchase Medicare Part B to remain eligible for TRICARE. His TRICARE health benefit changes to TRICARE for Life, a Medicare supplement. TRICARE Supplement Plan coverage ends for him. He may continue the supplement plan coverage for his eligible dependents by making premium payments directly to ASI. Contact ASI for details.

If a dependent becomes eligible for Medicare before the active employee, survivor or retiree, the dependent is no longer eligible for the AMRA TRICARE Supplement Plan.

Loss of TRICARE Eligibility

The TRICARE Supplement Plan pays after TRICARE pays. Therefore, if an employee, spouse or dependent child loses TRICARE eligibility, TRICARE Supplement Plan coverage ends. Dependents who lose TRICARE eligibility are not eligible for continued TRICARE Supplement Plan coverage under COBRA or on portability.

Loss of a spouse's TRICARE eligibility

 A spouse may lose TRICARE eligibility due to a divorce. When this occurs, he also loses eligibility to continue coverage under the TRICARE Supplement Plan.

Loss of a dependent child's TRICARE eligibility

- A dependent child loses TRICARE eligibility at age 21 if he is not enrolled in school on a full-time basis.
 A dependent also loses eligibility at midnight on his 23rd birthday, regardless of whether or not he is a full-time student, or on the date he graduates from college, whichever comes first.
- An adult dependent child enrolled in TRICARE Young Adult loses eligibility at midnight on the night
 of his 26th birthday or the date he fails to make full premiums payments to his TRICARE regional contractor.

For More Information

For more information about the AMRA TRICARE Supplement Plan, contact ASI at 866-637-9911 or by email at custsvc@asicorporation.com or log on to www.asicorporation.com/SC. For more information about TRICARE for Life, call 866-773-0404 or go to www.tricare4u.com.

Dental Insurance

Dental Insurance Table of Contents

Introduction	103
State Dental Plan	
Dental Plus	
Dental Benefits at a Glance	
Claim Example (using Class III procedure)	
State Dental Plan Only	
State Dental Plan with Dental Plus	
How to File a Dental Claim	105
Special Provisions of the State Dental Plan	106
Alternate Forms of Treatment	
Pretreatment Estimates	106
Exclusions: Dental Benefits not Offered	106
General Benefits not Offered	107
Benefits Covered by Another Plan	107
Specific Procedures not Covered	
Limited Benefits	
Coordination of Benefits	109
How Coordination of Benefits Works with Dental Coverage	
Website: StateSC.SouthCarolinaBlues.com	
Appeals	

Introduction

Your teeth are important to your health. That is why PEBA offers the State Dental Plan, which helps offset your dental expenses, and Dental Plus, a supplement to the State Dental Plan. To participate in Dental Plus, you must enroll in the State Dental Plan and cover the same family members under both plans.

State Dental Plan

The State Dental Plan offers these levels of treatment: diagnostic and preventive; basic; prosthodontics; and orthodontics. They are described on the next page. The lifetime orthodontics payment is \$1,000 for each covered child age 18 and younger. State Dental Plan benefits are paid based on the allowed amounts for each dental procedure listed in the plan's Schedule of Dental Procedures and Allowed Amounts. Be aware that your dentist's charge may be greater than the allowed amount.

The maximum yearly benefit for the State Dental Plan alone is \$1,000 for each subscriber or covered person. The State Dental Plan deductible is \$25 annually for each covered person who has dental services under Class II or Class III. The deductible for family coverage is limited to three per family per year, \$75.

If you enroll in the State
Dental Plan or Dental Plus,
you may not drop that coverage until the October 2015
enrollment period or until you
become eligible to change
coverage due to a special
eligibility situation. Special
eligibility situations are explained on pages 23-29.

Dental Plus

Dental Plus covers the first three levels of treatment at the same percentage as the State Dental Plan. However, the allowed amount is higher. **Dental Plus does not cover orthodontics.**

Under Dental Plus, payment for a covered service is based on the lesser of the dentist's charge or the Dental Plus allowed amount. This means you may only be responsible for any deductibles and coinsurance that apply. If your dentist charges more for covered services than the Dental Plus allowed amount, you will be responsible for paying the differ-

Employee premiums are on the next page. All premiums are on pages 225-228.

ence (plus deductibles and coinsurance), unless your dentist has agreed to accept the Dental Plus allowed amount as part of participation in the Dental Plus provider network.

PEBA Insurance Benefits offers only dentists in South Carolina and contiguous counties agreements to accept the lesser of their usual charge or the Dental Plus allowed amount. For a list of dentists who accept the agreement, go to StateSC.SouthCarolinaBlues.com and select "Find a Provider" under the "Find a Doctor or Hospital" section. Enter your location. Select "Advanced Search" on the main screen and follow the prompts.

If your dentist has not accepted PEBA Insurance Benefits' agreement, your benefits under Dental Plus will not be reduced. However, you will be responsible for the difference between your dentist's charge and the Dental Plus allowed amount plus deductibles and coinsurance.

The maximum yearly benefit for a person covered by **both** the State Dental Plan and Dental Plus is \$2,000. **There are no additional deductibles under Dental Plus.** However, the State Dental Plan deductible is subtracted from the Dental Plus payment, when applicable.

BCBSSC processes State Dental Plan and Dental Plus claims. Its address is P.O. Box 100300, Columbia, SC 29202-3300. Its Customer Service number is 888-214-6230 or 803-264-7323 (Greater Columbia area). The fax number is 803-264-7739.

Dental Benefits at a Glance

Not all dental procedures are covered. Reimbursement is based on the lesser of the dentist's actual charge or the plan's *allowed amount*, the most the plan allows for a covered service. Please see page 103 for more information.

Class	Covered Benefits	Plan	Yearly Deductible	Percent Covered	Maximum Payment
I Diagnostic and Preventive	Exams Cleaning and scaling of teeth Fluoride treatment Space maintainers (child) Emergency pain relief X-rays	State Dental Plan alone	None	100% of allowed amount	\$1,000 per person each year, com- bined for Classes I, II and III
•		with Dental Plus	None	100% of allowed amount	\$2,000² per person each year, com- bined for Classes I, II and III.
II Basic	- Crai sargery	State Dental Plan alone	\$25 per person. If you have services in Classes II and III, you pay only one deductible. Limited to three per family per year.	80% of allowed amount	\$1,000 per person each year, com- bined for Classes I, II and III
Period	canals) Periodontal procedures	with Dental Plus	No additional deductible	80% of allowed amount	\$2,000² per person each year, com- bined for Classes I, II and III
III Prosthodontics Onlays Crowns Bridges Dentures Implants Repair of prosthodon appliances	Crowns Bridges Dentures	State Dental Plan alone	\$25 per person. If you have services in Classes II and III, you pay only one deductible. Limited to three per family per year.	50% of allowed amount	\$1,000 per person each year, com- bined for Classes I, II and III
	Repair of prosthodontic	with Dental Plus	No additional deductible	50% of allowed amount	\$2,000² per person each year, com- bined for Classes I, II and III
IV Orthodontics ¹	Limited to covered children age 18 and younger. Correction of malocclusion Consisting of: diagnostic services (including models and X-rays) Active treatment (including necessary appliances)	State Dental Plan alone	None	50% of allowed amount	\$1,000 lifetime benefit for each covered child
		Dental Plus	Dental Plus does not cover orthodontic benefits	Dental Plus does not cover orthodontic benefits	Dental Plus does not cover orthodontic benefits

¹ A subscriber must submit a letter from his provider for a covered child, age 18 and younger, stating that the child's orthodontic treatment is not for cosmetic purposes for it to be covered by the State Dental Plan.

² \$2,000 is the maximum yearly payment for benefits when a member is enrolled in both the State Dental Plan and Dental Plus.

Active Employee		Dental	Dental Plus	Combined Dental/Dental Plus
Monthly Premiums	Employee	\$ 0.00	\$24.58	\$24.58
(Rates for local subdivisions	Employee/spouse	\$ 7.64	\$49.66	\$57.30
may vary. To check these rates, employees should	Employee/children	\$13.72	\$57.26	\$70.98
contact their benefits office.)	Full family	\$21.34	\$74.22	\$95.56

Claim Example (using Class III procedure)

Under the State Dental Plan and Dental Plus, Class III dental benefits (prosthodontics) are paid at 50 percent of the allowed amount after the \$25 deductible is met. The table below illustrates how the two plans work together using a crown (porcelain with predominantly base metal) as an example. The example assumes the \$25 deductible has been met. The Dental Plus payment is based on the current allowed amount for the Columbia area and may differ slightly depending on where your dentist is located. The Dental Plus allowed amounts are updated yearly.

State Dental Plan Only

Dentist's charge	\$1,200
State Dental Plan allowed amount	\$409.60
State Dental Plan payment (50% of the allowed amount)	\$204.80
Subscriber enrolled only in the State Dental Plan pays	\$995.20

State Dental Plan with Dental Plus

Dentist's Charge	\$1,200
Dental Plus allowed amount	\$1,090
Dental Plus payment	\$340.20
Total payment (State Dental Plan payment plus Dental Plus payment)	\$545 (This includes the State Dental Plan payment of \$204.80 and the Dental Plus payment of \$340.20.)
Subscriber enrolled in the State Dental Plan and Dental Plus pays	\$655
Subscriber enrolled in the State Dental Plan <u>and</u> Dental Plus pays if the dentist accepts the Dental Plus allowed amount	\$545

How to File a Dental Claim

The easiest way to file a claim is to assign benefits to your dentist. Assigning benefits means that you authorize your dentist to file claims for you and to receive payment from the plan for your treatment. To do

this, show a staff member in your dentist's office your dental identification card and ask that the claim be filed for you. Be sure to sign the payment authorization block of the claim form. BCBSSC will then pay your dentist directly. You are responsible for the difference between the plan's payment and the actual charge.

If you are covered under Dental Plus, BCBSSC will process your claims under the State Dental Plan and then under Dental Plus. You do not have

If your dentist will not file your claims, you can file them to BCBSSC. See page 236 for information on how to file a dental claim.

to submit additional claims. If you are covered under the State Dental Plan and Dental Plus, you will receive an Explanation of Benefits (EOB) from each plan. State Dental Plan EOBs have "State Dental Plan" on the front page, and the claim number begins with a "T." "Dental Plus Plan" is printed in the same place on the Dental Plus EOBs, and the claim number begins with a "V." The digits after the letter should be the same for both claims.

Special Provisions of the State Dental Plan

Alternate Forms of Treatment

If you or your dentist selects a more expensive or personalized treatment, the plan will cover the less costly procedure that is consistent with sound professional standards of dental care. BCBSSC uses guidelines based on usually and customarily provided services and standards of dental care to determine benefits and/or denials. Your dentist may bill you for the difference between his charges for the more costly procedure and what the plan allows for the alternate procedure. The plan will not allow you to apply the payment for the alternate procedure to the cost of the more expensive procedure, if the more expensive procedure is not a covered benefit. Examples of when a less costly procedure may apply are:

- An amalgam (silver-colored) filling is less costly than a composite (white) filling placed in a posterior (rear) tooth.
- Porcelain fused to a predominantly base metal crown is less costly than porcelain fused to a noble metal crown.

Pretreatment Estimates

Although it is not required, PEBA Insurance Benefits suggests that you obtain a Pretreatment Estimate of your non-emergency treatment if the charges will exceed \$500. To do this, you and your dentist should fill out a claim form before any work is done. The form should list the services to be performed and the charge for each one. Mail the claim form to BlueCross BlueShield of South Carolina, State Dental Claims Department, P.O. Box 100300, Columbia, SC 29202-3300. **Emergency treatment does not need a Pretreatment Estimate.**

You and your dentist will receive a Pretreatment Estimate form, which will show what part of the expenses your dental plan will cover. This form can be used to file for payment as the work is completed. Just fill in the date(s) of service, ask your dentist to sign the form and submit it to BCBSSC. Your Pretreatment Estimate is valid for one year from the date of the form. However, the date of service may affect the payment allowed. For example, if you have reached your maximum yearly payment when you have the service performed or if you no longer have dental coverage, you will not receive the amount that was approved on the Pretreatment Estimate form.

To determine the allowed amount for a procedure, ask your dentist for the procedure code. Then call BCBSSC Dental Customer Service at 888-214-6230.

If the State Dental Plan is your secondary insurance, the Pretreatment Estimate will not reflect the estimated coordinated payment, because BCBSSC will not know what your primary insurance will pay.

Exclusions: Dental Benefits not Offered

There are some dental benefits the State Dental Plan and Dental Plus do not offer. The dental plan document, which is available in your benefits administrator's office, lists all exclusions. The list below includes many of them. You may wish to take it with you when you discuss treatment with your dentist.

General Benefits not Offered

- Treatment received from a provider other than a licensed dentist. Cleaning or scaling of teeth by a licensed dental hygienist is covered when performed under the supervision and direction of a dentist.
- Services beyond the scope of the dentist's license.
- Services performed by a dentist who is a member of the covered person's family or for which the covered person was not previously charged or did not pay the dentist.
- Dental services or supplies that are rendered before the date you are eligible for coverage under this plan.
- Charges made directly to a covered person by a dentist for dental supplies (i.e., toothbrush, mechanical toothbrush, mouthwash or dental floss).
- Non-dental services, such as broken appointments and completion of claim forms.
- Nutritional counseling for the control of dental disease, oral hygiene instruction or training in preventive dental care.
- Services and supplies for which no charge is made or no payment would be required if the person did not have this benefit, including non-billable charges under the person's primary insurance plan.
- Services or supplies not recognized as acceptable dental practices by the American Dental Association.

Benefits Covered by Another Plan

- Treatment for which the covered person is entitled under any workers' compensation law.
- Services or supplies that are covered by the armed services of a government.
- Dental services for treatment of injuries as a result of an accident that are received during the first 12 months from the date of the accident. These services are covered under the member's health plan.

Specific Procedures not Covered

- Space maintainers for lost deciduous (primary) teeth if the covered person is age 19 or older.
- Experimental services or supplies.
- Onlays or crowns, when used for preventive or cosmetic purposes or due to erosion, abrasion or attrition.
- Services and supplies for cosmetic or aesthetic purposes, including charges for personalization or characterization of dentures, except for orthodontic treatment as provided for under this plan.
- Myofunctional therapy (i.e., correction of tongue thrusting).
- Appliances or therapy for the correction or treatment of temporo mandibular joint (TMJ) syndrome.
- Services to alter vertical dimension and/or for occlusion purposes or due to erosion, abrasion or attrition.
- Splinting or periodontal splinting, including extra abutments for bridges.
- Services for these tests and laboratory examinations: bacterial cultures for determining pathological agents, caries (tooth or bone destruction), susceptibility tests, diagnostic photographs and histopathologic exams.
- Pulp cap, direct or indirect (excluding final restoration).
- Provisional intracoronal and extracoronal (crown) splinting.
- Tooth transplantation or surgical repositioning of teeth.
- Occlusal adjustment (complete). Occlusal guards are covered for certain conditions. The provider should file office notes with the claim for review by the dental consultant.
- Temporary procedures, such as temporary fillings or temporary crowns.
- Rebase procedures.
- Stress breakers.
- Precision attachments.
- Procedures that are considered part of a more definitive treatment (i.e., an X-ray taken on the same day as a procedure).
- Inlays (cast metal and/or composite, resin, porcelain, ceramic). Benefits for inlays are based on the allowance of an alternate amalgam restoration.

- Gingivectomy/gingivoplasty in conjunction with or for the purpose of placement of restorations.
- Topical application of sealants per tooth for patients age 16 and older.

Limited Benefits

- More than two of these procedures during any plan year: oral examination, consultations (must be provided by a specialist) and prophylaxis (cleaning of the teeth). Four oral examinations will be allowed for patients requiring four cleanings a year.
- More than two periodontal prophylaxes. (Periodontal prophylaxes, scaling or root planing are available
 only to patients who have a history of periodontal treatment/surgery.) Four cleanings a year (a combination of prophylaxes and periodontal prophylaxes) are allowed for patients with a history of periodontal
 treatment/surgery.
- Bitewing X-rays more than twice during any plan year or more than one series of full-mouth X-rays or one panoramic film in any 36-month period, unless a special need for these services at more frequent intervals is documented as medically necessary by the dentist and approved by BSBSSC.
- More than two topical applications of fluoride or fluoride varnish during any plan year.
- Topical application of sealants for patients age 15 and younger; payment is limited to one treatment every three years and applies to permanent unrestored molars only.
- More than one root canal treatment on the same tooth. Additional treatment (retreatment) should be submitted with the appropriate American Dental Association procedure code and documentation from your dentist.
- More than four quadrants in any 36-month period of gingival curettage, gingivectomy, osseous (bone) surgery or periodontal scaling and root planing.
- Bone replacement grafts performed on the same site more than once in any 36-month period.
- Full mouth debridement for treatment of gingival inflammation if performed more than once per lifetime.
- Tissue conditioning for upper and lower dentures is limited to twice per unit in any 36-month period.
- The application of desensitizing medicaments is limited to two times per quadrant per year, and the sole purpose of the medication used must be for desensitization.
- No more than one composite or amalgam restoration per surface in a 12-month period.
- Replacement of cast restorations (crowns, bridges, implants) or prosthodontics (complete and partial
 dentures) within five years of the original placement unless evidence is submitted and is satisfactory
 to the third-party claims administrator that: 1) the existing cast restoration or prosthodontic cannot be
 made serviceable; or 2) the existing denture is an immediate temporary denture and replacement by a
 permanent denture is required, and that such replacement is delivered or seated within 12 months of
 the delivery or seat date of the immediate temporary denture.
- Addition of teeth to an existing removable partial or fixed bridge unless evidence is submitted and is satisfactory to the third-party claims processor that the addition of teeth is required for the initial placement of one or more natural teeth.

Prosthodontic and Orthodontic Benefits

Benefits are not payable for prosthodontics (ie., crowns, crowns seated on implants, bridges, partial or complete dentures) until they are seated or delivered. Other exclusions and limitations for these services include:

- Prosthodontics (including bridges, crowns and implants) and their fitting that were ordered while the
 person was covered under the plan, but were delivered or seated more than 90 days after termination
 of coverage.
- Replacement of lost or stolen prosthodontics, space maintainers or orthodontic appliances or charges for spare or duplicate dentures or appliances.
- Replacement of broken orthodontic appliances.
- Replacement of existing cast prosthodontics unless otherwise specified in the dental plan document.
- Orthodontic treatment for employees, retirees, spouses or covered children age 19 and older.

- · Payment for orthodontic treatment over the lifetime maximum.
- Orthodontic services after the month a covered child becomes ineligible for orthodontic coverage.

Please note: Dental Plus does not cover orthodontic services.

Coordination of Benefits

If you are covered by more than one dental plan, you may file a claim for reimbursement from both plans. Coordination of benefits enables both plans' administrators to work together to give you the maximum benefit allowed. However, the sum of the combined payments will never be more than the *allowed amount* for your covered dental procedures. (The *allowed amount* is the amount the State Dental Plan lists for each dental procedure in the Schedule of Dental Procedures and Allowed Amounts. Dental Plus allowed amounts are higher.) When your state dental coverage is secondary, it pays up to the allowed amount of your state dental coverage minus what the primary plan paid. See the following examples.

You will never receive more from your state dental coverage than the maximum yearly benefit, which is \$1,000 for a person covered by the State Dental Plan and \$2,000 for a person covered by both the State Dental Plan and Dental Plus. The maximum lifetime benefit for orthodontic services is \$1,000, and it is limited to covered children age 18 and younger.

How Coordination of Benefits Works with Dental Coverage

Example 1

(Using an adult cleaning, a Class I procedure, which has no deductible and which is payable at 100 percent of the allowed amount.) The Dental Plus payment is based on the current allowed amount for the Columbia area and may differ slightly based on where your dentist is located. The Dental Plus allowed amounts are updated yearly.

Dentist's Charge	\$100
Benefit payable under primary plan (assuming \$60 is the allowed amount and payable at 100 percent)	\$60
Benefit payable if the State Dental Plan were primary (\$30.10, the allowed amount, is payable at 100 percent)	\$30.10
State Dental Plan's secondary payment	\$0 (No benefit is payable under the State Dental Plan, since the sum of total benefits paid under all dental plans cannot exceed the State Dental Plan allowed amount of \$30.10.)
You pay if you have primary coverage and State Dental Plan coverage	\$40
Dental Plus allowed amount	\$72
Dental Plus secondary payment	\$12 (An additional \$12 is payable if you have Dental Plus, due to higher Dental Plus allowed amount of \$72.)
You pay if you have primary coverage, State Dental Plan coverage <u>and</u> Dental Plus coverage	\$28

Example 2

(Using a porcelain crown fused to a predominantly metal base, a Class III procedure for which the deductible has been paid and which is payable at 50 percent of the allowed amount.) The Dental Plus payment is based on the current allowed amount for the Columbia area and may differ slightly based on where your dentist is located. The Dental Plus allowed amounts are updated yearly.

Dentist's charge	\$1,000
Benefit payable under primary plan (assuming \$1,000 is the allowed amount and payable at 50 percent)	\$500
Benefit payable if State Dental Plan were primary (\$409.60, the allowed amount, is payable at 50 percent)	\$204.80
State Dental Plan's secondary payment	\$0 (No benefit is payable under the State Dental Plan, since the sum of total benefits paid under all dental plans cannot exceed the State Dental Plan allowed amount of \$409.60.)
You pay if you have primary coverage and State Dental Plan coverage	\$500
Dental Plus allowed amount	\$1,000
Dental Plus secondary payment	\$500 (An additional \$500 is payable if you have Dental Plus, due to the higher Dental Plus allowed amount of \$1,000.)
You pay if you have primary coverage, State Dental Plan coverage <u>and</u> Dental Plus coverage	\$0

For detailed information about coordination of benefits, including how to determine which plan pays first, see page 12. If your state dental coverage is secondary, you must send the Explanation of Benefits you receive from your primary plan with your claim to BCBSSC.

If you have questions, contact BCBSSC toll-free at 888-214-6230 or 803-264-7323 (Greater Columbia area), your benefits office or PEBA Insurance Benefits.

Website: StateSC.SouthCarolinaBlues.com

Information about the State Dental Plan and Dental Plus is now included in the BCBSSC website designed for PEBA Insurance Benefits subscribers. At the site, you can:

- Sign up for paperless Explanations of Benefits (EOB)
- Find Dental Plus network providers through the "Find a Doctor or Hospital" section
- Review your eligibility and benefits
- Check your claims and view your EOBs
- Check pretreatment estimates
- Report other dental coverage.

Appeals

If BCBSSC denies all or part of your claim or proposed treatment, you will be informed promptly. If you have questions about the decision, check the information in this book or call for an explanation. If you believe the decision was incorrect, you may ask BCBSSC to re-examine its decision. The request for review should be made in writing within six months after notice of the decision by writing to BCBSSC, Attn: State Dental Appeals, AX-B15, P.O. Box 100300, Columbia, SC 29202.

If you are still dissatisfied after BCBSSC has reviewed the decision, you have 90 days to request, in writing, that PEBA review the decision. If the decision is upheld by the PEBA Health Appeals Committee, you have 30 days to seek judicial review as provided by Sections 1-11-710 and 1-23-380 of the S.C. Code of Laws, as amended.

Vision Care

Vision Care Table of Contents

Contents

State Vision Plan	113
Vision Benefits at a Glance	113
Frequency of Benefits	115
Using the EyeMed Provider Network	
How to Order Contact Lenses by Mail	
Out-of-network Benefits	
Exclusions and Limitations	
Access to Information about Your Vision Benefits	
Appeals	
Vision Care Discount Program	
Providers Are Available Statewide	
No Claims to File	

Introduction

Good vision is crucial for work and play. It is also a significant part of your overall health. A yearly eye exam can help detect serious illnesses, such as high blood pressure, heart disease and diabetes. That is why the Public Employee Benefit Authority (PEBA) offers vision care benefits through the State Vision Plan, which is provided through EyeMed Vision Care®.

State Vision Plan



The State Vision Plan is available to eligible active employees, retirees, survivors, permanent, part-time teachers and COBRA subscribers and their covered family members. Subscribers pay the premium without an employer contribution.

The program covers comprehensive eye examinations, frames, lenses and lens options, and contact lens services and materials. It also offers discounts on additional pairs of eyeglasses and contact lenses. A discount of 15 percent on the retail price and 5 percent on a promotional price is offered on LASIK and PRK vision correction through the U.S. Laser Network. Medical treatment of your eyes, such as eye diseases or surgery, is covered by your health plan.

The applicable sales tax on any benefit, such as eyeglasses or contact lenses, is not covered by the State Vision Plan.

Please note: A benefit may not be combined with any discount, promotional offering or other group benefit plan.

Vision Benefits at a Glance

Service	In-Network – Member Cost	Out-of-Network Reimbursement	
Comprehensive Exam With dilation, as necessary (limited to once a year)	Member pays \$10 copay	Member is reimbursed up to \$35	
Retinal Imaging Discount (Optional) (not a covered benefit)	Member pays no more than \$39	N/A	
	Eyeglasses		
Frames (limited to once every two years; this applies to any frames available at the provider's location)	\$0 copay, member receives \$140 allowance and pays 80% of balance over \$140 (This benefit cannot be used with any promotion.)	Member is reimbursed up to \$70	
Standard Plastic Lenses* (limited to once a year)			
Single Vision	Member pays \$10 copay	Member is reimbursed up to \$25	
Bifocal	Member pays \$10 copay	Member is reimbursed up to \$40	
Trifocal	Member pays \$10 copay	Member is reimbursed up to \$55	
Lenticular	Member pays \$10 copay	Member is reimbursed up to \$55	
Standard, premium progressive lenses	See chart below	See chart below	
Lens Add-ons			
UV treatment, Tint (solid, gradient), Standard scratch coating and Standard polycarbonate lens (under age 19 only)	Member pays \$0 (for each option)	Member is reimbursed up to \$5 (for each option)	
Standard polycarbonate lens (adults)	Member pays \$30 copay	Member is reimbursed up to \$5	

Service	In-Network – Member Cost	Out-of-Network Reimbursement	
Standard anti-reflective coating	\$45	N/A	
Premium anti-reflective coating	See chart below	N/A	
Polarized	20% off retail price	N/A	
Transition plastic lenses	Member pays \$60 copay	Member is reimbursed up to \$5	
Other add-ons	20% off retail price	N/A	
*Glass eyeglass lenses are not covered	under the plan. As a non-covered item, they a	re offered at a 20% discount.	
Contact Lenses (available in place of eyeglass lens benefit; limit	ted to once per year)*	
Contact Lens Fit and Follow-Up (available after a comprehensive eye exam has been completed)	Standard: \$0 copay, paid in full fit and two follow-up visits Premium: member receives 10% off retail price then \$55 allowance is applied	Standard: Member is reimbursed up to \$40 Premium: Member is reimbursed up to \$40	
Conventional	\$0 copay, member receives \$130 allowance and pays 85% of balance over \$130	Member is reimbursed up to \$104	
Disposable	\$0 copay, member receives \$130 allowance and pays balance over \$130	Member is reimbursed up to \$104	
Medically Necessary Contact Lenses	Member pays \$0 copay, paid in full	Member is reimbursed up to \$200	
Additional Savings			
Savings on Additional Pairs of Eyeglasses and Contact Lenses	Member receives 40% off complete pairs of prescription eyeglasses and 15% off conventional contact lenses after the funded benefit has been used.	N/A	

^{*} The contact lens allowance includes materials only. Your allowance for disposable contact lenses is \$130. You do not need to use this allowance all at once. For example, you can use \$50 of the allowance when you purchase your first supply of disposable contacts and the remainder of the allowance later.

- A standard contact lens fitting includes clear, soft, spherical, daily wear contact lenses for single-vision prescriptions. It does not include extended/overnight wear lenses.
- A *premium* contact lens fitting is more complex and may include fitting for bifocal/multifocal, cosmetic color, post-surgical and gas-permeable lenses. It also includes extended/overnight wear lenses.

Plan exclusions and limitations may apply. Please refer to page 117 for details.

Progressive Lens and Anti-Reflective Coating Schedules

Service	In-Network – Member Cost	Out-of-Network Reimbursement			
	Progressive Lens Price List*				
Standard Progressive Lenses	Member pays \$45	Member is reimbursed up to \$55			
Premium Progressives (Scheduled)	Member pays \$65 - \$90 copay	Member is reimbursed up to \$55			
Other Premium Progressives (Non-scheduled)	\$45 copay, member receives \$120 allowance and pays 80% of balance over \$120	Member is reimbursed up to \$55			
	Anti-reflective Coating Price List*				
Standard Anti-reflective Coating	Member pays \$45	N/A			
Premium Anti-reflective Coatings (Scheduled)	Member pays \$57- \$68	N/A			
Other Premium Anti-reflective Coatings (Non-scheduled)	Member pays 80% of charge	N/A			
Other Add-ons Price List					
Other Add-ons and Services	Member receives 20% off retail price	N/A			

^{*}Products listed as premium progressives and premium anti-reflectives are subject to annual review by EyeMed's medical director and may change based on market conditions. The copay listed applies to particular brand names of lenses. Providers are not required to carry all brands at all levels. Providers can give members names and prices of specific products upon request. For a complete list of brands, go to http://www.eyemedvisioncare.com/theme/pdf/microsite-template/eyemedlenslist.pdf

The Importance of Eye Exams

Eye exams are important for good health. A comprehensive eye exam not only detects the need for vision correction, but it can also reveal early signs of many medical conditions, including diabetes and high blood pressure. A comprehensive exam is covered as part of your EyeMed benefit once a year with a \$10 copay.

Some providers may offer an optional retinal imaging exam for up to \$39. It provides high-resolution pictures of the inside of the eye. **This is a discount, not a covered benefit.**

Note: To assure you are only charged the \$10 vision exam copayment, tell your provider you want only the services the State Vision Plan defines as a "comprehensive eye exam."

Frequency of Benefits

The State Vision Plan covers:

- · A comprehensive eye exam once a year
- · Standard plastic lenses for eyeglasses or contact lenses, instead of eyeglass lenses, once a year
- Frames once every two years.

Examples of What you Might Pay for Services Under the State Vision Plan

Example 1

Service	Average Retail Prices*	State Vision Plan benefits	In-Network Cost (Member out-of-pocket)
Eye examination	\$88	\$10 copay	\$10
Frames	\$200	\$140 allowance, plus 20% off balance	\$48
Lenses Single vision Polycarbonate (adults) Premium anti-reflective (Crizal Alize)	\$72 \$62 \$97	\$10 copay \$30 copay \$68 copay	\$10 \$30 \$68
Totals	\$519		\$166

Example 2

Average Retail Prices*	State Vision Plan benefits	In-Network Cost (Member out-of-pocket)
\$88	\$10 copay	\$10
\$140	\$140 allowance, plus 20% off balance	\$0
\$230 \$97	\$77 copay \$68 copay	\$77 \$68
\$555		\$155
	\$88 \$140 \$230 \$97	\$88 \$10 copay \$140 \$140 allowance, plus 20% off balance \$230 \$77 copay \$97 \$68 copay

Example 3

Service	Average Retail Prices*	State Vision Plan benefits	In-Network Cost (Member out-of-pocket)
Eye examination	\$88	\$10 copay	\$10

Service	Average Retail Prices*	State Vision Plan benefits	In-Network Cost (Member out-of-pocket)
Contact lens fit and follow-up (standard)	\$71	\$0 copay	\$0
Disposable contact lenses	\$130	\$130 allowance	\$0
Totals	\$289		\$10
*Based on industry averages. Prices and costs will vary by market and provider type. Premiums are not included			

Please note: The applicable sales tax on any benefit, such as eyeglasses or contact lenses, is not covered by the State Vision Plan.

Using the EyeMed Provider Network

The EyeMed network includes private practitioners and optical retailers in South Carolina and nationwide. Retailers include LensCrafters®, Sears OpticalSM, Target Optical®, JCPenney® Optical and participating Pearle Vision® locations. When you use a network provider, you are only responsible for copayments and any charges that remain after allowances and discounts have been applied to your bill. Also, the network provider will file your claim.

To find a network provider:

- Check network providers in or near your ZIP code on the list that comes with your membership card.
- To review the online directory, which is the most up-to-date, go to the PEBA Insurance Benefits website, www.eip.sc.gov. Select "Online Directories," and then click on "State Vision Plan State of South Carolina Access Network (EyeMed)." That will take you to the provider directory on the EyeMed website. You may enter your ZIP code or address to find a provider close to you.
- Use the Interactive Voice Response system or speak with a representative at the Customer Care Center at 877-735-9314. To speak with a customer service representative, choose your language ("1" is for English) and then say, "Provider Locator."
- You may also ask your provider if he accepts EyeMed coverage.

When you make an appointment, tell the office staff you are covered by EyeMed. It is best to bring your State Vision Plan identification card to your appointment. However, you are not required to do so.

How to Order Contact Lenses by Mail

You can also save money by ordering replacement contact lenses at competitive prices through www.eyemedcontacts.com. Log on to the site and follow the instructions for ordering. You will be asked to select your doctor and will also need to have a valid prescription. Your contacts will be delivered directly to your home. **Please note:** Your plan allowance and discounts do not apply to this service, so it is best to wait to use it until after you have exhausted your benefit.

Out-of-network Benefits

Your benefits are lower when you use a provider outside the network. To learn what you will be reimbursed if you use an out-of-network provider for covered services and supplies, see the charts on pages 113-114.

To receive out-of-network services:

- Request an out-of-network claim form from EyeMed's Customer Care Center. You may also print one
 from the PEBA Insurance Benefits website, www.eip.sc.gov. Select "Forms." The out-of-network claim
 form is listed under "Vision Care Benefits."
- When you receive services, pay for them and ask your provider for an itemized receipt.
- Send the claim form and a copy of your receipt to: EyeMed Vision Care, Attn: OON Claims, P.O. Box

EyeMed's member website

is mobile optimized for use

on a smartphone or a tablet.

8504, Mason, Ohio 45040-7111. Your reimbursement will be sent to you.

For information about out-of-network services, call the Customer Care Center at 877-735-9314. Please have your State Vision Plan ID card handy.

Exclusions and Limitations

Some services and products are not covered by your vision care benefits. They include:

- 1. Orthoptic (problems with the use of eye muscles) or vision training, subnormal vision aids and any associated supplemental testing
- 2. Aniseikonic lenses (lenses to correct a condition in which the image of an object in one eye differs from the image of it in the other eye)
- 3. Medical and/or surgical treatment of the eye, eyes or supporting structures
- 4. Any eye or vision examination, or any corrective eyewear required by an employer as a condition of employment; safety eyewear
- 5. Services that would be provided by the government under any workers' compensation law, or similar legislation, whether federal, state or local
- 6. Plano (non-prescription) lenses and/or contact lenses
- 7. Non-prescription sunglasses
- 8. Two pairs of glasses instead of bifocals
- 9. Services provided by any other group benefit plan offering vision care
- 10. Services provided after the date the enrollee is no longer covered under the policy, except when vision materials ordered before coverage ended are delivered and the services are provided to the enrollee within 31 days from the date the materials were ordered
- 11. Lost or broken lenses, frames, glasses or contact lenses will not be replaced until they are next scheduled to be replaced under Frequency of Benefits.
- 12. A benefit may not be combined with any discount, promotional offering or other group benefit plans.

Access to Information about Your Vision Benefits

Website: www.eyemedvisioncare.com

At EyeMed's website click on "Members," register and login. Then you can:

- Monitor the status of your claim.
- Print an I.D. card or an out-of-network claim form.
- Go paperless and receive Explanations of Benefits (EOBs) electronically.
- Check benefit information. You must register and log in to check your benefits, find out which family members are covered and learn when you are next eligible for service. You may also find a network
 - provider. Providers are available in South Carolina and nationwide. Some network providers schedule appointments online.
- Order replacement contact lenses and learn about LASIK vision correction.
- Find answers to "Common Questions." Select "Member Resources."

Under "Wellness 101," you can watch videos about eye exams and learn about selecting eyewear. Under "Disease Awareness," you can read about children's vision care, eye diseases and vision and aging.

Contacting EyeMed Vision Care

You can reach EyeMed's Customer Care Center by telephone or by selecting "Contact Us" on EyeMed's home page. Be sure to have this information ready:

The first and last name of the subscriber

- The subscriber's Benefits ID number or Social Security number
- The group number for the State Vision Plan: 9756347
- A fax number or address, if you are asking for information by fax or mail.

Department Hours Number

Customer Care Center and 7:30 a.m. – 11 p.m., ET, Mon. – Sat. 877-735-9314

Interactive Voice Response 11 a.m. – 8 p.m., ET, Sun.

Appeals

If a claims question cannot be resolved by EyeMed's Customer Care Center, the subscriber may write to the Quality Assurance Team at EyeMed Vision Care, Attn: Quality Assurance Dept., 4000 Luxottica Place, Mason, OH 45040. Information may also be faxed to 866-552-9115. This team will work with the subscriber to resolve the issue within 30 days. If the subscriber is dissatisfied with the team's decision, he may appeal to an appeals subcommittee, whose members were not involved in the original decision. All appeals are resolved within 30 days of the date the subcommittee received the appeal.

Vision Care Discount Program



This program offers discounted vision care services. Providers throughout the state have agreed to charge no more than \$60¹ for a routine, comprehensive eye exam. If you are fitted for contact lenses, you may pay more because that can require additional services. Providers, including opticians, also have agreed to give a 20-percent¹ discount on all eyewear except disposable contact lenses.

¹These amounts can change yearly. Contact your benefits office, provider or PEBA Insurance Benefits for the current amounts.

Full-time and part-time employees, retirees, survivors and COBRA subscribers, as well as their family members, are eligible. You do not have to be enrolled in a health plan. You may need to show employment-related identification to prove you are eligible for the program.

A member may not use the discount program and vision plan benefits at the same time. However, if he is enrolled in the vision plan and wants a second eye exam during the year, he can have one for \$60 through the discount program.

Providers Are Available Statewide

To see participating providers listed by county in South Carolina, North Carolina and Georgia, go to the PEBA Insurance Benefits website, www.eip.sc.gov. Choose "Online Directories" and then "Vision Care Discount Program."

If your provider is not listed, you may wish to ask if he gives discounts through the state's discount program. If he would like to participate, he should call PEBA Insurance Benefits. Although PEBA Insurance Benefits lists participating providers, the state does not recommend any specific provider. If you do not have Internet access, ask your BA to print a copy of the list for you.

No Claims to File

With the Vision Care Discount Program, you do not file claims and will not receive reimbursement for vision examinations or eyewear, including contacts. Active employees who have a MoneyPlus Medical Spending Account or a limited-use Medical Spending Account can file for reimbursement for vision care expenses. If you have questions about this program, please contact your benefits office or PEBA Insurance Benefits.

Life Insurance

Life Insurance Table of Contents

Basic Life Insurance Program	121
Optional Life Insurance Program	
Contract Terms	
Enrolling in Optional Life Insurance	126
Your Life Insurance Benefits	128
Your Benefits and How Claims Are Paid	128
Will Preparation and Estate Resolution Services Available Through MetLife	129
Your Accidental Death and Dismemberment Benefits	129
Schedule of Accidental Losses and Benefits	129
Other Benefits	130
Claims	132
Extension of Benefits	132
When Your Coverage Ends	133
Dependent Life Insurance Program	134
Enrollment and Eligibility	134
Dependent Life Benefits	137
Payment of Claims	137
When Dependent Life Insurance Coverage Ends	138

Basic Life Insurance Program

PEBA Insurance Benefits' life insurance program is provided through MetLife®, Metropolitan Life Insurance Company.

Who Is Eligible?

The Basic Life Insurance program provides \$3,000 in *term life insurance* to all eligible employees younger than age 70 and \$1,500 to eligible employees age 70 or older. If you are an active, permanent, full-time employee who is enrolled in a state health insurance plan, you are eligible for this benefit.

Enrollment

Basic Life Insurance is provided at no cost to all eligible employees. Enrollment is automatic with enrollment in the State Health Plan or BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO.

Your coverage begins on the first day of the month if you are actively at work on that day as a permanent, full-time employee. If you begin work as a permanent, full-time employee, or if your coverage is approved, later in the month, your coverage begins on the first day of the following month. All effective dates of coverage are subject to the Deferred Effective Date provision (see page 124).

Basic Life, like all life insurance offered through PEBA Insurance Benefits, is *term life insurance*. Term life insurance provides coverage for a specific period of time. The policy has no cash value.

Schedule of Accidental Losses and Benefits

In addition to any life insurance benefit, MetLife will pay a benefit according to the schedule below if:

- 1. You suffer accidental bodily injury while your insurance is in force;
- 2. A loss results directly from such injury, independent of all other causes; and
- 3. Such a loss occurs within 365 days after the date of the accident causing the injury.

Loss of a hand or foot, means actual and permanent severance from the body at or above the wrist or ankle joint. Loss of sight, speech or hearing, means entire and irrecoverable loss. Loss of both a thumb and index finger of same hand, means actual and permanent severance from the body at or above the meta-carpophalangeal joints.

<u>Description of Loss</u> <u>Benefit</u>

Life Maximum Benefit Maximum Benefit Both Hands or Both Feet or Sight of Both Eyes Maximum Benefit One Hand and One Foot Speech, and Hearing in Both Ears Maximum Benefit Either Hand or Foot and Sight of One Eye Maximum Benefit Movement of Both Upper and Lower Limbs (Quadriplegia) Maximum Benefit Movement of Both Lower Limbs (Paraplegia) Three-quarters of Maximum Benefit Movement of both legs and one arm, or both arms and one leg Three-quarters of Maximum Benefit Movement of the Upper and Lower Limbs of One Side of the Body (Hemiplegia) One-half of Maximum Benefit Either Hand or Foot One-half of Maximum Benefit

Sight of One Eye Speech, or Hearing in Both Ears Movement of One Limb (Uniplegia) Thumb and Index Finger of Same Hand One-half of Maximum Benefit
One-half of Maximum Benefit
One-quarter of Maximum Benefit
One-quarter of Maximum Benefit

The Maximum Benefit is equal to your amount of Life Insurance.

What Is Not Covered?

No accidental death or dismemberment benefits are payable if the loss is caused, or contributed to, by:

- Sickness or any other cause that is not considered accidental
- Intentionally self-inflicted injury
- Suicide or attempted suicide, whether sane or insane
- War or act of war, whether declared or not
- Injury sustained while on full-time active duty as a member of the armed forces (land, water, air) of any country or international authority
- Injury sustained while committing or attempting to commit a felony
- Injury sustained while taking drugs, including, but not limited to, sedatives, narcotics, barbiturates, amphetamines or hallucinogens, unless prescribed by, or administered by, a physician, or
- Benefits will not be paid for any loss if the insured is intoxicated at the time of the incident and is the operator of a vehicle or other device involved in the incident. *Intoxicated* means the blood alcohol content; the results of other means of testing blood alcohol level; or the results of other means of testing other substances that meet or exceed the legal presumption of intoxication or under the influence, under the law of the state where the accident occurred.

How Claims Are Paid

Benefits are paid within 60 days after acceptable proof of loss is received. Benefits for loss of life are paid to your named beneficiary. Benefits other than loss of life will be paid directly to you. To pay benefits, MetLife must be given a written proof of loss. This means a claim must be filed as described below.

First, a claim form should be requested from your benefits office. This should be done within 30 days after the loss occurs or as soon as reasonably possible. Next, the claim form should be completed and signed. If a physician must complete part of the claim form, he must also sign that part.

Finally, the claim form and an original death certificate with a raised seal or a red seal (if filing a death claim) should be returned to the employee's benefits office.

The claim form should be filed within 90 days after the loss occurs or as soon as reasonably possible. Claims must be filed no later than 15 months after the loss occurs, unless the person filing the claim is not legally capable of doing so.

Retired employees: For questions about coverage, conversion, etc., call Life Recordkeeping Customer Service at 866-492-6983. For questions about claims, call the Life Claim Department Customer Service at 800-638-6420.

Extension of Benefits

When your health coverage as an active employee ends, you will no longer be eligible for Basic Life coverage. However, you may convert your coverage.

Conversion

If you are terminating employment, you may convert your coverage to an individual *whole life* policy. To do so, contact your benefits administrator, who will provide you with a Notice of Group Life Insurance Conversion Privilege form. Follow the instructions on the form and contact MetLife if you are interested in converting coverage. Note that the conversion notice is not an application for insurance – you must meet with a MetLife agent to complete an application within 31 days of the date group coverage ends. If you are unable to obtain the form from your benefits administrator, contact PEBA Insurance Benefits for assistance.

Note: Whole life is a permanent form of life insurance.

Optional Life Insurance Program

The Contract

The contract for the Optional Life Insurance program, term life insurance with Accidental Death and Dismemberment Coverage, consists of: the policy, which is issued to PEBA Insurance Benefits; PEBA Insurance Benefits application, which is attached to the policy; and your application, if required. The policy is held by PEBA Insurance Benefits. This section of the *Insurance Benefits Guide* is the summary of your coverage.

Changes in the Insurance Contract

The insurance contract may be changed at any time as long as MetLife and PEBA Insurance Benefits agree on the change. No one else has the authority to change the contract. Changes in the contract may affect any class of insured people and do not require your or your beneficiary's consent. All changes must be in writing, made a part of the policy and signed by an official of MetLife and of PEBA Insurance Benefits.

Applications

The Notice of Election (NOE) and/or Statement of Health form that you complete to be covered by this plan are considered your application for life insurance coverage. MetLife may use misstatements or omissions in your application to contest the validity of insurance or to deny a claim. However, MetLife must first give you or your beneficiary a copy of the application that is being contested. MetLife will not use your application to contest insurance that has been in force for two years or more during your lifetime.

Cafeteria Plan (MoneyPlus) Election Restrictions

This policy is part of a cafeteria plan (MoneyPlus) sponsored by your employer and governed by the requirements of Sections 105, 125 and 129 of the Internal Revenue Code. The rules of the cafeteria plan will supersede any parts of the policy that are in conflict with them. By law, cafeteria plans are subject to the following restrictions: The benefits you elect during the enrollment period will remain in effect until the next enrollment period. Section 125 allows exceptions to this rule only in specified situations, including change in family status and commencement or termination of employment as described in the MoneyPlus section of this handbook. Active employees can pay Optional Life insurance premiums for coverage up to \$50,000 before taxes through the MoneyPlus Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature (see page 159). Retired employees are not eligible.

Legal Action

No legal action can be brought against MetLife sooner than 60 days after the date proof of loss is furnished or more than six years after the date that written proof of loss is required.

Contract Terms

For the purposes of your Optional Life coverage, the following terms apply:

Actively at Work

As an employee, you will be considered actively at work with your employer on a day that is one of your employer's scheduled workdays. On that day, you must be performing, for wage or profit, all of the regular duties of your job in the usual way and for your usual number of hours. You will also be considered to be actively at work on any regularly scheduled vacation day or holiday, only if you were actively at work on the preceding scheduled work day.

Accidental Death and Dismemberment (AD&D)

Accidental death and dismemberment. See pages 129-130 for information on AD&D benefits.

Amount of Life Insurance

The benefit amount payable upon your death.

Basic Salary

The actual amount you are compensated by your employer per year, including merit and longevity increases. It does not include commissions, annuities, bonuses, overtime or incentive pay. If you are a teacher, it does not include compensation for summer school.

Beneficiaries

The person(s) to whom MetLife will pay insurance if you die. You may change your Optional Life beneficiaries at any time.

Deferred Effective Date

If you are absent from work due to a physical or mental condition, including absence due to maternity/birth, on the date your insurance would otherwise have become effective or would have been increased, the effective date of insurance or the effective date of any increase in insurance will be the first of the month after the date you return to work as an active, permanent, full-time employee for one full day.

PEBA

The S.C. Public Employee Benefit Authority.

Employee

A person who is classified as a full-time, permanent employee who receives compensation from a department, agency, board, commission or institution of the state; public school districts; county governments (including county council members); local subdivisions; and other eligible employers approved by state law and participating in the state insurance program. Members of the South Carolina General Assembly, cleri-

cal and administrative employees of the General Assembly, and judges in the state courts are also considered employees eligible for coverage. An employee is classified for insurance purposes as full-time if he works at least 30 hours per week in a permanent position. Active employees who work at least 20 hours per week may also be eligible if the covered employer has elected, and PEBA Insurance Benefits has approved, an irrevocable option to elect the definition of full-time to mean at least 20 hours per week. Employees must be citizens or legal residents of the United States, its territories and its protectorates, excluding temporary, leased or seasonal employees.

Injury

Injury means bodily injury resulting directly from an accident and independently of all other causes, which occurs while you or your spouse are covered under the policy. Loss resulting from sickness or disease, except a pus-forming infection that occurs through an accidental wound or medical or surgical treatment of a sickness or disease, is not considered as resulting from injury.

Maximum Amount of Life Insurance

Medical evidence of good health may be required for the amount of coverage that you select. The maximum eligible amount for all eligible employees is \$500,000.

MetLife®

Metropolitan Life Insurance Company.

Notice of Election Form (NOE)

The application form you use to enroll or change your coverage level or beneficiary.

Statement of Health Form

The form used to provide medical evidence of good health to MetLife.

Physician

A person who is a doctor of medicine, osteopathy, psychology or other legally qualified practitioner of a healing art that MetLife recognizes or is required by law to recognize, licensed to practice in the jurisdiction where care is being given, practicing within the scope of that license and not related to the employee by blood or marriage.

Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature

This feature allows you to pay your Optional Life insurance premiums for coverage up to \$50,000 before taxes are taken out of your paycheck. Retirees are not eligible to participate in the Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature.

Sickness

A disease, disorder or condition that requires treatment by a physician.

Special Eligibility Situation

An event that allows an eligible employee to enroll himself or make changes in the state Optional Life program. Examples include: birth, marriage, adoption or divorce. Involuntary loss of other group life benefits provided by the spouse's group life plan applies only to those who lost the coverage. They are eligible to enroll in coverage with medical evidence of good health. Enrollment changes must be requested within 31

days of the qualifying event. A salary increase does not constitute a special eligibility situation.

Transferring Employee

As an active employee, you can move from one participating employer to another as a transfer, provided there is no more than a 15 calendar-day break in employment. In addition, if there is not a break in your insurance coverage, you are considered a transfer. Academic employees who complete a school term and move to another academic setting at the beginning of the next school term are also considered transfers. A transferring employee is not considered a new hire for insurance program purposes. At the time of transfer, you will transfer to your new employer with all insurance programs in effect with your previous employer as any other continuing employee. Refer to the Enrollment and Eligibility section in this chapter for rules and procedures.

When you terminate employment, tell your benefits administrator that you are transferring from one participating employer to another. PEBA Insurance Benefits will produce a transfer form that will be sent to the benefits administrator at your new employer.

You

A person who is insured under the policy.

Enrolling in Optional Life Insurance

Participation in the Optional Life Insurance Program with Accidental Death and Dismemberment Coverage is on a voluntary, employee-pays-all basis. All premiums are paid by the participants with no contribution by PEBA Insurance Benefits or the state of South Carolina.

Premiums

Optional Life premiums are determined by your age on the preceding December 31 and the amount of insurance you select. Active employees can pay premiums before taxes through MoneyPlus (see page 159). Retired employees are not eligible for the Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature. Optional Life premiums begin on page 229.

Initial Enrollment

If you are an employee of a participating employer of the state of South Carolina, you can enroll in Optional Life Insurance within 31 days of the date you are hired. To enroll, you must complete the required forms, including an NOE. Coverage is not automatic. You can elect coverage, in \$10,000 increments, up to the lesser of three times your basic annual earnings (rounded down to the nearest \$10,000) or \$500,000 without providing medical evidence of good health. You can apply for a higher benefit level, in increments of \$10,000, up to a maximum of \$500,000, by providing medical evidence of good health.

Your coverage begins on the first day of the month coinciding with or the first of the month following the date in which you enroll in the Optional Life program if you are actively at work on that day as a permanent, full-time employee. If you enroll for an amount of coverage that requires medical evidence of good health, your coverage effective date for the amount requiring medical evidence will be the first of the month following approval. All effective dates of coverage are subject to the Deferred Effective Date provision (see page 124).

Late Entry With the Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature

If you participate in the MoneyPlus Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature and do not enroll within 31 days of the date you begin employment, you can enroll only within 31 days of a special eligibility situa-

tion (see page 125) or during an enrollment period. In certain special eligibility situations, you may purchase coverage, in \$10,000 increments, up to a maximum of \$50,000 without providing medical evidence of good health. Coverage will be effective the first of the month after you complete and file the NOE. Otherwise, you must complete an NOE and a Statement of Health form during an open enrollment period, which occurs yearly in October, for review of medical evidence of good health and return these forms to your benefits office. If approved, your coverage will be effective on the first day of January after the enrollment period or, if approved after January 1, coverage will be effective the first of the month after approval as long as you are actively at work on that day as a permanent, full-time employee. All effective dates of coverage are subject to the Deferred Effective Date provision (see page 124).

Changing Coverage Amount With Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature

If you participate in the MoneyPlus Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature, you can increase, decrease or drop your coverage only during each open enrollment period, which occurs yearly in October, or within 31 days of a special eligibility situation (see above).

To increase your coverage during the enrollment period, you must provide medical evidence of good health and be approved by MetLife. If approved, coverage will be effective on the first day of January following the enrollment period as long as you are actively at work on that day as a full-time employee. All effective dates of coverage are subject to the Deferred Effective Date provision (see page 124). If you are increasing your coverage due to a special eligibility situation, you can increase, in increments of \$10,000, up to \$50,000 (\$500,000 maximum coverage amount) without providing medical evidence of good health. If you are enrolling in Optional Life for the first time due to a special eligibility situation, you may enroll, in \$10,000 increments, up to a maximum of \$50,000 without providing medical evidence of good health.

Late Entry Without Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature

If you do **NOT** participate in the MoneyPlus Pretax Premium Feature and do not enroll within 31 days of the date you begin employment, you can enroll throughout the year as long as you provide medical evidence of good health and it is approved by MetLife. To enroll, you must complete an NOE and a Statement of Health form and return these forms to your benefits office for processing. Your coverage will be effective on the first day of the month coinciding with, or the first of the month following, approval as long as you are actively at work on that day as a permanent, full-time employee. **In certain special eligibility situations, you may purchase coverage, in \$10,000 increments, up to a maximum of \$50,000 without providing medical evidence of good health.** Coverage will be effective the first of the month after you complete and file the NOE. **All effective dates of coverage are subject to the Deferred Effective Date provision (see page 124).**

Changing Coverage Amount Without Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature

If you do **NOT** participate in the MoneyPlus Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature, you can apply to increase your amount of coverage at any time during the year by providing medical evidence of good health and being approved by MetLife. Your coverage at the new level will be effective on the first day of the month following the date of approval as long as you are actively at work on that day. **In certain special eligibility situations, you may purchase coverage, in \$10,000 increments, up to a maximum of \$50,000 without providing medical evidence of good health. Coverage will be effective the first of the month after you complete and file the NOE. All effective dates of coverage are subject to the Deferred Effective Date provision (see page 124).** You can decrease or cancel your coverage at any time. However, if you later want to increase coverage or re-enroll in the plan, you must provide medical evidence of good health and be approved.

What if My Age Category Changes?

If your age category changes, your premium will change January 1 of the next calendar year. Your coverage will be reduced at age 70, 75 and 80. Please see the charts beginning on page 229.

Your Life Insurance Benefits

Your Benefits and How Claims Are Paid

Life Insurance Benefits and benefits for loss of life under the Accidental Death and Dismemberment Benefits will be paid in accordance with the life insurance Beneficiary Designation. If no beneficiary is named, or if no named beneficiary survives you, MetLife may, at its option, pay the executors or administrators of your estate; or all to your surviving spouse; or if your spouse does not survive you, in equal shares to your surviving children; or if no child survives you, in equal shares to your surviving parents; or if no parent survives you, in equal shares to your surviving siblings. In addition, MetLife may, at its option, pay a portion of your life insurance benefit, up to \$2,000, to any person equitably entitled to payment because of expenses from your burial. Payment to any person, as shown above, will release MetLife from liability for the amount paid. If any beneficiary is a minor, MetLife may pay his or her share, until a legal guardian of the minor's estate is appointed, to a person who at MetLife's option and in MetLife's opinion is providing financial support and maintenance for the minor. Payment to any person as shown above will release MetLife from all further liability for the amount paid.

Your Accelerated Benefit Option

If you are an active employee under age 60, and you are diagnosed by a physician as having a terminal illness, you may request that MetLife pay up to 80 percent of your life insurance prior to your death (this is a one-time request). The remaining benefit will be paid to your beneficiary upon your death. A terminal illness means that you have a life expectancy of 12 months or less. MetLife may require proof that you are terminally ill before benefits are paid.

Method of Payment

Beneficiaries with proceeds of \$5,000 or more choose, when they fill out the claim form, whether they want a lump sum check, installment payments or an interest bearing Total Control Account (TCA). In the TCA program, MetLife, when the claim is approved, establishes a TCA Money Market Option for the beneficiary and sends the beneficiary a TCA Customer Agreement and other materials, including a checkbook that gives the beneficiary access to his proceeds. When the TCA is established, it begins earning interest immediately. Once the TCA has been set up, the beneficiary may transfer some or all of the funds to guaranteedinterest certificates, which lock in competitive interest rates for periods of from six months to seven years; or annuity options, which can provide a guaranteed income for life. The beneficiary can draw a draft on the TCA for the entire amount at any time, by writing one of the checks. There is no charge for checks, there are no transaction fees or monthly fees, and there are no penalties for withdrawing all or part of the money.

All methods are paid within the same time frame. There is no timing advantage to choosing one settlement option over another. A beneficiary who receives proceeds of less than \$5,000 or who lives in a foreign country will generally receive a lump sum check, unless installment payments are chosen.

How to Change Your Beneficiary or Method of Payment

You can change your beneficiary at any time (unless you have given up that right). You may make the change online through MyBenefits or by notifying your benefits office and completing an NOE. When processed, the change will be effective on the date the request is signed. However, the change will not apply to any payments or other action taken before the request was processed. Note: Under no circumstances may a beneficiary be changed by a Power of Attorney.

Assignment

MetLife is not responsible for the validity or tax consequences of any assignment. No assignment will be binding on MetLife until MetLife records and acknowledges it. Collateral assignments are not permitted.

Suicide Provision

No Optional Life, Dependent Life-Spouse or Dependent Life-Child benefit will be payable if death results from suicide, whether the covered person is sane or insane, within two years of the effective date. If suicide occurs within two years of a coverage increase, the death benefit payable is limited to the amount of coverage in force prior to the increase.

Will Preparation and Estate Resolution Services Available Through MetLife

MetLife offers a Will Preparation Service to employees covered under Optional Life and to their spouses and an Estate Resolution Service to the estate representative and beneficiaries of employees covered under Optional Life. There is no charge for these services.

- A subscriber and/or his spouse may meet with a local attorney who is part of the Hyatt Legal Plans network. The attorney may prepare or update a will, even a complex will, for each of them. A subscriber or spouse who uses an attorney who is not part of the network will be reimbursed according to a fee schedule.
- Through MetLife Estate Resolution ServicesSM, a local attorney who is part of the Hyatt Legal Plans network will help the estate representative with the paperwork associated with distribution of assets after a death. This includes preparing documents and appearing in court to help transfer assets; transferring non-probate assets, such as joint bank accounts; and assisting with tax preparation. Beneficiaries may receive advice about the employee's estate in person or over the phone.

Please note: These services are available to retirees who continue their Optional Life as term insurance through MetLife but not to those who convert their insurance to a whole life policy.

Contact Hyatt Legal Plans at 800-821-6400 for more information. You should tell Hyatt you are covered under the State of South Carolina or Group Number 143046.

Your Accidental Death and Dismemberment Benefits

(This provision does not apply to retirees.)

Schedule of Accidental Losses and Benefits

In addition to any life insurance benefit, MetLife will pay a benefit according to the schedule below if:

- 1. You suffer accidental bodily injury while your insurance is in force;
- 2. A loss results directly from such injury, independent of all other causes; and
- 3. Such a loss occurs within 365 days after the date of the accident causing the injury.

Loss of a hand or foot, means actual and permanent severance from the body at or above the wrist or ankle joint. Loss of sight, speech or hearing, means entire and irrecoverable loss. Loss of both a thumb and index finger of same hand, means actual and permanent severance from the body at or above the meta-carpophalangeal joints.

Description of Loss

Life
Both Hands or Both Feet or Sight of Both Eyes

Benefit

Maximum Benefit Maximum Benefit One Hand and One Foot
Speech, and Hearing in Both Ears
Either Hand or Foot and Sight of One Eye
Movement of Both Upper and Lower Limbs

(Quadriplegia)

Movement of Both Lower Limbs (Paraplegia)

Movement of both legs and one arm,

or both arms and one leg

Movement of the Upper and Lower Limbs of One Side of the Body (Hemiplegia)

Either Hand or Foot Sight of One Eve

Speech, or Hearing in Both Ears
Movement of One Limb (Uniplegia)

Thumb and Index Finger of Same Hand

Maximum Benefit Maximum Benefit Maximum Benefit

Maximum Benefit

Three-quarters of Maximum Benefit

Three-quarters of Maximum Benefit

One-half of Maximum Benefit
One-half of Maximum Benefit
One-half of Maximum Benefit
One-half of Maximum Benefit
One-quarter of Maximum Benefit
One-quarter of Maximum Benefit

The Maximum Benefit is equal to your amount of Life Insurance.

What Is Not Covered?

MetLife will not pay accidental death or dismemberment benefits for a loss that results from:

- Sickness or any other cause that is not considered accidental
- Intentionally self-inflicted injury
- Suicide or attempted suicide, whether sane or insane
- War or act of war, whether declared or not
- Injury sustained while on full-time active duty as a member of the armed forces (land, water, air) of any country or international authority
- Injury sustained while committing or attempting to commit a felony
- Injury sustained while taking drugs, including, but not limited to, sedatives, narcotics, barbiturates, amphetamines or hallucinogens, unless prescribed by, or administered by, a physician, or
- Benefits will not be paid for any loss if the insured is intoxicated at the time of the incident and is the operator of a vehicle or other device involved in the incident. Intoxicated means the blood alcohol content; the results of other means of testing blood alcohol level; or the results of other means of testing other substances; that meet or exceed the legal presumption of intoxication or under the influence, under the law of the state where the accident occurred.

Other Benefits

Seat Belt and Air Bag Rider

If you or your spouse sustain an injury which results in a loss payable under the Accidental Death and Dismemberment Benefit, MetLife will pay an additional Seat Belt and Air Bag benefit if the injury occurred while the injured person was a passenger riding in, or the licensed operator of, a properly registered motor vehicle and was wearing a seat belt at the time of the accident as verified on the police accident report. This benefit will be paid after MetLife receives proof of loss in accordance with the proof of loss provision and according to the general provisions of the policy. If a Seat Belt benefit is payable, MetLife will also pay an Air Bag benefit if the injured person was positioned in a seat equipped with a factory-installed air bag and properly strapped in the seat belt when the air bag inflated.

The Seat Belt benefit is an additional 25 percent of your accidental death benefit. As an example, if your amount of life insurance is \$20,000 and you die in an accident, an additional \$20,000 accidental death benefit will be payable (according to the Accidental Death provision explained above). The Seat Belt rider increases this accidental death benefit by 25 percent, or \$5,000. The total accidental death benefit will then

be \$25,000, which means the entire death benefit will be \$45,000. The Air Bag benefit is an additional 5 percent, or \$5,000, whichever is less, of your accidental death benefit. As an example, if your amount of life insurance is \$20,000 and you die in an accident, an additional \$20,000 accidental death benefit will be payable (according to the Accidental Death provision explained above). The Seat Belt rider increases the accidental death benefit by \$5,000, and the Air Bag rider increases the accidental death benefit by \$1,000 (5 percent of \$20,000 = \$1,000), which means the entire death benefit will be \$46,000.

This rider will not apply to the driver who caused the accident if he was under the influence of drugs or alcohol, or if the death was the result of a sickness.

Day Care Benefit

A day care benefit will be paid to each dependent who is younger than age 7 (at the time of the insured's death) and who is enrolled in a day care program. For each dependent who qualifies, payments will be issued quarterly for no more than two years. The benefit is five percent of the face value of the policy, or \$10,000 (whichever is less) per year.

Education Benefit

An education benefit is paid for each dependent who qualifies as a student. A qualified dependent must be either a post-high school student who attends a school for higher learning on a full-time basis at the time of the insured's death or in the 12th grade and will become a full-time post-high school student in a school for higher learning within 365 days after the insured's death. Payments will be issued quarterly (four payments for each 12-month period, with a maximum of 16 payments). The qualified dependent must be enrolled continuously for four consecutive academic years to receive the maximum 16 quarterly payments. The benefit is a maximum of \$5,000 per academic year with a maximum overall benefit of five percent of the value of the policy.

Felonious Assault Benefit

A felonious assault benefit is paid if the employee is injured in a felonious assault and the injury results in a loss for which benefits are payable under the Accidental Death and Dismemberment (AD&D) benefit. The benefit is the least of one times the annual earnings, \$25,000, or the AD&D maximum.

Repatriation Benefit

MetLife will pay a Repatriation Benefit if you die in a way that would be covered under the Accidental Death and Dismemberment Benefit and if the death occurs more than 100 miles from your principal residence.

The Repatriation Benefit will be the least of:

- 1. The actual expenses incurred for:
 - Preparation of the body for burial or cremation; and
 - Transportation of the body to the place of burial or cremation:
- 2. The amounts resulting from multiplying the amount of your Maximum Benefit by the Repatriation Benefit percentage (5 percent) or
- 3. The maximum amount for this benefit (\$5,000).

Claims

To pay benefits, MetLife must be given a written proof of loss. This means a claim must be filed as described below.

How to File a Claim

First, a claim form should be requested from your benefits office. This should be done within 30 days after the loss occurs or as soon as reasonably possible. Next, the claim form should be completed and signed. If a physician must complete part of the claim form, he must also sign that part.

Finally, the claim form and an original death certificate with a raised seal or a red seal (if filing a death claim) should be returned to the employee's benefits office.

The claim form should be filed within 90 days after the loss occurs or as soon as reasonably possible. Claims must be filed no later than 15 months after the loss occurs, unless the person filing the claim is not legally capable of doing so.

Retired employees: For questions about coverage, conversion, etc., call Life Recordkeeping Customer Service at 866-492-6983. For questions about claims, call the Life Claim Department Customer Service at 800-638-6420.

How Claims Are Paid

Benefits are paid as soon as MetLife receives acceptable proof of loss. Benefits for loss of life are paid as described on page 128 of this section. Benefits other than loss of life will be paid directly to you, except that benefits unpaid at your death may be paid, at MetLife's option, to your beneficiary or to your estate.

Examinations and Autopsies

MetLife sometimes requires that a person filing a claim for the Accelerated Benefit Option be examined by a physician of MetLife's choice. MetLife will not require more than a reasonable number of examinations. Required examinations will be paid for by MetLife. Where it is not prohibited by law, MetLife may require an autopsy. A required autopsy will be paid for by MetLife.

Extension of Benefits

An extension of benefits is provided according to the requirements below. MetLife is not required by contract to provide these benefits unless you meet these requirements.

Leave of Absence

If you are on leave of absence approved by your employer, you can continue your group Optional Life Insurance for up to 12 months from the first of the month after the last day worked, as long as you pay the required premiums. If you become totally disabled, apply for a conversion policy or if you die, MetLife will require written proof of your leave of absence approval.

Military Leave of Absence

If you enter active military service and are granted a military leave of absence in writing, your coverage (including Dependent Life coverage) may be continued for up to 12 months from the first of the month after the last day worked, as long as you pay the required premiums. If the leave ends before the agreed-upon date, this continuation will end immediately. If you return from active military duty after being discharged

and you qualify to return to work under applicable federal or state law, you may be eligible for the coverage you had before the leave of absence began, provided you are rehired by the same employer and request reinstatement within 31 days of returning to work.

Disability

If you become totally disabled, your life insurance can be continued for up to 12 months from your last day worked provided:

- Your total disability began while you were covered by this group Optional Life Insurance Plan;
- Your total disability began before you reached age 69;
- · You continue to pay the premiums and
- The group Optional Life Insurance policy does not end.

If, at the end of 12 months, you have not returned to work as a permanent, full-time employee, you will be eligible to continue coverage through conversion (see below). However, if you are eligible for service retirement or approved for disability benefits, you may be eligible to continue your Optional Life Insurance under continuation (portability) until age 75. **MetLife must receive your Continuation of Group Life Continuation Coverage form within 31 days of termination of your active employee coverage.**

A total disability is a disability that prevents you from engaging in any occupation or employment for which you are reasonably qualified by education or training. MetLife will also consider the following injuries a total disability:

- Loss of sight in both eyes
- Loss of both hands
- Loss of both feet
- · Loss of one hand and one foot.

Loss of a hand or foot means the severance at or above the wrist or ankle joint.

If the group Optional Life Insurance policy ends while you are continuing your benefits because of total disability, your coverage will end the earlier of:

- The date total disability ends or
- The first of the month following the end of the 12-month continuation period.

When Your Coverage Ends

Termination of Coverage

Your insurance will end at midnight on the earliest of:

- The last day of the month you terminate your employment
- The last day of the month you go on unapproved leave of absence
- The last day of the month you enter a class of employees not eligible for coverage (for example, a change from full-time to part-time status)
- The date PEBA Insurance Benefits's policy ends
- The last day of the month you do not pay the required premium for that month, or

If you are a retiree:

January 1 after the day you become age 70, if you continued coverage and retired before January 1, 1999; January 1 after the day you become age 75, if you continue coverage and retired January 1, 1999, and later.

ATTENTION RETIREES:

If you retired on or after January 1, 2001, you may continue your coverage in \$10,000 increments, up to your active coverage level, until age 75. See pages 190-192 of the Retirement/Disability Retirement chapter for more information.

Claims incurred before the date insurance ends will not be affected by coverage termination.

Conversion

If your life insurance ends because your employment or eligibility for coverage ends, you may apply for an individual *whole life* insurance policy without providing medical evidence of good health. This is called a conversion policy. To apply for an individual conversion policy, contact your benefits administrator, who will provide you with a Notice of Group Life Insurance Conversion Privilege form. Follow the instructions on the form and contact MetLife if you are interested in converting coverage. Note that the conversion notice is not an application for insurance – you must meet with a MetLife agent to complete an application within 31 days of the date group coverage ends. If you are unable to obtain the form from your benefits administrator, contact PEBA Insurance Benefits for assistance.

This form must be received by MetLife within 31 days of the date your group Optional Life Insurance coverage ends. When your application is approved, your individual policy will be issued on the 32nd day after your group coverage ends. When applying for coverage, keep these rules in mind:

- 1. You may apply for an amount of life insurance that is not more than the amount of life insurance you had under your terminated group Optional Life Insurance.
- 2. Your new premium for the conversion policy will be set at MetLife's standard rate for the amount of coverage that you wish to convert and your age.

Note: Whole life is a permanent form of life insurance.

If the Group Policy Is Terminated

If your group Optional Life Insurance ends because of termination by the state of the group Optional Life policy or termination of a class, and you have been insured under the policy at least five years, you may apply for a conversion policy within 31 days of the event. However, your converted life insurance amount may not exceed the lesser of \$10,000 or the amount of your terminated group Optional Life Insurance, less the amount of any other group insurance for which you become eligible within 31 days of the termination. If you are issued a conversion policy and you again become eligible for group Optional Life Insurance with PEBA Insurance Benefits, your group coverage will become effective only if you terminate the conversion policy.

Death Benefit During Conversion Period

If you die within the 31-day continuation or conversion period, MetLife will pay the amount of life insurance you were entitled to continue or convert. Proof of your death (a certified death certificate with a raised seal or a red seal) must be accepted by MetLife for this benefit to be paid.

Dependent Life Insurance Program

Enrollment and Eligibility

Who Is Eligible?

You may enroll your eligible dependents in Dependent Life Insurance, a term life insurance program, even if you do not have Optional Life coverage or other state group benefits. Your eligible dependents include:

Your lawful spouse. If your spouse is eligible for coverage as an employee of a participating employer, you cannot cover him as a dependent.

All Optional Life and Dependent Life policies are subject to the Deferred Effective Date provision. See page 124 and page 136.

- · Your children, who must be:
 - 1. Natural children, legally adopted children, children placed for adoption (from the date of placement with the adopting parents until the legal adoption), stepchildren or children for whom you have legal guardianship, provided the child lives with you and is supported by you
 - 2. Unmarried
 - 3. Older than 14 days but younger than age 19, or 19 years old but younger than age 25, who attend school on a full-time basis (as defined by the institution) as their principal activity and are primarily dependent upon you for financial support. A child cannot be employed on a full-time basis.

Insurance eligibility changes made by the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, as amended by the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, do not apply to Dependent Life-Child insurance. When you file a claim for a dependent child, age 19-24, you will be required to show the child was a full-time student at the time of enrollment and at the time of the claim. For information about how to file a claim for a dependent child, age 19-24, see page 137.

Dependent children who are incapable of self-sustaining employment due to mental retardation, mental illness or physical handicap are not subject to the above age limitations. Information about covering an incapacitated child is on page 11. Please also see your benefits administrator for more information.

PEBA Insurance Benefits may conduct an audit of the eligibility of an insured dependent. If the dependent is found to be ineligible, no benefits will be paid.

If both husband and wife are state employees, only one can carry dependent coverage for eligible dependent children, and the spouses cannot cover each other.

Excluded Dependents

Any dependent who is eligible as an employee for Optional Life Insurance coverage, or who is in full-time military service, will not be considered a dependent.

A former spouse and former stepchildren cannot be covered under Dependent Life through PEBA Insurance Benefits, even with a court order.

A foster child is not eligible for Dependent Life coverage.

Dependent Life – Spouse, Child Monthly Premiums

Optional Life premiums are determined by the subscriber's age on the preceding December 31 and the amount of insurance selected. Premiums for Dependent Life-Spouse coverage are also determined by the subscriber's age. For the premiums, see pages 229-231.

The premium for Dependent Life-Child is \$1.24 for \$15,000 coverage, regardless of the number of children covered.

How to Enroll

Within 31 days of the date you are hired, you can enroll in Dependent Life-Spouse Insurance up to a limit of \$20,000 and Dependent Life-Child Insurance without providing medical evidence of good health. If you enroll in Dependent Life-Spouse coverage for more than \$20,000, you must provide medical evidence of good health. You must complete a Notice of Election (NOE) form and return it to your benefits office. You must list each dependent you wish to cover on the NOE. If a dependent is not listed on the NOE, he is not covered.

Coverage is effective on the first day of the month coinciding with or the first of the month following your date of employment.

At any time during the year, a subscriber can enroll in or add additional Dependent Life-Spouse coverage (up to a maximum total of \$100,000) by submitting medical evidence of good health. The additional coverage is effective the first of the month after approval of medical evidence. All effective dates are subject to the Deferred Effective Date provision (see below).

Adding Your New Spouse

If you wish to add a spouse because you marry, you can add coverage of \$10,000 or \$20,000 for your new spouse without providing medical evidence of good health by completing an NOE within 31 days of the date of marriage. Coverage becomes effective the first of the month after you complete and file the NOE. You cannot cover your spouse as a dependent if your spouse is or becomes an employee of an employer that participates in the plan. If you divorce, you must drop your spouse from your coverage by completing an NOE within 31 days of the date of divorce. You can continue to cover your children if they meet the requirements on page 135.

Loss of Coverage

If your spouse is employed by an employer that participates in this plan and his employment ends, you can enroll your spouse in Dependent Life coverage up to \$20,000 within 31 days of his termination without having to provide medical evidence of good health. If your spouse terminates active employment because of a disability, your spouse can be added to your Dependent Life Insurance only within 31 days of the date his Optional Life coverage as an active employee ends. If your spouse loses life insurance through an employer that does not participate in PEBA Insurance Benefits, he can enroll with medical evidence of good health.

Adding Children

Eligible children may be added throughout the year, without providing medical evidence of good health, by completing an NOE. Coverage will be effective the first of the month after you complete and file the NOE. However, for a newborn, coverage will be effective the first of the month after both the date the NOE is submitted and the date the child is 15 days old. Children must be listed on your NOE to be covered. You must list each child on the NOE, even if you have Dependent Life Insurance coverage when you gain a new child. All effective dates of coverage are subject to the Deferred Effective Date provision (see below).

Late Entry

If you do not enroll within 31 days of the date you begin employment or when you acquire an eligible dependent, you can enroll your spouse throughout the year as long as you provide medical evidence of good health and it is approved by MetLife. To provide medical evidence of good health, you must complete a Statement of Health form. Coverage will be effective on the first day of the month coinciding with or the first of the month following approval provided the employee is actively at work. All effective dates of coverage are subject to the Deferred Effective Date provision (see below).

What is the Deferred Effective Date for Dependents?

If a dependent, other than a newborn, is confined in a hospital or elsewhere* because of a physical or mental condition on the date insurance would otherwise have become effective, the effective date of insurance will be the first of the month after the date the dependent is discharged from the hospital or no longer confined and has engaged in substantially all the normal activities of a healthy person of the same age for a period of at least 15 days in a row.

^{*&}quot;Confined elsewhere" means the individual is unable to perform, unaided, the normal functions of daily living, or leave home or another place of residence without assistance.

Dependent Life Benefits

Dependent Life-Spouse coverage and Dependent Life-Child coverage are separate programs for which a subscriber pays separate premiums.

Dependent Life-Spouse Coverage

If you are enrolled in Optional Life, you may cover your spouse in increments of \$10,000 for up to 50 percent of your Optional Life coverage or \$100,000, whichever is less. However, an employee who is enrolled for \$10,000, \$20,000 or \$30,000 can enroll his spouse for \$10,000 or \$20,000. Medical evidence of good health is required for late entry (see page 136) and for coverage amounts greater than \$20,000. If you are not enrolled in Optional Life, you may cover your spouse for \$10,000 or \$20,000.

Premiums for Dependent Life-Spouse coverage are the same as the Optional Life premiums, which are based on the **employee's** age. Your spouse's coverage will be reduced at ages 70, 75 and 80 based on the employee's age. See the rate charts beginning on page 229. Premium payments are paid entirely by you, with no contribution from the state, and are payable through payroll deduction.

Spouses enrolled in Dependent Life are covered for Accidental Death and Dismemberment benefits. They are eligible for the Seat Belt Benefit with the Air Bag rider, the Day Care Benefit and the Education Benefit (see pages 130-131).

Dependent Life-Child Coverage

You can cover your eligible dependent children. For information, see pages 134-135. The benefit is \$15,000. The monthly premium for Dependent Life-Child coverage is \$1.24, regardless of the number of children covered. Premiums are paid entirely by you, with no contribution from the state, and are payable through payroll deduction.

Payment of Claims

When MetLife receives acceptable proof of a covered dependent's death, the amount of life insurance will be paid based on the coverage you selected.

MetLife will pay the Life Insurance Benefit at your dependent's death to you, if you are living. Otherwise, it will be paid, at MetLife's option, to your surviving spouse or the executor or administrator of your estate.

How to File Claims

To pay benefits, MetLife must be given written proof of loss. This means a claim must be filed as described below.

First, a claim form should be requested from your benefits office. This should be done within 30 days after the loss occurs or as soon as reasonably possible. Next, the claim form should be completed and signed. If a physician must complete part of the claim form, he must also sign that part.

To file a claim under Dependent Life-Child for a child age 19-24, a subscriber must obtain a statement on letterhead from the educational institution the child was attending that verifies he was a full-time student and gives his dates of enrollment. The statement should be given to the subscriber's BA, who will send it to MetLife with the claim form.

To file a claim for an incapacitated child, the subscriber must give certification of incapacitation to his BA, who will send it to MetLife with the claim form.

The claim form and an original copy of the death certificate with a raised seal or a red seal should be returned to the employee's benefits office. The claim form should be filed within 90 days after the loss occurs or as soon as reasonably possible. Claims must be filed no later than 15 months after the loss occurs, unless the person filing the claim is not legally capable of doing so.

For retiree dependent coverage, claims should be filed with MetLife. For information and forms, contact MetLife at 800-638-6420, prompt 2.

When Claims Are Paid

Benefits are paid as soon as MetLife receives acceptable proof of loss.

Autopsies

Where it is not prohibited by law, MetLife may require an autopsy. A required autopsy will be paid for by MetLife.

When Dependent Life Insurance Coverage Ends

Termination of Coverage

Your dependent's coverage will terminate at midnight on the earliest of:

- The day PEBA Insurance Benefits's policy ends
- The day you, the employee, are no longer eligible to purchase the Dependent Life Insurance Plan
- The last day of the month in which the dependent no longer meets the definition of a dependent
- The day any premiums for Dependent Life Insurance coverage are due and unpaid for a period of 31 days.

Claims incurred before the date insurance ends will not be affected by coverage termination.

Conversion

If your dependent's coverage terminates because of one of the reasons listed above, coverage may be converted to an individual *whole life* insurance policy. To do so, contact your benefits administrator, who will provide you with a Notice of Group Life Insurance Conversion Privilege form. Follow the instructions on the form and contact MetLife if you are interested in converting coverage. Note that the conversion notice is not an application for insurance – you must meet with a MetLife agent to complete an application within 31 days of the date group coverage ends. If you are unable to obtain the form from your benefits administrator, contact PEBA Insurance Benefits for assistance.

When an employee dies, Dependent Life-Spouse and/or Dependent Life-Child coverage may be converted to an individual policy. This policy will:

- Be issued without medical evidence of good health
- Be on one of MetLife's non-term policy forms
- Be for no more than the amount for which the dependent was last insured under this Dependent Life Insurance Plan
- · Contain no disability or supplementary benefits
- Be effective on the 32nd day after the group life insurance on the dependent's life terminates.

Note: Whole life is a permanent form of life insurance.

If you are called up for active duty military service and your spouse has Dependent Life coverage, your spouse may continue coverage for 12 months and then convert it. See page 132 for more information.

Policy Termination

If you have had this Dependent Life Insurance Plan for at least five years, and your dependent's insurance terminates because MetLife or PEBA Insurance Benefits terminates the Dependent Life Insurance Plan or amends the plan so your dependent is not eligible, your dependent can convert coverage to an individual whole life insurance policy subject to:

- The same conditions and limitations that apply to an insured person whose employment terminates
- A limit of the least of:
 - The amount for which the dependent was last insured under this benefit, reduced by any amount for which he is eligible under any other group life insurance policy within 31 days of the termination of insurance or
 - 2. \$10,000.

Such a policy will be effective on the 32nd day after the group life insurance terminates. Any individual life insurance policy issued under this conversion privilege is in lieu of all other benefits provided by this policy. If your dependent dies during the 31-day conversion period, MetLife will, when provided with due proof of loss, pay the amount of life insurance the dependent was entitled to convert.

Long Term Disability

Long Term Disability

Table of Contents

Basic Long Term Disability	143
Introduction	143
Exclusions and Limitations	144
BLTD Plan Benefits Summary	145
Predisability Earnings	145
When Are You Considered Disabled?	145
Deductible Income	146
When Benefits End	146
When BLTD Coverage Ends	146
Appeals	146
Supplemental Long Term Disability	147
Introduction	147
Exclusions and Limitations	149
SLTD Plan Benefits Summary	150
How Does SLTD Insurance Work?	151
Predisability Earnings	151
When Are You Considered Disabled?	151
Deductible Income	152
Lifetime Security Benefit	152
Conversion	152
Death Benefits	153
When Benefits End	153
When SLTD Coverage Ends	
Appeals	153

Basic Long Term Disability

Introduction

The Basic Long Term Disability (BLTD) Plan, administered by Standard Insurance Company (The Standard), is an employer-funded disability plan provided by the state. It helps protect a portion of your income if you become disabled as defined by the Plan. This benefit is provided at no cost to you.

If you have questions or need more information, please contact The Standard at 800-628-9696 or on the Web at www.standard.com.

Eligibility

You are eligible for BLTD if you are covered under the State Health Plan or BlueChoice HealthPlan offered through the Public Employee Benefit Authority (PEBA) Insurance Benefits and are an active, permanent full-time employee as defined by the Plan or a full-time academic employee and you are employed by: a department, agency, board, commission or institution of the state; a public school district; a county government (including county council members); or another group participating in the state's insurance program. BLTD is provided at no cost to you.

Members of the General Assembly and judges in the state courts are also eligible for coverage. BLTD is provided at no cost to you.

You must be actively employed when the disability occurs.

If you become disabled, you may be eligible, through PEBA Retirement Benefits, for additional benefits, which are separate from the benefits described here. Call 803-737-6800 (Greater Columbia area) or 800-868-9002 (elsewhere in South Carolina) or visit www.retirement.sc.gov for more information.

Benefit Waiting Period

The *benefit waiting period* is the length of time you must be disabled before benefits are payable. No benefits are paid during this period. The BLTD plan has a 90-day benefit waiting period.

Certificate

The BLTD certificate is available through your benefits administrator and is on the PEBA Insurance Benefits website, www.eip.sc.gov, under "Forms." The contract contains the controlling provisions of this insurance plan. Neither the certificate nor any other material can modify those provisions.

Claims

As soon as it appears you will be disabled for 90 days or more or your employer is modifying your duties due to a health condition, ask your benefits administrator for a claim form packet, which is on the PEBA Insurance Benefits website. The packet contains these forms: Employee's Statement, Authorization to Obtain Psychotherapy Notes, Authorization to Obtain Information, Attending Physician's Statement and Employer's Statement. You are responsible for making sure these forms are completed and returned to The Standard. Your complete medical records should accompany the Attending Physician's Statement. You may fax the forms to 800-437-0961; original forms must follow. If you have questions, contact The Standard at 800-628-9696.

You should provide these completed claim forms to The Standard within 90 days of the end of the benefit waiting period. If you cannot meet this deadline, you must submit these forms as soon as reasonably possible, but no later than one year after that 90-day period. If you do not provide these forms within this time, barring a court's determination of legal incapacity, The Standard may deny your claim.

Active Work Requirement

If physical disease, mental disorder, injury or pregnancy prevent you from working the day before the scheduled effective date of your coverage, your coverage will not become effective until the day after you are actively at work for one full day.

Pre-existing Conditions

A pre-existing condition is a physical or mental condition for which you consulted a physician, received medical treatment or services or took prescribed drugs during the six-month period before your BLTD coverage became effective. No benefits will be paid for a disability caused or contributed to by a pre-existing condition unless on the date you become disabled:

- You have been continuously covered under the plan for at least 12 months (Exclusion Period) or
- You have not consulted a physician, received medical treatment or services or taken prescribed drugs during any 12 consecutive months between your date of disability and six months before the date your BLTD coverage became effective (*Treatment Free Period*).

Exclusions and Limitations

- Disabilities resulting from war or any act of war are not covered.
- Intentional self-inflicted injuries are not covered.
- No BLTD benefits are payable when you are not under the ongoing care of a physician.
- No BLTD benefits are payable for any period when you are not participating, in good faith, in a course
 of medical treatment, vocational training or education approved by The Standard, unless your disability
 prevents you from participating.
- No BLTD benefits are payable for any period of disability when you are confined for any reason in a penal or correctional institution.
- No BLTD benefits are payable after you have been disabled under the terms of the BLTD plan for 24 months during your entire lifetime, excluding the benefit waiting period, for a disability caused or contributed to by:
 - A mental disorder, unless you are continuously confined to a hospital solely because of a mental disorder at the end of the 24 months.
 - Your use of alcohol, alcoholism, use of any illicit drug, including hallucinogens, or drug addiction.
 - Chronic pain, musculoskeletal or connective tissue conditions.
 - Chronic fatigue or related conditions.
 - Chemical and environmental sensitivities.
- During the first 24 months of disability, after the 90-day benefit waiting period, no BLTD benefits will be
 paid for any period of disability when you are able to work in your own occupation and you are able to
 earn at least 20 percent of your predisability earnings, adjusted for inflation, but you choose not to work.
 Thereafter, no BLTD benefits will be paid for any period of disability when you are able to work in any
 occupation and able to earn at least 20 percent of your predisability earnings, adjusted for inflation, but
 choose not to work.
- While living outside the United States or Canada, payment of LTD benefits is limited to 12 months for each period of continuous disability.

BLTD Plan Benefits Summary

- Benefit waiting period: 90 days
- Monthly BLTD benefit* percentage: 62.5 percent of your predisability earnings, reduced by deductible income
- Maximum benefit: \$800 per month
- **Maximum benefit period:** To age 65 if you become disabled before age 62. If you become disabled at age 62 or older, the maximum benefit period is based on your age at the time of disability. The maximum benefit period for age 69 and older is one year.

Predisability Earnings

Predisability earnings are the monthly earnings, including merit and longevity increases, from your covered employer as of the January 1 preceding your last full day of active work, or on the date you became a member if you were not a member on January 1. It does not include your bonuses, commissions, overtime or incentive pay. If you are a teacher, it does not include your compensation for summer school, but it does include compensation earned during regular summer sessions by university staff.

When Are You Considered Disabled?

You are considered disabled and eligible for benefits if you cannot fulfill the requirements of your occupation due to a covered injury, physical disease, mental disorder or pregnancy. You also will need to satisfy the benefit waiting period and meet one of the following definitions of disability during the period to which it applies.

Definition One: *Own Occupation* **Disability**—You are unable to perform, with reasonable continuity, the *material duties*¹ of your *own occupation* during the benefit waiting period and the first 24 months of disability.

"Own Occupation" means any employment, business, trade, profession, calling or vocation that involves material duties¹ of the same general character as your regular and ordinary employment with the employer. Your own occupation is not limited to your job with your employer, nor is your own occupation limited to when your job is available.

Definition Two: *Any Occupation* **Disability**—You are unable to perform, with reasonable continuity, the *material duties*¹ of *any occupation*.

"Any Occupation" means any occupation or employment you are able to perform, due to education, training or experience, which is available at one or more locations in the national economy and in which you can be expected to earn at least 65 percent of your predisability earnings (adjusted for inflation) within 12 months following your return to work, regardless of whether you are working in that or any other occupation. The any occupation period begins at the end of the own occupation period and continues to the end of the maximum benefit period.

Definition Three: Partial Disability—

- A) During the benefit waiting period and the *own occupation* period you are working while disabled but you are unable to earn more than 80 percent of your predisability earnings, adjusted for inflation, while working in your own occupation.
- B) During the *any occupation* period you are working while disabled but you are unable to earn more than 65 percent of your predisability earnings, adjusted for inflation, while working in any occupation.

^{*}BLTD benefits are subject to federal and state income taxes. Check with your accountant or tax advisor regarding your tax liability.

^{1&}quot;Material duties" means the essential tasks, functions and operations, and the skills, abilities, knowledge, training and experience generally required by employers from those engaged in a particular occupation.

Deductible Income

Your BLTD benefits will be reduced by your *deductible income* – income you receive, or you are eligible to receive – from other sources. **Deductible income includes: sick pay or other salary continuation** (including sick-leave pool); primary Social Security benefits; workers' compensation; other group disability benefits (except SLTD benefits, which are described on page 150); maximum plan retirement benefits; etc. In addition, TERI funds, at the time you receive them, are deductible income back to the time you began receiving disability benefits. For example, your BLTD benefit, before reduction by deductible income, is 62.5 percent of your covered pre-disability earnings, with a maximum monthly amount of \$800. The benefit will then be reduced by the amount of any deductible income you receive or are eligible to receive. The total of the reduced benefit, plus the deductible income, will provide at least 62.5 percent of your covered pre-disability earnings, but no more than \$800 a month.

You are required to meet deadlines for applying for all deductible income you are eligible to receive. PEBA Retirement Benefits has different requirements for disability retirement. Please contact PEBA Retirement Benefits for more information.

When other benefits are awarded, they may include payments due to you while you were receiving BLTD benefits. If the award includes past benefits, or if you receive other income before notifying The Standard, your BLTD claim may be overpaid. This is because you received benefits from the plan and income from another source for the same period of time. You will be required to repay the plan for this overpayment.

When Benefits End

Your benefits end automatically on the earliest of these dates:

- The date you are no longer disabled under the terms of the BLTD plan
- The date your maximum benefit period ends (refer to "Exclusions and Limitations" on page 144)
- The date benefits become payable under any other group long term disability insurance policy under which you became insured during a period of temporary recovery
- The date of your death.

If you are an employee of a local subdivision, your employer becomes responsible for your BLTD benefit payments if your employer stops participating in the state insurance program.

When BLTD Coverage Ends

Your coverage ends automatically on the earliest of:

- The date the plan ends
- The date you no longer meet the requirements noted in the "Eligibility" section of this chapter
- The date your health coverage as an active employee ends
- The date your employment ends.

Appeals

If Standard Insurance Company denies your claim for long term disability benefits, you can appeal the decision by writing to Standard Insurance Company, P.O. Box 2800, Portland, OR 97208, within 180 days of receipt of the denial letter. If the company upholds its decision after a review by its Administrative Review Unit, you may appeal that decision by writing to PEBA Insurance Benefits within 90 days of the notice of denial. If the PEBA Insurance Benefits Appeals Committee denies your appeal, you have 30 days to seek judicial review as provided by Sections 1-11-710 and 1-23-380 of the S.C. Code of Laws, as amended.

Supplemental Long Term Disability

Introduction

Many people think they will never become disabled. Consider these statistics:

- Just over 1 in 4 of today's 20-year-olds will become disabled before they retire.¹
- More than 37 million Americans are classified as disabled; about 12 percent of the total population.
 More than 50 percent of those disabled Americans are in their working years, from age 18 to age 64.²
- 65 percent of working Americans say they could not cover normal living expenses even for a year if their employment income were lost; 38 percent could not pay their bills for more than three months.³

As noted above, many people would not be able to meet their financial obligations if they became disabled and could not work for an extended period of time. PEBA Insurance Benefits offers an optional disability insurance plan that provides additional protection for you and your family if your monthly gross income is more than \$1,280 (\$15,360 annually). This program, Supplemental Long Term Disability Insurance (SLTD), is insured by Standard Insurance Company (The Standard).

¹U.S. Social Security Administration, Fact Sheet February 7, 2013.

²U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2011.

What SLTD Insurance Provides

- Competitive group rates
- Survivors benefits for eligible dependents
- Coverage for injury, physical disease, mental disorder or pregnancy
- A return-to-work incentive
- SLTD conversion insurance
- A cost-of-living adjustment
- · Lifetime Security Benefit.

Eligibility

You are eligible for SLTD insurance if you are an active, permanent full-time employee as defined under the plan, or a full-time academic employee, and you are employed by: a department, agency, board, commission or institution of the state; a public school district; a county government (including county council members); or another eligible employer approved by law and participating in the state insurance program; or are a member of the General Assembly or a judge in the state courts.

You are not eligible for this coverage if you are an employee of an employer that is covered under any other group long term disability plan that insures any portion of your predisability earnings (other than the BLTD Plan); if you are receiving retirement benefits from PEBA Retirement Benefits and you have waived active employee coverage; if you are a temporary or seasonal employee; or if you are a full-time member of the armed forces of any country.

Enrollment

You can enroll in the SLTD program within 31 days of eligibility. You may choose from one of two benefit waiting periods. If, however, you do not enroll within 31 days after you first become eligible for SLTD, you must provide The Standard with medical evidence of good health and be approved to become insured. You may enroll with medical evidence of good health throughout the year.

³ Council for Disability Awareness, Disability Divide Consumer Disability Awareness Study, 2010.

Benefit Waiting Period

The Benefit Waiting Period is the length of time you must be disabled before benefits are payable. You may choose a 90-day or a 180-day benefit waiting period.

You may change from one benefit waiting period to the other at any time.

- To change from a 90-day to a 180-day benefit waiting period, you must complete a Notice of Election (NOE) form and return it to your benefits administrator.
- To change from a 180-day to a 90-day benefit waiting period, you must complete an NOE and provide
 medical evidence of good health, which The Standard will consider in determining whether to approve
 your application.

Certificate

The SLTD certificate is available through your benefits administrator and is on the PEBA Insurance Benefits website, <u>www.eip.sc.gov</u>, under "Forms." Please read it carefully. The contract contains the controlling provisions of this insurance plan. Neither the certificate nor any other material can modify those provisions.

Physical Exam

If you fail to enroll within 31 days of your hire date, you must complete a medical history statement. The Standard may require you to undergo a physical examination and blood test at your own expense.

Claims

As soon as it appears you will be disabled for 90 days or more, ask your benefits administrator for a claim form packet. The packet is also on the PEBA Insurance Benefits website, www.eip.sc.gov, under "Forms." It contains these forms: Employee's Statement; Authorization to Obtain Psychotherapy Notes; Authorization to Obtain Information; Attending Physician's Statement; and Employer's Statement. You are responsible for making sure these forms are completed and returned to The Standard. Your complete medical records should accompany the Attending Physician's Statement. If you have BLTD coverage, only one claim packet must be completed. The forms may be faxed to 800-437-0961; original forms must follow. If you have questions, contact The Standard at 800-628-9696.

You should provide these completed claim forms to The Standard within 90 days of the end of the benefit waiting period. If you cannot meet this deadline, you must submit the forms as soon as reasonably possible, but no later than one year after that 90-day period. If you do not provide the forms within this period, barring a court's determination of your legal incapacity, The Standard may deny your claim.

Salary Change

Your SLTD premium will be recalculated based on your age as of the preceding January 1. Any change in your predisability earnings after you become disabled will have no effect on the amount of your SLTD benefit.

Active Work Requirement

If physical disease, mental disorder, injury or pregnancy prevents you from working the day before the scheduled effective date of your insurance coverage, your coverage will not become effective until the day after you are actively at work for one full day.

Pre-existing Conditions

A *pre-existing condition* is a physical or mental condition for which you consulted a physician, received medical treatment or services or took prescribed drugs or medications during the six-month period before

your SLTD coverage became effective. No benefits will be paid for a disability caused, or contributed to, by a pre-existing condition unless on the date you become disabled:

- You have been continuously covered under the plan for at least 12 months (Exclusion Period) or
- You have not consulted a physician, received medical treatment or services or taken prescribed drugs
 or medications during any 12-consecutive-month period between your date of disability and six months
 before the date your SLTD insurance became effective (*Treatment Free Period*).

The Pre-existing Condition Exclusion also applies when you change from the plan with the 180-day benefit waiting period to the plan with the 90-day benefit waiting period. The Pre-existing Condition Period, Treatment Free Period and Exclusion Period for the new plan will be based on the effective date of your coverage under the 90-day plan. However, if benefits do not become payable under the 90-day plan because of the Pre-existing Condition Exclusion, your claim will be processed under the 180-day plan as if you had not changed plans.

Exclusions and Limitations

- Disabilities resulting from war or any act of war are not covered.
- Intentional self-inflicted injuries are not covered.
- No SLTD benefits are payable when you are not under the ongoing care of a physician.
- No SLTD benefits are payable for any period when you are not participating, in good faith, in a course
 of medical treatment, or vocational training, or education approved by The Standard, unless your disability prevents you from participating.
- No SLTD benefits are payable for any period of disability when you are confined for any reason in a penal or correctional institution.
- No SLTD benefits are payable after you have been disabled under the terms of the SLTD plan for 24 months during your entire lifetime, excluding the benefit waiting period, for a disability caused, or contributed to, by:
 - A mental disorder, unless you are continuously confined to a hospital solely because of a mental disorder at the end of the 24 months.
 - Your use of alcohol, alcoholism, use of any illicit drug, including hallucinogens, or drug addiction.
 - Chronic pain, musculoskeletal or connective tissue conditions.
 - Chronic fatigue or related conditions.
 - Chemical and environmental sensitivities.
- During the first 24 months of disability, after the benefit waiting period, no SLTD benefits will be paid for
 any period of disability when you are able to work in your own occupation and you are able to earn at
 least 20 percent of your predisability earnings, adjusted for inflation, but you choose not to work. Thereafter, no SLTD benefits will be paid for any period of disability when you are able to work in any occupation and able to earn at least 20 percent of your predisability earnings, adjusted for inflation, but choose
 not to work.
- No SLTD benefits are payable for any period of disability when you are not also receiving disability benefits under the state of South Carolina Basic Long Term Disability plan. There are certain exceptions to this limitation. Please see your certificate of coverage for details.
- While living outside the United States or Canada, payment of LTD benefits is limited to 12 months for each period of continuous disability.

SLTD Plan Benefits Summary

Benefit waiting period: Plan one: 90 days

Plan two: 180 days

Maximum SLTD-covered predisability earnings: \$12,307 per month

Monthly benefit¹ percentages: 65 percent of the first \$12,307 of your monthly

predisability earnings, reduced by deductible

income

Minimum benefit: \$100 per month

Maximum benefit: \$8,000 per month

Cost-of-living adjustment: After 12 consecutive months of receiving SLTD

benefits, effective on April 1 of each year thereafter; based on the prior year's CPI-W (Consumer Price Index) up to 4 percent. This cost-of-living adjustment does not apply when you are receiving the minimum monthly benefit or a monthly

benefit of \$25,000 as a result of these

adjustments.

Maximum benefit period: To age 65 if you become disabled before age

62. If you become disabled at age 62 or older, the maximum benefit period is based on your age at the time of disability. The maximum benefit period for age 69 and older is one year. In certain circumstances, benefits may continue after the maximum benefit period. See "Lifetime"

Security Benefit" on page 152 for more

information.

Monthly premium² rate:

Multiply the premium factor for your age and

plan selection by your monthly earnings.

Your age as of the preceding January 1	Plan one	<u>Plan two</u>
Under age 31	.00063	.00050
31 through 40	.00088	.00067
41 through 50	.00175	.00133
51 through 60	.00352	.00270
61 through 65	.00423	.00325
66 or older	.00517	.00397

Examples:

Mary is 38 years old, earns \$3,000 per month and selected plan two. Her monthly premium is \$3,000 x .00067=\$2.02 per month. (The premium was rounded up \$0.01 because it must be an even amount.)

John is 52 years old, earns 2,250 per month and selected plan one. John's monthly premium is 2,250 x 0.0352 = 7.92 per month.

¹These benefits are not taxable provided you pay the premium on an after-tax basis.

²Premium must be an even amount (amount is rounded up to next even number).

How Does SLTD Insurance Work?

SLTD insurance is designed to provide additional financial assistance if you become disabled. Your benefit will be based on a percentage of your predisability earnings. This program is customized for you. The SLTD plan benefits summary will provide more information about your plan, including:

- · Your level of coverage
- How long benefits payments would continue if you remain disabled
- The maximum benefit amount
- · Your choice of benefit waiting periods
- · Your premium schedule.

You can apply for SLTD if you are:

- An active, permanent, full-time employee as defined by the plan or
- · A full-time academic employee, and
- You receive compensation from:
 - A department, agency, board, commission or institution of the state
 - A public school district
 - A county government (including county council members) or
 - Another group participating in the state's insurance program.

Members of the General Assembly and judges in the state courts are also eligible. If your group offers other supplemental long term disability coverage, you must choose one or the other.

Predisability Earnings

Predisability earnings are the monthly earnings, including merit and longevity increases, from your covered employer as of the January 1 before your last full day of active work, or on the date you became a member if you were not a member on January 1. It does not include your bonuses, commissions, overtime pay or incentive pay. If you are a teacher, it does not include your compensation for summer school, but it does include compensation earned during regular summer sessions by university staff.

When Are You Considered Disabled?

You are considered disabled and eligible for benefits if you cannot work due to a covered injury, physical disease, mental disorder or pregnancy. You will also need to satisfy the benefit waiting period and meet one of these definitions of disability.

Definition One: *Own Occupation* **Disability –** You are unable to perform, with reasonable continuity, the *material duties*¹ of your *own occupation* during the benefit waiting period and the first 24 months SLTD benefits are payable.

"Own occupation" means any employment, business, trade, profession, calling or vocation that involves material duties¹ of the same general character as your regular and ordinary employment with the employer. Your "own occupation" is not limited to your job with your employer, nor is it limited to when your job is available.

Definition Two: *Any Occupation* **Disability –** You are unable to perform, with reasonable continuity, the *material duties*¹ of *any occupation*.

¹"Material duties" means the essential tasks, functions and operations, and the skills, abilities, knowledge, training and experience generally required by employers from those engaged in a particular occupation.

"Any occupation" means any occupation or employment you are able to perform, due to education, training or experience, which is available at one or more locations in the national economy and in which you can be expected to earn at least 65 percent of your predisability earnings (adjusted for inflation) within 12 months following your return to work, regardless of whether you are working in that or any other occupation. The any occupation period begins at the end of the own occupation period and continues to the end of the maximum benefit period (see page 150).

Definition Three: Partial Disability —

- A) During the benefit waiting period and the own occupation period, you are working while disabled but you are unable to earn more than 80 percent of your predisability earnings, adjusted for inflation, while working in your own occupation.
- B) During the any occupation period, you are working while disabled but you are unable to earn more than 65 percent of your predisability earnings, adjusted for inflation, while working in any occupation.

Deductible Income

Your SLTD benefits will be reduced by your *deductible income* – income you receive, or you are eligible to receive – from other sources. **Deductible income includes: sick pay or other salary continuation (including sick leave pool), primary and dependent Social Security benefits, workers' compensation, BLTD benefits, other group disability benefits, maximum plan retirement benefits, etc. In addition, TERI funds, at the time you receive them, are deductible income back to the time you began receiving disability benefits.** For example, your SLTD benefit before reduction by deductible income is 65 percent of your covered predisability earnings. The benefit will then be reduced by the amount of any deductible income that you receive or are eligible to receive, so the total of the reduced SLTD benefit plus the deductible income will provide at least 65 percent of your covered predisability earnings. The guaranteed minimum SLTD benefit is \$100, regardless of the amount of deductible income.

You are required to meet deadlines for applying for all deductible income you are eligible to receive. PEBA Retirement Benefits has different requirements for disability retirement. Please contact PEBA Retirement Benefits for more information. When other benefits are awarded, they may include payments due to you while you were receiving LTD benefits. If the award includes past benefits, or if you receive other income before notifying The Standard, your SLTD claim may be overpaid. This is because you received benefits from your plan and income from another source for the same period of time. You will be required to repay the plan for this overpayment.

Lifetime Security Benefit

This coverage provides lifetime long term disability benefits if, on the last day of the regular maximum benefit period, the disabled person is unable to perform two or more activities of daily living and/or suffers from a severe cognitive impairment that is expected to last 90 days or more. The benefit will be equal to the benefit that was being paid on the last day of the regular long term disability period.

Conversion

When your insurance ends, you may buy SLTD conversion insurance if you meet all of these criteria:

- 1. Your insurance ends for a reason other than:
 - a. Termination or amendment of the group policy
 - b. Your failure to pay a required premium
 - c. Your retirement.
- 2. You were insured under your employer's long term disability insurance plan for at least one year as of the date your insurance ended.
- 3. You are not disabled on the date your insurance ends.
- 4. You will not be eligible for long term disability insurance through another employer.

- 5. You are a citizen or resident of the United States or Canada.
- You apply in writing and pay the first premium for SLTD conversion insurance within 31 days after your insurance ends.

If you have questions about converting your SLTD policy, call The Standard at 800-378-4668. You will need to know the state of South Carolina's group number, which is **621144**.

Death Benefits

If you die while SLTD benefits are payable, The Standard will pay a lump-sum benefit to your eligible survivor. This benefit will be equal to three months of your SLTD benefit, not reduced by deductible income. Eligible survivors include your surviving spouse; surviving, unmarried children younger than age 25; or any person providing care and support for any of them.

This benefit is not available to any eligible survivors if your SLTD benefits and claim have reached the Maximum Benefit Period before your death. Also, this benefit is not available if you have been approved for and/or are receiving the Lifetime Security Benefit.

When Benefits End

Your benefits end automatically on the earliest of:

- The date you are no longer disabled
- The date your Maximum Benefit Period ends, unless SLTD benefits are continued by the Lifetime Security Benefit
- The date of your death
- The date benefits become payable under any other employer's group SLTD policy.

When SLTD Coverage Ends

Your insurance ends automatically on the earliest of:

- The last day of the month for which you paid a premium
- The date the group policy ends
- The date you no longer meet the requirements noted in the "Eligibility" section of this chapter.

Appeals

If Standard Insurance Company denies your claim for supplemental long term disability benefits, you can appeal the decision by writing to Standard Insurance Company, P.O. Box 2800, Portland, OR 97208, within 180 days of the receipt of the denial letter. If the company upholds its decision, the claim will receive an independent review by The Standard's Administrative Review Unit.

MoneyPlus

MoneyPlus Table of Contents

NoneyPlus — Your Tax-Favored Accounts Program	157
What is MoneyPlus?	
Pretax Premiums	157
Flexible Spending Accounts	157
Health Savings Accounts	
Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature	159
Eligibility	
Flexible Spending Accounts	
IRS Guidelines for Flexible Spending Accounts	
Deciding How Much to Contribute to Your Flexible Spending Accounts	
Dependent Care Spending Account	
Medical Spending Account	
MyFBMC Card® Visa® Card	
Limited-use Medical Spending Account	
Access to Information About Your Flexible Spending Account	
Changing Your Flexible Spending Account Coverage	
How Leaving Your Job Affects Your Flexible Spending Account	
Health Savings Account	
Eligibility	
Enrolling in an HSA	
Contributions	173
Using HSA Funds	174
HSA Fees	175
Investment of HSA Funds	175
Portability (Continuing Your Coverage)	176
Tax Reporting	
Closing Your HSA	176
How Death Affects Your MoneyPlus Accounts	176
Flexible Spending Accounts	
Health Savings Accounts	
Appeals	177

MoneyPlus — Your Tax-Favored Accounts Program

What is MoneyPlus?

MoneyPlus offers tax-favored accounts – IRS-approved, tax-free benefits. If you are an active employee, these accounts save you money on eligible medical and dependent care costs by enabling you to pay these expenses with funds deducted from your salary before it is taxed.

MoneyPlus is governed by Sections 105, 125, 129 and 223 of the Internal Revenue Service code. WageWorks, Inc., is the program's third-party claims processor. Each account has an administrative charge, which is designed to be minimal compared to your tax savings.

For more information, see the *Tax-Favored*Accounts Guide, which is on the PEBA Insurance
Benefits website, <u>www.eip.</u>
sc.gov.

Pretax Premiums

The Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature allows you to pay premiums for the State Health Plan or BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO (including the tobacco-use surcharge), the TRICARE Supplement Plan, the State Dental Plan, Dental Plus, the State Vision Plan, and Optional Life (for coverage up to \$50,000) before taxes are taken from your paycheck.

Flexible Spending Accounts

Through MoneyPlus you can pay eligible medical and dependent care expenses with money you set aside before it is taxed. You authorize deposits to your MoneyPlus account, which occur every pay period. As you incur eligible expenses, you request tax-free withdrawals from your account to reimburse yourself. There are three Flexible Spending Accounts: a **Dependent Care Spending Account (DCSA)**, a **Medical Spending Account (MSA)** and a **limited-use Medical Spending Account**, which can accompany a Health Savings Account (HSA). (Members enrolled in the State Health Plan Savings Plan are eligible for an HSA.) If you incur dependent care and medical expenses, you can establish a DCSA and an MSA (or a limited-use MSA, if you contribute to an HSA.)

Retirees Returning to Work

A retiree who returns to work in an insurance-eligible position under the active group is eligible for the Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature, a Dependent Care Spending Account and a Medical Spending Account (MSA). However, he must have completed one year of continuous state-covered employment by January 1 after open enrollment, which occurs yearly in October, to qualify for an MSA.

Health Savings Accounts

A Health Savings Account (HSA) is available to employees enrolled in the Savings Plan and can be used to pay health care expenses. Unlike money in a Medical Spending Account, the funds do not have to be spent in the year they are deposited. Money in the account accumulates tax free, so the funds can be used to pay qualified medical expenses in the future. An important advantage of an HSA is that you own it. If you leave your job, you can take the account with you and continue to use it for qualified medical expenses.

Would you like more information about the Savings Plan? Turn to page

MoneyPlus Example

This is how paying eligible expenses with a pretax payroll deduction may increase your spendable income. The figures used are monthly and for a single person covered under the S.C. Retirement System with two dependents.

	Without MoneyPlus	With MoneyPlus
Gross Monthly Pay	\$2,500.00	\$2,500.00
State Retirement	- 187.50	- 187.50
Pretax Payroll Deduction	- 0.00	- 621.02
Administrative Fees	- 0.00	
Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature	e	.28
Dependent Care Spending Account		3.14
Medical Spending Account*		0.00
Taxable Gross Income	\$2,312.50	\$1,688.06
Payroll Taxes (estimate)	- 696.78	- 513.50
Eligible Expenses ¹	- 621.02	- 0.00
Spendable Income	\$ 994.70	\$1,174.56

Increase in Spendable Income: \$179.86 per month (\$2,158 per year, rounded)

Note: "Spendable income" is your net pay, plus the reimbursement from your Medical Spending Account or Dependent Care Spending Account.

¹ In this illustration, these examples of monthly pretax payroll deductions and eligible, after-tax expenses were used:

Health Premium	\$150.48
Dental Premium	\$ 13.72
Dependent Care Expenses	\$400.00
Out-of-pocket Medical Expenses	\$ 56.82
Total	\$621.02

Administrative Fees

Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature	\$0.28 per month ¹
Dependent Care Spending Account	\$3.14 per month ¹
Medical Spending Account or limited-use MSA	\$3.14 per month ¹

(A subscriber enrolled in both a DCSA and an MSA pays one administrative fee of \$3.14 a month.)

myFBMC Card® \$10 per year²

Health Savings Account \$1.50 per month⁴

\$2 per month⁴

No fee for processing checks. There is a \$15 one-time

fee for a basic order of checks⁵

No charge if you use your Visa® debit card

^{*}A subscriber enrolled in both a DCSA and an MSA pays one administrative fee of \$3.14 a month.

¹This fee is deducted from your paycheck before taxes.

²The fee for this optional card will be deducted from your Medical Spending Account at the beginning of the year.

³This WageWorks fee is deducted from your paycheck.

⁴This fee, which is for HSAs established with Wells Fargo Bank through MoneyPlus, is deducted from your account. It is waived if the balance in your account is over \$2,500.

⁵There may be additional fees for other services. All fees are deducted from your HSA.

Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature

With this feature, you can pay your State Health Plan or BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO, TRICARE Supplement Plan, State Dental Plan, Dental Plus, State Vision Plan and Optional Life premiums before taxes are taken out of your paycheck. You may also pay the tobacco-use surcharge. This feature is beneficial to all employees who pay these premiums.

Optional Life Insurance premiums for coverage up to \$50,000 are tax exempt.

Eligibility

You are enrolled in this feature automatically if you pay a health, TRICARE Supplement Plan, dental, vision care or Optional Life premium, unless you decline on your Notice of Election form. If you declined the Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature in the past, you can enroll during open enrollment, which occurs yearly in October, or within 31 days of an approved change in status. See "Changing Your Flexible Spending Account Coverage," page 170. For additional information, see "Special Eligibility Situations," pages 23-29.)

Flexible Spending Accounts

IRS Guidelines for Flexible Spending Accounts

- 1. The IRS does not allow you to pay any insurance premiums through any type of spending account.
- You cannot transfer money between MoneyPlus accounts or pay a dependent care expense from your Medical Spending Account or vice versa. The dependent care account is for dependent child/adult day care only. It does not provide any medical benefits for your dependents.
- 3. The IRS gives you until March 15 to spend any remaining funds deposited in your **Medical Spending Account** or your **Iimited-use Medical Spending Account** from January through December of the previous year. For example: You have until March 15, 2015, to spend funds deposited in your MSA or limited-use MSA between January 1 and December 31, 2014.
 - However, you must submit all reimbursement requests by March 31, 2015. Any money in your Medical Spending Account or your limited-use Medical Spending Account after your reimbursable requests have been processed cannot be returned to you or carried over to the next year.
- 4. You have until March 31 after the end of the year to submit for reimbursement eligible **Dependent Care Spending Account** expenses incurred during your period of coverage, January through December. Any money in your **Dependent Care Spending Account** after your reimbursable requests have been processed cannot be returned to you or carried over to the next year.
- To learn if you qualify to enroll in a spending account or if you wish to make a change, call WageWorks Customer Care at 800-342-8017 or PEBA Insurance Benefits at 803-734-0678 (Greater Columbia area) or 888-260-9430 (toll-free outside the Columbia area).
- 5. You may not be reimbursed through your MoneyPlus accounts for expenses paid by insurance or by any other source.
- 6. You cannot deduct reimbursed expenses from your income tax.
- 7. You may not be reimbursed for a service that you have not received.

Written Certification

When enrolling in either or both MoneyPlus spending accounts, you must agree to the following in writing on your enrollment form:

• I will only use my MoneyPlus account to pay for IRS-qualified expenses eligible under my employer's plan and only for me and my IRS-eligible dependents.

- I will exhaust all other sources of reimbursement, including those provided under my employer's plan(s), before seeking reimbursement from my MoneyPlus spending account.
- I will not seek reimbursement through any additional source.
- I will collect and maintain sufficient documentation to validate the requirements above.

Deciding How Much to Contribute to Your Flexible Spending Accounts

To estimate how much to deposit in your Dependent Care Spending Account or Medical Spending Account, complete the MoneyPlus Worksheets, which are at www.eip.sc.gov under "Forms." Be conservative in your estimates.

- Money remaining in your Dependent Care Spending Account after the plan year ends, cannot be
 returned to you or carried forward to the next plan year. However, you have until March 31, 2014, to
 submit requests for reimbursement for expenses incurred on or before December 31, 2013.
- Money remaining in your Medical Spending Account or in your limited-use Medical Spending Account after the plan year and any grace period ends, cannot be returned to you or carried forward to the next plan year. However, you have until March 31, 2014, to submit requests for reimbursement for expenses incurred on or before March 15, 2014, for either of the Medical Spending Accounts.

Earned Income Tax Credit

Contributions made before taxes to a Dependent Care Spending Account or a Medical Spending Account lower your taxable earned income. The lower the earned income, the higher the Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC). If you qualify for the EITC, contributions to one or both of these accounts will help. Taxpayers may consult IRS Publication 596 for additional information, use the services of a tax professional or get assistance from a Volunteer Income Tax Assistance site. To find the closest site, call the IRS at 800-829-1040.

Dependent Care Spending Account vs. Child and Dependent Care Credit

If you pay for the care of a child or another dependent so you can work, you may be able to reduce your taxes by claiming those expenses on your federal income tax return through the Child and Dependent Care Credit. Depending on a taxpayer's circumstances, participating in a Dependent Care Spending Account on a salary-reduction basis will generally produce the greater tax benefit. However, it is important to look at your unique circumstances. Go to www.myFBMC.com, and select the Tax Savings Analysis link at the bottom of the home page. Follow the prompts. For more information about the Dependent Care Spending Account, go to the FAQs section on the same website.

In addition to the tax benefit of participating in a Dependent Care Spending Account, a partial Child and Dependent Care Credit may be available to you. For example, you may be able to claim an additional tax credit in an amount equal to a percentage of \$1,000 if you have:

- Two or more qualifying individuals
- A maximum Dependent Care Spending Account tax filing status of \$5,000 and
- \$6,000 or more in eligible dependent care expenses.

Note: You cannot use the Child and Dependent Care Credit if you are married and filing separately. Dependent care expenses reimbursed through a Dependent Care Spending Account cannot be filed for the credit.

For assistance, call the Customer Care Center at 800-342-8017.

For more information on the Child and Dependent Care Credit, refer to IRS Publication 503.

Note: If you participate in the Dependent Care Spending Account or if you file for the Child and Dependent Care Credit, you must attach IRS Form 2441 to your 1040 income tax return. If you do not, the IRS may not allow your pretax exclusion. To claim the income exclusion for dependent care expenses on IRS Form 2441, you must be able to list each dependent care provider's Social Security

Number (SSN) or Employer Identification Number (EIN). If you are unable to obtain a dependent care provider's SSN or EIN, you must send with your IRS Form 2441 a written statement that explains the circumstances and states that you made a serious effort to get the information.

MoneyPlus Medical Spending Account vs. Claiming Expenses on IRS Form 1040

Unless your itemized medical and dental expenses exceed 10 percent of your adjusted gross income*, you cannot claim them on your IRS Form 1040. However, you can save taxes by paying for your uninsured, out-of-pocket medical expenses through a tax-free Medical Spending Account.

*Note: If you file a joint tax return, your adjusted gross income includes both your income and your spouse's.

With a Medical Spending Account, the money you set aside for medical expenses is deducted from your salary before it is taxed, so you save on taxes. For example, if your adjusted gross income were \$45,000, the IRS would only allow you to deduct itemized expenses that exceed \$4,500, or 10 percent of your adjusted gross income. But if you have \$2,000 in eligible medical expenses, the MoneyPlus account saves you \$656 on your medical expenses in federal income tax (15 percent), South Carolina state tax (7 percent) and Social Security taxes (7.65 percent).

For additional information about the tax credit, consult IRS Publication 502, use the services of a tax professional or get assistance from a Volunteer Income Tax Assistance site. To find the nearest site, call the IRS at 800-829-1040. You may also consult the FAQs at www.myFBMC.com for additional information on MSAs.

Dependent Care Spending Account

Please note: This account is only for paying for day care for children and adults. It may not be used to pay for any medical care for your dependents. You will not be allowed to change this account to a Medical Spending Account after the January 1, 2014, plan year begins.

How the Dependent Care Spending Account Works

- 1. Estimate the amount you will spend during the year on dependent care, up to \$5,000, depending on your tax status. Don't forget to consider vacation and holiday time when you may not have to pay for dependent care. During the year, make sure you file all your claims for reimbursement. Remember, according to IRS guidelines, any money in your account after you have claimed all your expenses at the end of the year cannot be returned to you or be carried over into the next calendar year. You have until March 31 of the new plan year to file claims for services provided the previous year.
- 2. The annual amount you contribute to your account will be divided into equal installments and deducted from each paycheck before taxes. It is then credited to your Dependent Care Spending Account.
- 3. After incurring dependent care expenses, submit a MoneyPlus Claim Form and a copy of your expense documentation from your dependent care provider to WageWorks. The MoneyPlus Claim Form may serve as documentation if it includes the provider's signature. The provider's Tax ID Number or Social Security Number is not requested on the claim form. However, you should be prepared to give it to the IRS if asked to do so.
- 4. Your claim will be processed within five working days of when WageWorks receives it, if it is properly completed and signed, and **only if there are enough funds in your account**. Then a direct deposit will be issued to your account, or a check will be mailed, up to your current account balance. You will be reimbursed for any remaining expenses when money is available in your account.

Eligibility

You must be eligible for state group insurance benefits to participate in MoneyPlus. However, you are *not* required to be enrolled in an insurance program to participate in MoneyPlus, nor do you have to enroll in

the Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature to participate in the Dependent Care or Medical Spending accounts.

Enrollment

You can enroll in the Dependent Care Spending Account within 31 days of your hire date. If you do not enroll then, you can enroll during the next enrollment period, October 1-31. You also can enroll in, or make changes to, this account within 31 days of an approved change in status (see "Special Eligibility Situations," pages 23-29 and "Changing Your Flexible Spending Account Coverage," page 170). You **must** re-enroll each year during open enrollment, which occurs yearly in October, to continue your account the next year. The Dependent Care Spending Account allows you to pay dependent care expenses with your pretax income. Here are the limits on how much you may set aside:

- If you are married and filing separately, your maximum is \$2,500.
- If you are single and head of household, your maximum is \$5,000.
- If you are married and filing jointly, your maximum is \$5,000.
- If either you or your spouse earns less than \$5,000 a year, your maximum is equal to the lower of the two incomes.
- If your spouse is a full-time student or incapable of self-care, your maximum is \$3,000 a year for one dependent and \$5,000 a year for two or more dependents.

You may use your Dependent Care Spending Account to receive reimbursement for eligible dependent care expenses for qualified individuals. A qualified individual includes a qualified child if he or she:

- Is a U.S. citizen, a U.S. national or a resident of the U.S., Mexico or Canada
- · Has a specified family-type relationship to you
- · Lives in your household for more than half of the tax year
- Is under age 13
- · Has not provided more than one-half of his own support during the tax year.

For more information, talk with your benefits administrator or a tax professional, or contact the Internal Revenue Service at 800-829-1040 or www.irs.gov.

Eligible Expenses

Generally, child, adult and elder care costs that allow you and your spouse to work or actively look for work are eligible for reimbursement. If you are married, your spouse must work, be a full-time student or be mentally or physically incapable of self-care. Examples:

- · Day care facility fees
- Local day camp fees
- Baby-sitting fees for at-home care while you and your spouse are working (you, your spouse or another tax dependent cannot provide the care).

Ineligible Expenses

- Child support payments or child care if you are a non-custodial parent
- Payments for dependent care services provided by your dependent, your spouse's dependent or your child who is under age 19
- · Health care costs or educational tuition
- Overnight care for your dependents (unless it allows you and your spouse to work during that time)
- Nursing home fees
- Diaper services
- · Books and supplies

2013

- · Activity fees
- Kindergarten tuition.

Reimbursement of Eligible Expenses

To request reimbursement, you must complete and submit a MoneyPlus Claim Form, along with expense documentation showing the following:

- The dates your dependent received the care (for example, October 1-October 31), **not** the date you paid for the service
- · The name and address of the facility
- The name, address **and signature** of the individual who provided the dependent care.

This information is required with each request for reimbursement. The MoneyPlus Claim Form may serve as documentation if it includes the provider's signature. The provider's Tax ID Number or Social Security Number is not requested on the claim form. However, you should be prepared to give it to the IRS if asked to do so.

An approved expense will not be reimbursed until after the last date of service for which you are requesting reimbursement. For example, if you pay your dependent care provider on October 1 for the month of October 1 ways on authority your reimbursement request for the entire month.

of October, you can submit your reimbursement request for the entire month. However, payment will not be made until you receive the last day of care for that month.

An approved expense will not be reimbursed until enough funds are in your Dependent Care Spending Account to cover the expense. On your claim form, you may divide the dates of service into periods that correspond with your payroll cycle. This will allow you to be reimbursed for part of the amount on the documentation when there are enough funds in your account.

Medical Spending Account

How the Medical Spending Account Works

- 1. Estimate the amount you and your family want to set aside in your Medical Spending Account, up to \$2,500 per calendar year. This amount is indexed and may be updated yearly. If you are mar
 - ried and your spouse is eligible for coverage, you may each set aside up to \$2,500. Consider only those expenses you and your family can expect to incur between January 1 and December 31.
 - According to IRS regulations, if you have money left in your MSA on December 31, you have until March 15 of the new year (a grace period) to spend funds deposited in the account during the previous year.
 - You have until March 31 to ask for reimbursement and submit documentation for eligible expenses incurred during the calendar year and the grace period. This includes documentation for myFBMC Card® transactions. Check www.myFBMC.com for any outstanding transactions that may need documentation.
 - Between January 1 and March 15, any myFBMC Card® swipes or paper claims filed will be paid
 from funds remaining in your MSA from the previous year. For example, if you have 2013 MSA
 funds you would like to use, submit all of your 2013 claims before you begin turning in claims
 for 2014 expenses. Once your 2013 funds are exhausted, you will begin to be reimbursed from
 your 2014 account.

Please Remember —
Although claims are processed in five working days, it may take as long as two weeks to get your check because of time in the mail and weekends. To receive your reimbursement faster, sign up for Direct Deposit.

You may also file your DCSA and MSA claims online. To do so, go to www.myFBMC.com. Log in and select "My Account" and then "Online Claim Form." For more information, see page 170.

To enroll in an MSA, you

must have completed one

year of continuous state-

1 after open enrollment,

which occurs yearly in

covered service by January

• Remember, any money in your account after you have claimed all of your expenses cannot be returned to you or carried over beyond March 15 of the new year.

If you had a myFBMC Card® during the old plan year and signed up for it for the new plan year, you can continue to use it to pay eligible expenses from your previous year's MSA until March 15. If you have *not* signed up for the card or an MSA again, you cannot use your myFBMC Card® after December 31. However, you may submit paper claims until March 31 for expenses incurred until March 15 of the new plan year.

- 2. The yearly amount you elect to contribute to your account will be divided into equal installments and deducted from each paycheck before taxes. It is then credited to your Medical Spending Account.
- 3. After incurring medical or dental expenses, submit a MoneyPlus Claim Form and a copy of the expense documentation or the Explanation of Benefits for these expenses to WageWorks. File the claim only for your unreimbursed expenses. Approved claims will be paid until you have reached the annual amount you chose to have deducted. It will take five working days to process your claim after Wage-Works receives it. Then a direct deposit will be issued to your account within 48 hours after your approved claim is processed, or a check will be mailed. Because of weekends and time in the mail, it may take up to two weeks for you to receive your check.
- 4. If you have a myFBMC Card®, present it when you incur eligible medical expenses, including prescriptions or dental expenses. If the provider accepts the card, the funds will be automatically withdrawn from your account, and you will not have to wait for reimbursement. Instructions on when to submit expense documentation will be provided on your monthly statement, or you may check www.myFBMC.com.

Eligibility

You must be eligible for active group insurance to participate in MoneyPlus. However, you are *not* required to be enrolled in an insurance program to participate in MoneyPlus, nor do you have to enroll in the Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature to participate in a Dependent Care or Medical Spending account.

Enrollment

To continue your Medical Spending Account each year, you **must** re-enroll during the enrollment period, October 1-31. If you have a myFBMC Card®, you must also re-enroll for it each year. You can enroll in, or make changes to, your MSA within 31 days of an approved change in status (see "Special Eligibility Situations," pages 23-29 and "Changing Your Flexible Spending Account Coverage," page 170). Complete a MoneyPlus Enrollment Form, available from your benefits administrator or on the PEBA Insurance Benefits website at www.eip.sc.gov. Submit the completed form to your benefits administrator. Effective January 1, 2013, you may set aside up to \$2,500 annually to pay your medical, vision and dental expenses that are not reimbursed by insurance. This figure will be adjusted yearly for inflation.

Your MoneyPlus MSA may be used to reimburse eligible expenses incurred by:

- Yourself
- Your spouse (even if he has a Medical Spending Account)
- · Your qualifying child or
- · Your qualifying relative.

An individual is a *qualifying child* if he is not someone else's qualifying child, and:

- Does not reach age 27 during the taxable year
- Has a specified family-type relationship to you: son/daughter, stepson/stepdaughter, eligible foster child, legally adopted child, or child placed for legal adoption

• Is a U.S. citizen, a U.S. national or a resident of the U.S., Mexico or Canada.

An individual is a *qualifying relative* if he is a U.S. citizen, a U.S. national or a resident of the U.S., Mexico or Canada and:

- Has a specified family-type relationship to you, is not someone else's qualifying child and receives more than one-half of his support from you during the tax year or
- If no specified family-type relationship to you exists, is a member of and lives in your household (without violating local law) for the entire tax year and receives more than one-half of his support from you during the tax year.

Note: There is no age requirement for a qualifying child if he is physically and/or mentally incapable of self care. An eligible child of divorced parents is treated as a dependent of both, so either or both parents can establish a MoneyPlus MSA.

For more information, contact your benefits administrator or tax advisor or the Internal Revenue Service at 800-829-1040 or at www.irs.gov.

Eligible Expenses — Medical Spending Account

Expenses eligible for reimbursement include your deductibles, coinsurance and copayments. In addition to these expenses, your MSA is an excellent way to help pay for:

- Annual physical exams
- Vision care
- Out-of-pocket dental fees (including orthodontia, if medically necessary, but not if cosmetic)
- Over-the-counter drugs, but only if prescribed by a physician
- Non-medicinal over-the-counter items, including diabetic supplies, are still reimbursable without a prescription
- Any other out-of-pocket medical expenses deductible under current tax laws, including travel to and from medical facilities.

Note: Orthodontia treatment designed to treat a specific medical condition can be reimbursed. However, you will have to submit additional documentation each year. For more information, call the Customer Care Center at 800-342-8017.

Eligible Expenses — Limited-use Medical Spending Account

If you have a Health Savings Account (HSA), you are eligible for a limited-use Medical Spending Account. This account may be used to pay expenses not covered by the Savings Plan, such as dental and vision care. You may use your HSA, but not your limited-use MSA, for deductibles and coinsurance.

Over-the-Counter Medicine

Under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, an MSA can only be used to pay for over-the-counter drugs if those drugs are prescribed by a physician. A list of categories of over-the-counter items that the IRS has approved for reimbursement is available at www.myFBMC.com.

Ineligible Expenses

- Insurance premiums
- Vision warranties and service contracts
- · Health or fitness club membership fees
- Cosmetic surgery not deemed medically necessary to alleviate, mitigate or prevent a medical condition.

Availability

Once you sign up for an MSA and decide how much to contribute, the entire amount will be available on January 1. You do not have to wait for the funds to accumulate in your account before being reimbursed for eligible medical expenses.

Medical Spending Account Reimbursement

If you use a myFBMC Card[®], funds will be transferred automatically from your MSA. You will not need to wait for reimbursement. Please note that the myFBMC Card[®] is not available to limited-use MSA participants. The myFBMC Card[®] is discussed in detail on pages 166-169.

If you file by mail, your reimbursement will be issued within five business days from the time your properly completed and signed claim form is received. However, weekends and time in the mail may mean it will take longer than that to receive your check. The minimum reimbursement is \$5, except for the last reimbursement, which brings your account balance to zero.

Do not use a highlighter on any forms or other documents you send. It will make them impossible to read when they are photocopied or faxed.

Direct Deposit

Your MoneyPlus reimbursement checks can be deposited automatically into your checking or savings account. There is no extra fee for this service, and you will still be notified that your claim has been processed. To apply, complete a MoneyPlus Direct Deposit Authorization Form available from your benefits office or on the PEBA Insurance Benefits website at www.eip.sc.gov. Processing your direct deposit application may take four to six weeks.

MoneyPlus spending accounts are tax-favored accounts and must follow the guidelines under Section 125 of the Internal Revenue Code. Your signature on the form submitted for reimbursement serves as a required certification that you are abiding by the plan rules. Your request cannot be processed without it.

Requesting Manual Reimbursement

Claims must first be filed for any health plan benefits, provided by your employer, for which you are eligible. Any remaining out-of-pocket expenses may then be submitted for reimbursement from your MSA.

To request reimbursement from your MSA, fax or mail a completed MoneyPlus Claim Form (the fax number and address are on the form), along with one of these:

- An invoice or bill from your healthcare provider listing the date you received the service, the cost of the service, the type of service and the person for whom the service was provided
- An Explanation of Benefits (EOB) from your health insurance provider that shows the type of service you
 received, the date and cost of the service and any uninsured portion of the cost. In certain circumstances, a written statement from your healthcare provider that the service was medically necessary may be
 required. This Letter of Medical Need is available by calling 800-342-8017.

MoneyPlus MSA claims, as well as DCSA claims, also may be filed online. For information, see page 170.

MyFBMC Card® Visa® Card

You may use the myFBMC Card® to draw funds from your MoneyPlus MSA to pay eligible, uninsured medical expenses for yourself and for your covered family members.

There is no risk of overspending. If you try to spend more than you will deposit into the account during the year, the transaction will be denied.

The myFBMC Card® is not available if you have a limited-use MSA, which is associated with the State Health Plan Savings Plan and the Health Savings Account.

Enrollment

When you sign up for an MSA, you may request a myFBMC Card® on your enrollment form. If you wish to continue your myFBMC Card® from year to year, you must re-enroll in it each year. There is a \$10 annual fee for the card. The fee will be deducted from your MSA at the beginning of the year. You will receive two cards; you can give one to your spouse or child.

Activating the Card

You must activate your myFBMC Card® before you use it for the first time. To do so, log on to www.myFBMC.com. Be sure to sign the back of the card. If you continue to sign up for the card and a Money-Plus MSA from year to year, you will continue to use the same plastic card until its expiration date.

Using the Card

You may use the card for:

- Copayments and deductibles at physician, dentist and optometrist offices
- Vision and dental expenses
- Prescription copayments and uncovered prescriptions at participating pharmacies
- IRS-approved over-the-counter items
- Over-the-counter drugs with a prescription, if filled by the pharmacy
- Mail-order prescriptions.

Your myFBMC Card® may only be used for eligible medical expenses not covered by your insurance. You may not use it for cosmetic dental costs and eyeglass warranties.

When you use the card to pay a healthcare provider, such as a physician or a stand-alone drug store, swipe it as you would a credit card. No PIN is needed. Please remember to keep documentation of your expenses, as stated in the IRS regulations.

The card will only be accepted at IIAS merchants. The latest list of stores meeting the federal electronic coding requirements is at www.myFBMC.com. After you log in, click on the "My Account" tab at the top of the page and then select "My Account FAQ's." After that, select "Payment Card." Under that category, click on "What is IIAS?" On the website, you will also find a list of categories of over-the-counter items that the IRS has approved for reimbursement.

The pharmacy must also participate in your health plan's network. A list of pharmacies that are part of your network is on the PEBA Insurance Benefits website under "Online Directories." If you use a pharmacy that is not part of your plan's network, you will pay the full cost for the drug. The cost will not apply to your deductible.

If you are enrolled in the State Health Plan or BlueChoice HealthPlan, you may use your myFBMC Card® for mail-order prescriptions. No documentation is required for prescriptions with known copayments.

Like any MSA expense,

tions must be documented

for the IRS. See page 168

for more information.

myFBMC Card® transac-

When using your myFBMC Card® at a pharmacy, just swipe the card as you would any credit or debit card. A PIN is not needed. Your receipt will show the name of the drug and the amount of the copayment that was taken from your MSA.

If a provider does not accept the card, you must use a MoneyPlus Claim Form to file for reimbursement.

The form is available on the PEBA Insurance Benefits website at www.eip.sc.gov.

Up to five prescriptions with fixed copayments (such as \$9, \$36 and \$60 under the Standard Plan) on one card transaction will be *auto-adjudicated*. *Auto-adjudicated* means they will be verified and approved when you make the purchase without requiring documentation later. If you have more than five prescriptions on one card transaction, all of the prescriptions will require documentation.

Documentation **will be** required when you use the card for any transaction that does not have a fixed copayment.

If prescription drugs are purchased through your health plan's mail-order pharmacy, documentation **will not be required** for any prescriptions and IRS-approved over-the-counter items.

Documenting MyFBMC Card® Transactions

According to the IRS, it is not necessary to submit documentation for:

- Up to five for prescriptions with fixed copayments on one card transaction. (These prescriptions will be auto-adjudicated, verified and approved when you make the purchase without requiring documentation later.)
- Known copayments for services provided through health plans offered by PEBA Insurance Benefits (the State Health Plan and BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO
- Eligible prescriptions purchased through your health plan's mail-order pharmacy
- IRS-approved over-the-counter items.

However, documentation is needed for other healthcare expenses. When you receive your quarterly statement, transactions requiring documentation will be highlighted in blue. If an expense appears in this section you must **fax a copy** of your documentation and a MoneyPlus Claim Form to WageWorks. No cover sheet is needed.

Documentation can be an Explanation of Benefits from your health plan or a statement or bill showing the name of the patient, the date of service, the type of service, the service provider and the cost of service. If the documentation is for a drug, be sure it includes the prescription number and the name of the drug. Most drug store receipts do not show the name of the drug. You may need to submit a print-out that includes the name of the drug. It may be from the pharmacy, from your prescription drug program's website or from the pharmacy's website. The name also may be on a note stapled to the bag from the pharmacy.

On page 164 you will find information about how the run-out period and grace period apply to the myFBMC Card®.

The claim form is available on the PEBA Insurance Benefits website at www.eip.sc.gov under "Forms." You may also get a copy from www.myFBMC.com, or from your benefits administrator. The claim form is necessary to process the documentation.

When an outstanding myFBMC Card® transaction has appeared in blue on two quarterly statements, the next time you submit an approved paper claim, enough money will be kept in your account to make up for the card transaction that you have not documented. You will be reimbursed for the difference between the new claim and the undocumented claim. This is called "automatic substitution." You may also satisfy any outstanding myFBMC Card® transactions by submitting a check to WageWorks, made out to your employer in the amount of the outstanding transaction.

If an undocumented transaction appears in blue on more that two consecutive quarterly statements and no automatic substitution has occurred, your myFBMC Card® will be suspended until:

- Your documentation is received and/or
- Automatic substitution occurs and/or
- · You repay your account by check.

When the transaction in question is cleared by one of these methods, your card will be automatically reinstated. Any amounts from January 1, 2013, to March 15, 2014, that are not cleared by March 31, 2014, violate IRS guidelines and will be taxed as income. Also, your myFBMC Card® will be canceled permanently.

You should keep all documents substantiating your claims for at least one year and submit them upon request.

Please submit documentation for items listed in blue on your quarterly statement. If you do not send in documentation after a transaction has appeared in blue on two quarterly statements, your card will be suspended on the last working day of the month.

Lost Cards

If your myFBMC Card® is lost or stolen, call 888-462-1909 immediately.

Limited-use Medical Spending Account

Savings Plan subscribers who contribute to an HSA may enroll in a limited-use Medical Spending Account (MSA) to pay dental and vision care expenses, as these are not covered by the Savings Plan. Except for the restrictions regarding which expenses are reimbursable, a MoneyPlus limited-use MSA works the same as a MoneyPlus MSA.

Using your limited-use MSA

Since you can pay your out-of-pocket medical expenses with your MoneyPlus HSA, some MoneyPlus MSA features are not available with a MoneyPlus limited-use MSA, including:

- No reimbursement of out-of-pocket medical expenses, such as deductibles, coinsurance and copayments
- · No reimbursement for over-the-counter items and
- No myFBMC Card® option.

Remember, MoneyPlus limited-use MSAs are available only to HSA participants. Dependent Care Spending Account eligibility is not affected by your HSA participation.

Access to Information About Your Flexible Spending Account

A Word About Your Interactive Voice Response PIN

To use the Interactive Voice Response (IVR) system, all you need is your Social Security number (SSN). When you call the IVR for the first time, you will be asked to use the telephone pad to key in your SSN. The last four digits of your SSN will be your first Personal Identification Number (PIN). Then you will be asked to select your own confidential PIN, which should be between four and eight digits. Please use numbers only. Once you have selected your new PIN, you have access to information about your benefits. **Please keep your PIN in a safe place.** This PIN has no connection with the myFBMC Card[®].

If you have trouble registering, it may be because the information you entered does not match what is on file for you. During business hours, a customer care representative can help you register.

Website: www.myFBMC.com

This website provides information about your tax-favored accounts. To register, enter your name, ZIP code, email address and Social Security number and then select a password. To log in to the site, enter your

email address and password. After you log in, you have access to this benefit information 24 hours a day:

- My Benefits. You may check your benefits, read Flexible Spending Account descriptions and other
 materials and much more.
- **My Account.** View your account summary, as well as an online statement, claims information and card transactions. The drop-down list includes access to an online claim form and other forms.
- My Profile. Change your email address, complete your online registration or select a new PIN.
- **My Resources.** Use the Tax Savings Analysis tool and find answers to many Frequently Asked Questions.
- Contact Us. Send a question to the Customer Care Center.

Filing Medical and Dependent Care Spending Account Claims Online

MoneyPlus claims may be filed online at www.myFBMC.com. Select "My Account" and then "Online Claim Form." Choose an account: "Limited Medical FSA," "Dependent Care FSA" or "Medical FSA." Enter the total amount of the claim. Then scan your completed claim form and supporting documents. Acceptable formats are .jpg, .bmp, and .gif. Individual claim forms may not exceed three megabytes. After you scan your claim form and documents, follow the directions on the screen to submit your claims.

Claims also may be submitted by mail and fax.

Email Notification

You will be notified by email of a variety of events related to your Flexible Spending Accounts. They include receipt of claims, payment or rejection of claims, a need for myFBMC Card® documentation, suspension or reinstatement of your myFBMC Card® and more. To sign up, go to www.myFBMC.com, log in and click on "Go Green" in the box under "Account Access."

Telephone

The 24-hour automated phone system enables you to check a MoneyPlus claim, request forms and more. Getting connected to your benefits is easy. Call the Interactive Voice Response Line at 800-865-3262.

Contacts for WageWorks

<u>Department</u> Customer Care Center	<u>Hours</u> M – F, 7 a.m. – 10 p.m., ET	<u>Phone</u> 800-342-8017 800-955-8771 (TDD)
Interactive Voice Response	24 hours a day, seven days a week, including weekends and holidays	800-865-3262
Dispute Line	M – F, 7 a.m. – 10 p.m., ET	800-342-8017
Toll-free Claims Fax		888-800-5217

Changing Your Flexible Spending Account Coverage

You can start or stop your MoneyPlus Flexible Spending Accounts or vary the amounts you contribute to the account only under limited circumstances. MoneyPlus program and IRS regulations establish which "changes in status" allow you to change contributions to your account. The change you wish to make to your Dependent Care Spending Account (DCSA) or Medical Spending Account (MSA) must be consistent with the event that triggers the change. For example, you may wish to start a DCSA if you have a baby or adopt a child. You may want to decrease your MSA contribution if you get a divorce and will no longer be

paying for your ex-spouse's out-of-pocket medical expenses.

Within 31 days of one of the events listed below, you must complete and submit a Change in Status Form to your benefits administrator if you wish to make changes in your account. The form is available on the PEBA Insurance Benefits website at www.eip.sc.gov and from your benefits administrator. If you wish to continue to have a myFBMC Card®, you must re-elect it on the form.

Your benefits administrator must complete and review the form, along with any necessary documentation, authorize it and forward the form in a timely manner. Any related claims you submit in the interim will be held until WageWorks receives and processes the Change in Status Form. Birth, adoption and placement for adoption are effective on the date of the event. All other changes in status are effective the first of the month after the date of the request. Some changes in status that permit changes to your account are:

If you are enrolled in an MSA or a DCSA, you can re-enroll online during open enrollment, which occurs yearly in October. If you have an MSA, you can also add a DCSA.

If you wish to open an HSA, which is associated with the Savings Plan, you must do so online.

- Marriage, divorce
- · Birth, placement for adoption, adoption
- · Placement for custody
- Dependent loses eligibility
- Death of spouse or child
- Gain or loss of employment
- Begin or end unpaid leave of absence
- Change from full-time to part-time employment or vice versa
- · Change in day-care provider.

Please note: You cannot change your MoneyPlus account because you are in the process of a divorce. When a divorce is final, it is a change-in-status event that does permit you to change your MoneyPlus account.

For more information, contact your benefits administrator or call the Customer Care Center at 800-342-8017.

How Changes Affect Your Period of Coverage

Your MoneyPlus spending account is set up for the entire calendar year (your period of coverage). However, if you are permitted to change it during the year (an approved, mid-plan-year election change), you have more than one period of coverage. Money you deposit during the original period of coverage may be combined with money you deposit after the mid-year change. However, expenses you incurred before the mid-year change cannot be reimbursed for more money than was in the MoneyPlus account before the change.

How Leaving Your Job Affects Your Flexible Spending Account

Medical Spending Account

COBRA coverage under a MoneyPlus MSA will be offered only if you have an *under-spent account*. An account is under spent if the amount you elected to contribute to your account for the plan year, minus any reimbursable claims you have submitted up to the date of the COBRA qualifying event, is equal to or more than the amount you would have contributed to the account had you remained employed for the remainder of the plan year. COBRA coverage will consist of the amount you have in your MSA at the time of the qualifying event, plus additional contributions up to the annual amount you elected to contribute. You will

be charged a 2 percent administrative fee. The use-it-or-lose-it rule will continue to apply. You will lose any funds remaining in your account at the end of the grace period, and COBRA coverage will end. Wage-Works, the third-party claims processor, will contact you regarding continuation of coverage.

If you know in advance that you will be leaving your job, you can prepay your account. See page 192 for more information.

If you choose not to continue your MSA, you have 90 days, from your last day at work, to submit eligible MSA expenses incurred before you left employment. Any funds remaining in your account will not be returned to you.

If you leave your job, your myFBMC Card[®] will be canceled.

The Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) may affect your rights to continue coverage while on leave. Please contact your employer for further information.

Dependent Care Spending Account

If you leave your job **permanently** or take an **unpaid leave of absence**, you cannot continue contributing to your Dependent Care Spending Account. You can, however, request reimbursement for eligible expenses incurred while you were employed, until you exhaust your account or the plan year ends.

Health Savings Account

Subscribers enrolled in the State Health Plan Savings Plan can save money for qualified medical expenses tax free through a Health Savings Account (HSA).

Eligibility

To be eligible for the state's HSA, a subscriber must be covered by the Savings Plan, which is a High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP). He cannot be covered by any other health plan that is not a HDHP, including Medicare. However, he can be covered for specific injuries, accidents, disability, dental care, vision care and long-term care. He cannot be claimed as a dependent on another person's income tax return.

An eligible subscriber may establish an HSA offered through any qualified financial institution. However, to contribute to an HSA on a pretax basis through payroll deduction, he must enroll in the MoneyPlus HSA. Wells Fargo is the custodian for these accounts. The accounts are administered by WageWorks.

Retirees please note:

A retiree who is **not enrolled in Medicare** may be covered by the Savings Plan and contribute to an HSA.

If you are **retired** and **eligible for and enrolled in Medicare**, you may not contribute to an HSA.

Enrolling in an HSA

When you have met the eligibility requirements for an HSA, complete a MoneyPlus enrollment form choosing the HSA option. Give the form to your benefits administrator. If you would like to open an HSA with Wells Fargo go to the PEBA Insurance Benefits website, www.eip.sc.gov, and click on "Links." Under "MoneyPlus," select "Open HSA Bank Account with Wells Fargo." You will need to know your Employer HSA ID number

A MoneyPlus MSA, even a spouse's MSA, is considered other health insurance under HSA regulations. However, if you have no funds in your MSA on December 31, you may begin contributing to an HSA on January 1.

If you have a *limited-use* MSA, you may begin making HSA contributions on January 1. A limited-use MSA may only be used for dental and vision expenses, so it does not meet the definition of *other health insurance*.

(0024700000000) (00247 followed by 10 zeroes), the name of your carrier (BCBSSC), your type of coverage (single or family) and your Social Security number.

If you don't have Internet access and would like to open a MoneyPlus HSA, check with your benefits administrator.

Once you enroll in an HSA, you do not have to re-enroll in it as long as you remain eligible for it.

Active subscribers enrolled in the Savings Plan, upon turning 65, remain eligible to contribute to an HSA, if they delay enrollment in Medicare Part A by delaying taking Social Security. (A person can delay enrolling in Social Security until age 70½.) Once this subscriber enrolls in Social Security (Part A of Medicare), usually at retirement, he can no longer make contributions to an HSA, including catch-up contributions. However, the funds already in the HSA can be withdrawn to pay Medicare premiums (not Medigap premiums), deductibles and coinsurance, which are qualified expenses.

Retirees enrolled in the Savings Plan are eligible to contribute to an HSA (although not through Money-Plus). They may enroll in the HSA at Wells Fargo, or any other institution that offers an HSA, and make catch-up contributions. The retiree may claim his HSA contribution on his income tax return.

Limited-use Medical Spending Account

If you have an HSA, you can also have a limited-use MSA. That account may be used for expenses not covered by your health insurance, the Savings Plan. Eligible expenses include dental and vision care. See page 165 for more information.

If you enrolled in a full MSA instead of an HSA, you cannot sign up for an HSA until the next enrollment period or until a special eligibility situation occurs that allows you to end your MSA within 31 days of the event.

Contributions

The maximum contribution to an HSA is indexed for inflation. In 2014, a subscriber with single coverage can contribute \$3,300, and a subscriber who covers himself and any other family member can contribute \$6,550. Total contributions for the entire year may not exceed these limits.

- For example, a subscriber with single coverage under the Savings Plan can contribute \$3,300 to his HSA for the 12 months beginning January 1, 2014. Contributions may be paid in a lump sum, in equal amounts for 12 months (such as through payroll deduction with MoneyPlus) or in any combination of payments during the year, as long as the total does not exceed \$3,300.
- A subscriber with the same coverage who enrolls by December 1, 2014, may also contribute \$3,300.
 However, he must remain eligible for a full 12 months after the end of the plan year. Contributions may be paid in a lump sum, in equal amounts during the months he is eligible (such as through payroll deduction with MoneyPlus) or in any combination of payments during the year, as long as the total does not exceed \$3,300.
- A subscriber who had funds in an MSA on December 31, 2013, may not begin contributing to an
 HSA until the day after the end of the MSA run-out period, April 1, 2014. However, his maximum contribution would still be \$3,300. Contributions may be paid in a lump sum, in equal amounts for nine
 months (such as through payroll deduction with MoneyPlus) or in any combination of payments during
 the year, as long as the total does not exceed \$3,300. He must remain eligible for 12 months after the
 end of the plan year.
- A subscriber who had no funds in his MSA on December 31, 2013, may make the maximum contribution to his HSA in 2014 and may begin contributing on January 1, 2014. Contributions may be paid in a lump sum, in equal amounts for 12 months (such as through payroll deduction with MoneyPlus) or in any combination of payments during the year, as long as the total does not exceed \$3,300.

Subscribers age 55 and older may make additional "catch-up" contributions to an HSA. The amount for 2014 is \$1,000.

There is no minimum contribution, but remember that administrative fees will be deducted from your account. HSAs established at Wells Fargo through MoneyPlus include a WageWorks fee of \$1.50 per month. You also pay a bank fee of \$2 per month, until your account exceeds \$2,500.

Changing Contributions

Unlike an MSA, you may enroll, change or stop your contributions to your MoneyPlus HSA through payroll deduction once a month. To make the change, fill out a new MoneyPlus Enrollment Form and complete Box A.

You may make regular and catch-up contributions to your HSA up to the time your federal income tax return is due, usually April 15.

Contributions Over Federal Limits

WageWorks will monitor your HSA contributions and send an alert to your benefits administrator if you are exceeding your contribution limit.

However, the best way to avoid problems is to divide your annual contribution among the number of paychecks you receive. For example, if you have single coverage, you can deduct a maximum of \$3,300 for 2014. If you receive 24 paychecks each year, you can deduct \$137.50 each pay period. If you have family coverage, you can deduct a maximum of \$6,550 for 2014. If you receive 24 paychecks a year, you could deduct \$272.91 (rounded down) each pay period.

The HSA Custodial Account disclosure statement and funds availability disclosure agreement is on the PEBA Insurance Benefits website. Select "Publications" and then "MoneyPlus." Information is also available by contacting Customer Care at 800-342-8017 or at www.myFBMC.com.

For information about a Wells Fargo HSA go to www.wellsfargo.com or call 866-884-7374.

The Employer HSA ID number for an account at Wells Fargo is 00247000000000000.

General HSA information is available from the U.S. Dept. of the Treasury at www.treasury.gov/resource-center/faqs/Taxes/Pages/Health-Savings-Accounts.aspx

Using HSA Funds

After you enroll in an HSA, you will receive a Visa® debit card from Wells Fargo. You may order additional cards by calling Wells Fargo at 866-884-7374 or by logging into your account at www.wellsfargo.com. You should receive the card within 10 business days. You can also order a supply of checks by calling this number. You may use the card or the checks to reimburse yourself from your HSA. Using a check without sufficient funds in your account will result in additional fees.

One important difference between an HSA and an MSA is that on January 1, after open enrollment, which occurs yearly in October, you have immediate access to your full yearly contribution to an MSA. This is not true of an HSA. You can only withdraw HSA funds that are actually in your account. If you use your debit card for a transaction and you do not have enough money in your account, the transaction will not go through or you will be charged an overdraft fee. If you write a check and you do not have enough money in your account, you will be charged for writing a check with insufficient funds.

Availability of Funds

Each contribution to your MoneyPlus HSA will be available after your employer's payroll is received and processed by WageWorks, transferred to Wells Fargo and deposited in your account. Deposits are sent to Wells Fargo twice a week. Funds should **generally** be available in your HSA no later than a week after your pay date. Remember, this depends on when your employer submits the deductions and payroll reports.

You will receive monthly statements from Wells Fargo. You may also check your balance by visiting any Wells Fargo banking location.

Through the online Wells Fargo Health Account Manager, you can check your balance, make online contributions, review monthly statements and annual tax reporting, transfer funds, set up your HSA investment account and more. After your account is open, go to <u>wellsfargo.com</u> and click "Access Your HSA" to sign up for online access. There is no charge for these services.

You can make deposits to, or withdrawals from, your account at any Wells Fargo banking location. You may also use your Wells Fargo Visa® HSA debit card at a Wells Fargo ATM to reimburse yourself for out-of-pocket expenses. Any withdrawals must be for medical expenses that qualify under IRS guidelines. If they do not qualify, they may be subject to taxes and penalties.

Eligible Expenses

You may use the funds in your HSA, tax free, to pay for **unreimbursed** eligible medical expenses for your-self, your spouse and your tax dependents. Medical expenses include the costs of diagnosis, cure, treatment or prevention of physical or mental defects or illnesses, including dental and vision expenses. HSA funds can only be used tax-free to pay for over-the-counter drugs if the drugs were prescribed by a physician. For more information, contact the IRS.

Documentation of Eligible Expenses

You should keep receipts for expenses paid from your HSA with your tax returns in case the IRS audits your tax return and requests copies.

If you use HSA funds for ineligible expenses, you will be subject to taxes on the amount you took from your HSA, as well as a 20-percent penalty if you are younger than age 65.

HSA Fees

If you deposit funds to your HSA through payroll deduction, administrative fees will be deducted. They include:

\$1.50 per month (a WageWorks fee that is deducted from your paycheck)

and these Wells Fargo fees:

- \$2 per month (This fee is deducted from your account.)
- No fee to process checks. There is a one-time fee of \$15 for a basic order of checks.
- Other fees may apply, such as those for insufficient funds.

There are no transaction fees for investing in mutual fund options.

The \$2 monthly service charge continues, even when your HSA balance reaches \$0. As a result, your account will be overdrawn, and you will be subject to additional charges.

If you will not contribute to your MoneyPlus HSA during the year but want to keep your account with Wells Fargo open, you must continue to pay the \$2 monthly fee, until you have a minimum balance of \$2,500. There is no WageWorks fee if you are not actively contributing.

Investment of HSA Funds

One of the advantages of an HSA is that you do not have to spend all the funds during the year in which they are deposited, as you do with a MSA. The funds can accumulate and can be used for eligible medical expenses in the future.

Your funds will initially be held in an interest-bearing checking account with Wells Fargo. As the account grows, you may be eligible to place your funds over \$2,000 into the Wells Fargo Advantage Funds options.

Unlike funds in an interest-bearing checking account, money invested in a mutual fund is not FDIC-insured. You have the opportunity to earn a higher rate of return on your investment, but that is not guaranteed. There is a possibility you will lose money, including the original amount invested.

Portability (Continuing Your Coverage)

If you leave your job, you can take your HSA with you and continue to use it for qualified medical expenses.

Tax Reporting

After year end, Wells Fargo will send you tax filing information to use in reporting your HSA contributions and withdrawals when you file your taxes. It is important to save documentation, including receipts, invoices and explanations of benefits from your health insurance carrier, in case you are asked to show the IRS proof that your HSA funds were used for qualified expenses.

If you participate in MoneyPlus, pretax HSA contributions will appear on your W-2 Form as employer-paid contributions. This is because this money was deducted from your salary before it was taxed. Do not deduct this money on your return. Only after-tax contributions may be deducted. Consult your tax advisor for more information.

If you have questions about how your HSA contributions were reported on your W-2 Form, contact your benefits office.

Closing Your HSA

If you are no longer eligible to contribute to an HSA, or no longer wish to do so, you must go to your BA and complete a MoneyPlus Enrollment Form. Enter "\$0" in Section A to stop contributions to the account. You and your BA must sign the form before your BA submits it.

If money remains in the account, you may continue to use it for qualified, unreimbursed medical expenses. To close the account, contact the Wells Fargo HSA Account Holder customer service line at 866-884-7374.

How Death Affects Your MoneyPlus Accounts

Flexible Spending Accounts

Medical Spending Accounts (MSA) and **Dependent Care Spending Accounts** (DCSA) end on the date the employee dies. They are not refunded to the survivor.

An IRS-qualified dependent/beneficiary may continue an MSA through the end of the plan year under CO-BRA. Contact WageWorks or your benefits administrator for more information. If the MSA is not continued through COBRA, the beneficiary has 90 days from the date of death to submit claims for eligible expenses incurred through the date of death.

DCSA claims incurred through the date of death may be submitted until the account is exhausted or through the end of the year.

The death of a spouse or child creates a "change in status" that makes it possible to stop, start or vary the amount contributed to an MSA or DCSA. You have 31 days from the date of death to make the change. See page 171 for information about changing your contribution.

Health Savings Accounts

If the beneficiary of the Health Savings Account (HSA) is the account owner's spouse, the HSA will become the spouse's HSA. If the beneficiary is not the spouse, the account will cease to be an HSA on the date of death. If the beneficiary is the account owner's estate, the fair market value of the account on the date of death will be taxable on the account owner's final return. For beneficiaries other than the spouse or the estate, the fair market value of the account is taxable to the beneficiary for the tax year in which the account owner died.

For more information, see Section VII of the Health Savings Account Custodial Agreement. A copy of the agreement is on the PEBA Insurance Benefits website, www.eip.sc.gov. Select "Publications" and then "MoneyPlus." To settle the account, contact the bank that is the custodian of the account.

Appeals

If your request for reimbursement, claim for benefits or mid-plan-year election change is denied, in full or in part, you have the right to appeal the decision by sending a written request within 30 days of the denial for review to WageWorks (Attn: Appeals Process), P.O. Box 1840, Tallahassee, FL 32302-1840).

Your appeal must include:

- The name of your employer
- · The date of the services for which your request was denied
- A copy of the denied request
- A copy of the denial letter you received
- · Why you think your request should not have been denied and
- Any additional documents, information or comments you think may have a bearing on your appeal.

Your appeal will be reviewed when it and its supporting documentation are received. You will be notified of the results of this review within 30 business days from receipt of your appeal. In unusual cases, such as when an appeal requires additional documentation, the review may take longer than 30 business days. If your appeal is approved, additional processing time is required to modify your benefit elections.

If you are still dissatisfied after the decision is re-examined, you may ask PEBA Insurance Benefits to review the matter by making a written request to PEBA Insurance Benefits within 90 days of notice of the denial. If the denial is upheld by the PEBA Insurance Benefits Appeals Committee, you have 30 days to seek judicial review as provided by Sections 1-11-710 and 1-23-380 of the S.C. Code of Laws, as amended.

Note: Appeals are approved only if the extenuating circumstances and supporting documentation are within your employer's, your insurance provider's and IRS' regulations governing the plan.

Retirement/ Disability Retirement

Retirement/Disability Retirement Table of Contents

Benefits for Retirees	181
Planning for Your Retirement	181
Are You Eligible for Retiree Insurance?	
Employees who started work before July 1, 2012	181
Employees who started work on or after July 1, 2012	182
Employees who participate in the State Optional Retirement Program	
Disability Retirement	182
How TERI Participation Affects Retiree Insurance	183
Will Your Employer Pay Part of Your Premiums?	183
Employees Hired Before May 2, 2008	184
Employees Hired on or After May 2, 2008	186
Enrolling as a Retiree	187
Within 31 Days of Retirement	187
Within 31 days of a Special Eligibility Situation	188
During Open Enrollment	
Retiree Premiums and Premium Payment	188
Your Health Plan Choices as a Retiree	189
If You Are Not Eligible for Medicare	189
If You Are Eligible for Medicare	189
If You Are Considering the Savings Plan	189
Dental Benefits	190
Vision Care	190
Other Programs PEBA Insurance Benefits Offers	190
Life Insurance	190
MoneyPlus	
Long Term Disability	192
When Your Coverage as a Retiree Begins	193
Changing Coverage	
Returning to Employment After Retirement	
When Coverage Ends	195
Death of a Retiree	
Comparison of Health Plans for Retirees & Family Members NOT Fligible for Medicare	198

Benefits for Retirees

This chapter provides information for eligible participants in the state insurance program who are considering retirement or who have retired. For detailed information on specific programs, refer to the previous chapters in this guide.

If you or a family member you cover is eligible for Medicare, you will find helpful information in the Medicare chapter, as well as in this one. **Please read both chapters.**

If you have questions or need more information about your insurance, contact the S.C. Public Employee Benefit Authority (PEBA) through its Insurance Benefits website at www.eip.sc.gov, write to P.O. Box 11661, Columbia, SC 29211-1661 or call

803-734-0678 (Greater Columbia area) or 888-260-9430 (toll-free outside the Columbia area).

If you are eligible for retiree insurance, you must enroll within 31 days of your eligibility date or of a special eligibility situation, or during open enrollment. See pages 187-188 for more information.

Planning for Your Retirement

PEBA Insurance Benefits cannot confirm eligibility or funding of your retirement premiums over the telephone. If your anticipated retirement date is **within 90 days**, please submit an Employment Verification Record with a Retiree Notice of Election form. If your anticipated retirement date is **three to six months away**, you may submit a written request, which includes your anticipated retirement date and your Employment Verification Record, and PEBA Insurance Benefits will send you a written confirmation of your eligibility. **PEBA Insurance Benefits will not confirm eligibility more than six months before your retirement date.**

Are You Eligible for Retiree Insurance?

Eligibility for *retiree group insurance* is not the same as eligibility for *retirement*. It is recommended that you review the requirements for retiree group insurance in this section and that you contact PEBA to confirm your eligibility for retirement and for retiree group insurance before you set your retirement date.

You may be eligible for health, dental and vision coverage in retirement if you meet these criteria:

- 1. You retire from an employer that participates in the state insurance program.
- 2. You are eligible to retire when you leave employment.
- Your last five years of employment were served consecutively in a full-time, permanent position with an employer that participates in the state insurance program.

For insurance purposes, members of a defined benefit plan administered by PEBA must meet the minimum retirement eligibility requirements established by the system in which they participate when they leave covered employment. Defined benefit plans administered by PEBA include South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS), Police Officers Retirement System (PORS), General Assembly Retirement System (GARS) and Judges and Solicitors Retirement System (JSRS).

For more information about state retirement eligibility, call PEBA Retirement Benefits at 803-737-6800 (Greater Columbia area) or 800-868-9002 (toll-free outside the Columbia area but in South Carolina) or go to the retirement benefits website, www.retirement.sc.gov.

Employees who started work before July 1, 2012

• SCRS members must have at least five years of earned service credit and be eligible to retire due to age (60) or years of service (28 years) or be approved for SCRS disability retirement. SCRS members

are also eligible to retire at age 55 with at least 25 years of service.

- PORS members must have at least five years of earned service credit and be eligible to retire due to age (55) or years of service (25 years) or be approved for PORS disability retirement.
- Retirees of a local subdivision that does not participate in PEBA Retirement Benefits must have 28 years of service or have reached age 60 or be approved for disability through Standard Insurance Company. Their last five years of employment must be served consecutively in a full-time permanent position with an employer that participates in the state insurance program.

Exception:

Former municipal and county council members who served on council for at least 12 years and were
covered under the state insurance program by a participating employer when they left council may be
eligible for retiree insurance if the county or municipal council on which they served allows coverage for
former members.

Employees who started work on or after July 1, 2012

- SCRS members must have at least eight years of earned service credit and satisfy the Rule of 90 requirement (age plus years of service credit equals 90) or be approved for SCRS disability retirement.
- PORS members must have at least eight years of earned service credit and be eligible to retire due to age (55) or years of service (27 years) or be approved for PORS disability retirement.
- Retirees of a local subdivision that does not participate in PEBA Retirement Benefits must have 28 years of service or have reached age 60 or be approved for disability through Standard Insurance Company. Their last five years of employment must be served consecutively in a full-time permanent position with an employer that participates in the state insurance program.

Exception:

Former municipal and county council members who served on council for at least 12 years and were
covered under the state insurance program by a participating employer when they left council may be
eligible for retiree insurance if the county or municipal council on which they served allows coverage for
former members.

Employees who participate in the State Optional Retirement Program

There is no minimum age or years of service requirement for State Optional Retirement Program (State ORP) participants. They become eligible to receive distributions when they leave employment or reach age $59 \frac{1}{2}$.

However, <u>eligibility for retiree group insurance</u> is not the same as <u>eligibility for retirement</u>. To be eligible for retiree group insurance, State ORP participants must:

- Have 28 years of service with a state insurance participating employer or
- Have five years of service with a state insurance participating employer and have reached age 60.

The employer must verify time worked as a State ORP participant.

Disability Retirement

You may be eligible for retiree group insurance if you have been approved for disability retirement benefits through one of the defined benefit plans administered by PEBA Retirement Benefits: South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS), Police Officers Retirement System (PORS), General Assembly Retirement System

(GARS), or Judges and Solicitors Retirement System (JSRS). For more information, see below or contact PEBA Retirement Benefits.

The State ORP does not provide disability protection. However, a participant in State ORP may meet the retirement eligibility requirement for retiree group insurance through approval by the Standard Insurance Company for Basic Long Term Disability and/or Supplemental Long Term Disability.

Employees of local subdivisions that do not participate with PEBA Retirement Benefits may meet the disability retirement eligibility requirement for retiree group insurance through approval by the Standard Insurance Company for Basic Long Term Disability and/or Supplemental Long Term Disability.

Eligibility for Disability Retirement

South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS) Members

Effective January 1, 2014, disability retirement eligibility for SCRS members is based on entitlement to Social Security disability benefits.

Applications must be filed while the member is still "in service," even if he has not been approved for Social Security disability. A member is considered in service on the date the application is received by PEBA if:

- 1. The last day the member was employed by a covered employer was no more than 90 days before the date PEBA received the application; **and**
- 2. The member had not been retired on a service retirement allowance for more than 90 days at the time PEBA received the application.

A member must provide a copy of the Social Security Award Letter to PEBA Retirement Benefits. The benefit will be effective on the date the Social Security Administration (SSA) determines the disability began or the day after the member's termination date, whichever is later. A member will not be eligible for SCRS disability benefits if the date the SSA determines the disability began is more than one year after the member's termination date.

Police Officers Retirement System (PORS) Members

After January 1, 2014, approval for PORS disability retirement benefits for both initial applications and continuing disability reviews will continue to be based upon the current job-specific standards, not approval for Social Security disability benefits. However, all PORS disability claims, including initial and continuing reviews, will now be subject to review by a medical board of three physicians, who will make the initial decisions on the claims.

How TERI Participation Affects Retiree Insurance

If you are a Teacher and Employee Retention Incentive (TERI) program participant in a permanent, full-time position, your insurance benefits as an active employee continue. When your TERI participation ends, you must apply for continuation of your insurance as a retiree (if eligible) within 31 days of your date of termination. Your service as a TERI participant in a full-time, permanent position with a participating employer may be applied toward retiree insurance eligibility.

Will Your Employer Pay Part of Your Premiums?

As an active employee, your employer must pay part of the cost of your health and dental insurance. When you retire, the amount your employer contributes to your retiree insurance premiums is based on several factors, including the type of agency from which you retired.

State Agency, Higher Education and Public School District Retirees

You may be eligible for a state contribution to your retiree insurance premiums based on **when you began employment** and on your **number of years of earned service credit** with an employer that participates in the state insurance program.

Local Subdivision Retirees

Retiree insurance eligibility guidelines are the same for local subdivision retirees as they are for state, higher education and public school district retirees. However, the funding may be different. Local subdivisions may or may not pay a portion of the cost of their retirees' insurance premiums. Each local subdivision develops its own policy for funding retiree insurance premiums for its eligible retirees. If you are a local subdivision employee, contact your benefits office for information about retiree insurance premiums.

Employees Hired Before May 2, 2008

If you worked in an insurance-eligible position before May 2, 2008, with an employer participating in the state insurance program, your health insurance premiums are based on the number of years of earned service with an employer participating in the state insurance program.

For insurance eligibility purposes, earned service credit is time earned and established with one of the plans administered by PEBA Retirement Benefits [South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS), Police Officers Retirement System (PORS), General Assembly Retirement System (GARS), or Judges and Solicitors Retirement System (JSRS)]. Insurance eligibilty can also be earned through time worked while participating in the State Optional Retirement Program (State ORP) or time worked with a local subdivision that participates in PEBA Insurance Benefits but not with PEBA Retirement Benefits.

This includes time that you worked for an employer that participates in the state insurance program, even if you did not participate in any coverage offered through the program. Earned service credit does <u>not</u> include non-qualified service (a type of service credit not associated with specific employment), federal employment, military service, out-of-state employment, educational service, leave of absence, unused sick leave, or service with employers that do not participate in the state insurance program. Service as a TERI participant in a full-time, permanent position with a participating employer may be applied toward earned service credit to determine retiree insurance eligibility.

Retirees hired before May 2, 2008, may be funded or non-funded. A funded retiree's former employer contributes to his retiree insurance premiums. A non-funded retiree receives no contribution. He is responsible for the entire cost.

Funded Retirees (Employer pays its part of the premium)

To be eligible for funded retiree insurance, you must be **eligible to retire** and must meet one of these criteria:

You left employment when you were eligible to retire and you have at least 10 years of earned service
credit with an employer that participates in the state insurance program The last five years must have
been served consecutively in a full-time, permanent position with a state agency, a higher education
institution or a public school district.

You may enroll within 31 days of your retirement or of a special eligibility situation, or during open enrollment.

• You left employment before you were eligible to retire but when you left, you had at least 20 years of earned service credit with an employer that participates in the state insurance program. The last five years must have been served consecutively in a full-time, permanent position with a state agency, a higher education institution or a public school district.

If you are an SCRS member and you kept your contributions in your SCRS account, you may enroll within 31 days of your 60th birthday (when you become eligible to apply for a *deferred retirement annuity**) or of a special eligibility situation, or during open enrollment.

* If you left employment before age 60, you may apply for a service retirement benefit when you turn age 60. You may also apply for a refund. However, if you do take your contributions from your account, your years of service credit will not count toward retiree insurance eligibility.

If you are a PORS member and kept your contributions in your account, you may enroll within 31 days of your 55th birthday, when you become eligible to apply for a deferred retirement annuity, or of a special eligibility situation or during open enrollment.

Non-funded Retirees (You pay all of the premium)

To be eligible for non-funded retiree insurance, you must be **eligible to retire** and must meet one of these criteria:

• You left employment when you were eligible to retire and you have at least five years, but fewer than 10 years, of earned service credit with an employer that participates in the state insurance program. The last five years must have been served consecutively in a full-time, permanent position.

You may enroll within 31 days of your retirement or of a special eligibility situation, or during open enrollment.

You left employment when you were eligible to retire and you retire at age 55 with at least 25 years of SCRS service credit, including 10 years of earned service credit with an employer participating in the state insurance program. This is referred to as the "55/25 rule." The last five years must be served consecutively in a full-time, permanent position. If you enroll in health insurance, you must pay the full insurance premium until you reach age 60 or the date you would have had 28 years of service credit, whichever occurs first. At the end of this period, you will begin to pay funded retiree rates if your last five years of service were with a state agency, a higher education institution or a public school district.

This rule applies only to SCRS members.

You may enroll within 31 days of your retirement or of a special eligibility situation, or during open enrollment.

If you do not enroll in health insurance when you retire under the 55/25 rule, you may enroll within 31 days of the date you turn age 60 or would have had 28 years of service credit, whichever occurs first. However, it is your responsibility to keep up with when you become eligible for funded rates and to notify your benefits administrator. If you worked for a local subdivision, your BA is in the personnel office at your former employer. Otherwise, it is PEBA Insurance Benefits.

 You left employment before you were eligible to retire but when you left, you had at least 25 years of SCRS service credit, including 20 years of earned service credit, with an employer that participates in the state insurance program. The last five years must have been served consecutively in a fulltime, permanent position.

If you kept your contributions in your SCRS account, you may enroll within 31 days of your 55th birth-day, which is when you become eligible for a *deferred retirement annuity**, or a special eligibility situation or during open enrollment. If you enroll at age 55, you must pay the full insurance premium until you reach age 60 or the date you would have had 28 years of service credit, whichever occurs first. At the end of the period, you will begin to pay funded retiree rates, if your last five years of service were with a state agency, a higher education institution or a public school district.

*If you left employment before age 55 and kept your contributions in your SCRS account, you may

apply for a service retirement benefit when you turn age 55. You may also apply for a refund. However, if you do take your contributions from your account, your years of service credit will not count toward retiree insurance eligibility.

If you do not enroll in health insurance within 31 days of your 55th birthday, you may enroll within 31 days of the date you turn age 60 or would have had 28 years of service credit, whichever occurs first. You will be eligible for funded rates. However, it is your responsibility to keep up with when you become eligible for funded rates and to notify your benefits administrator. If you worked for a local subdivision, your BA is in the personnel office at your former employer. Otherwise, it is PEBA Insurance Benefits.

This rule applies only to SCRS members.

You are a former municipal or county council member who served on council for at least 12 years and
were covered under the state's insurance program when you left the council. It is up to the county or
municipal council to decide whether to allow former members to have this coverage. However, you are
required to pay the full, non-funded premium.

Employees Hired on or After May 2, 2008

Retiree insurance eligibility guidelines established by S.C. Code Ann. Section 1-11-730 (B) apply to new employees hired **on or after May 2, 2008.** At retirement, you must meet established insurance eligibility rules. Funding for your health insurance will be determined by calculating the number of years of earned service with an employer participating in the state insurance program.

For insurance eligibility purposes, earned service credit is time earned and established with one of the plans administered by PEBA Retirement Benefits [South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS), Police Officers Retirement System (PORS), General Assembly Retirement System (GARS), or Judges and Solicitors Retirement System (JSRS)]. Insurance eligibility also can be earned by time worked while participating in the State Optional Retirement Program (State ORP) or time worked with a local subdivision that participates in PEBA Insurance Benefits but not with PEBA Retirement Benefits.

This includes time that you worked for an employer that participates in the state insurance program, even if you did not participate in coverage offered through the program. Earned service credit does <u>not</u> include non-qualified service (a type of service credit not associated with specific employment), federal employment, military service, out-of-state employment, educational service, leave of absence, unused sick leave, or service with employers that do not participate in the state insurance program. Service as a TERI participant in a full-time, permanent position with a participating employer may be applied toward earned service credit to determine retiree insurance eligibility.

These funding provisions apply to retirees of state agencies, public school districts and higher education institutions.

Funded Retirees (Employer pays its part of the premium)

To be eligible for funded retiree insurance, you must be **eligible to retire** and have at least 25 years of earned service credit with an employer that participates in the state insurance program. The last five years of service must be served consecutively in a full-time, permanent position. Your former employer pays 100 percent of the employer's share, and you pay the retiree's share.

Partially Funded Retirees (You split the employer's part of the premium)

To be eligible for partially funded retiree insurance, you must be **eligible to retire** and have at least 15 years, but fewer than 25 years, of earned service credit with an employer that participates in the state insurance program. The last five years of service must be served consecutively in a full-time, permanent position. Your former employer pays 50 percent of the employer's share of the premium. You pay the retiree's share plus the remaining 50 percent of the employer's contribution.

Non-funded Retirees (You pay all of the premium)

To be eligible for non-funded retiree insurance, you must be **eligible to retire** and have at least five years, but fewer than 15 years, of earned service credit with an employer that participates in the state insurance program. The last five years of service must be served consecutively in a full-time, permanent position. As a non-funded retiree, you pay the entire cost of the insurance. There is no contribution from your former employer.

Enrolling as a Retiree

Your insurance is NOT automatically continued when you retire. In addition to completing your retirement paperwork through PEBA Retirement Benefits, you must enroll in retiree insurance with PEBA Insurance Benefits within 31 days of the date you retire or a special eligibility situation.

MyBenefits, PEBA's online insurance benefits enrollment system, is available to retirees. To learn more, see page 23.

To enroll in retiree insurance, you must complete the **Retiree Notice of Election** form and the **Employment Verification Record**. To continue or convert your life insurance, you must also complete the Continuation of Group Optional Life Coverage form and/or the Notice of Group Life Insurance Conversion Privilege form.

You can print these forms from the PEBA Insurance Benefits website, <u>www.eip.sc.gov</u>, get copies from your employer or ask PEBA Insurance Benefits for a retiree insurance enrollment packet by calling 803-734-0678 (Greater Columbia area) or 888-260-9430 (toll-free outside the Columbia area).

If you would like to meet with PEBA Insurance Benefits representative, come to PEBA's office at 202 Arbor Lake Drive, Columbia. PEBA Insurance Benefits is open Monday through Friday from 8:30 a.m. to 5 p.m. Appointments are not scheduled, but walk-ins are welcome.

Within 31 Days of Retirement

If you are an eligible retiree, you must enroll within 31 days of:

- Your retirement date or
- The end of your TERI period or
- The date on the letter approving your disability retirement from one of PEBA Retirements' defined benefit plans [South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS), Police Officers Retirement System (PORS), General Assembly Retirement System (GARS), or Judges and Solicitors Retirement System (JSRS)] or
- The date on the letter approving your BLTD/SLTD retirement if you are retiring under State ORP or from an employer that is not covered under PEBA Retirement Benefits.

You may enroll yourself and any eligible family members. (However, you are not required to cover the same eligible family members as a retiree that you covered as an active employee.)

You may be required to submit the appropriate documents to show that the family members you wish to cover are eligible for coverage. For more information, see pages 20-21.

After PEBA Insurance Benefits processes your retiree insurance enrollment, you will receive a letter from PEBA Insurance Benefits confirming the coverage selected and the premiums due each month. You have 31 days from the date your retiree insurance becomes effective to make any corrections or changes to your coverage. Otherwise, you must wait to make changes until the next open enrollment period, which occurs yearly in October, or a special eligibility situation. If you do not enroll within 31 days of eligibility, your next opportunity to add or drop dental coverage will be during open enrollment in October of an odd-numbered year.

Note: While some benefits administrators may help you complete your Retiree Notice of Election and Employment Verification Record, it is your responsibility to make sure the forms are received by PEBA Insurance Benefits within 31 days of your retirement date.

How to Continue or Convert Life Insurance in Retirement

To **continue** Optional Life as term life insurance, you must submit a completed Notice of Continuation of Group Optional Life Coverage to MetLife.

To **convert** your Basic Life, Optional Life or Dependent Life coverage to an individual whole life policy, contact your benefits administrator, who will provide you with a Notice of Group Life Insurance Conversion Privilege form. Follow the instructions on the form, and contact MetLife if you are interested in converting coverage. Note that the conversion notice is not an application for insurance – you must meet with a MetLife agent to complete an application within 31 days of the date group coverage ends.

For more information, see pages 190-192.

Note: MetLife must **receive** the appropriate form within 31 days of the date coverage ends, or you will forfeit your right to continue or convert your life insurance.

MoneyPlus Accounts

To learn how retirement affects your Medical Spending Account and your Dependent Care Spending Account, see page 192.

Within 31 days of a Special Eligibility Situation

A *special eligibility situation* is created by certain events. It allows eligible employees and retirees to enroll in an insurance plan, or to make enrollment changes, if the changes are requested within 31 days of the event. For more information, see pages 23-29.

During Open Enrollment

If you and/or your spouse and children do not enroll within 31 days of retirement, disability approval or a special eligibility situation, you may enroll during open enrollment, which is offered yearly in October. Dental coverage may be added or dropped only during open enrollment in an odd-numbered year. Your coverage will take effect the following January 1.

Retiree Premiums and Premium Payment

State Agency, Higher Education and School District Retirees

PEBA Insurance Benefits deducts your health, TRICARE Supplement Plan, dental and vision premiums from your monthly pension check.

When you retire, your insurance premiums may be due before your retirement paperwork has been final-

ized by PEBA. If this happens, you will receive a monthly bill for the premiums until you receive your first retirement check. If you do not pay the bill, the total premiums due will be deducted from your first retirement check.

Your pension is paid at the end of the month, and your insurance premiums are paid at the beginning of the month. For example: your insurance premiums for April are deducted from your March retirement check. Depending on when your retirement paperwork is processed, **more than one month's premium may be deducted from your first retirement check.** If, at any time, the total premiums due are greater than the amount of your pension check, PEBA Insurance Benefits will bill you directly for the full amount.

Local Subdivision Retirees

You pay your health, dental and vision premiums directly to your former employer. Your employer sends them to PEBA Insurance Benefits. Contact your benefits office for information about your insurance premiums in retirement.

Failure to Pay Premiums

Health, dental and vision premiums are due by the 10th of the month. If you do not pay the entire bill, including the tobacco-use surcharge, if it applies, all of your coverage will be canceled, including coverage for which you may not pay a premium, such as the State Dental Plan.

Your Health Plan Choices as a Retiree

If You Are Not Eligible for Medicare

If you, your covered spouse and your covered children **are not** eligible for Medicare, you may be covered under one of these plans:

- SHP Standard Plan
- BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO
- TRICARE Supplement Plan, for eligible members of the military community.

Your health benefits, which are described in the Health Insurance chapter, will be the same as if you were an active employee. However, your premiums may change depending on whether you are a funded or a non-funded retiree. See pages 225-226 for premiums.

A chart describing health plan benefits for retirees who are not eligible for Medicare begins on page 198.

If You Are Eligible for Medicare

If you, your covered spouse or your covered children **are** eligible for Medicare, you may be covered under one of these plans:

- SHP Standard Plan
- SHP Medicare Supplemental Plan

If You Are Considering the Savings Plan ...

If you are a retiree, whether eligible for Medicare or not, and you are considering enrolling in the **Savings Plan**, please call PEBA Insurance Benefits or BCBSSC for rates and information about how the Savings Plan would coordinate with Medicare or with other coverage. If you are retired and are eligible for and enrolled in Medicare, you cannot contribute to a Health Savings Account, which is typically associated with the Savings Plan.

To learn how Medicare affects your health insurance, see the Medicare chapter, which begins on page 205.

Dental Benefits

If you retire from a participating employer, you can continue your State Dental Plan and Dental Plus coverage if you meet the eligibility requirements (see pages 181-183). Coverage is not automatic. To maintain continuous coverage, you must file a Retiree Notice of Election (RNOE) form and an Employment Verification Record with PEBA Insurance Benefits within 31 days of your retirement date, the date your TERI plan ends or the date of disability approval.

If you do not enroll within 31 days of your date of retirement, you may enroll during the next open enrollment period in an odd-numbered year (October 2015). Coverage will be effective the following January 1. You also may enroll within 31 days of a special eligibility situation. For information on the State Dental Plan and Dental Plus, see pages 103-110.

Vision Care



State Vision Plan

If you retire from a participating employer, you can continue your State Vision Plan coverage if you meet the eligibility requirements (see pages 181-183). Coverage is not automatic. To maintain continuous coverage, you must file a Retiree Notice of Election (RNOE) form and an Employment Verification Record with PEBA Insurance Benefits within 31 days of your retirement date, the date your TERI plan ends or the date of disability approval.

If you do not enroll within 31 days of your date of retirement, you may enroll during the next open enrollment period, which occurs yearly in October. Coverage will be effective the following January 1. For information on vision care benefits, see pages 113-118.

Vision Care Discount Program

This discount program is available at no cost to retirees, as well as to full-time and part-time employees, covered family members, survivors and COBRA subscribers. See page 118 for more information.

Other Programs PEBA Insurance Benefits Offers

Life Insurance

When you retire, you may choose to continue or convert your life insurance through MetLife. MetLife must **receive** your completed Continuation of Group Optional Life Coverage form and/or Notice of Group Life Insurance Conversion Privilege form within 31 days of the date coverage ends. If you need help completing these forms, contact your benefits administrator or PEBA Insurance Benefits.

Retiree life insurance coverage does not include accidental death and dismemberment benefits.

Note: If you retired <u>before</u>
January 1, 1999, and you
continued your coverage,
your coverage will end after
11:59 p.m. on December 31
after the date you turn 70.

If you have questions about life insurance coverage, billing, claims, etc., call MetLife's retiree customer service, the "Life Recordkeeping Customer Service," at 866-492-6983.

Please note: You must pay your life insurance premium by the due date. An easy way to ensure that your premiums are on time is to authorize payment through an Electronic Funds Transfer, a bank draft. Contact MetLife to set up one.

\$3,000 Basic Life Insurance (Group Number 143046)

This term life insurance, given to you as an active employee, *ends* with retirement or when you leave your job for another reason. You may **convert** the \$3,000 Basic Life to an individual whole life policy. To do so, contact your benefits administrator, who will provide you with a Notice of Group Life Insurance Conversion Privilege form. Follow the instructions on the form and contact MetLife if you are interested in converting coverage. Note that the conversion notice is not an application for insurance – you must meet with a MetLife agent to complete an application within 31 days of the date coverage ends. Contact your benefits office or PEBA Insurance Benefits for additional information.

Optional Life Insurance (Group Number 143046)

You can continue your Optional Life Insurance into retirement through MetLife. Here are your options:

You can continue or you can convert your life insurance coverage within 31 days of the date coverage ends. Your coverage can be continued in \$10,000 increments up to the final face value of coverage.

1. Continuation

As a retiree, you may continue your Optional Life coverage at the same rates you paid while you were an employee. The minimum amount that can be continued is \$10,000. You cannot increase your coverage, but you can decrease it. Rates are based on your age and will increase when your age category changes. Your coverage will reduce by 35 percent at age 70 and then end after 11:59 p.m. on December 31 after the date you turn age 75 if you continued coverage and retired on or after

Term life insurance provides coverage for a specific time period. It has no cash value.

January 1, 1999. When your amount either reduces or ends, you can convert the amount of reduced or lost coverage within 31 days, as described in Section 2 below. Continued coverage is term life insurance.

To continue your coverage, you and your BA (or a PEBA Insurance Benefits staff member) must complete the Continuation of Group Optional Life Coverage Form. You must also complete the Beneficiary Designation Form. You must mail both documents to MetLife at the address on the forms or fax both to MetLife at 866-545-7517. They must be received within 31 days of your loss of coverage.

2. Conversion

Within 31 days of loss of coverage, you may convert your Optional Life coverage to an individual whole life policy.

Whole life is a permanent form of life insurance.

To convert your coverage, contact your benefits administrator, who will provide you with a Notice of Group Life Insurance Conversion Privilege

form. Follow the instructions on the form, and contact MetLife if you are interested in converting coverage. Note that the conversion notice is not an application for insurance – you must meet with a MetLife agent to complete an application within 31 days of the date group coverage ends. If you have not heard from a MetLife agent within 7 to 10 business days after faxing your form, call MetLife at 877-275-6387.

3. Continuation and Conversion

You may also split your coverage between individual whole life insurance (conversion) and term life insurance (continuation).

If you participate in the TERI program, you can continue your benefits as an active employee, if you are eligible. When the TERI period ends, you must file for retiree benefits within 31 days, as explained above.

If you are not approved for retirement or Long Term Disability, you have 31 days from the date your coverage ends to convert your policy. Please see your BA for more information.

If you return to work as a full-time, active employee with a participating employer, you must choose whether to enroll in Optional Life insurance coverage as an active employee or to continue your retiree coverage. If you refuse to enroll as an active employee, you also refuse the \$3,000 Basic Life benefit, and Optional and/ or Dependent Life coverage. Your active group coverage will become effective only if you discontinue the retiree continuation coverage.

If you converted your Optional Life coverage and are rehired within two years of the date the coverage was converted, you must cancel your converted coverage in order to enroll in Optional Life as an active employee. If you return to work more than two years after your policy was converted, you can enroll in active coverage and keep your converted policy.

For information about converting a group life policy to an individual policy, call 877-275-6387, prompt 1.

Dependent Life Insurance (Group Number 143046)

Any Dependent Life Insurance coverage you have will end when you leave active employment. Your covered spouse or child's coverage may be converted to an individual whole life policy. Contact your benefits administrator, who will provide you with a Notice of Group Life Insurance Conversion Privilege form. Follow the instructions on the form and contact MetLife if you are interested in converting coverage. Note that the conversion notice is not an application for insurance – you must meet with a MetLife agent to complete an application within 31 days of the date group coverage ends.

MoneyPlus

MoneyPlus is not available in retirement. However, when you retire, you may be able to continue your **Medical Spending Account** (MSA) through the end of the plan year, including the grace period. If you know your retirement date during open enrollment, which occurs yearly in October, you can divide your MSA contributions by the number of paychecks you will receive before retirement. For example, if you are retiring in June, you could divide your contributions among half of the paychecks you receive annually. Another option is to deduct the amount remaining in your yearly contribution from your last few paychecks. You may also be able to continue your account on an after-tax basis through COBRA. See page 172 for more information. If you wish to continue your account, contact your BA within 31 days of your last day at work and fill out the appropriate forms.

If you do not wish to continue your MSA, you have 90 days from your last day at work to submit claims for eligible expenses incurred before you left employment.

You cannot continue contributing to your **Dependent Care Spending Account** after you retire. However, you can request reimbursement for eligible expenses incurred while you were employed until you exhaust your account or the plan year ends.

The Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature, which allows you to pay health, TRICARE Supplement Plan, dental, vision and some life insurance premiums before taxes, is not available in retirement.

Long Term Disability

Disability insurance protects an employee and his family from loss of income due to an injury or an extended illness that prevents the employee from working. When you leave active employment and retire, your Basic and Supplemental Long Term Disability end. Neither policy may be continued or converted to individual coverage.

When Your Coverage as a Retiree Begins

Enrollment in retiree insurance is not automatic. Even if you go directly from active employment to retirement, you still have to enroll as a retiree. Your retiree coverage will begin the day after your active coverage ends. If you are enrolling due to a special eligibility situation, your effective date will be either the date of the event or the first of the month after the event, depending on the event. For more information, see pages 23-29. If you enroll during open enrollment your coverage will be effective the following January 1.

Information You Will Receive

After you enroll, you will receive a letter from PEBA Insurance Benefits that confirms you have retiree group coverage. Because your coverage as an active employee is ending, federal law requires that you also be sent:

- A Certificate of Creditable Coverage, which gives the dates of your active coverage, the names of the individuals covered and the types of coverage
- A **Qualifying Event Notice**, which tells you that you may continue your coverage under COBRA.

Your Benefits Administrator, or "BA," helps you enroll in or change your insurance coverage.

If you worked for a state agency, higher education institution or school district, your BA, in retirement, is PEBA Insurance Benefits.

If you worked for a local subdivision, your BA remains the same after retirement.

Typically, these letters require no action on your part.

Your Insurance Identification Card in Retirement

Keep your identification cards if you do not change plans when you retire. Your Benefits ID Number will not change, and your health and dental cards will still be valid. You will receive a new health identification card only if you are changing from an HMO to any State Health Plan option or vice versa and/or if you enroll in a dental plan or the State Vision Plan for the first time. If your card is lost, stolen or damaged, you may request a new card from these vendors:

- State Health Plan BlueCross BlueShield of South Carolina
- State Health Plan pharmacy benefits Catamaran
- HMO BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO
- TRICARE Supplement Plan Association & Society Insurance Corp. (ASI)
- Dental Plus BlueCross BlueShield of South Carolina
- State Vision Plan EyeMed Vision Care.

Contact information is on the inside cover of this guide.

Changing Coverage

Open enrollment is offered every October. Eligible employees, retirees, survivors and COBRA subscribers may enroll in or drop their own health coverage and add or drop their eligible spouse and/or children without regard to special eligibility situations. Eligible subscribers also may change health plans. This includes changing to or from the Medicare Supplemental Plan, if they are retired and enrolled in Medicare. Eligible members of the military community may change to or from the TRICARE Supplement Plan, if they are <u>not</u> eligible for Medicare. They also can enroll in the State Vision Plan. During **open enrollment in odd-numbered years**, eligible subscribers may add or drop the State Dental Plan and Dental Plus.

For more information, see page 22 in the General Information chapter.

Dropping a Covered Spouse or Child

If a covered spouse or child becomes ineligible, you must drop him from your health, dental and vision coverage. This may occur because of divorce or separation, a spouse gains coverage as an employee of a state insurance program participating group or a child turns 26. If you drop a spouse or child from your coverage, you must complete an NOE and provide documentation within 31 days of the date he becomes ineligible.

When your child becomes ineligible for coverage because of age, he will be dropped automatically. If he is your last covered child, your level of coverage will be changed.

Returning to Employment After Retirement

If you, your spouse or your children are covered under retiree group insurance and you become eligible for insurance benefits because you have returned to work for an employer participating in the state insurance program, you will need to make decisions regarding your coverage.

As long as you or any of your covered family members are <u>not</u> eligible for Medicare, you can decide whether to return to coverage under active group employee benefits or to continue your retiree group benefits. You cannot be covered under both. If you or any of your covered family members are eligible for Medicare, you cannot remain on retiree group coverage while employed, as explained below.

If you refuse to enroll as an active employee, you are also refusing benefits that are available only to active employees:

- MoneyPlus benefits (You must have completed one year of continuous state-covered service by January 1 after open enrollment, which occurs yearly in October, to qualify for a Medical Spending Account.)
- Basic Long Term Disability coverage, if you enroll in the State Health Plan or BlueChoice HealthPlan
- Supplemental Long Term Disability coverage
- \$3,000 Basic Life Insurance, if you enroll in the State Health Plan or BlueChoice HealthPlan
- · Optional Life Insurance
- Dependent Life Insurance.

If no one in your family, including yourself, is eligible for Medicare and you prefer to continue your retiree group insurance benefits, you must complete and sign an **Active Group Benefits Refusal** form.

Retirees Who Continued or Converted Life Insurance

Retirees Hired in a Benefits-Eligible Position

If you continued your Optional Life coverage, you must cancel it if you choose active benefits. You may then enroll in Optional Life as an active employee.

If you converted your Optional Life coverage to a whole life policy and are rehired within two years of the date the coverage was converted, you must cancel your converted policy in order to enroll in Optional Life as an active employee. If you return to work more than two years after your policy was converted, you can enroll in active coverage and keep your converted policy.

If You or Your Covered Family Members Are Enrolled in Medicare

Medicare cannot be the primary insurance for you, or for any of your covered family members, while you are employed, according to federal law. To comply with this regulation, you are required to suspend your retiree group coverage and enroll as an active employee with Medicare as the secondary payer, or refuse all PEBA-sponsored health coverage for yourself and your eligible family members and have Medicare coverage only.

If you enroll in active group coverage, you must notify the Social Security Administration (SSA), since Medicare will pay after your active group coverage. You may remain enrolled in Medicare Part B and continue paying the premium, and Medicare will be the secondary payer. You may also delay or drop Medicare Part B without a penalty while you have active group coverage. Contact the SSA for additional information.

When you stop working and your active group coverage ends, you must re-enroll in retiree group coverage within 31 days of your active termination date. In addition, you must notify the SSA that you are no longer covered under an active group so that you can re-enroll in Medicare Part B, if you dropped it earlier.

When you leave work and return to retiree group coverage before age 65, be sure to contact the Social Security Administration within 60 days of turning 65. You should enroll in Medicare Part A and Part B.

If your new position does not make you eligible for benefits, your retiree group coverage continues, and Medicare remains the primary payer.

When Coverage Ends

Your coverage will end:

- If you do not pay the required premium when it is due
- The date it ends for all employees and retirees
- The day after your death.

Coverage of your family members will end:

- The date your coverage ends
- The date coverage for spouses or children is no longer offered
- The last day of the month your spouse or child is no longer eligible for coverage. If your spouse or child's coverage ends, he may be eligible for continuation of coverage under COBRA (see pages 32-34).

If you are dropping a spouse or child from your coverage, you must complete a Notice of Election (NOE) form within 31 days of the date the spouse or child is no longer eligible for coverage.

Death of a Retiree

If a retiree dies, a surviving family member should contact PEBA Insurance Benefits to report the death and end the retiree's health coverage. If the deceased was a retiree of a local subdivision, contact his benefits administrator.

Survivors of a Retiree

Spouses or children who are covered as dependents under the State Health Plan, BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO, a dental plan or the State Vision Plan are classified as "survivors" when a covered employee or retiree dies. Survivors of funded retirees of a state agency, a higher education institution or a school district may be eligible for a one-year waiver of health insurance premiums. Survivors of non-funded retirees may continue their coverage. However, they must pay the full premium.

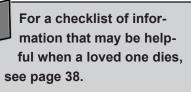
Participating local subdivisions may, but are not required to, waive the premiums of survivors of retirees, but a survivor may continue coverage, at the full rate, for as long as he is eligible. If you are a retiree of a participating local subdivision, check with your benefits administrator to see whether the waiver applies.

After the first year, a survivor who qualifies for the waiver must pay the full premium to continue coverage. At the end of the waiver, health coverage can be canceled or continued for all covered family members. If coverage is continued, no covered family members can be dropped until open enrollment or within 31 days of a special eligibility situation.

If you and your spouse are both covered employees or funded retirees at the time of death, your surviving spouse is not eligible for the premium waiver.

Dental and vision premiums are not waived. However, survivors, including survivors of a subscriber enrolled in the TRICARE Supplement Plan and dental and/or vision coverage, can continue coverage by paying the full premium.

As a surviving spouse, you can continue coverage until you remarry. If you are a child, you can continue coverage until you are no longer eligible. If you are no longer eligible for coverage as a survivor, you may be eligible to continue coverage under COBRA. If your spouse retired from a state agency, a higher education institution or a school district, contact PEBA Insurance Benefits for more information. If your spouse retired from a local subdivision, contact his benefits administrator.



A surviving spouse or child of a military retiree should contact ASI for information.

As long as a survivor remains covered by health, dental or vision insurance, he can add the other coverage at open enrollment. If he has health, dental and vision, and drops all three, he is no longer eligible as a survivor and cannot re-enroll in coverage, even at open enrollment.

If a surviving spouse becomes an active employee of a participating employer, he can switch to active coverage. When he leaves active employment, he can go back to survivor coverage within 31 days of the date his coverage ends, if he has not remarried.

UNTIL YOU BECOME ELIGIBLE FOR MEDICARE, your health insurance, whether it is the State Health Plan or BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO, pays claims the same way it did when you were an active employee. For more information, see the Health Insurance chapter and the chart on the following pages.

WHEN YOU OR YOUR ELIGIBLE FAMILY MEMBERS BECOME ELIGIBLE FOR MEDICARE before age 65, notify PEBA Insurance Benefits within 31 days of eligibility. If you do not notify PEBA Insurance Benefits and PEBA Insurance Benefits continues to pay benefits as if it were your primary insurance, when PEBA Insurance Benefits discovers you are or your covered family member is eligible for Medicare, PEBA Insurance Benefits will:

- Begin paying benefits as if you were enrolled in Medicare
- Seek reimbursement for overpaid claims back to the date you or your covered family members became eligible for Medicare.

When you become eligible for Medicare, you are strongly advised to ENROLL IN MEDICARE PART A AND PART B if you are covered as a retiree or as a spouse or child of a retiree. Medicare becomes your primary insurance. If you are not enrolled in Part B, you will be required to pay the portion of your health care costs that Part B would have paid.

198

Comparison of Health Plans for Retirees &

		High Deductik	ole Health Plan	
Туре			benefits are paid at the same level standard Plan.	
Plan		SHP Sav	ings Plan	
Availability		Coverage worldwide		
	Single amily			
Coinsurance		<u>In-network</u> Plan pays 80% You pay 20%	<u>Out-of-network</u> Plan pays 60% You pay 40%	
	Single amily	\$2,400 \$4,800 (excludes deductible)	\$4,800 \$9,600 (excludes deductible)	
Physician Office Visit		Chiropractic benefits limited to \$500 a year, per person		
		No copayments		
		Plan pays 80% You pay 20%	Plan pays 60% You pay 40%	
Hospitalization/ Emergency Care		No сора	ayments	
Prescription Drugs		Participating pharmacies and mail order only: You pay 100% of the plan's allowed amount until the annual deductible is met. Afterward, the plan will reimburse 80% of the allowed amount. The remaining 20% will be credited to your coinsurance maximum. (Pay-the-difference applies, see p. 74)		
Mental Health/ Substance Abuse			me services. Call 800-868-1032. ctibles and coinsurance.	
Lifetime Maximum		No	one	

¹ If more than one family member is covered, no family members will receive benefits, other than preventive, until the \$7,200

Please Note: This chart is a summary of your benefits. More information is available in the Retirement/Disability Retirement chapter

Family Members NOT Eligible for Medicare

Durfram d Durch	da O	11110
Preferred Provider Organization		НМО
To receive the higher level of benefits, subscribers should use a network provider.		All care must be directed by a primary care physician (PCP) and approved by the HMO.
SHP Star	ndard Plan	BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO
Coverage worldwide		Available in all counties in South Carolina Emergency and urgent care coverage available worldwide
\$420 \$840		\$250 \$500 (Does not apply to some services. See p. 87)
<u>In-network</u> Plan pays 80% You pay 20%	<u>Out-of-network</u> Plan pays 60% You pay 40%	HMO pays 85% after deductible or hospital copays You pay 15%
\$2,400 \$4,800 (excludes deductible and copayments)	\$4,800 \$9,600 (excludes deductible and copayments)	\$2,000 \$4,000 (excludes deductibles)
Chiropractic benefits limited to \$2,000 a year, per person		\$15 PCP copay \$15 OB/GYN well woman exam
\$12 copa	yment, then	\$45 specialist copay
Plan pays 80% You pay 20%	Plan pays 60% You pay 40%	\$5 Doctor's Care and CVS Minute Clinic copay
Outpatient facility services: \$90 copayment Emergency care: \$150 copayment, then		Inpatient: \$200 copay per admission then 15% Outpatient: \$100 copay and 15% first 3 visits, 15% for visit 4 and thereafter Ambulatory surgical centers: \$45 copay then HMO pays 100%
Plan pays 80% You pay 20%	Plan pays 60% You pay 40%	Emergency care: \$125 copay, HMO pays 85% after copay. You pay 15% \$35 Urgent care copay at participating provider, then HMO pays 100%
Participating pharmacies only (up to 31-day supply): \$9 Tier 1 (generic—lowest cost), \$36 Tier 2 (brand—higher cost), \$60 Tier 3 (brand—highest cost) Mail order (up to 90-day supply): \$22 Tier 1, \$90 Tier 2, \$150 Tier 3 Copay maximum: \$2,500 (Pay-the-difference applies, see p. 74)		Participating pharmacies only (up to 31-day supply): \$4/\$20 generic, \$40 preferred brand, \$60 nonpreferred brand. \$125/\$80 specialty pharmaceuticals Mail order (up to 90-day supply): \$10/\$50 generic, \$100 preferred brand, \$150 nonpreferred brand
Preauthorization required for some services. Call 800-868-1032. Subject to above deductibles and coinsurance.		Participating providers only. Call 800-868-1032 Inpatient: \$200 copay per admission, then 15% Office visits: \$45 copay
None		None

annual family deductible is met.

and in the Health Insurance chapter.

Comparison of Health Plans for Retirees &

Plan	SHP Savings Plan	
Inpatient Hospital Days¹	Plan pays 80% You pay 20% with coinsurance maximum (Medi-Call or CBA preauthorization required)	
Skilled Nursing Care	Plan pays 80% up to 60 days (Medi-Call required)	
Private Duty Nursing	Plan pays 80% You pay 20% with coinsurance maximum (Medi-Call required)	
Home Health Care	100 visits, if Medi-Call approved	
Hospice Care	\$6,000 maximum, including \$200 bereavement counseling	
Durable Medical Equipment	Plan pays 80% You pay 20% with coinsurance maximum (Medi-Call required)	
Routine Mammography Screening	Ages 35-74 in participating facilities only; guidelines apply	
Pap Test	Ages 18-65 Routine or diagnostic	
Ambulance	Plan pays 80% You pay 20% with coinsurance maximum for emergency transport	
Eyeglasses	None, except for prosthetic lenses from cataract surgery	

¹Semi-private room and board, physician/surgeon charges, operating/delivery room and recovery room, general nursing and miscellaneous hospital services and supplies.

Family Members NOT Eligible for Medicare

SHP Standard Plan	BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO
Plan pays 80% You pay 20% with coinsurance maximum (Medi-Call or CBA preauthorization required)	Plan pays 85% You pay 15% with a \$200 copay and coinsurance
Plan pays 80% up to 60 days (Medi-Call required)	Plan pays 85% You pay 15% up to 120 days
Plan pays 80% You pay 20% with coinsurance maximum (Medi-Call required)	Plan pays 85% You pay 15% up to 60 days
100 visits, if Medi-Call approved	Plan pays 85% You pay 15%
\$6,000 maximum, including \$200 bereavement counseling (Medi-Call required)	Plan pays 85% You pay 15%
Plan pays 80% You pay 20% with coinsurance maximum (Medi-Call required)	Plan pays 85% You pay 15%
Ages 35-74 in participating facilities only; guidelines apply	Plan pays 100%
Ages 18-65 Routine or diagnostic	Routine: any age; 2 per year; \$15 copay Diagnostic: \$15 copay for primary care physician and \$45 copay for specialist
Plan pays 80% You pay 20% with coinsurance maximum for emergency transport	Plan pays 85% You pay 15%
None, except for prosthetic lenses from cataract surgery	None

Medicare

Medicare Table of Contents

ntroduction	205
Vhen You or Someone You Cover Becomes Eligible for Medicare	205
About Medicare	
Medicare Part A	
Medicare Part B	206
Medicare Part D	206
Medicare Before Age 65: Disability Retirees	207
Medicare at 65 if You Are Retired	207
If You Are an Active Employee at Age 65	208
If Your Spouse or Child is Eligible for Medicare	208
Sign up for Parts A and B of Medicare	
Returning to Employment After Retirement	209
If You or Someone You Cover is Enrolled in Medicare	209
How Medicare Affects COBRA Coverage	209
Your Health Insurance Options With Medicare	210
How PEBA Insurance Benefits Health Plans Pay with Medicare	210
Health Insurance Coverage Overseas	211
If You Are Eligible for Medicare and Are Considering the Savings Plan	211
Your Insurance Cards When you Become Eligible for Medicare	211
Medicare Assignment: How Medicare Shares the Cost of Your Care	211
The Medicare Supplemental Plan	212
General Information	212
Medicare Deductibles and Coinsurance	213
Medicare Supplemental Plan Deductibles and Coinsurance	213
What the Medicare Supplemental Plan Covers	214
Filing Claims as a Retiree with Medicare	215
The Standard Plan	216
How the Standard Plan and Medicare Work Together	216
Filing Claims As a Retiree with Medicare	218

Introduction

This chapter is for participants in a state health insurance plan and their covered family members who are eligible for Medicare or who soon will be. It provides information about how health insurance offered through the S.C. Public Employee Benefit Authority (PEBA) works with Medicare. For more information about your health plan, refer to the Health Insurance chapter, which begins on page 42, and the chart, which begins on page 220. You may also contact your plan's third-party claims processor:

- Medicare Supplemental Plan BlueCross BlueShield of South Carolina
- Standard Plan BlueCross BlueShield of South Carolina
- State Health Plan Medicare Prescription Drug Program Catamaran (Contact information is on the inside cover of this guide.)

The Retirement/Disability Retirement chapter offers information on topics such as eligibility, enrollment and when coverage begins and ends. It also discusses how other insurance offered through PEBA Insurance Benefits is affected by retirement. Please continue to refer to the Retirement/Disability Retirement chapter, as well as to the chapters on specific insurance programs.

If you have questions or need additional information, contact PEBA Insurance Benefits through its website, www.eip.sc.gov, or call 803-734-0678 (Greater Columbia area) or 888-260-9430 (toll-free outside the Columbia area). If you would like to meet with a PEBA representative, please come to PEBA Insurance Benefits' new location, 202 Arbor Lake Drive, Columbia.

When You or Someone You Cover Becomes Eligible for Medicare

About Medicare

Information in this section relates to Medicare Part A, Part B and Part D. To learn more:

- Read Medicare & You 2014
- Visit the Medicare website at <u>www.medicare.gov</u>
- Call Medicare at 800-633-4227 or 877-486-2048 (TTY)
- Call 800-868-9095 for contact information for the regional State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) offices in South Carolina. The program provides individual help with Medicare and Medicaid.

Medicare Part A

Part A is hospital insurance. Most people do not pay a premium for Part A because they or their spouse paid Medicare taxes while they were working. Part A helps cover inpatient care in hospitals, in critical access hospitals in rural areas and in skilled nursing facilities. Part A has an inpatient hospital deductible for each benefit period. In 2014, it is \$1,216. Part A also covers hospice care and some home health care. You must meet certain requirements to be eligible for Part A. If you are not eligible for free Part A coverage, you may purchase it. Contact Medicare for additional information.

Please note: If you, your spouse or your child gains Medicare coverage, the family member who gained coverage may drop health coverage through PEBA Insurance Benefits **within 31 days** of the date Part A is effective. Attach a photocopy of the Medicare card to a Notice of Election form and give it to your BA within 31 days of the date you gained Part A. Coverage will be canceled on the date Part A coverage is effective.

Medicare Part B

Part B is medical insurance. Most people pay a premium through the Social Security Administration for Part B. It helps cover doctors' services, durable medical equipment and outpatient hospital care. It also covers some medical services that Part A does not cover, such as some services of physical and occupational therapists and home health care. Part B pays for these covered services and supplies when they are medically necessary. In 2014, the Part B deductible is \$147 a year.

It is important that Medicare-eligible retirees, spouses and children be enrolled in Medicare Part A and Part B. Medicare becomes your primary insurance, and your retiree group insurance becomes the secondary payer. If you are not enrolled in Part A and Part B, you will be required to pay the portion of your health care costs that Part A and Part B would have paid.

Note: Medicare has added some preventive benefits. They include a free yearly "Wellness" visit, in addition to the "Welcome to Medicare" physical exam. For detailed information, see *Medicare & You 2014* or *Your Guide to Medicare's Preventive Services* or contact Medicare.

Medicare Part D

What Does the SHP Medicare Prescription Drug Program Mean to You?

You have received letters from Catamaran, PEBA Insurance Benefits' pharmacy benefit manager, about your prescription drug benefit under Medicare. The State Health Plan Medicare Prescription Drug Program is a group-based, Medicare Part D Prescription Drug Plan (PDP) that will serve as your primary prescription drug coverage. If you have questions about your prescription drug benefit, please call Catamaran at 855-902-PEBA (7322) or PEBA Insurance Benefits at 803-734-0678 (Greater Columbia area) or 888-260-9430 (toll-free outside the Columbia area).

Most subscribers covered by the Medicare Supplemental Plan or the Standard Plan will be better served if they remain enrolled in a Medicare Part D plan sponsored by PEBA Insurance Benefits.

The prescription drug benefit provided through their health plan is as good as, or better than, Part D. Because you have this coverage, your drug benefits will continue to be paid through your health insurance. Before you turn 65 and become eligible for Medicare, you will receive a Notice of Creditable Coverage from PEBA Insurance Benefits. (If you become eligible for Medicare before age 65, the letter will not be sent to you. You must notify PEBA Insurance Benefits of your Medicare eligibility.)

You may have heard that if you do not sign up for Part D when you are first eligible — then later do so — you will have to pay higher premiums for Part D. For PEBA Insurance Benefits subscribers, this is not true. According to Medicare rules, Medicare recipients who have "creditable coverage" (drug coverage that is as good as, or better than, Part D) and who later sign up for Part D, will not be penalized by higher Part D premiums. Subscribers to the health plans offered through PEBA Insurance Benefits have creditable coverage. However, please save your Notice of Creditable Coverage from PEBA Insurance Benefits in case you need to prove you had this coverage when you became eligible for Part D.

Most people should not respond to information they may get from Medicare or advertisements from companies asking them to buy Part D prescription drug plans. Under Part D, the federal government offers a program to help pay monthly premiums and a program to help pay copayments/coinsurance for people with limited income and resources. If you think you may qualify for this assistance, go to the Social Security Administration's website at www.socialsecurity.gov or call 800-772-1213 or 800-325-0778 (TTY).

Please remember: Medicare Part D does not affect your need to enroll in Medicare Part B (medical insurance). As a retiree covered under PEBA Insurance Benefits insurance, you must enroll in Part A, and it is strongly advised that you enroll in Part B when you become eligible for Medicare. **If you are not enrolled**

in Parts A and B of Medicare, you will be required to pay the portion of your health care costs that Medicare would have paid.

Medicare Before Age 65: Disability Retirees

If you or your eligible spouse or child becomes eligible for Medicare before age 65 due to disability, you must notify PEBA Insurance Benefits within 31 days of Medicare eligibility by sending in a copy of your Medicare card.

Because Medicare is primary (pays first) over your retiree health insurance (except during the 30-month end-stage renal disease coordination of benefits period), when you become eligible for Medicare, you must enroll in Medicare Part A, and it is strongly advised that you enroll in Part B. If you are not enrolled in Part B, you will be required to pay the portion of your health care costs Part B would have paid.

A chart showing how the Medicare Supplemental Plan and the Standard Plan pay with Medicare is on page 210. If you wish to enroll in the Medicare Supplemental Plan, you must complete a Retiree Notice of Election (RNOE) form. Send it to PEBA Insurance Benefits if you worked for a state agency, a college or university or a public school district. If you worked for a local subdivision, send it to your benefits administrator. Coverage will begin the first of the month after PEBA Insurance Benefits is notified that you are enrolled in Medicare.

End-stage Renal Disease

If you have end-stage renal disease you will become eligible for Medicare three months after beginning dialysis. At this point, a 30-month "coordination period" begins. During this period, your health cover-

age through PEBA Insurance Benefits is primary, which means it pays your medical claims first. After 30 months, Medicare becomes your primary coverage. Please notify PEBA Insurance Benefits within 31 days of the end of the coordination period. If you are covered as a retiree, you will then have the option of changing to the Medicare Supplemental Plan. (The Medicare Supplemental Plan is not available to active employees or their covered family members.) A chart showing how the Medicare Supplemental Plan and the Standard Plan pay with Medicare is on page 210.

The coordination period applies whether you are an active employee, a retiree, a survivor or a covered spouse or child and whether you were already eligible for Medicare for another reason, such as age. If you were covered by the Medicare Supplemental Plan, your claims will be processed under the Standard Plan for the 30-month coordination period.

Medicare at 65 if You Are Retired

At age 65, Medicare is primary (pays first) over your retiree health insurance. You must enroll in Medicare Part A, and it is strongly advised that you enroll in Part B. If you do not enroll in Medicare Part A and Part B, you will be required to pay the portion of your health care costs Medicare would have paid.

Medicare's Initial Enrollment Period starts three months before your 65th birthday, includes the month of your birthday and extends three months past the month you turn 65. If you are not receiving Social Security benefits, you should ask about enrolling in Medicare three months before you turn age 65 so your Medicare coverage can start the month you turn 65.

If you or a covered family member becomes eligible for Medicare before age 65, you MUST notify PEBA **Insurance Benefits within 31** days of eligibility. If you do not notify PEBA Insurance **Benefits of your Medicare** eligibility, and PEBA Insurance Benefits continues to pay benefits as if it were your primary insurance, when PEBA Insurance Benefits discovers you are or a family member you cover is eligible for Medicare, PEBA **Insurance Benefits will:**

- Begin paying benefits as if you were enrolled in Medicare
- Seek reimbursement for overpaid claims back to the date you or your covered family member(s) became eligible for Medicare.

If you are receiving Social Security benefits, you should be notified of Medicare eligibility by the Social Security Administration three months before you reach age 65. Medicare Part A starts automatically. It is strongly advised that you enroll in Part B. If you are not notified, contact your local Social Security office immediately.

If you decide not to receive Social Security benefits until you reach **your** full Social Security retirement age, you must still apply for Medicare Part A and Part B. We recommend you contact the Social Security Administration within three months of your 65th birthday to enroll. The Social Security Administration will bill you quarterly for the premium for Part B.

If You Are an Active Employee at Age 65

If you are actively working and/or covered under a state health insurance plan for active employees, you may delay enrollment in Part B because your insurance as an active employee remains primary. If you are an active employee but your spouse is eligible for Medicare, your spouse should enroll in Part A but may delay enrollment in Part B until you retire and your active coverage ends.

Please note: If you or your spouse defer Part B and later elect to enroll in Part B while you are still actively at work, a gain of Part B is not a special eligibility situation that would permit you to drop health coverage with PEBA. You must wait until open enrollment, which occurs yearly in October, or within 31 days of a special eligibility situation to drop your health coverage.

Please note: If you are an active employee, you cover your spouse under a state health insurance plan for active employees and your spouse is eligible for Medicare due to disability, your spouse may delay enrollment in Part B because your insurance as an active employee remains primary. If your spouse's eligibility is due to end-stage renal disease, contact PEBA Insurance Benefits.

When You Leave Active Employment After Age 65

Social Security has a special enrollment rule for employees ending active employment after age 65. You should contact the Social Security Administration at least 90 days before you retire to ensure that you or your covered spouse or child's Medicare Part A and Part B coverage begins on the same date as your retiree coverage.

Please check with the Social Security Administration to make sure you are enrolled in Medicare Part A. It is strongly advised that you enroll in Part B because Medicare becomes your primary coverage.

A chart showing how the Medicare Supplemental Plan and the Standard Plan pay with Medicare is on page 210. You may enroll in the Medicare Supplemental Plan within 31 days of the date your active coverage ends. To do so, complete a Retiree Notice of Election (RNOE) form and send it to the PEBA Insurance Benefits if you are retiring from a state agency, a college or university or a public school district. Give the RNOE to your benefits administrator. If you are retiring from a local subdivision, give the RNOE to your benefits administrator.

If Your Spouse or Child is Eligible for Medicare

If you are a retiree and your spouse or child is eligible for Medicare and you are not, they can enroll in the Medicare Supplemental Plan. Family members who are not eligible for Medicare will be covered under the Standard Plan provisions.

Sign up for Parts A and B of Medicare

You must enroll in both Part A and Part B of Medicare to receive full benefits with any state-offered retiree group health plan. If you are not enrolled in both parts of Medicare, you will be required to pay the portion of your health care costs Medicare Part B would have paid.

How Turning Down Part B Affects Medicare Coverage

Unless you are covered as an active employee at the time, if you turn down Medicare Part B when you are first eligible, you must wait until Medicare's General Enrollment Period. This period is from January 1 to March 31 of each year, and coverage begins on July 1. Your Medicare premium will be 10 percent higher for each year you were not covered by Part B after you were first eligible. Contact Medicare for enrollment details and for premium information that applies specifically to you.

Returning to Employment After Retirement

If you or your spouse or child is covered under the retiree group insurance program and you become eligible for insurance benefits because you have returned to work for an employer participating in the state insurance program, you will need to make decisions regarding your coverage.

If You or Someone You Cover is Enrolled in Medicare

Medicare cannot be the primary insurance and coverage through PEBA Insurance Benefits cannot be secondary insurance for you, or for anyone you cover, while you are employed, according to federal law. To comply with this requirement, you must suspend your retiree group coverage and enroll as an active employee with Medicare as the secondary payer, or refuse all PEBA Insurance Benefits-sponsored health coverage for yourself, your spouse and your children and have Medicare coverage only.

If you continued or converted your life insurance when you retired, please see pages 191-192.

These benefits are available to you only if you are covered as an active employee:

- MoneyPlus benefits (You must have completed one year of continuous state-covered service by January 1 after open enrollment, which occurs yearly in October, to qualify for a Medical Spending Account.)
- Basic Long Term Disability coverage, if you enroll in the State Health Plan or BlueChoice HealthPlan
- Supplemental Long Term Disability coverage
- \$3,000 Basic Life Insurance, if you enroll in the State Health Plan or BlueChoice HealthPlan
- Optional Life Insurance
- Dependent Life Insurance.

If you enroll in active group coverage, you must notify the Social Security Administration (SSA), since Medicare will pay after your active group coverage.

You may remain enrolled in Medicare Part B and continue paying the premium, and Medicare will be the secondary payer. You may also delay or drop Medicare Part B without a penalty while you have active group coverage. Contact the SSA for additional information.

When you stop working and your active group coverage ends, you must re-enroll in retiree group coverage within 31 days of your active termination date. In addition, you must notify the SSA that you are no longer covered under an active group so that you can re-enroll in Medicare Part B, if you dropped it earlier. If your new job does not make you eligible for benefits, your retiree group coverage continues, and Medicare remains the primary payer.

How Medicare Affects COBRA Coverage

If you or your eligible spouse or child has continued coverage under COBRA and becomes eligible for Medicare Part A, Part B or both, please notify PEBA Insurance Benefits. Your continued coverage will end. Generally, a subscriber or eligible spouse or child who is covered by Medicare and then becomes eligible for continued coverage under COBRA can use the continued coverage as secondary insurance. Medicare will be his primary coverage. For more information about continued coverage under COBRA, see pages 32-34 or contact your benefits office.

Your Health Insurance Options With Medicare

When you and/or your eligible spouse or children are covered under retiree group health insurance and become eligible for Medicare, Medicare becomes the primary payer, and your health insurance options change. The plans available to you and your eligible family members are:

- · The Medicare Supplemental Plan and
- The Standard Plan

You will <u>automatically</u> be enrolled in the Medicare Supplemental Plan:

If you become eligible for Medicare <u>due to age</u>, and you are covered by the Standard Plan, the Savings Plan or BlueChoice HealthPlan, unless you respond to the notification letter from PEBA Insurance Benefits by choosing the Standard Plan. Coverage changes must be made within 31 days of the date you become eligible for Medicare.

You **have the option** to change to the Medicare Supplemental Plan:

- · If you or someone you cover becomes eligible for Medicare due to a disability
- At the end of the end-stage renal disease coordination period if you are covered as a retiree
- When you leave active employment after age 65.

To do so, attach a copy of your Medicare card to your Notice of Election form and give it to your BA within 31 days of Medicare eligibility. For more information, see pages 207-208.

How PEBA Insurance Benefits Health Plans Pay with Medicare

Medicare Supplemental Plan	Standard Plan (carve-out method)
Medicare is primary. The hospital bill for a January admission is \$7,500. If you are enrolled in the Medicare Supplemental Plan and Medicare, your Medicare claim will be processed like this:	Medicare is primary. The hospital bill for a January admission is \$7,500. If you are enrolled in the Standard Plan and Medicare, your Medicare claim will be processed like this:
\$7,500 Medicare-approved amount -1,216 Medicare Part A deductible for 2014 \$6,284 Medicare payment \$1,216 Remaining bill	\$7,500 Medicare-approved amount -1,216 Medicare Part A deductible for 2014 \$6,284 Medicare payment \$1,216 Remaining bill
Next, the Medicare Supplemental Plan benefits are applied: \$1,216 Remaining bill -\$1,216 Medicare Supplemental Plan pays Medicare Part A deductible \$0 You pay nothing.	Next, Standard Plan benefits are applied to the Medicare- approved amount: \$7,500 SHP allowed amount - 420 Standard Plan deductible for 2014 \$7,080 Standard Plan's allowance after deductible x 80% Standard Plan coinsurance \$5,664 Standard Plan payment in the absence of Medicare - 6,284 Medicare payment is "carved out" of the Standard Plan payment. \$ 0 Standard Plan pays nothing. \$1,216 Remaining bill the amount you pay

If you or your covered spouse or child is enrolled in the Medicare Supplemental Plan, the claims of covered family members without Medicare are paid through the Standard Plan's provisions.

How the Medicare Supplemental Plan Pays with Medicare

If a provider accepts Medicare assignment, the provider accepts Medicare's payment plus the Medicare Supplemental Plan's payment as payment in full for covered services. If the provider does not accept Medicare assignment, the provider may charge more than what Medicare and the Medicare Supplemental Plan pay combined. You pay the difference.

How the Standard Plan Pays with Medicare: The Carve-out Method

When a retired subscriber is covered by Medicare, Medicare pays first, and the Standard Plan pays second. If your provider accepts the amount Medicare allows as payment in full, the Standard Plan will pay the lesser of:

- 1. The amount Medicare allows, minus what Medicare reported paying or
- 2. The amount the State Health Plan would pay in the absence of Medicare, minus what Medicare reported paying.

If your provider does not accept the amount Medicare allows as payment in full, the Standard Plan pays the difference between the amount the SHP allows and the amount Medicare reported paying. The Standard Plan will never pay more than the SHP allows. If the Medicare payment is more than the amount the SHP allows, the Standard Plan pays nothing.

As shown in the example, under the carve-out method, you pay the Standard Plan deductible and coinsurance or the remaining bill, whichever is less. In this example, the \$420 deductible and your 20 percent coinsurance is \$1,836. However, the remaining bill is \$1,216, so you pay the lesser amount, \$1,216.

Once you reach your \$2,400 coinsurance maximum, all claims will be calculated at 100 percent of the allowed amount based on the carve-out method of claims payment. All of your Medicare deductibles and your Medicare Part B 20 percent coinsurance should be paid in full for the rest of the calendar year after you reach your \$2,400 coinsurance maximum.

Health Insurance Coverage Overseas

The **Standard Plan** offers access to doctors and hospitals outside the United States through the BlueCard Worldwide program. The **Medicare Supplemental Plan**, which follows Medicare, does not.

If you move abroad, you can switch to the Standard Plan. Please provide your benefits administrator with proof of residency and travel documents showing your date of departure. If you will have dual residency, you will have to decide whether the Standard Plan or the Medicare Supplemental Plan best suits your needs. You cannot change plans except during open enrollment, which occurs yearly in October.

If you are traveling abroad, you can buy a travel health insurance policy for coverage during the trip. Such policies are available through most travel agencies.

If You Are Eligible for Medicare and Are Considering the Savings Plan

Please note: If you are a retiree and you are considering enrolling in the **Savings Plan**, please call PEBA Insurance Benefits or BCBSSC for information about how the Savings Plan would coordinate with Medicare or with other coverage. If you are retired and are eligible for and enrolled in Medicare, you cannot contribute to a Health Savings Account, which is typically associated with the Savings Plan.

Your Insurance Cards When you Become Eligible for Medicare

Keep your identification cards if you do not change plans when you become eligible for Medicare. Your Benefits ID Number will not change, and your health and dental cards will still be valid. You will receive two copies of a new card for the State Health Plan Medicare Prescription Drug Program. If you have dependents enrolled in Medicare, they will receive their own set of cards. Please use this card when you fill prescriptions. You will also receive a new card if you enroll for the first time in the State Health Plan, Dental Plus or the State Vision Plan.

Medicare Assignment: How Medicare Shares the Cost of Your Care

When you choose a provider, you may wish to determine if:

- · He accepts assignment
- · He may accept assignment on an individual claim or
- He has opted out of Medicare.

Medicare assignment is a yearly agreement between Medicare and individual providers. After you meet your deductible and pay your coinsurance, if it applies, some doctors and suppliers, called "participating providers," will accept the Medicare-approved amount as payment in full for services payable under Medicare Part B. This is called "accepting assignment." A provider who accepts assignment also submits his claims directly to Medicare, so you don't have to pay the full amount up front and wait for reimbursement.

A provider also may choose whether to accept assignment on each individual claim. Before you receive services from a physician, ask if he accepts assignment. If a doctor does not accept assignment, you may pay more for his services. Contact Medicare if you need more information.

If a doctor decides to accept assignment from Medicare, he cannot drop out in the middle of the year. Independent laboratories and doctors who perform diagnostic laboratory services and non-physician practitioners must accept assignment.

For a list of physicians, suppliers of medical equipment and other providers who accept assignment, visit www.medicare.gov. For more information, call 800-633-4227. TTY/TDD users should call 877-486-2048.

Opting Out: If a Provider Does not Accept Medicare

Some providers choose not to accept any payment from Medicare. If a provider has made this decision, Medicare covers none of that provider's services, and no Medicare payment can be made to him. **If Medicare doesn't pay anything, neither will the Medicare Supplemental Plan.**

If you are covered under the Standard Plan and your physician has opted out of Medicare, call Customer Service at 803-734-0678 (Greater Columbia area) or 888-260-9430 (toll-free outside the Columbia area) for information about how the Standard Plan will pay.

A provider who opts out of Medicare signs a two-year contract. The contract can be renewed.

The Medicare Supplemental Plan

If you are a retiree enrolled in the Standard Plan or the Savings Plan and become eligible for Medicare **due to your age**, you will receive a letter from PEBA Insurance Benefits stating that you will be enrolled automatically in the Medicare Supplemental Plan. If you prefer another health plan, you must inform PEBA by responding to the letter within 31 days of Medicare eligibility.

If you are enrolled in a health plan offered through PEBA Insurance Benefits, you may change to the Medi-

care Supplemental Plan within 31 days of Medicare eligibility. During the yearly October enrollment period, you can change from the Standard Plan to the Medicare Supplemental Plan. Plan changes are effective on January 1 after the enrollment period. If you move out of the United States permanently you may be eligible to change from the Medicare Supplemental Plan to the Standard Plan.

This section explains the Medicare Supplemental Plan, which is available to a retiree and his covered spouse or children who are enrolled in Medicare Parts A and B. This plan coordinates benefits with the original Medicare plan only. **No benefits are provided for coordination with Medicare Advantage plans (Part C)**. For more information, visit www.medicare.gov or call 800-633-4227. If you or your covered spouse or child is enrolled in the Medicare Supplemental Plan, the claims of covered family members without Medicare are paid through the Standard Plan's provisions.

General Information

The Medicare Supplemental Plan is similar to a Medigap policy — it "fills the gap" or pays the portion of Medicare-approved charges that Medicare does not, such as Medicare's deductibles and coinsurance. The Medicare Supplemental Plan payment is based on the Medicare-approved amount. Except as specified on pages 214-215 charges that are not covered by Medicare will not be payable as benefits under the supplemental plan.

For example:

In an outpatient setting, such as an emergency room, Medicare does not cover *self-administered drugs*, which are drugs that a person usually takes on his own, such as pills. This means that if a patient receives pain pills in an emergency room, the hospital will bill him for the drugs. Because Medicare does not pay for the pills, the Medicare Supplemental Plan will not pay for them either.

If your medical provider does not accept Medicare assignment, and charges you more than what Medicare allows, you pay the difference. Contact Medicare if you need more information.

Using Medi-Call and Companion Benefit Alternatives for Preauthorization

You need to call Medi-Call or Companion Benefit Alternatives (CBA) only when Medicare benefits are exhausted for inpatient hospital services and for extended care services, such as skilled nursing facilities, private duty nursing, home health care, durable medical equipment and Veterans Administration hospital services. Medicare has its own program for reviewing use of its services.

Filing Claims for Covered Family Members not Eligible for Medicare

Claims for covered family members who are not eligible for Medicare, but who are insured through the Medicare Supplemental Plan, are paid according to the Standard Plan provisions. Remember that some services require preauthorization by Medi-Call, National Imaging Associates or Companion Benefit Alternatives (CBA).

Medicare Deductibles and Coinsurance

Deductibles

Medicare Part A has an inpatient hospital deductible for each *benefit period*. That deductible for 2014 is \$1,216. A Medicare benefit period begins the day you go to a hospital or skilled nursing facility and ends when you have not received any hospital or skilled care for 60 days in a row. If you go into the hospital after one benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins. *The Medicare Supplemental Plan will pay the Part A deductible each time it is charged*.

Medicare Part B has a deductible of \$147 a year in 2014. Part B, for which you pay a monthly premium, covers physician services, supplies and outpatient care. Please contact Medicare for more information. As

a retiree, you must enroll in Part B as soon as you are eligible for Medicare, because Medicare is your primary coverage. If you are not enrolled in Part B, you will be required to pay the portion of your health care costs that Part B would have paid. The Medicare Supplemental Plan pays the Part B deductible.

Coinsurance

Medicare Part B pays 80 percent of the Medicare-approved amount for medical services, including outpatient mental health care. *The Medicare Supplemental Plan pays the remaining 20 percent.*

Medicare Supplemental Plan Deductibles and Coinsurance

The Medicare Supplemental Plan benefit period is January 1-December 31 and includes a \$200 deductible each calendar year that applies to private duty nursing services only. If you enroll in Medicare and change to the Medicare Supplemental Plan during the year, you must meet a new \$200 deductible for private duty nursing services.

What the Medicare Supplemental Plan Covers

Hospital Admissions

The Medicare Supplemental Plan pays for these services during a benefit period after Medicare has paid:

- The Medicare Part A inpatient hospital deductible
- The Medicare coinsurance amount for days 61 through 90 of a hospital stay in each Medicare benefit period
- The Medicare coinsurance amount for days 91 through 150 of a hospital stay for each of Medicare's 60 lifetime reserve days (The lifetime reserve days can be used once.)
- After all Medicare hospital benefits are exhausted, 100 percent of the Medicare Part A-eligible hospital expenses, if medically necessary*
- The coinsurance for durable medical equipment up to the Medicare-approved amount.

If You Exhaust the Inpatient Hospital Days Medicare Allows

If you are enrolled in the Medicare Supplemental Plan and you exhaust all Medicare-allowed inpatient hospital days, you must call Medi-Call or Companion Benefit Alternatives (CBA) for approval of any additional inpatient hospital days. Also, if you are enrolled in the Medicare Supplemental Plan, and you think that a hospital stay may exceed the number of days allowed under Medicare, you should choose a hospital within the SHP networks or BlueCard Program so that any days beyond what Medicare allows will be covered as an in-network benefit by the Medicare Supplemental Plan.

You must also call Medi-Call or CBA for preauthorization for services related to home health care, hospice, durable medical equipment and Veterans Administration hospital services.

Skilled Nursing Facilities

The Medicare Supplemental Plan will pay these benefits after Medicare has paid benefits during a benefit period:

- The coinsurance, after Medicare pays, up to the Medicare-approved amount for days 21-100 (Medicare pays 100 percent for the first 20 days)
- 100 percent of the approved days beyond 100 days in a skilled nursing facility, if medically necessary. (Medicare does not pay beyond 100 days.) The maximum benefit under the plan per year for covered services beyond 100 days is 60 days.

^{*}Must call Medi-Call or Companion Benefit Alternatives (CBA) for approval.

Preauthorization by Medi-Call is required.

Physician Charges

The Medicare Supplemental Plan will pay these benefits related to physician services approved by Medicare:

- The Medicare Part B deductible
- The coinsurance for the Medicare-approved amount for physician's services for surgery, necessary home and office visits, inpatient hospital visits and other covered physician's services
- The coinsurance for the Medicare-approved amount for physician's services provided in the outpatient department of a hospital for treatment of accidental injuries and medical emergencies; minor surgery; and diagnostic services.

Home Health Care

The Medicare Supplemental Plan will pay these benefits for medically necessary home health care services:

- The Medicare Part B deductible
- The coinsurance for any covered services or costs Medicare does not cover (Medicare pays 100 percent of Medicare-approved amount), up to 100 visits per benefit year. The plan does not cover services provided by a person who ordinarily resides in the home, is a member of the family or a member of the family of the spouse of the covered person.
- 20 percent of Medicare-approved amount for durable medical equipment.

Private Duty Nursing Services

Private duty nursing services are services that are provided by a registered nurse (RN) or a licensed practical nurse (LPN) and that have been certified in writing by a physician as medically necessary. Services must be preauthorized by Medi-Call. There is a \$200 annual deductible that applies, regardless of the time of year you enroll in the plan. Medicare does NOT cover this service. Once the deductible is met, the Medicare Supplemental Plan will pay 80 percent of covered charges for private duty nursing in a hospital or in the home. Coverage is limited to no more than three nurses per day, and the maximum annual benefit per year is \$5,000. The lifetime maximum benefit under the Medicare Supplemental Plan is \$25,000.

Prescription Drug Program

The Medicare Supplemental Plan covers prescription drugs when purchased from a participating pharmacy. For more information, see pages 72-77 and page 206.

Pap Test Benefit



If you are enrolled in Medicare, Medicare covers a Pap test, pelvic exam and clinical breast exam every 24 months. These tests are covered yearly if you are at high risk. There is no patient liability if you receive the tests from a doctor who accepts assignment. Check with Medicare for more information.

Filing Claims as a Retiree with Medicare

If you are retired and enrolled in Medicare, Medicare is primary (pays first). In most cases, your provider will file your Medicare claims for you.

Claims Filed in South Carolina

The Medicare claim should be filed first. Claims for Medicare-approved medical charges incurred in South Carolina should be transferred automatically from Medicare to the SHP. If you or your doctor have not

received payment or notification from the plan within 30 days after the Medicare payment is received, one of you must send BCBSSC, third-party claims processor for the SHP, a claim form and a copy of your Medicare Summary Notice (MSN) with your Benefits ID Number or Social Security number written on it. Your mental health and substance abuse claims also should be filed with BCBSSC and should include your MSN with your Benefits ID Number or Social Security number written on it. See page 235 if you need to file your own claim.

Claims Filed Outside South Carolina

If you receive services outside South Carolina, your provider will file its claim to the Medicare carrier in the state where you received services. Medicare will send your claim to BCBSSC.

When Traveling Outside the U.S.

Medicare does not cover services outside the United States and its territories. Because the Medicare Supplemental Plan does not allow benefits for services not covered by Medicare (other than private duty nursing), **Medicare Supplemental Plan members do not have coverage outside the U.S. if Medicare is their primary coverage.** For more information, see page 211.

The Standard Plan

The Standard Plan offers worldwide coverage. It requires Medi-Call (800-925-9724) approval for inpatient hospital admissions; all maternity benefits (you must call in the first trimester); outpatient surgical services in a hospital or clinic; the purchase or rental of durable medical equipment; and skilled nursing care, hospice care and home health care. You must call National Imaging Associates for office-based or outpatient advanced radiology services, such as CT, MRI, MRA and PET scans (866-500-7664). You must also call Companion Benefit Alternatives (CBA) (800-868-1032), the SHP's mental health/substance abuse manager, for preauthorization before you receive some mental health or substance abuse benefits. See page 78 in the Health Insurance chapter.

The plan has deductibles and coinsurance. Once you become eligible for Medicare, Medicare becomes your primary insurance. The Standard Plan uses a carve-out method to pay claims. It is described on page 210-211.

How the Standard Plan and Medicare Work Together

Using Medi-Call and CBA Preauthorization as a Retiree with Medicare

You still need to call Medi-Call or Companion Benefit Alternatives (CBA) when Medicare benefits are exhausted for inpatient hospital services (including hospital admissions outside South Carolina or the U.S.), and for extended care services, such

outside South Carolina or the U.S.), and for extended care services, such as skilled nursing, home health care, durable medical equipment and Veterans Administration hospital services. Medicare has its own program for reviewing use of its benefits.

Note: Covered family members who

Note: Covered family members who are not eligible for Medicare and whose claims are processed under the Standard Plan must call Medi-Call or Companion Benefit Alternatives (CBA).

Please remember that while your physician or hospital may call Medi-Call or CBA for you, it is your responsibility to see that the call is made.

For information about services that require preauthorization under the State Health Plan, see:

- Medi-Call: page 53-54
- National Imaging Associates: page 54-55
- Companion Benefit Alternatives: page 77-78.

<u>Hospital Network</u>

When you are enrolled in Medicare, Medicare is the primary payer, and you may go to any hospital you

choose. Medicare limits the number of days of a hospital stay that it will cover. If you are enrolled in the Standard Plan and your hospital stay exceeds the number of days allowed under Medicare, it may be important to you that you are admitted to a hospital within the SHP network or BlueCard Program so that you will not be charged more than what the Standard Plan allows.

You must also call Medi-Call or Companion Benefit Alternatives (CBA) for approval of any additional inpatient hospital days beyond the number of days approved under Medicare and for services related to home health care, hospice, durable medical equipment and Veterans Administration hospital services.

Coverage Outside the U.S.

You are not generally covered outside the United States under Medicare. However, if you are enrolled in the Standard Plan, you have worldwide access to doctors and hospitals through the BlueCard Worldwide program.

Emergency Hospital Admissions Outside South Carolina or the U.S.

If you are admitted to a hospital outside the state or the country as a result of an emergency, notify Medi-Call or Companion Benefit Alternatives (CBA) and follow the BlueCard guidelines. For more information about BlueCard Worldwide, see page 50.

For more information about health insurance coverage abroad, see page 211.

Prescription Drug Program

The Standard Plan covers prescription drugs when purchased from a participating pharmacy. For more information, see pages 72-77 and page 206.

Outpatient Facility Services

Outpatient services may be provided in the outpatient department of a hospital or a freestanding facility. If you are enrolled in Medicare, there is no need to call Medi-Call for preauthorization, nor do you need to select a center that participates in the network.

Transplant Contracting Arrangements

As part of this network, you have access to the leading transplant facilities in South Carolina and throughout the nation. If you are enrolled in Medicare, there is no need to call Medi-Call for preauthorization, nor do you need to select a facility that participates in the network.

Mammography Benefit



The State Health Plan pays for routine mammograms for covered women ages 35-74. You may have one baseline mammogram if you are age 35-39 and one routine mammogram every calendar year if you are age 40-74. There is no charge if you use a facility that participates in the program's mammography network.

Medicare covers a screening mammogram every 12 months for women age 40 and older. Medicare pays 100 percent of its allowance for covered routine mammograms. There is no patient liability if you receive the test from a doctor who accepts assignment.

Pap Test Program



The SHP will pay for a Pap test each year, without any requirement for a deductible or coinsurance, for covered women ages 18-65. See page 68 in the Health Insurance chapter for more information. Medicare covers a Pap test, pelvic exam and clinical breast exam every 24 months. If you are at high risk, you may have one every 12 months. Medicare offers the benefit at 100 percent of its allowance if you receive the test from a doctor who accepts assignment. Check with Medicare for more information.

Maternity Management and Well Child Care Benefits



The SHP offers two programs geared toward early detection and prevention of illness among children. The Maternity Management benefit helps mothers-to-be receive necessary prenatal care. (This benefit applies to covered retirees and their spouses. It does not apply to covered children.) Until they turn age 19, children are eligible for Well Child Care checkups. The plan pays 100 percent for routine immunizations when a network doctor provides the services. If your covered child has delayed, or missed, receiving immunizations at the recommended time, the plan will pay for "catch-up" immunizations until the child turns age 19 for some vaccines. Check with your network provider or BCBSSC to determine which immunizations are covered.

Filing Claims As a Retiree with Medicare

If you are retired and enrolled in Medicare, Medicare is primary (pays first). In most cases, your provider will file your Medicare claims for you.

Claims Filed in South Carolina

The Medicare claim should be filed first. Claims for Medicare-approved medical charges incurred in South Carolina should be transferred automatically from Medicare to the SHP. If you or your doctor have not received payment or notification from the plan within 30 days after the Medicare payment is received, one of you must send BCBSSC, third-party claims processor for the SHP, a claim form and a copy of your Medicare Summary Notice (MSN) with your Benefits ID Number or Social Security number written on it. Your mental health and substance abuse claims should also be filed with BCBSSC and should include your MSN with your Benefits ID Number or Social Security number on it. See pages 235-236 if you need to file your own claim.

Claims Filed Outside South Carolina

If you receive services outside South Carolina but in the U.S., your provider will file the claim with the Medicare carrier in the state where you received services. Medicare will send your claim to BCBSSC. If you or your doctor have not received payment or notification from the SHP within 30 days after the Medicare payment is received, one of you must send BCBSSC, third-party claims processor for the SHP, a claim form and a copy of your MSN, with your Benefits ID Number or Social Security number written on it.

If Medicare Denies Your Claim

If Medicare denies your claim, you are responsible for filing the denied claim with BCBSSC. You may use the same SHP claim forms active employees use. These forms are available on the PEBA Insurance Benefits website, www.eip.sc.gov, or from PEBA Insurance Benefits or BCBSSC. You will need to attach your MSN and an itemized bill to your claim form.

WHEN YOU OR YOUR ELIGIBLE FAMILY MEMBERS BECOME ELIGIBLE FOR MEDICARE before age 65, notify PEBA Insurance Benefits within 31 days of eligibility. If you do not notify PEBA Insurance Benefits and PEBA Insurance Benefits continues to pay benefits as if it were your primary insurance, when PEBA Insurance Benefits discovers you are or your *covered* family member is eligible for Medicare, PEBA Insurance Benefits will:

- · Begin paying benefits as if you were enrolled in Medicare
- Seek reimbursement for overpaid claims back to the date you or your family members became eligible for Medicare.

When you become eligible for Medicare, it is strongly advised you ENROLL IN MEDICARE PART A AND PART B if you are covered as a retiree or as a spouse or child of a retiree. Medicare becomes your primary insurance. If you are not enrolled in Part A and Part B, you will be required to pay the portion of your health care costs that Part B would have paid.

Comparison of Health Plans for Retirees

			PPC)
Туре			To receive a hig benefits, subscr use a network	ibers should
Plan	Medicare	Medicare Supplemental	SHP Standa	rd Plan¹
Availability	United States (Contact Medicare about any services outside the U.S.)	Same as Medicare	Coverage w	orldwide
Cancellation Policy	None	Canceled for failure to pay premiums	Canceled for fa premiu	
Annual Deductible	Part A: \$1,216 (per benefit period) Part B: \$147	Pays Medicare Part A and Part B deductibles	\$420 (sir \$840 (fa Carve-out meth	mily)
Copayments	Inpatient hospital: Part A deductible (\$1,216 per benefit period)	Pays Medicare Part A deduct- ible (Call Medi-Call for hospital stays over 150 days, skilled nursing, private duty nursing, home healthcare, durable medi- cal equipment and VA hospital services)	Outpatient hospital, outpatient surgery centers: \$90 copayment Emergency care: \$150 copayment (Call Medi-Call for hospital stays over 150 days, skilled nursing, home healthcare, durable medical equipment and VA hospital services)	
Coinsurance	Part A: 100% Part B: 80% (You pay 20%)	Pays Part B coinsurance of 20%	Carve-out meth Plan allow	
Coinsurance Maximum	None	None	In-network \$2,400 (single) \$4,800 (family)	Out-of-network \$4,800 (single) \$9,600 (family)
Physician Visits	Medicare pays 80% You pay 20% Medicare covers a "Welcome to Medicare" physical exam and a yearly "Wellness" visit. No charge if they are from a doctor who accepts assignment.	Plan pays Part B coinsurance of 20%	Excludes deductible and copays Carve-out method applies; \$12 copayment; Plan allows 80% in-network, 60% out-of-network Well Child Care visits and immunizations paid at 100% in-network until the child turns age 19.	
Prescription Drugs	Covered under Medicare Part D. Subscribers to health plans offered through PEBA Insurance Benefits will be better served it they remain enrolled in the Part D plan sponsored by PEBA Insurance Benefits.	Participating pharmacies only (up to 31-day supply): \$9 Tier 1 (generic—lowest cost), \$36 Tier 2 (brand—higher cost), \$60 Tier 3 (brand—highest cost) Mailorder (up to 90-day supply): \$22 Tier 1, \$90 Tier 2, \$150 Tier 3 Copay max: \$2,500	Participating pha (up to 31-day sup (generic—lowest c (brand—higher cc (brand—high Mail order (up to 9 \$22 Tier 1, \$90 Tie Copay max:	rmacies only ply): \$9 Tier 1 ost), \$36 Tier 2 ost), \$60 Tier 3 nest cost) 0-day supply): r 2, \$150 Tier 3
Mental Health/ Substance Abuse	Inpatient: Medicare pays 100% for days 1-60 (Part A deductible applies); You pay \$304/day for days 61-90; You pay \$608/day for days 91- 150 (subject to 60 lifetime reserve days); You pay all costs after 150 days. Outpatient: Medicare pays 80% (Part B deductible applies)	Inpatient: Plan pays Medicare deductible; \$304 coinsurance for days 61-90; \$608 coinsurance for days 91-150; After 150 days CBA approval required. Outpatient: Plan pays Medicare deductible, 20% coinsurance	Carve-out meth	
Lifetime Maximum	None	None	None	9

& Family Members Eligible for Medicare

Plan	Medicare	Medicare Supplemental	SHP Standard Plan ¹
Inpatient Hospital Days	Medicare pays 100% for days 1-60 (Part A deductible applies); You pay \$304 /day for days 61-90; You pay \$608 for days 91-150 (subject to 60 lifetime reserve days); You pay all costs beyond 150 days	Plan pays Medicare deductible; coinsurance for days 61-150 (Medicare benefits may end sooner than day 150 if the member has previously used any of his 60 lifetime reserve days) Pays 100% beyond 150 days. (Medi-Call or CBA approval required).	Carve-out method applies Plan allows 80% (Call Medi-Call if hospital stay exceeds 150 days)
Skilled Nursing Facility	Medicare pays 100% for days 1-20; You pay \$152 for days 21-100	Plan pays \$152 for days 21-100; With Medi-Call approval, Plan pays 100% of approved days beyond 100 days (limited to 60 days)	Carve-out method applies. Plan allows 80%, up to 60 days. (Call Medi-Call or CBA if hospital stay exceeds 100 days)
Private Duty Nursing	Not covered	\$200 annual deductible Plan pays 80% if Medi-Call approved You pay 20% \$5,000 annual maximum \$25,000 lifetime maximum	Not covered.
Home Health Care	Medicare pays 100%	Medi-Call available to assist with referrals Up to 100 visits.	Carve-out method applies Plan allows 80% You pay 20% Up to 100 visits.
Hospice Care	Plan pays 100%	Medi-Call available to assist with referrals	Medi-Call available to assist with referrals
Durable Medical Equipment	Medicare pays 80% of Medicare- approved amount (Medicare approval required) You pay 20%	Plan pays 20% coinsurance (Medi-Call required)	Carve-out method applies Plan allows 80% (Medi-Call approval required)
Routine Mammography Screening	No charge if the doctor accepts assignment; guidelines apply.	Plan pays 20% coinsurance	Ages 35-74 at participating facilities only; guidelines apply
Pap Test	Routine every 24 months (yearly if high risk) No patient liability if the doctor accepts assignment.	Plan pays 20% coinsurance. Otherwise, plan pays yearly for one routine Pap test for covered women ages 18-65. Diagnostic only age 66 and older.	Routine yearly, ages 18-65; Diagnostic only, age 66 and older; Plan allows 100% for Pap test (Carve-out method applies when Medicare pays)
Ambulance	Medicare pays 80% You pay 20%	Plan pays 20% coinsurance	Carve-out method applies Plan allows 80%
Eyeglasses	None, except for prosthetic lenses from cataract surgery.	None, except for prosthetic lenses from cataract surgery.	None, except for prosthetic lenses from cataract surgery.

¹The "carve-out" method is used to pay claims for retired subscribers enrolled in the Standard Plan and Medicare. For information about it, see page 210 -211.

Please note:

This chart is just a summary of your benefits. For details, please consult the previous sections of the Medicare chapter, the Retirement/Disability Retirement chapter, the Health Insurance chapter, your health insurance third-party claims processor or Medicare.

The chart for subscribers and covered family members who are not eligible for Medicare is in the Retirement/Disability Retirement chapter beginning on page 198.

Premiums

Premiums Table of Contents

2014 Active Employee and Funded Retiree Health, Dental, Dental Plus and Vision Premiums	225
2014 Non-funded Retiree and COBRA Health, Dental, Dental Plus and Vision Premiums	226
2014 Survivor Health, Dental, Dental Plus and Vision Premiums	227
2014 Monthly Insurance Premiums for Permanent, Part-time Teachers	228
Optional Life, Dependent Life-Spouse Monthly Premiums	229
Dependent Life-Child Monthly Premium	231

2014 Active Employee and Funded Retiree Health, Dental, Dental Plus and Vision Premiums

20	2014 Active Employee Monthly Premiums ¹							
	Savings	Standard	BlueChoice HealthPlan ²	TRICARE Supplement ³	Dental	Dental Plus⁴	State Vision Plan	
Employee	\$ 9.70	\$ 97.68	\$ 345.42	\$ 62.50	\$ 0.00	\$24.58	\$ 7.94	
Employee/spouse	\$ 77.40	\$253.36	\$ 921.84	\$121.50	\$ 7.64	\$49.66	\$15.88	
Employee/children	\$ 20.48	\$143.86	\$ 602.20	\$121.50	\$13.72	\$57.26	\$16.86	
Full family	\$113.00	\$306.56	\$1,290.60	\$162.50	\$21.34	\$74.22	\$24.82	

Rates for employees of local subdivisions may vary. To verify your rates, contact your benefits office.

⁴ If you enroll in Dental Plus, you must also be enrolled in the State Dental Plan. You pay the combined premiums for the plans.

2014 Monthly Employer Contributions ¹										
	Health Dental Life LTD									
Employee	\$331.64	\$ 11.72	\$0.34	\$3.22						
Employee/spouse	\$656.92	\$ 11.72	\$0.34	\$3.22						
Employee/children	\$509.02	\$ 11.72	\$0.34	\$3.22						
Full family	\$822.50	\$ 11.72	\$0.34	\$3.22						
¹ Rates for employers of lo	cal subdivisions may	vary. To check these	rates, contact your be	enefits office.						

Tobacco users will pay a \$40-2014 Regular Retiree (State-funded Benefits) Monthly Premiums¹ or \$60-per-month surcharge in addition to health premiums (Retiree eligible for Medicare/spouse eligible for Medicare) Medicare **BlueChoice** TRICARE **Dental** State Savings Standard **Dental** Supplemental² Supplement³ Vision Plan HealthPlan Plus⁴ \$ 79.68 \$ 0.00 Retiree N/A \$ 97.68 N/A N/A \$24.58 \$ 7.94 \$217.36 \$253.36 \$ 7.64 \$49.66 \$15.88 Retiree/spouse N/A N/A N/A \$143.86 Retiree/children N/A \$125.86 N/A N/A \$13.72 \$57.26 \$16.86 Full family N/A \$270.56 \$306.56 N/A N/A \$21.34 \$74.22 \$24.82 (Retiree eligible for Medicare/spouse **not** eligible for Medicare) Medicare **BlueChoice** TRICARE Dental State Savings Standard Dental Vision Plan Supplemental² HealthPlan Supplement³ Plus⁴ N/A \$235.36 \$ 7.64 \$49.66 \$15.88 Retiree/spouse \$253.36 N/A N/A \$281.54 Full family N/A \$299.54 N/A N/A \$21.34 \$74.22 \$24.82 (Retiree not eligible for Medicare/spouse eligible for Medicare) Medicare **BlueChoice** TRICARE Dental State Standard Savings **Dental** HealthPlan Vision Plan Supplemental² Supplement⁵ Plus⁴ Retiree/spouse \$ 77.40 \$235.36 \$253.36 N/A N/A 7.64 \$49.66 \$15.88 Full family \$113.00 \$281.54 \$299.54 N/A N/A \$21.34 \$74.22 \$24.82 (Retiree **not** eligible for Medicare/spouse **not** eligible for Medicare) **BlueChoice TRICARE** Dental Medicare **State** Savings Standard Dental Supplemental² HealthPlan Supplement Plus⁴ Vision Plan 9.70 \$ 97.68 \$ 62.50 \$ 0.00 \$24.58 \$ 7.94 Retiree N/A \$ 345.42 \$ 7.64 77.40 \$253.36 \$ \$ 921.84 \$121.50 \$49.66 \$15.88 Retiree/spouse N/A \$ 20.48 \$143.86 N/A \$ 602.20 \$121.50 \$13.72 \$57.26 \$16.86 Retiree/children Full family \$113.00 \$306.56 N/A \$1,290.60 \$162.50 \$21.34 \$74.22 \$24.82 (Retiree not eligible for Medicare/spouse not eligible for Medicare/one or more children eligible for Medicare) Medicare **BlueChoice** TRICARE Dental State Savings Standard **Dental** Vision Plan Supplemental² HealthPlan Supplement³ Plus⁴

\$143.86

N/A

N/A

\$ 20.48

\$113.00

\$161.86

\$324.56

\$16.86

\$24.82

\$13.72

\$21.34

\$57.26

\$74.22

N/A

N/A

Retiree/children

Full family

² Premiums for BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO were not finalized at the time of publication of this newsletter.

³The tobacco-use surcharge does not apply to TRICARE Supplement subscribers

^{\$306.56} ¹Rates for local subdivisions may vary. To verify your rates, contact your benefits office.

² If the Medicare Supplemental Plan is elected, claims for covered pérsons not eligible for Medicare will be based on the Standard Plan provisions.

³The tobacco-use surcharge does not apply to TRICARE Supplement subscribers.

¹ If you enroll in Dental Plus, you must also be enrolled in the State Dental Plan. You pay the combined premiums for the plans.

2014 Non-funded Retiree and COBRA

Health, Dental, Dental Plus and Vision Premiums

2014 R	Retiree Full	l Cost (No	n-funded) M	onthly Pre	miums¹	Tobacco users will pay a \$40- or \$60-per-month surcharge <i>in addition</i> to health premiums					
	(Retiree eligible for Medicare/spouse eligible for Medicare)										
	Savings	Standard	Medicare Supplemental ²	BlueChoice HealthPlan	TRICARE Supplement ³	Dental	Dental Plus⁴	State Vision Plan			
Retiree	N/A	\$ 411.32	\$ 429.32	N/A	N/A	\$11.72	\$24.58	\$ 7.94			
Retiree/spouse	N/A	\$ 874.28	\$ 910.28	N/A	N/A	\$19.36	\$49.66	\$15.88			
Retiree/children	N/A	\$ 634.88	\$ 652.88	N/A	N/A	\$25.44	\$57.26	\$16.86			
Full family	N/A	\$1,093.06	\$1,129.06	N/A	N/A	\$33.06	\$74.22	\$24.82			
		(Retiree eligi	ble for Medicare/	spouse not elig	gible for Medica	re)					
	Savings	Standard	Medicare Supplemental ²	BlueChoice HealthPlan	TRICARE Supplement ³	Dental	Dental Plus⁴	State Vision Plan			
Retiree/spouse	N/A	\$ 892.28	\$ 910.28	N/A	N/A	\$19.36	\$49.66	\$15.88			
Full family	N/A	\$1,104.04	\$1,122.04	N/A	N/A	\$33.06	\$74.22	\$24.82			
		(Retiree not	eligible for Medic	are/spouse elig	gible for Medica	re)					
	Savings	Standard	Medicare Supplemental ²	BlueChoice HealthPlan	TRICARE Supplement ³	Dental	Dental Plus⁴	State Vision Plan			
Retiree/spouse	\$734.32	\$ 892.28	\$ 910.28	N/A	N/A	\$19.36	\$49.66	\$15.88			
Full family	\$935.50	\$1,104.04	\$1,122.04	N/A	N/A	\$33.06	\$74.22	\$24.82			
	(Retiree not el	igible for Medicar	e/spouse not e	eligible for Medic	care)					
	Savings	Standard	Medicare Supplemental ²	BlueChoice HealthPlan	TRICARE Supplement ³	Dental	Dental Plus⁴	State Vision Plan			
Retiree	\$341.34	\$ 429.32	N/A	\$ 677.06	\$ 62.50	\$11.72	\$24.58	\$ 7.94			
Retiree/spouse	\$734.32	\$ 910.28	N/A	\$1,578.76	\$121.50	\$19.36	\$49.66	\$15.88			
Retiree/children	\$529.50	\$ 652.88	N/A	\$1,111.22	\$121.50	\$25.44	\$57.26	\$16.86			
Full family	\$935.50	\$1,129.06	N/A	\$2,113.10	\$162.50	\$33.06	\$74.22	\$24.82			
(Retiree	e not eligible fo	or Medicare/sp	ouse not eligible	for Medicare/o	ne or more chile	dren eligib	ole for Medic	are)			
	Savings	Standard	Medicare Supplemental ²	BlueChoice HealthPlan	TRICARE Supplement ³	Dental	Dental Plus ⁴	State Vision Plan			
Retiree/children	\$529.50	\$ 652.88	\$ 670.88	N/A	N/A	\$25.44	\$57.26	\$16.86			
Full family	\$935.50	\$1,129.06	\$1,147.06	N/A	N/A	\$33.06	\$74.22	\$24.82			
1Detec feeleed sub	are de Companyone de Compa	Taa.:£a		Ct CC							

	2014 COBRA Monthly Premiums										
18 and 36 months											
	Savings	Standard	Medicare Supplemental ²	BlueChoice HealthPlan	Dental	Dental Plus ¹	State Vision Plan				
Subscriber	\$348.18	\$ 437.92	\$ 437.92	\$ 690.60	\$11.95	\$25.08	\$ 8.10				
Subscriber/spouse	\$749.02	\$ 928.50	\$ 928.50	\$1,610.34	\$19.75	\$50.66	\$16.20				
Subscriber/children	\$540.10	\$ 665.94	\$ 665.94	\$1,133.44	\$25.95	\$58.42	\$17.20				
Full family	\$954.22	\$1,151.64	\$1,151.64	\$2,155.36	\$33.72	\$75.70	\$25.32				
Children only	\$191.92	\$ 228.02	\$ 228.02	\$ 442.84	\$14.00	\$33.34	\$ 9.10				
29 Months	s (These rates g	o into effect in th	ne 19th month of co	overage for 29-mo	nth COBR	A subscribers	s)				
	Savings	Standard	Medicare Supplemental ²	BlueChoice HealthPlan	Dental	Dental Plus ¹	State Vision Plan				
Subscriber	\$ 512.02	\$ 643.98	\$ 643.98	\$1,015.60	\$11.95	\$25.08	\$ 8.10				
Subscriber/spouse	\$1,101.48	\$1,365.42	\$1,365.42	\$2,368.14	\$19.75	\$50.66	\$16.20				
Subscriber/children	\$ 794.26	\$ 979.32	\$ 979.32	\$1,666.84	\$25.95	\$58.42	\$17.20				
Full family	\$1,403.26	\$1,693.60	\$1,693.60	\$3,169.66	\$33.72	\$75.70	\$25.32				
Children only	\$ 282.24	\$ 335.34	\$ 335.34	\$ 651.24	\$14.00	\$33.34	\$ 9.10				

¹Rates for local subdivisions may vary. To verify your rates, contact your benefits office.
² If the Medicare Supplemental Plan is elected, claims for covered persons not eligible for Medicare will be based on the Standard Plan provisions.
³ The tobacco-use surcharge does not apply to TRICARE Supplement subscribers.
⁴ If you enroll in Dental Plus, you must also be enrolled in the State Dental Plan. You pay the combined premiums for the plans.

¹ If you enroll in Dental Plus, you must also be enrolled in the State Dental Plan. You pay the combined premiums for the plans. ² If the Medicare Supplemental Plan is elected, claims for covered persons not eligible for Medicare will be based on the Standard Plan provisions.

2014 Survivor

Health, Dental, Dental Plus and Vision Premiums

2014 St	urvivor Fu	II Cost (No	on-funded) N	nonthly Pr	emiums¹	\$60-p	er-month s	pay a \$40- or urcharge <i>in</i> n premiums		
(Spouse eligible for Medicare/children eligible for Medicare)										
	Savings	Standard	Medicare Supplemental ²	BlueChoice HealthPlan	TRICARE Supplement ⁴	Dental	Dental Plus⁵	State Vision Plan		
Spouse	N/A	\$411.32	\$ 429.32	N/A	N/A	\$11.72	\$24.58	\$ 7.94		
Spouse/children	N/A	\$634.88	\$ 670.88	N/A	N/A	\$25.44	\$57.26	\$16.86		
Children only	N/A	\$223.56	\$241.56 ³	N/A	N/A	\$13.72	\$32.68	\$ 8.92		
		(Spouse eligi	ble for Medicare/	children not eli	gible for Medica	are)				
	Savings	Standard	Medicare Supplemental ²	BlueChoice HealthPlan	TRICARE Supplement ⁴	Dental	Dental Plus⁵	State Vision Plan		
Spouse	N/A	\$411.32	\$429.32	N/A	N/A	\$11.72	\$24.58	\$ 7.94		
Spouse/children	N/A	\$634.88	\$652.88	N/A	N/A	\$25.44	\$57.26	\$16.86		
Children only	\$188.16	\$223.56	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$13.72	\$32.68	\$ 8.92		
		(Spouse not	eligible for Medic	are/children eli	gible for Medica	are)				
	Savings	Standard	Medicare Supplemental ²	BlueChoice HealthPlan	TRICARE Supplement ⁴	Dental	Dental Plus⁵	State Vision Plan		
Spouse	\$341.34	\$429.32	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$11.72	\$24.58	\$ 7.94		
Spouse/children	\$529.50	\$652.88	\$670.88 ³	N/A	N/A	\$25.44	\$57.26	\$16.86		
Children only	N/A	\$223.56	\$241.56 ³	N/A	N/A	\$13.72	\$32.68	\$ 8.92		
	(Spouse not el	igible for Medicar	e/children not	eligible for Med	icare)				
	Savings	Standard	Medicare Supplemental ²	BlueChoice HealthPlan	TRICARE Supplement ⁴	Dental	Dental Plus⁵	State Vision Plan		
Spouse	\$341.34	\$429.32	N/A	\$ 677.06	\$ 62.50	\$11.72	\$24.58	\$ 7.94		
Spouse/children	\$529.50	\$652.88	N/A	\$1,111.22	\$121.50	\$25.44	\$57.26	\$16.86		
Children only	\$188.16	\$223.56	N/A	\$ 434.16	\$ 62.50	\$13.72	\$32.68	\$ 8.92		

¹Rates for local subdivisions may vary. To verify your rates, contact your benefits office.
²If the Medicare Supplemental Plan is elected, claims for covered subscribers not eligible for Medicare will be based on the Standard Plan provisions.

3 This premium applies only if one or more children are eligible for Medicare.

4 The tobacco-use surcharge does not apply to TRICARE Supplement subscribers.

5 If you enroll in Dental Plus, you must also be enrolled in the State Dental Plan. You pay the combined premiums for the plans.

2014 Monthly Insurance Premiums

for Permanent, Part-time Teachers

2014 Pern	2014 Permanent, Part-Time Teachers Monthly Premiums Tobacco users will pay a \$40- or \$60-per-month surcharge in addition to health premiums.										
Category I. 15-19 Hours											
	Savings	Standard	BlueChoice HealthPlan	TRICARE Supplement ²	Dental	Dental Plus ¹	State Vision Plan				
Employee only	\$175.52	\$263.50	\$ 511.24	\$ 62.50	\$ 5.86	\$24.58	\$ 7.94				
Employee/spouse	\$405.86	\$581.82	\$1,250.30	\$121.50	\$13.50	\$49.66	\$15.88				
Employee/children	\$274.98	\$398.36	\$ 856.70	\$121.50	\$19.58	\$57.26	\$16.86				
Full family	\$524.24	\$717.80	\$1,701.84	\$162.50	\$27.20	\$74.22	\$24.82				
			Category II. 2	0-24 Hours							
	Savings	Standard	BlueChoice HealthPlan	TRICARE Supplement ²	Dental	Dental Plus ¹	State Vision Plan				
Employee only	\$119.14	\$207.12	\$ 454.86	\$ 62.50	\$ 3.86	\$24.58	\$ 7.94				
Employee/spouse	\$294.18	\$470.14	\$1,138.62	\$121.50	\$ 11.50	\$49.66	\$15.88				
Employee/children	\$188.46	\$311.84	\$ 770.18	\$121.50	\$17.58	\$57.26	\$16.86				
Full family	\$384.42	\$577.98	\$1,562.02	\$162.50	\$25.20	\$74.22	\$24.82				
			Category III. 2	5-29 Hours							
	Savings	Standard	BlueChoice HealthPlan	TRICARE Supplement ²	Dental	Dental Plus ¹	State Vision Plan				
Employee only	\$ 66.08	\$154.06	\$ 401.80	\$ 62.50	\$ 2.00	\$24.58	\$ 7.94				
Employee/spouse	\$189.08	\$365.04	\$1,033.52	\$121.50	\$ 9.64	\$49.66	\$15.88				
Employee/children	\$107.00	\$230.38	\$ 688.72	\$121.50	\$15.72	\$57.26	\$16.86				
Full family	\$252.82	\$446.38	\$1,430.42	\$162.50	\$23.34	\$74.22	\$24.82				
¹ If you enroll in Dental Plu ² The tobacco-use surcha					ombined premi	ums for the plans.					

2014 Monthly Employer Contributions ¹										
	Category I.	15-19 Hours	Category II.	20-24 Hours	Category III. 25-29 Hours					
	Health	Dental	Health	Dental	Health	Dental				
Employee only	\$165.82	\$5.86	\$222.20	\$7.86	\$275.26	\$9.72				
Employee/spouse	\$328.46	\$5.86	\$440.14	\$7.86	\$545.24	\$9.72				
Employee/children	\$254.52	\$5.86	\$341.04	\$7.86	\$422.50	\$9.72				
Full family	\$411.26	\$5.86	\$551.08	\$7.86	\$682.68	\$9.72				
¹ Rates for employers of lo	ocal subdivisions	may vary. To che	eck these rates, o	contact your ben	efits office.					

Optional Life, Dependent Life-Spouse Monthly Premiums

Optional Life premiums are determined by your age on the preceding December 31 and the amount of insurance you select. Premiums for Dependent Life-Spouse coverage are the same as the Optional Life premiums, which are based on the **employee's** age. Premiums are the same for retirees, regardless of age or effective date.

Monthly Premiums for Subscribers through Age 69*

			Subs	scriber's Aç	je**			
	<35	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	50 - 54	55 - 59	60 - 64	65 - 69
Coverage								
\$ 10,000	\$ 0.60	\$0.78	\$ 1.08	\$ 1.56	\$ 2.44	\$ 4.10	\$ 6.44	\$ 10.78
\$ 20,000	\$ 1.18	\$ 1.54	\$ 2.18	\$ 3.12	\$ 4.86	\$ 8.18	\$ 12.88	\$ 21.56
\$ 30,000	\$ 1.78	\$ 2.30	\$ 3.26	\$ 4.68	\$ 7.28	\$ 12.26	\$ 19.32	\$ 32.34
\$ 40,000	\$ 2.36	\$ 3.06	\$ 4.34	\$ 6.24	\$ 9.70	\$ 16.36	\$ 25.76	\$ 43.10
\$ 50,000	\$ 2.96	\$ 3.84	\$ 5.42	\$ 7.80	\$12.14	\$ 20.44	\$ 32.22	\$ 53.88
\$ 60,000	\$ 3.54	\$ 4.60	\$ 6.50	\$ 9.34	\$14.56	\$ 24.52	\$ 38.66	\$ 64.66
\$ 70,000	\$ 4.12	\$ 5.36	\$ 7.60	\$10.90	\$16.98	\$ 28.62	\$ 45.10	\$ 75.44
\$ 80,000	\$ 4.72	\$ 6.12	\$ 8.68	\$12.46	\$19.42	\$ 32.70	\$ 51.54	\$ 86.20
\$ 90,000	\$ 5.30	\$ 6.90	\$ 9.76	\$14.02	\$21.84	\$ 36.78	\$ 57.98	\$ 96.98
\$100,000	\$ 5.90	\$ 7.66	\$10.84	\$15.58	\$24.26	\$40.88	\$ 64.42	\$107.76
\$110,000	\$ 6.48	\$ 8.42	\$11.92	\$17.14	\$26.70	\$ 44.96	\$ 70.86	\$118.54
\$120,000	\$ 7.08	\$ 9.18	\$13.02	\$18.68	\$29.12	\$ 49.04	\$ 77.30	\$129.30
\$130,000	\$ 7.66	\$ 9.96	\$14.10	\$20.24	\$31.54	\$ 53.14	\$ 83.74	\$140.08
\$140,000	\$ 8.26	\$10.72	\$15.18	\$21.80	\$33.96	\$ 57.22	\$ 90.18	\$150.86
\$150,000	\$ 8.84	\$11.48	\$16.26	\$23.36	\$36.40	\$ 61.32	\$ 96.62	\$161.64
\$160,000	\$ 9.42	\$12.24	\$17.34	\$24.92	\$38.82	\$ 65.40	\$103.06	\$172.40
\$170,000	\$10.02	\$13.02	\$18.44	\$26.48	\$41.24	\$ 69.48	\$109.50	\$183.18
\$180,000	\$10.60	\$13.78	\$19.52	\$28.04	\$43.68	\$ 73.58	\$115.94	\$193.96
\$190,000	\$11.20	\$14.54	\$20.60	\$29.58	\$46.10	\$ 77.66	\$122.38	\$204.74
\$200,000	\$11.78	\$15.30	\$21.68	\$31.14	\$48.52	\$ 81.74	\$128.82	\$215.50
\$210,000	\$12.38	\$16.08	\$22.76	\$32.70	\$50.96	\$ 85.84	\$135.26	\$226.28
\$220,000	\$12.96	\$16.84	\$23.86	\$34.26	\$53.38	\$ 89.92	\$141.70	\$237.06
\$230,000	\$13.56	\$17.60	\$24.94	\$35.82	\$55.80	\$ 94.00	\$148.14	\$247.84
\$240,000	\$14.14	\$18.36	\$26.02	\$37.38	\$58.22	\$ 98.10	\$154.58	\$258.60
\$250,000	\$14.74	\$19.14	\$27.10	\$38.94	\$60.66	\$102.18	\$161.04	\$269.38
\$260,000	\$15.32	\$19.90	\$28.18	\$40.48	\$63.08	\$106.26	\$167.48	\$280.16
\$270,000	\$15.90	\$20.66	\$29.28	\$42.04	\$65.50	\$110.36	\$173.92	\$290.94
\$280,000	\$16.50	\$21.42	\$30.36	\$43.60	\$67.94	\$114.44	\$180.36	\$301.70
\$290,000	\$17.08	\$22.20	\$31.44	\$45.16	\$70.36	\$118.52	\$186.80	\$312.48
\$300,000	\$17.68	\$22.96	\$32.52	\$46.72	\$72.78	\$122.62	\$193.24	\$323.26
\$310,000	\$18.26	\$23.72	\$33.60	\$48.28	\$75.22	\$126.70	\$199.68	\$334.04
\$320,000	\$18.86	\$24.48	\$34.70	\$49.82	\$77.64	\$130.78	\$206.12	\$344.80
\$330,000	\$19.44	\$25.26	\$35.78	\$51.38	\$80.06	\$134.88	\$212.56	\$355.58
\$340,000	\$20.04	\$26.02	\$36.86	\$52.94	\$82.48	\$138.96	\$219.00	\$366.36
\$350,000	\$20.62	\$26.78	\$37.94	\$54.50	\$84.92	\$143.06	\$225.44	\$377.14
\$360,000	\$21.20	\$27.54	\$39.02	\$56.06	\$87.34	\$147.14	\$231.88	\$387.90
\$370,000	\$21.80	\$28.32	\$40.12	\$57.62	\$89.76	\$151.22	\$238.32	\$398.68
\$380,000	\$22.38	\$29.08	\$41.20	\$59.18	\$92.20	\$155.32	\$244.76	\$409.46
\$390,000	\$22.98	\$29.84	\$42.28	\$60.72	\$94.62	\$159.40	\$251.20	\$420.24

^{*}Premium includes Accidental Death and Dismemberment coverage **only** for active employees and covered spouses of active employees.

^{**}Premiums for the spouse's coverage will be based on the active employee's age. Spouse's coverage cannot exceed 50 percent of the active employee's Optional Life coverage or \$100,000, whichever is less.

	Subscriber's Age**											
	<35	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	50 - 54	55 - 59	60 - 64	65 - 69				
Coverage												
\$400,000	\$23.56	\$30.60	\$43.36	\$62.28	\$97.04	\$163.48	\$257.64	\$431.00				
\$410,000	\$24.16	\$31.38	\$44.44	\$63.84	\$99.48	\$167.58	\$264.08	\$441.78				
\$420,000	\$24.74	\$32.14	\$45.54	\$65.40	\$101.90	\$171.66	\$270.52	\$452.56				
\$430,000	\$25.34	\$32.90	\$46.62	\$66.96	\$104.32	\$175.74	\$276.96	\$463.34				
\$440,000	\$25.92	\$33.66	\$47.70	\$68.52	\$106.74	\$179.84	\$283.40	\$474.10				
\$450,000	\$26.52	\$34.44	\$48.78	\$70.08	\$109.18	\$183.92	\$289.86	\$484.88				
\$460,000	\$27.10	\$35.20	\$49.86	\$71.62	\$111.60	\$188.00	\$296.30	\$495.66				
\$470,000	\$27.68	\$35.96	\$50.96	\$73.18	\$114.02	\$192.10	\$302.74	\$506.44				
\$480,000	\$28.28	\$36.72	\$52.04	\$74.74	\$116.46	\$196.18	\$309.18	\$517.20				
\$490,000	\$28.86	\$37.50	\$53.12	\$76.30	\$118.88	\$200.26	\$315.62	\$527.98				
\$500,000	\$29.46	\$38.26	\$54.20	\$77.86	\$121.30	\$204.36	\$322.06	\$538.76				

^{*}Premium includes Accidental Death and Dismemberment coverage **only** for active employees and covered spouses of active employees.

Monthly Premiums for Subscribers Age 70 and Older*

(Retiree coverage ends at age 75)

Coverage	Coverage 65%	Ages 70 - 74	Coverage 42%	Ages 75 - 79	Coverage 31.7%	Ages 80+
\$ 10,000	\$ 6,500	\$ 11.32	\$ 4,200	\$ 11.90	\$ 3,170	\$ 15.00
\$ 20,000	\$ 13,000	\$ 22.62	\$ 8,400	\$ 23.78	\$ 6,340	\$ 30.00
\$ 30,000	\$ 19,500	\$ 33.92	\$ 12,600	\$ 35.68	\$ 9,510	\$ 45.00
\$ 40,000	\$ 26,000	\$ 45.24	\$ 16,800	\$ 47.56	\$ 12,680	\$ 60.00
\$ 50,000	\$ 32,500	\$ 56.54	\$ 21,000	\$ 59.46	\$ 15,850	\$ 75.00
\$ 60,000	\$ 39,000	\$ 67.86	\$ 25,200	\$ 71.34	\$ 19,020	\$ 90.00
\$ 70,000	\$ 45,500	\$ 79.16	\$ 29,400	\$ 83.24	\$ 22,190	\$105.00
\$ 80,000	\$ 52,000	\$ 90.46	\$ 33,600	\$ 95.12	\$ 25,360	\$120.00
\$ 90,000	\$ 58,500	\$101.78	\$ 37,800	\$107.02	\$ 28,530	\$135.00
\$100,000	\$ 65,000	\$113.08	\$ 42,000	\$118.90	\$ 31,700	\$150.00
\$110,000	\$ 71,500	\$124.40	\$ 46,200	\$130.80	\$ 34,870	\$165.00
\$120,000	\$ 78,000	\$135.70	\$ 50,400	\$142.68	\$ 38,040	\$180.00
\$130,000	\$ 84,500	\$147.00	\$ 54,600	\$154.58	\$ 41,210	\$195.00
\$140,000	\$ 91,000	\$158.32	\$ 58,800	\$166.46	\$ 44,380	\$210.00
\$150,000	\$ 97,500	\$169.62	\$ 63,000	\$178.36	\$ 47,550	\$225.00
\$160,000	\$104,000	\$180.94	\$ 67,200	\$190.24	\$ 50,720	\$240.00
\$170,000	\$110,500	\$192.24	\$ 71,400	\$202.14	\$ 53,890	\$255.00
\$180,000	\$117,000	\$203.54	\$ 75,600	\$214.02	\$ 57,060	\$270.00
\$190,000	\$123,500	\$214.86	\$ 79,800	\$225.92	\$ 60,230	\$285.00
\$200,000	\$130,000	\$226.16	\$ 84,000	\$237.80	\$ 63,400	\$300.00
\$210,000	\$136,500	\$237.48	\$ 88,200	\$249.70	\$ 66,570	\$315.00
\$220,000	\$143,000	\$248.78	\$ 92,400	\$261.58	\$ 69,740	\$330.00
\$230,000	\$149,500	\$260.10	\$ 96,600	\$273.46	\$ 72,910	\$345.00
\$240,000	\$156,000	\$271.40	\$100,800	\$285.36	\$ 76,080	\$360.00
\$250,000	\$162,500	\$282.70	\$105,000	\$297.24	\$ 79,250	\$375.00
\$260,000	\$169,000	\$294.02	\$109,200	\$309.14	\$ 82,420	\$390.00
\$270,000	\$175,500	\$305.32	\$113,400	\$321.02	\$ 85,590	\$405.00
\$280,000	\$182,000	\$316.64	\$117,600	\$332.92	\$ 88,760	\$420.00
\$290,000	\$188,500	\$327.94	\$121,800	\$344.80	\$ 91,930	\$435.00
\$300,000	\$195,000	\$339.24	\$126,000	\$356.70	\$ 95,100	\$449.98
\$310,000	\$201,500	\$350.56	\$130,200	\$368.58	\$ 98,270	\$464.98
\$320,000	\$208,000	\$361.86	\$134,400	\$380.48	\$101,440	\$479.98
\$330,000	\$214,500	\$373.18	\$138,600	\$392.36	\$104,610	\$494.98
\$340,000	\$221,000	\$384.48	\$142,800	\$404.26	\$107,780	\$509.98

^{**}Premiums for the spouse's coverage will be based on the active employee's age. Spouse's coverage cannot exceed 50 percent of the active employee's Optional Life coverage or \$100,000, whichever is less.

Coverage	Coverage 65%	Ages 70 - 74	Coverage 42%	Ages 75 - 79	Coverage 31.7%	Ages 80+
\$350,000	\$227,500	\$395.78	\$147,000	\$416.14	\$110,950	\$524.98
\$360,000	\$234,000	\$407.10	\$151,200	\$428.04	\$114,120	\$539.98
\$370,000	\$240,500	\$418.40	\$155,400	\$439.92	\$117,290	\$554.98
\$380,000	\$247,000	\$429.72	\$159,600	\$451.82	\$120,460	\$569.98
\$390,000	\$253,500	\$441.02	\$163,800	\$463.70	\$123,630	\$584.98
\$400,000	\$260,000	\$452.32	\$168,000	\$475.60	\$126,800	\$599.98
\$410,000	\$266,500	\$463.64	\$172,200	\$487.48	\$129,970	\$614.98
\$420,000	\$273,000	\$474.94	\$176,400	\$499.38	\$133,140	\$629.98
\$430,000	\$279,500	\$486.26	\$180,600	\$511.26	\$136,310	\$644.98
\$440,000	\$286,000	\$497.56	\$184,800	\$523.16	\$139,480	\$659.98
\$450,000	\$292,500	\$508.86	\$189,000	\$535.04	\$142,650	\$674.98
\$460,000	\$299,000	\$520.18	\$193,200	\$546.94	\$145,820	\$689.98
\$470,000	\$305,500	\$531.48	\$197,400	\$558.82	\$148,990	\$704.98
\$480,000	\$312,000	\$542.80	\$201,600	\$570.72	\$152,160	\$719.98
\$490,000	\$318,500	\$554.10	\$205,800	\$582.60	\$155,330	\$734.98
\$500,000	\$325,000	\$565.40	\$210,000	\$594.50	\$158,500	\$749.98

^{*}Premium includes Accidental Death and Dismemberment coverage only for active employees and covered spouses of active employees.

Please note: For subscribers who retired on or after January 1, 1994, up to December 31, 1998, coverage terminates at age 70, with an option to convert the coverage at that time.

Dependent Life-Child

Monthly Premium

The monthly premium for Dependent Life-Child coverage is \$1.24, regardless of the number of children covered.

Appendix

Appendix

Appendix Table of Contents

Claims Procedures	235
How to File a State Health Plan Claim	235
Medical and Mental Health and Substance Abuse Claims	235
Claims Filed Outside South Carolina Only	235
How to File a Prescription Drug Claim	236
How to File a Dental Claim	236
Notice of Privacy Practices	237
Initial COBRA Notice	

Claims Procedures

How to File a State Health Plan Claim

Medical and Mental Health and Substance Abuse Claims

If you received services from a physician, a hospital or another provider that participates in a State Health Plan network, you do not have to file a claim. Your provider will file for you. You are responsible for the usual out-of-pocket expenses (deductibles, copayments, coinsurance and non-covered services).

However, if you did not use a network provider or if you have a claim for a non-network service, you may have to file the claim yourself. You can get claim forms from your benefits office, PEBA and BlueCross BlueShield of South Carolina (BCBSSC). Claim forms also are on the PEBA Insurance Benefits website, www.eip.sc.gov, under "Forms" and "State Health Plan (SHP)." Select "Health Expenses Claim Form" for medical and mental health/substance abuse claims.

Complete a separate claim form for each individual who received care. To file a claim:

- Complete the claim form
- Attach your itemized bills, which must show: the amount charged; the patient's name; the date(s) and place of service(s); the diagnosis, if applicable; procedure codes; and the provider's name, federal Tax Identification Number or National Provider Identifier (NPI), if available
- File claims within 90 days of the date you receive services or as soon as reasonably possible.

BCBSSC must receive claims by the end of the calendar year after the year in which expenses are incurred. Otherwise, claims cannot be paid.

Mail claims to:

State Business Unit BlueCross BlueShield of South Carolina P.O. Box 100605 Columbia, SC 29260-0605

What if I Need Help?

Call BCBSSC at 803-736-1576 (Greater Columbia) or 800-868-2520 (toll-free outside the Columbia area).

Claims Filed Outside South Carolina Only

Generally, if you obtain services outside South Carolina or the U.S. from a BlueCard doctor or hospital, you should not need to pay up-front for care, except for the usual out-of-pocket expenses (deductibles, copayments, coinsurance and non-covered services). The provider should submit the claim.

When you receive services from doctors and hospitals that are in the BlueCard network, you pay the doctor or hospital for inpatient care, outpatient hospital care and other medical services. Inside the U.S., file a claim to the BlueCross BlueShield affiliate in the state where the service was provided. Outside the U.S., complete a BlueCard Worldwide International Claim Form and send it to the BlueCard Worldwide Service Center. The claim form is available from your benefits administrator. It is also on the PEBA Insurance Benefits website, www.eip.sc.gov, under "Forms" and "State Health Plan (SHP)." Select "BlueCard Worldwide International Claim Form."

What if I Need Help?

Call BlueCard Worldwide collect at 804-673-1177 or toll-free at 800-810-2583.

How to File a Prescription Drug Claim

If you fail to show your health plan identification card at a participating pharmacy in the United States, or if you incur prescription drug expenses while traveling outside the United States, you will have to pay the full retail price for your prescription and then file a claim with Catamaran for reimbursement. After you meet your deductible, if any, reimbursement will be limited to the plan's allowed amount, less the copayment or coinsurance. You must file your claim with Catamaran within one year of the date of service. To file a claim for prescription drug expenses incurred at a participating pharmacy or outside the United States, complete Catamaran's Direct Member Reimbursement Drug Claim Form. It is on the PEBA Insurance Benefits website, www.eip.sc.gov, under "Forms." You may also request a copy by calling Catamaran Member Services at 855-901-PEBA (7322).

Remember: Benefits are NOT payable if you use a non-participating pharmacy in the U.S.

How to File a Dental Claim

The easiest way to file a claim is to assign benefits to your dentist. Assigning benefits means that you authorize your dentist to file claims for you and to receive payment from the plan for your treatment. To do this, show a staff member in your dentist's office your dental identification card and ask that the claim be filed for you. Be sure to sign the payment authorization block of the claim form. BlueCross BlueShield of South Carolina (BCBSSC) will then pay your dentist directly. You are responsible for the difference between the benefit payment and the actual charge.

If your dentist will not file your claims, you can file to BCBSSC. The claim form is available on the PEBA Insurance Benefits website, <u>www.eip.sc.gov</u>. Complete items 1-11 on the claim form, and ask your dentist to complete items 12-29.

If your dentist will not complete his portion of the form, get an itemized bill showing this information:

- 1. The dentist's name and address and federal Tax Identification Number or National Provider Identifier (NPI)
- 2. The patient's name
- 3. The date of each service
- 4. The name of and/or procedure code for each service
- 5. The charge for each service.

Attach the bill to the completed claim form and mail it to:

BlueCross BlueShield of South Carolina State Dental Claims Department P.O. Box 100300 Columbia, SC 29202-3300.

X-rays, office records and other diagnostic aids may be needed to determine the benefit for some dental procedures. Your dentist may be asked to provide this documentation for review by BCBSSC's dental consultant. The plan will not pay a fee to your dentist for providing this information. A completed claim form must be received by BCBSSC within 90 days after the beginning of care or as soon as reasonably possible. It must be filed no later than 24 months after charges were incurred, except in the absence of legal capacity, or benefits will not be paid.

What If I Need Help?

You can call BCBSSC at 888-214-6230. If you cannot call, you can visit <u>StateSC.SouthCarolinaBlues.com</u> or write BCBSSC at the address above.

Notice of Privacy Practices

Effective April 14, 2003 Revised September 23, 2013

This notice describes how medical information about you may be used and disclosed and how you can get access to this information. Please review it carefully. Please share this information with your covered adult dependents.

The South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority (PEBA) is committed to protecting the privacy of your protected health information. PEBA may access your medical claims information and related protected health information in order to provide you with health insurance and to assist you in claims resolution. This notice explains how PEBA may use and disclose your protected health information, PEBA's obligations related to the use and disclosure of your protected health information and your rights regarding your protected health information. PEBA is required by law, the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA) and the Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act (HITECH Act), to make sure that protected health information that identifies you is kept private, to give you this notice of its privacy practices and to follow the terms of its current notice. This notice applies to all of the records of your protected health information maintained or created by PEBA. All PEBA employees will follow the practices described in this notice.

If you have any questions about this Notice of Privacy Practices, please contact:

HIPAA Privacy Officer
South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority
Insurance Benefits
Post Office Box 11661
Columbia, SC 29211-1661
Phone: (803) 734-0678

Fax: (803) 726-9877

E-mail: privacyofficer@eip.sc.gov

HOW PEBA MAY USE AND DISCLOSE PROTECTED HEALTH INFORMATION

The following describes different ways PEBA may use and disclose your protected health information. For each category of use or disclosure, this notice may present some examples. Not every use or disclosure in a category will be listed. However, all of the ways that PEBA is permitted to use and disclose information will fall within one of the categories.

- ❖ For Treatment. PEBA may use and disclose your protected health information to coordinate and manage your health care-related services by one or more of your health care providers. For example, a representative of PEBA, a case manager and your doctor may discuss the most beneficial treatment plan for you if you have a chronic condition such as diabetes.
- ❖ For Payment. PEBA may use and disclose your protected health information to bill, collect payment and pay for your treatment/services from an insurance company or another third party; to obtain premiums; to determine or fulfill its responsibility for coverage or provision of benefits; or to provide reimbursement for health care. For example, PEBA may need to give your protected health information to another insurance provider to facilitate the coordination of benefits or to your employer to facilitate the employer's payment of its portion of the premium.
- ❖ For Health Care Operations. PEBA may use and disclose protected health information about you for other PEBA operations. PEBA may use protected health information in connection with conducting quality assessment and improvement activities; reviewing the competence or qualifications of health care professionals; evaluating practitioner, provider and health plan performance; underwriting, premium rating and other activities relating to health plan coverage; conducting or arranging for medical review, legal services, audit services and fraud and abuse detection programs; business planning and development such as cost management; and business management and general administrative activities. For example, PEBA may disclose your protected health information to an actuary to make decisions regarding premium rates, or it may share your protected health information with other business associates that, through written agreement, provide services to PEBA. These business associates, such as consultants or third-party administrators, are required to protect the privacy of your protected health information.

❖ For Purposes of Administering the Plan. PEBA may disclose your protected health information to its Plan sponsor, the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority, for the purpose of administering the Plan. For example, PEBA may disclose aggregate claims information to the Plan sponsor to set Plan terms.

However, consistent with the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act (GINA), PEBA will not use or disclose, for underwriting purposes, protected health information that is genetic information.

- ❖ Business Associates. PEBA may contract with individuals or entities known as Business Associates to perform various functions on PEBA's behalf or to provide certain types of services. For example, PEBA may disclose your protected health information to a Business Associate to process your claims for Plan benefits, pharmacy benefits, or other support services, but the Business Associate must enter into a Business Associate contract with PEBA agreeing to implement appropriate safeguards regarding your protected health information.
- ❖ Treatment Alternatives and Health-Related Benefits and Services. PEBA may use and disclose your protected health information to contact you about health-related benefits or services that may be of interest to you. For example, you may be contacted and offered enrollment in a program to assist you in handling a chronic disease such as disabling high blood pressure.
- Individuals Involved in Your Care or Payment for Your Care. PEBA may, in certain circumstances, disclose protected health information about you to your representative such as a friend or family member who is involved in your health care, or to your representative who helps pay for your care. PEBA may disclose your protected health information to an agency assisting in disaster relief efforts so that your family can be notified about your condition, status and location.
- ❖ Research. PEBA may use and disclose your de-identified protected health information for research purposes or PEBA may share protected health information for research approved by an institutional review board or privacy board after review of the research rules to ensure the privacy of your protected health information. For example, a research project may compare the health/recovery of patients who receive a medication with those who receive another medication for the same condition.

- ❖ As Required by Law. PEBA will disclose protected health information about you when it is required to do so by federal or South Carolina law. For example, PEBA will report any suspected insurance fraud as required by South Carolina law.
- ❖ To Avert a Serious Threat to Health or Safety, or for Public Health Activities. PEBA may use and disclose protected health information about you when necessary to prevent a serious threat to your health and safety, or to the health and safety of the public, or for public health activities.
- ❖ Organ and Tissue Donation. If you are an organ donor, PEBA may disclose your protected health information to organizations that handle organ, eye or tissue procurement, transplantation or donation.
- ❖ Coroners, Medical Examiners and Funeral Directors. PEBA may share your protected health information with a coroner/medical examiner or funeral director as needed to carry out their duties.
- ❖ Military and Veterans. If you are a member of the armed forces, PEBA may disclose protected health information about you after the notice requirements are fulfilled by military command authorities.
- ❖ Workers' Compensation. PEBA may disclose protected health information about you for workers' compensation or similar programs that provide benefits for workrelated injuries or illness.
- ❖ Health Oversight Activities. PEBA may disclose your protected health information to a health oversight agency for authorized activities such as audits and investigations.
- ❖ Lawsuits and Disputes. PEBA may disclose your protected health information in response to a court or administrative order, a subpoena, discovery request, or other lawful process if PEBA receives assurance from the party seeking the information that you have either been given notice of the request, or that the party seeking the information has tried to secure a qualified protective order regarding this information.
- **❖ Law Enforcement.** PEBA may disclose information to a law enforcement official in response to a court order, subpoena, warrant, summons, or similar process.

- ❖ National Security, Intelligence Activities and Protective Services. PEBA may disclose your protected health information to authorized officials for intelligence, counterintelligence and other national security activities; to conduct special investigations; and to provide protection for the President, other authorized persons or foreign heads of state.
- ❖ Inmates. If you are an inmate of a correctional institution or are in the custody of a law enforcement official, PEBA may disclose your protected health information if the disclosure is necessary to provide you with health care, or to protect your health and safety or the health and safety of others.
- ❖ Fundraising. PEBA will not use or release your protected health information for purposes of fund-raising activities.
- ❖ Sale or Marketing. Your authorization is required for PEBA's use or disclosure of any PHI for marketing purposes, or for any disclosure by PEBA that constitutes the sale of PHI.

YOUR RIGHTS REGARDING YOUR PROTECTED HEALTH INFORMATION

You have the following rights regarding the protected health information that PEBA has about you:

- ❖ Right to Inspect and Copy. You have the right to request to see and receive a copy of your protected health information or, if you agree to the preparation cost, PEBA may provide you with a written summary. If PEBA maintains an electronic health record containing your protected health information, you have the right to request that PEBA send a copy of your protected health information in an electronic format to you. Some protected health information is exempt from disclosure. To see or obtain a copy of your protected health information, send a written request to: HIPAA Privacy Officer, South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority, Insurance Benefits, P.O. Box 11661, Columbia, SC 29211-1661. PEBA may charge a fee for the costs associated with your request. In limited cases, PEBA may deny your request. If your request is denied, you may request a review of the denial.
- ❖ Right to Amend. If you believe that your protected health information is incorrect or incomplete, you may ask PEBA to amend the information by sending a written

request to: HIPAA Privacy Officer, South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority, Insurance Benefits, P.O. Box 11661, Columbia, SC 29211-1661, stating the reason you believe your information should be amended. PEBA may deny your request if you ask it to amend information that was not created by PEBA, the information is not part of the protected health information kept by or for PEBA, the information is not part of the information you would be permitted to inspect and copy or your protected health information is accurate and complete. You have the right to request an amendment for as long as PEBA keeps the information.

- Right to an Accounting of Disclosures. You have the right to request a list of the disclosures of your protected health information PEBA has made. This list will NOT include protected health information released to provide treatment to you, to obtain payment for services or for health care operations; releases for national security purposes; releases to correctional institutions or law enforcement officials as required by law; releases authorized by you; releases of your protected health information to you; releases as part of a limited data set; releases to representatives involved in your health care; releases otherwise required by law or regulation and releases made prior to April 14, 2003. You must submit your request for an accounting of disclosures in writing to: HIPAA Privacy Officer, South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority, Insurance Benefits, P.O. Box 11661, Columbia, SC 29211-1661, indicating a time period that may not go back beyond six years. Your request should indicate the form in which you want the list (for example, by paper or electronically). The first list that you request within a 12-month period will be provided free of charge; however, PEBA may charge you for the cost of providing additional lists within a 12-month period.
- ❖ Right to Request Restrictions of Use and Disclosure and Right to Request Confidential Communications. You have the right to request a restriction on the protected health information that PEBA uses or discloses. You also have the right to request a limit on the protected health information that PEBA discloses about you to someone who is involved in your care or the payment for your care. For example, you may ask that PEBA not use or disclose information about an immunization or particular service that you received. PEBA is not required to agree to your request(s). If PEBA does agree, PEBA will comply with your request(s) unless the information is needed to provide you with emergency treatment. In your request, you must specify what information you want to limit and to whom you want the limits to apply. For example, you may request that your claims information not be sent to your home address.

In addition, you have the right to request that PEBA communicate with you by certain means or at a certain location. PEBA will accommodate reasonable request(s). You must make these request(s), in writing, to: HIPAA Privacy Officer, South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority, Insurance Benefits, P.O. Box 11661, Columbia, SC 29211-1661.

- ❖ Right to Restrict Release of Information for Certain Services. Unless the disclosure is required by law, you have the right to restrict the disclosure of information regarding services for which you have paid in full and on an out-of-pocket basis. This information can be released only upon your written authorization.
- ❖ Right to a Paper Copy of This Notice. You have the right to request a paper copy of this notice at any time by contacting PEBA's HIPAA Privacy Officer at HIPAA Privacy Officer, South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority, Insurance Benefits, P.O. Box 11661, Columbia, SC 29211-1661. You may obtain a copy of this notice at PEBA Insurance Benefits' website at www.eip.sc.gov.
- ❖ Right to Breach Notification. You have the right to be notified of any breach of your unsecured protected health information.

COMPLAINTS

If you believe that your protected health information rights, as stated in this notice, have been violated, you may file a complaint with PEBA's HIPAA Privacy Officer and/or with the Office for Civil Rights, US Department of Health and Human Services.

To file a complaint with the PEBA 's HIPAA Privacy Officer, contact:

HIPAA Privacy Officer
South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority
Insurance Benefits
P.O. Box 11661Columbia, SC 29211-1661

Phone: 803-734-0678 Fax: 803-726-9877 E-mail: privacyofficer@eip.sc.gov

To file a complaint with the Office for Civil Rights, US Department of Health and Human Services, contact:

Office for Civil Rights
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
61 Forsyth Street, S.W.-Suite16T70
Atlanta, GA 30303-8909
Phone: 404-562-7886 Fax: 404-562-7881

TDD: 404-562-7884

PEBA will not intimidate, threaten, coerce, discriminate against or take other retaliatory actions against any individual who files a complaint.

CHANGES TO THIS NOTICE

PEBA reserves the right to change this notice. PEBA may make the changed notice effective for medical information it already has about you as well as for any information it may receive in the future. PEBA will post a copy of the current notice on its Web site and in its office. PEBA will mail you a copy of revisions to this policy at the address that is on file with PEBA at the time of the mailing.

OTHER USES OF PROTECTED HEALTH INFORMATION

This notice describes and gives some examples of the permitted ways your protected health information may be used or disclosed. PEBA will ask for your written permission before it uses or discloses your protected health information for purposes not covered in this notice. If you provide PEBA with written permission to use or disclose information, you can change your mind and revoke your permission at any time by notifying PEBA in writing. If you revoke your permission, PEBA will no longer use or disclose the information for that purpose. However, PEBA will not be able to take back any disclosure that it made with your permission.

Initial COBRA Notice

Continuation Coverage Rights under COBRA

The Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA) requires that health, vision, dental and/or Medical Spending Account coverage continue to be offered to you and/or your covered dependents when you are no longer eligible for group coverage.

On the following pages is a copy of your Initial COBRA Notice. When you became covered under group benefits offered by the State of South Carolina through the S.C. Public Employee Benefit Authority (PEBA), you received an Initial COBRA Notice. This notice contains important information about your right to continue your coverage if you lose it under certain circumstances, as well as other health coverage alternatives that may be available to you through the Health Insurance Marketplace. It also explains what you must do to protect your right to continued coverage.

It is important that you read this notice. It is also important that each family member you cover be familiar with this information.

If you cover a family member who does not live with you, you must notify your benefits office so a COBRA notice can be sent to him. Also, if you move, please inform your benefits office of your new address or change your address through MyBenefits, PEBA's online insurance enrollment system.

Under the rules of the plan and federal law, you must notify your benefits office of certain events, including your divorce or legal separation, or if a person you cover loses eligibility under the rules of the plan. Please carefully read the section in the notice about your notification responsibilities. If you fail to follow the procedures, your rights under COBRA could be lost.

Additional information about COBRA is on pages 32-34. If you have questions about this notice or your rights and responsibilities under COBRA, please contact your benefits administrator.

* YOUR RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS UNDER COBRA *

What is COBRA continuation coverage?

Under the federal Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (COBRA), coverage under the State of South Carolina Public Employee Benefits Authority (PEBA) Insurance Benefits may be continued when it otherwise would end due to a qualifying event. This continuation of coverage is typically referred to as "COBRA coverage" but it is actually the same coverage that PEBA Insurance Benefits gives to other participants or beneficiaries under the state insurance program who are not receiving COBRA coverage. Each qualified beneficiary who elects COBRA coverage will have the same rights as other participants or beneficiaries, including open enrollment and special enrollment rights.

COBRA (and the description of COBRA coverage contained in this notice) applies only to the group health benefits offered by PEBA Insurance Benefits (the Health, Dental, Dental Plus, Vision, and MoneyPlus Medical Spending Account) and not to any other benefits offered by PEBA Insurance Benefits.

PEBA Insurance Benefits provides no greater COBRA rights than what COBRA requires—nothing in this notice is intended to expand your rights beyond COBRA's requirements.

Who is entitled to elect COBRA coverage?

If a qualified beneficiary loses coverage under group health benefits due to one of the qualifying events listed below, the qualified beneficiary will be allowed to continue group health benefits for a specified period of time at group rates. After a qualifying event occurs and any required notice of that event is properly provided to the benefits office, COBRA coverage will be offered to each qualified beneficiary who is losing coverage as a result of that event.

Who is a qualified beneficiary?

To be a qualified beneficiary, a person:

- Must have been covered (under Health, Dental, Dental Plus, Vision and/or a MoneyPlus Medical Spending Account) on the day before the qualifying event; AND
- Must be a covered employee, the covered spouse of the employee or a covered child of the employee.

Two situations may occur during the COBRA coverage period that would cause a child (who was not covered at the time of the qualifying event) to gain the status of a qualified beneficiary. These are addressed later in this notice.

What is a qualifying event?

A qualifying event is a life event that occurs that would cause a qualified beneficiary to lose coverage under group health benefits offered by PEBA Insurance Benefits (Health, Dental, Dental Plus, Vision and/or a MoneyPlus Medical Spending Account).

<u>For a Covered Employee</u> – If you are the covered employee, you will experience a qualifying event and will have the right to elect COBRA coverage if you lose your group health benefits because any of the following happens:

- Your hours of employment are reduced; or
- Your employment ends for any reason other than your gross misconduct.

<u>For a Covered Spouse</u> – If you are the covered spouse of an employee, you will experience a qualifying event and will have the right to elect COBRA coverage if you lose your group health benefits because any of the following happens:

Your spouse dies;

- Your spouse's hours of employment are reduced;
- Your spouse's employment ends for any reason other than his gross misconduct; or
- You become divorced or legally separated from your spouse. Also, if your spouse (the employee) reduces or eliminates your group health benefits in anticipation of a divorce or legal separation, and a divorce or legal separation later occurs, then the divorce or legal separation may be considered a qualifying event for you even though your coverage was reduced or eliminated before the divorce or separation.

<u>For a Covered Child</u> – If you are the covered child of an employee, you will experience a qualifying event and will have the right to elect COBRA coverage if you lose your group health benefits because any of the following happens:

- Your parent (the employee) dies;
- Your parent's (the employee) hours of employment are reduced;
- Your parent's (the employee) employment ends for any reason other than his gross misconduct;
 or
- You stop being eligible for coverage under PEBA Insurance Benefits as a child (for example, you turn age 26 or become eligible, as an employee or as a spouse, for a group health plan sponsored by an employer). For more information about when a child ceases to be eligible for coverage under PEBA Insurance Benefits, please refer to your *Insurance Benefits Guide*.

What do you do when a qualifying event occurs?

YOU MUST GIVE NOTICE OF SOME QUALIFYING EVENTS: divorce, legal separation, and a child loses eligibility for coverage. For these qualifying events, the benefits office will offer you COBRA coverage only if you notify the benefits office within 60 days after the later of: (1) the date of the qualifying event; and (2) the date on which the qualified beneficiary loses (or would lose) coverage under PEBA Insurance Benefits as a result of the qualifying event. To notify the benefits office of these qualifying events, complete the "Notice of COBRA Qualifying Event" form and deliver it to the benefits office at the address on the first page of this document. See "How do you provide a proper and timely notice?" for details.

When the qualifying event is the end of employment or reduction of hours of employment, you do <u>not</u> need to notify the benefits office of any of these qualifying events. The benefits office will offer COBRA coverage to the appropriate qualified beneficiaries. When the qualifying event is the death of the employee, the benefits office will offer survivor coverage. Refer to the *Insurance Benefits Guide* for details.

How do you provide a proper and timely notice?

Any notice that you provide must be in writing and must be submitted on the forms provided by PEBA Insurance Benefits. These forms are available at no cost from the benefits office or PEBA Insurance Benefits at 803-734-0678 (toll-free outside Columbia at 888-260-9430) or can be printed from www.eip.sc.gov under "Forms." Oral notice, including notice by telephone, is not acceptable. Procedures for making a proper and timely notice are:

- Step 1- Complete the proper form.
- Step 2- Make a copy of the form for your records.
- Step 3- Attach the required documentation depending upon the qualifying event (as indicated on the form).
- Step 4- Mail or hand-deliver the form and required documentation.
- Step 5- Call within 10 days to ensure the form and required documentation have been received.

If mailed, your notice must be postmarked no later than the last day of the applicable notice period. If hand-delivered, your notice must be received by the individual at the address specified for delivery no later than the last day of the applicable notice period.

How can you elect COBRA coverage?

Once the benefits office learns a qualifying event has occurred, the qualified beneficiaries will be notified of their rights to elect COBRA coverage. Each qualified beneficiary has an independent election right and has 60 days to elect coverage. The 60-day election window is measured from the later of the date coverage is lost due to the event or from the date of notification to the qualified beneficiaries. This is the maximum period allowed to elect COBRA coverage. PEBA Insurance Benefits does not provide an extension of the election period beyond what is required by law.

The covered employee or the employee's covered spouse can elect continuation coverage on behalf of all qualified beneficiaries. A parent may elect to continue coverage on behalf of a covered child who is losing coverage as a result of the qualifying event. For each qualified beneficiary who elects to continue group health benefits, COBRA coverage will begin on the date that coverage under PEBA Insurance Benefits would be lost because of the event. If COBRA coverage is not elected for a qualified beneficiary within the 60-day election window, he will lose all rights to elect COBRA coverage and will cease to be a qualified beneficiary.

How long does COBRA coverage last for Health, Dental, Dental Plus and/or Vision?

COBRA coverage is a temporary continuation of coverage. The COBRA coverage periods described here are maximum coverage periods.

<u>18 months</u> – When the loss of coverage is due to the end of employment (other than for reasons of gross misconduct) or reduction in hours of employment, coverage under the Health, Dental, Dental Plus and Vision components generally may be continued up to 18 months. There are three possible situations that may provide coverage beyond 18 months when loss of coverage is due to end of employment or reduction in hours of employment.

- 1. Medicare Entitlement Rule (for covered dependents only) When the qualifying event is the end of employment or reduction of the employee's hours of employment, and the employee became entitled to Medicare benefits during the 18 months before the qualifying event, COBRA coverage for qualified beneficiaries (other than the employee) can last up to 36 months after the date of Medicare entitlement. For example, if a covered employee becomes entitled to Medicare eight (8) months before the date on which employment ends, his spouse and children who are qualified beneficiaries who lost coverage as a result of his termination will be offered 28 months of continuation coverage (36-8=28). The covered employee, however, is offered only 18 months. This COBRA coverage period is available only if the covered employee becomes entitled to Medicare during the 18 months before the end of employment or reduction of hours.
- 2. Social Security Disability Extension If any of the qualified beneficiaries is determined by the Social Security Administration to be disabled, the maximum COBRA coverage period that results from a covered employee's end of employment or reduction of hours (generally 18 months) may be extended to a total of up to 29 months. This extension is available only for qualified beneficiaries who are receiving COBRA coverage because of a qualifying event that was the employee's termination of employment or reduction of hours. The Social Security Administration must determine that the qualified beneficiary's disability started before the 61st day after the covered employee's termination of employment or reduction of hours and the disability must last until at least the end of the 18-month period of continuation coverage.

To qualify for the disability extension, you must notify your COBRA ADMINISTRATOR in writing at the address where you deliver your COBRA premium payments of the Social Security Administration's determination of disability and you must do so within 60 days after the latest of:

The date of the Social Security Administration's disability determination;

- The date the covered employee's employment ended or the date of reduction of hours; and
- The date the qualified beneficiary loses (or would lose) coverage under PEBA Insurance Benefits as a result of the covered employee's termination or reduction of hours.

You also must provide this notice within 18 months after the covered employee's employment ended or his hours were reduced to be entitled to a disability extension. In providing this notice, you must use PEBA Insurance Benefits' form, "Notice to Extend COBRA Continuation Coverage" (you may obtain a copy of this form from the benefits office or PEBA Insurance Benefits at no charge, or you can print the form at www.eip.sc.gov under "Forms"). You must follow the notice procedures outlined in the section entitled "How do you provide a proper and timely notice?" If these procedures are not followed or if the notice is not provided during the 60-day notice period and within 18 months after the covered employee's employment ended or hours were reduced, THERE WILL BE NO DISABILITY EXTENSION OF COBRA COVERAGE.

3. Second Qualifying Event Extension – If your family experiences a second qualifying event during the 18 months (or, in the case of a disability extension, the 29 months) following the covered employee's end of employment or reduction of hours, the maximum COBRA coverage period may be extended to a total of up to 36 months from the date of the original qualifying event. Such second qualifying events may include the death of the employee, divorce or legal separation from the employee, or dependent child losing eligibility for coverage under PEBA Insurance Benefits.

This extension due to a second qualifying event is available only if you notify your COBRA ADMINISTRATOR in writing at the address where you deliver your COBRA premium payments of the second qualifying event within 60 days after the date of the second qualifying event. In providing this notice, you must use PEBA Insurance Benefits' form entitled "Notice to Extend COBRA Continuation Coverage." (You may obtain a copy of this form from PEBA Insurance Benefits at no charge, or you can print the form at www.eip.sc.gov under "Forms.") You must follow the procedures specified in the section entitled "How do you provide a proper and timely notice?" If these procedures are not followed or if the notice is not provided during the 60-day notice period, THERE WILL BE NO EXTENSION OF COBRA COVERAGE DUE TO A SECOND QUALIFYING EVENT.

<u>36 months</u> – When the loss of coverage is due to the death of the employee, divorce or legal separation from the employee, or a child losing eligibility for coverage under PEBA Insurance Benefits, a spouse or child who is a qualified beneficiary will have the opportunity to continue coverage under Health, Dental, Dental Plus and Vision for 36 months from the date of the original qualifying event.

How long does COBRA coverage last for the MoneyPlus Medical Spending Account (MSA)?

COBRA coverage under the MoneyPlus Medical Spending Account (MSA) can last only until the end of the plan year, including the grace period, in which the qualifying event occurred. The period of COBRA coverage under the MoneyPlus MSA cannot be extended under any circumstances. COBRA coverage under the MoneyPlus MSA will be offered only to a qualified beneficiary losing coverage who has an "underspent account." An account is underspent if the annual limit elected under the MoneyPlus MSA by the covered employee, reduced by reimbursable claims submitted up to the time of the qualifying event, is equal to or more than the amount of the contributions for MoneyPlus MSA COBRA coverage that will be charged for the remainder of the plan year. COBRA coverage will consist of the MoneyPlus MSA coverage in force at the time of the qualifying event (i.e., the elected annual limit reduced by reimbursable claims submitted up to the time of the qualifying event). The use-it-or-lose-it rule will continue to apply, so any unused amounts will be forfeited at the end of the plan year, including the grace period. COBRA coverage will terminate at the end of the plan year. Unless otherwise elected, all qualified beneficiaries who were covered under the MoneyPlus MSA will be covered together for continuation under COBRA coverage. However, each qualified beneficiary could alternatively elect separate COBRA coverage to cover that beneficiary only, with a separate annual limit and a separate contribution

How much does COBRA coverage cost?

Generally, each qualified beneficiary is required to pay 100% of the applicable premium for the coverage that is continued, plus a 2% administration charge. The premium includes both the employee's *and* employer's share of the total premium. If continuation coverage is extended due to a disability and the disabled qualified beneficiary elects the extension, the rate is 150% of the applicable premium. If only non-disabled qualified beneficiaries extend coverage, the rate will remain at 102%.

There may be other coverage options for you and your family. When key parts of the health care law take effect, you'll be able to buy coverage through the Health Insurance Marketplace. In the Marketplace, you could be eligible for a new kind of tax credit that lowers your monthly premiums right away, and you can see what your premium, deductibles, and out-of-pocket costs will be before you make a decision to enroll. Being eligible for COBRA does not limit your eligibility for coverage for a tax credit through the Marketplace. Additionally, you may qualify for a special enrollment opportunity for another group health plan for which you are eligible (such as a spouse's plan), even if the plan generally does not accept late enrollees, if you request enrollment within 30 days.

More information about individuals who may be qualified beneficiaries

Children born to or placed for adoption with the covered employee during COBRA coverage period

A child born to, adopted by, or placed for adoption with a covered employee during a period of COBRA coverage is considered to be a qualified beneficiary provided that, if the covered employee is a qualified beneficiary, the covered employee has elected COBRA coverage for himself or herself. The child's COBRA coverage begins when the child is enrolled in the PEBA Insurance Benefits' plan, whether through special enrollment or open enrollment, and it lasts for as long as COBRA coverage lasts for other family members of the employee. To be enrolled in PEBA Insurance Benefits' plan, the child must satisfy the applicable eligibility requirements (for example, regarding age).

Alternate recipients under QMCSOs or NMSNs

A child of the covered employee who is receiving benefits under PEBA Insurance Benefits pursuant to a Qualified Medical Child Support Order (QMCSO) or National Medical Support Notice (NMSN) received by PEBA Insurance Benefits during the covered employee's period of employment is entitled to the same rights to elect COBRA as an eligible child of the covered employee.

For more information

This notice is a summary and does not fully describe COBRA coverage, other rights under PEBA Insurance Benefits, or details about your group health benefits. More information is available in your *Insurance Benefits Guide*, from the benefits office or from PEBA Insurance Benefits.

If you have any questions concerning the information in this notice, your rights to coverage, or if you want a copy of the *Insurance Benefits Guide*, contact your benefits office, contact PEBA Insurance Benefits at 803-734-0678 (toll-free outside Columbia at 888-260-9430), or visit PEBA Insurance Benefits' website (www.eip.sc.gov).

For more information about your rights under COBRA, contact the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services at www.cms.gov/COBRAContinuationofCov/ or phig@cms.hhs.gov.

Keep the Benefits Office Informed of Address Changes

To protect your rights, notify the benefits office of any changes in the employee's address and the addresses of covered family members as soon as possible.

Plan Administrator/PEBA Insurance Benefits

The State of South Carolina Public Employee Benefits Authority (PEBA) Insurance Benefits is the plan administrator for the group health benefits, which include Health, Dental, Dental Plus, Vision and the MoneyPlus Medical Spending Account. You can contact PEBA Insurance Benefits by calling 803-734-0678 (toll-free outside Columbia at 888-260-9430) or visiting PEBA Insurance Benefits' website (www.eip.sc.gov). PEBA Insurance Benefits' mailing address is P.O. Box 11661, Columbia, SC 29211.

Index

Index

		160
A	Benefits at a Glance	Children's Health Insurance Program
Academic Employee 143	BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO 84 Dental 104	(CHIP) 29
Transfers 13	Savings Plan/Standard Plan 43	Chiropractic 87, 88
Accidental Death/Dismemberment 121,	State Vision Plan 113	Chronic Disease Workshops 31
124, 137	Benefits ID Number (BIN) 22	Claims 109
Active Employee 9	Benefit Waiting Period	Dental 105
Active Employment 20	Basic Long Term Disability 143	Life Insurance Basic 122
Active Group Benefits Refusal Form	Supplemental Long Term Disability 148	Dependent 137
194	BlueCard Worldwide BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO 89	Optional 132
Actively at Work 124, 127	Standard Plan	Long Term Disability
Active Work Requirement	Retirement 217	Basic 143
Long Term Disability	State Health Plan 49	Supplemental 148 Medicare Supplemental Plan 215
Basic 144 Supplemental 148	BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO	Paper
Added Value Discount Programs 92	Comparison chart 198–200	Dental 236
Adding Children — See also Newborns	Eligibility 9 Exclusions 92	Health, mental health 235
Health, dental 26	Fully insured 84	Prescription drugs 236
Life Insurance 136	Prescriptions 90	Standard Plan With Medicare 218
Advanced Practice Registered Nurse	Website 95	State Health Plan
61	BlueCross BlueShield of South Carolina	Out-of-network 235
Advanced Radiology Preauthorization	110 — See also Savings Plan;	State Vision Plan
54	See also Standard Plan	Out-of-network 116
Age Category (Life Insurance) 128	Appeals, State Health Plan 82	TRICARE Supplement 99
Allowed Amount	Dental Plus card 193	COBRA 32 And Medicare 33, 209
Balance billing 52 Dental coverage 103, 104, 105	Discount programs, State Health Plan 71 Paper claims	Initial COBRA Notice 245–250
Savings Plan 47	Dental 236	Medical Spending Account
Standard Plan 44	Health 235	Retiree 192
Alternative Treatment Plans 61	Standard Plan	When benefits run out 33
Ambulance 61, 87	Medicare claims 218	Coinsurance 98
Comparison charts 200, 221	Bone, Stem Cell and Solid Organ Transplants	BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO 87 Comparison charts 198, 220
American Military Retirees Association	BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO 89	Medicare 213
(AMRA) 97–99	State Health Plan 61	Savings Plan 47
Annual Deductible Applied to Savings Plan drugs 72	Braces, Dental — See Orthodontics	Standard Plan 46
BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO 84	(Orthodontia)	Carve-out method 210
Savings Plan 46		Coinsurance Maximum 198 Comparison chart 220
Standard Plan 45	C	Savings Plan 47
Any Occupation Disability 145, 151	Canva out Mathed of Claims Dayment	Drugs 72
Appeals	Carve-out Method of Claims Payment 210	Standard Plan
BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO 96 Dental 110	Case Management 56, 57, 59	Drugs 73
Eligibility 35	Catamaran 4	With Medicare 211 State Health Plan 43
Long Term Disability 146, 153	Appeals, SHP 82	Penalties for not calling Medi-Call 53
MoneyPlu\$ 177	Mail-order pharmacy 76	Colonoscopies
State Health Plan 82	Paper drug claims 236	State Health Plan 62
State Vision Plan 118	SHP Medicare Prescription Drug Program 206	Common Law Marriage 21, 24
Audits — See Dependent Eligibility Audits	State Health Plan 72	Companion Benefit Alternatives 78
Authorized Representative 6	Certificate, Basic Long Term Disability	Appeals 82
AutionZed Representative 6 Autism Spectrum Disorders 61, 87	143	Medicare Supplemental Plan 213 Provider Network 51
Autopsies 138	Certificate, Supplemental Long Term	Standard Plan
/ tatopolog Too	Disability 148	Medicare 216
В	Change in Status (MoneyPlus) 171,	Comparison charts 15
	176	Retirees with Medicare 221
Balance Billing 52	Changing Coverage 24, 193	Retirees without Medicare 198
Basic Life Insurance Program 121	Checklists	Complex Care Management 58
Conversion at retirement 191	New Employee 36	Compound Prescriptions State Health Plan 75
Basic Long Term Disability (BLTD) 143–146, 194, 209	Retiree 37 Survivor 38	Confidentiality Policies 6
143–146, 194, 209 Basic Salary 124	Checkups (Well Child) 69	Contributions
Beneficiary 128	Child — See also Adding Children	Health Savings Account
Health Savings Account 177	Eligibility 10	Availability 174
Medical Spending Account 176	Incapacitated 11	Limits 173
Update with MyBenefits 23	Newborns 26, 54	Conversion
	·	Life Incurance
Benefits Administrator	Child and Dependent Care Tax Credit	Life Insurance Basic 123

In retirement 193

Dependent 138	Child, premiums 231	17.1
Optional 134	May convert at retirement 192	Life Insurance 133, 138
Supplemental Long Term Disability 152	Spouse coverage 137	Long Term Disability Basic 146
Coordination of Benefits (COB) 12	Spouse, premiums 229	Supplemental 153
Dental 109	Dependent Spouse — See Spouse	Retiree insurance 195
State Health Plan 48	Direct Deposit	End-stage Renal Disease (ESRD)
Drugs 77	MoneyPlus 166	Medicare eligibility 207
Coordination period End-stage renal disease 207	Disability	Renal case management 59
Copayments 87	Defined 151	Enrollment
Standard Plan 43	Eligibility for retiree coverage 182 Medicare before 65 207	Dependent Care Spending Account 162
Defined 45		Initial 20
With Medicare 220	Disclosure of Health Information —	Life Insurance
Custodial Agreement 177	See Health Insurance Portability	Basic 121
9. coc.	and Accountability Act of 1996	Dependent 134
D	(HIPAA)	Optional 126
_	Divorce 25	Long Term Disability Supplemental 147
Day Care Benefit 131	Doctor Visits	Medical Spending Account 164
Death	BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO 63	TRICARE Supplement Plan 98
Benefits	Comparison charts 198, 220	Enrollment Periods 22
Accidental 121, 129	State Health Plan 63	Estate Resolution Services 129
Life Insurance 121, 128, 129, 137	Documentation At enrollment 21	Exclusions
Supplemental Long Term Disability 153	Dependent Eligibility Audits 12	BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO 92
Effect on MoneyPlus accounts 176	Durable Medical Equipment	Dental 106
Retiree 195	Comparison charts 200, 221	Drugs, Savings Plan 65
Subscriber or covered dependent 34	State Health Plan 63	Life Insurance 122
Decreasing Coverage 22 In retirement 193	State Fredition for	Long Term Disability 144, 149
Deductible 98	E	State Health Plan 79–81
BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO 87	_	State Vision Plan 117
Comparison charts 198, 220	Earned Income Tax Credit 160	Extended Care 67, 213, 216
Dental 103	Education Benefit (Life insurance) 131	Extension of Benefits
Medicare 213	Eligibility	Basic Life Insurance 122
Medicare Supplemental Plan	Active employee 9	Optional Life Insurance 132
Private Duty Nursing 215	Appeals 35	EyeMed Vision Care 113
	Disability rationment 102	
Savings Plan 46	Disability retirement 183	-
Standard Plan	Life Insurance	F
Standard Plan Annual 45	Life Insurance Basic 121	
Standard Plan Annual 45 Carve-out method 210	Life Insurance Basic 121 Conversion 134	Failure to Pay Premiums 32, 42
Standard Plan Annual 45 Carve-out method 210 Deductible Income	Life Insurance Basic 121 Conversion 134 Dependent 134	Failure to Pay Premiums 32, 42 Felonious Assault Benefit 131
Standard Plan Annual 45 Carve-out method 210 Deductible Income Long Term Disability	Life Insurance Basic 121 Conversion 134 Dependent 134 Long Term Disability	Failure to Pay Premiums 32, 42 Felonious Assault Benefit 131 Filing Your Own Claims
Standard Plan Annual 45 Carve-out method 210 Deductible Income Long Term Disability Basic 146	Life Insurance Basic 121 Conversion 134 Dependent 134 Long Term Disability Basic 143	Failure to Pay Premiums 32, 42 Felonious Assault Benefit 131 Filing Your Own Claims Dental 236
Standard Plan Annual 45 Carve-out method 210 Deductible Income Long Term Disability Basic 146 Supplemental 152	Life Insurance Basic 121 Conversion 134 Dependent 134 Long Term Disability	Failure to Pay Premiums 32, 42 Felonious Assault Benefit 131 Filing Your Own Claims Dental 236 State Health Plan 235
Standard Plan Annual 45 Carve-out method 210 Deductible Income Long Term Disability Basic 146 Supplemental 152 Defense Enrollment Eligibility Reporting	Life Insurance Basic 121 Conversion 134 Dependent 134 Long Term Disability Basic 143 Supplemental 147 Medicare 205	Failure to Pay Premiums 32, 42 Felonious Assault Benefit 131 Filing Your Own Claims Dental 236 State Health Plan 235 Flexible Spending Account — See De-
Standard Plan Annual 45 Carve-out method 210 Deductible Income Long Term Disability Basic 146 Supplemental 152 Defense Enrollment Eligibility Reporting System (DEERS) 97	Life Insurance Basic 121 Conversion 134 Dependent 134 Long Term Disability Basic 143 Supplemental 147	Failure to Pay Premiums 32, 42 Felonious Assault Benefit 131 Filing Your Own Claims Dental 236 State Health Plan 235 Flexible Spending Account — See Dependent Care Spending Account;
Standard Plan Annual 45 Carve-out method 210 Deductible Income Long Term Disability Basic 146 Supplemental 152 Defense Enrollment Eligibility Reporting System (DEERS) 97 Deferred Effective Date	Life Insurance Basic 121 Conversion 134 Dependent 134 Long Term Disability Basic 143 Supplemental 147 Medicare 205 MoneyPlus Dependent Care Spending Account 161 Health Savings Account 172	Failure to Pay Premiums 32, 42 Felonious Assault Benefit 131 Filing Your Own Claims Dental 236 State Health Plan 235 Flexible Spending Account — See Dependent Care Spending Account; See Medical Spending Account
Standard Plan Annual 45 Carve-out method 210 Deductible Income Long Term Disability Basic 146 Supplemental 152 Defense Enrollment Eligibility Reporting System (DEERS) 97 Deferred Effective Date Life Insurance	Life Insurance Basic 121 Conversion 134 Dependent 134 Long Term Disability Basic 143 Supplemental 147 Medicare 205 MoneyPlus Dependent Care Spending Account 161 Health Savings Account 172 Limited-use Medical Spending Account	Failure to Pay Premiums 32, 42 Felonious Assault Benefit 131 Filing Your Own Claims Dental 236 State Health Plan 235 Flexible Spending Account — See Dependent Care Spending Account; See Medical Spending Account Flu Shot 70, 71
Standard Plan Annual 45 Carve-out method 210 Deductible Income Long Term Disability Basic 146 Supplemental 152 Defense Enrollment Eligibility Reporting System (DEERS) 97 Deferred Effective Date Life Insurance Defined 124	Life Insurance Basic 121 Conversion 134 Dependent 134 Long Term Disability Basic 143 Supplemental 147 Medicare 205 MoneyPlus Dependent Care Spending Account 161 Health Savings Account 172 Limited-use Medical Spending Account 169	Failure to Pay Premiums 32, 42 Felonious Assault Benefit 131 Filing Your Own Claims Dental 236 State Health Plan 235 Flexible Spending Account — See Dependent Care Spending Account; See Medical Spending Account Flu Shot 70, 71 Fraud Prevention Hotline 6
Standard Plan Annual 45 Carve-out method 210 Deductible Income Long Term Disability Basic 146 Supplemental 152 Defense Enrollment Eligibility Reporting System (DEERS) 97 Deferred Effective Date Life Insurance	Life Insurance Basic 121 Conversion 134 Dependent 134 Long Term Disability Basic 143 Supplemental 147 Medicare 205 MoneyPlus Dependent Care Spending Account 161 Health Savings Account 172 Limited-use Medical Spending Account 169 Medical Spending Account 164	Failure to Pay Premiums 32, 42 Felonious Assault Benefit 131 Filing Your Own Claims Dental 236 State Health Plan 235 Flexible Spending Account — See Dependent Care Spending Account; See Medical Spending Account Flu Shot 70, 71 Fraud Prevention Hotline 6 Frequency of Benefits
Standard Plan Annual 45 Carve-out method 210 Deductible Income Long Term Disability Basic 146 Supplemental 152 Defense Enrollment Eligibility Reporting System (DEERS) 97 Deferred Effective Date Life Insurance Defined 124 Dependents 136	Life Insurance Basic 121 Conversion 134 Dependent 134 Long Term Disability Basic 143 Supplemental 147 Medicare 205 MoneyPlus Dependent Care Spending Account 161 Health Savings Account 172 Limited-use Medical Spending Account 169 Medical Spending Account 164 Pretax Group Insurance Premium	Failure to Pay Premiums 32, 42 Felonious Assault Benefit 131 Filing Your Own Claims Dental 236 State Health Plan 235 Flexible Spending Account — See Dependent Care Spending Account; See Medical Spending Account Flu Shot 70, 71 Fraud Prevention Hotline 6 Frequency of Benefits State Vision Plan 115
Standard Plan Annual 45 Carve-out method 210 Deductible Income Long Term Disability Basic 146 Supplemental 152 Defense Enrollment Eligibility Reporting System (DEERS) 97 Deferred Effective Date Life Insurance Defined 124 Dependents 136 Optional 127	Life Insurance Basic 121 Conversion 134 Dependent 134 Long Term Disability Basic 143 Supplemental 147 Medicare 205 MoneyPlus Dependent Care Spending Account 161 Health Savings Account 172 Limited-use Medical Spending Account 169 Medical Spending Account 164 Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature 159	Failure to Pay Premiums 32, 42 Felonious Assault Benefit 131 Filing Your Own Claims Dental 236 State Health Plan 235 Flexible Spending Account — See Dependent Care Spending Account; See Medical Spending Account Flu Shot 70, 71 Fraud Prevention Hotline 6 Frequency of Benefits State Vision Plan 115 Full-time Employment 9, 124
Standard Plan Annual 45 Carve-out method 210 Deductible Income Long Term Disability Basic 146 Supplemental 152 Defense Enrollment Eligibility Reporting System (DEERS) 97 Deferred Effective Date Life Insurance Defined 124 Dependents 136 Optional 127 Dental	Life Insurance Basic 121 Conversion 134 Dependent 134 Long Term Disability Basic 143 Supplemental 147 Medicare 205 MoneyPlus Dependent Care Spending Account 161 Health Savings Account 172 Limited-use Medical Spending Account 169 Medical Spending Account 164 Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature 159 Retiree insurance 181	Failure to Pay Premiums 32, 42 Felonious Assault Benefit 131 Filing Your Own Claims Dental 236 State Health Plan 235 Flexible Spending Account — See Dependent Care Spending Account; See Medical Spending Account Flu Shot 70, 71 Fraud Prevention Hotline 6 Frequency of Benefits State Vision Plan 115 Full-time Employment 9, 124 Supplemental Long Term Disability 151
Standard Plan Annual 45 Carve-out method 210 Deductible Income Long Term Disability Basic 146 Supplemental 152 Defense Enrollment Eligibility Reporting System (DEERS) 97 Deferred Effective Date Life Insurance Defined 124 Dependents 136 Optional 127 Dental Adding or dropping coverage 23 Dental/Dental Plus premiums 225–227 Eligibility 9	Life Insurance Basic 121 Conversion 134 Dependent 134 Long Term Disability Basic 143 Supplemental 147 Medicare 205 MoneyPlus Dependent Care Spending Account 161 Health Savings Account 172 Limited-use Medical Spending Account 169 Medical Spending Account 164 Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature 159 Retiree insurance 181 55/25 rule 185	Failure to Pay Premiums 32, 42 Felonious Assault Benefit 131 Filing Your Own Claims Dental 236 State Health Plan 235 Flexible Spending Account — See Dependent Care Spending Account; See Medical Spending Account Flu Shot 70, 71 Fraud Prevention Hotline 6 Frequency of Benefits State Vision Plan 115 Full-time Employment 9, 124 Supplemental Long Term Disability 151 Full-time Students 11
Standard Plan Annual 45 Carve-out method 210 Deductible Income Long Term Disability Basic 146 Supplemental 152 Defense Enrollment Eligibility Reporting System (DEERS) 97 Deferred Effective Date Life Insurance Defined 124 Dependents 136 Optional 127 Dental Adding or dropping coverage 23 Dental/Dental Plus premiums 225–227 Eligibility 9 Orthodontics (Orthodontia) 104, 108	Life Insurance Basic 121 Conversion 134 Dependent 134 Long Term Disability Basic 143 Supplemental 147 Medicare 205 MoneyPlus Dependent Care Spending Account 161 Health Savings Account 172 Limited-use Medical Spending Account 169 Medical Spending Account 164 Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature 159 Retiree insurance 181	Failure to Pay Premiums 32, 42 Felonious Assault Benefit 131 Filing Your Own Claims Dental 236 State Health Plan 235 Flexible Spending Account — See Dependent Care Spending Account; See Medical Spending Account Flu Shot 70, 71 Fraud Prevention Hotline 6 Frequency of Benefits State Vision Plan 115 Full-time Employment 9, 124 Supplemental Long Term Disability 151 Full-time Students 11 Dependent Life Insurance 135
Standard Plan Annual 45 Carve-out method 210 Deductible Income Long Term Disability Basic 146 Supplemental 152 Defense Enrollment Eligibility Reporting System (DEERS) 97 Deferred Effective Date Life Insurance Defined 124 Dependents 136 Optional 127 Dental Adding or dropping coverage 23 Dental/Dental Plus premiums 225–227 Eligibility 9 Orthodontics (Orthodontia) 104, 108 Procedures 104	Life Insurance Basic 121 Conversion 134 Dependent 134 Long Term Disability Basic 143 Supplemental 147 Medicare 205 MoneyPlus Dependent Care Spending Account 161 Health Savings Account 172 Limited-use Medical Spending Account 169 Medical Spending Account 164 Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature 159 Retiree insurance 181 55/25 rule 185 Spouse and children 10	Failure to Pay Premiums 32, 42 Felonious Assault Benefit 131 Filing Your Own Claims Dental 236 State Health Plan 235 Flexible Spending Account — See Dependent Care Spending Account; See Medical Spending Account Flu Shot 70, 71 Fraud Prevention Hotline 6 Frequency of Benefits State Vision Plan 115 Full-time Employment 9, 124 Supplemental Long Term Disability 151 Full-time Students 11 Dependent Life Insurance 135 Fully Insured — See BlueChoice
Standard Plan Annual 45 Carve-out method 210 Deductible Income Long Term Disability Basic 146 Supplemental 152 Defense Enrollment Eligibility Reporting System (DEERS) 97 Deferred Effective Date Life Insurance Defined 124 Dependents 136 Optional 127 Dental Adding or dropping coverage 23 Dental/Dental Plus premiums 225–227 Eligibility 9 Orthodontics (Orthodontia) 104, 108 Procedures 104 Services not covered 106	Life Insurance Basic 121 Conversion 134 Dependent 134 Long Term Disability Basic 143 Supplemental 147 Medicare 205 MoneyPlus Dependent Care Spending Account 161 Health Savings Account 172 Limited-use Medical Spending Account 169 Medical Spending Account 164 Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature 159 Retiree insurance 181 55/25 rule 185 Spouse and children 10 Survivor 11	Failure to Pay Premiums 32, 42 Felonious Assault Benefit 131 Filing Your Own Claims Dental 236 State Health Plan 235 Flexible Spending Account — See Dependent Care Spending Account; See Medical Spending Account Flu Shot 70, 71 Fraud Prevention Hotline 6 Frequency of Benefits State Vision Plan 115 Full-time Employment 9, 124 Supplemental Long Term Disability 151 Full-time Students 11 Dependent Life Insurance 135 Fully Insured — See BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO
Standard Plan Annual 45 Carve-out method 210 Deductible Income Long Term Disability Basic 146 Supplemental 152 Defense Enrollment Eligibility Reporting System (DEERS) 97 Deferred Effective Date Life Insurance Defined 124 Dependents 136 Optional 127 Dental Adding or dropping coverage 23 Dental/Dental Plus premiums 225–227 Eligibility 9 Orthodontics (Orthodontia) 104, 108 Procedures 104 Services not covered 106 Dental Claim 236	Life Insurance Basic 121 Conversion 134 Dependent 134 Long Term Disability Basic 143 Supplemental 147 Medicare 205 MoneyPlus Dependent Care Spending Account 161 Health Savings Account 172 Limited-use Medical Spending Account 169 Medical Spending Account 164 Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature 159 Retiree insurance 181 55/25 rule 185 Spouse and children 10 Survivor 11 TRICARE Supplement 97	Failure to Pay Premiums 32, 42 Felonious Assault Benefit 131 Filing Your Own Claims Dental 236 State Health Plan 235 Flexible Spending Account — See Dependent Care Spending Account; See Medical Spending Account Flu Shot 70, 71 Fraud Prevention Hotline 6 Frequency of Benefits State Vision Plan 115 Full-time Employment 9, 124 Supplemental Long Term Disability 151 Full-time Students 11 Dependent Life Insurance 135 Fully Insured — See BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO Fully Insured Plan 84
Standard Plan Annual 45 Carve-out method 210 Deductible Income Long Term Disability Basic 146 Supplemental 152 Defense Enrollment Eligibility Reporting System (DEERS) 97 Deferred Effective Date Life Insurance Defined 124 Dependents 136 Optional 127 Dental Adding or dropping coverage 23 Dental/Dental Plus premiums 225–227 Eligibility 9 Orthodontics (Orthodontia) 104, 108 Procedures 104 Services not covered 106 Dental Claim 236 Dental Plus 103	Life Insurance Basic 121 Conversion 134 Dependent 134 Long Term Disability Basic 143 Supplemental 147 Medicare 205 MoneyPlus Dependent Care Spending Account 161 Health Savings Account 172 Limited-use Medical Spending Account 169 Medical Spending Account 164 Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature 159 Retiree insurance 181 55/25 rule 185 Spouse and children 10 Survivor 11 TRICARE Supplement 97 Eligible Expenses Dependent Care Spending Account 162 Limited-use Medical Spending Account	Failure to Pay Premiums 32, 42 Felonious Assault Benefit 131 Filing Your Own Claims Dental 236 State Health Plan 235 Flexible Spending Account — See Dependent Care Spending Account; See Medical Spending Account Flu Shot 70, 71 Fraud Prevention Hotline 6 Frequency of Benefits State Vision Plan 115 Full-time Employment 9, 124 Supplemental Long Term Disability 151 Full-time Students 11 Dependent Life Insurance 135 Fully Insured — See BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO
Standard Plan Annual 45 Carve-out method 210 Deductible Income Long Term Disability Basic 146 Supplemental 152 Defense Enrollment Eligibility Reporting System (DEERS) 97 Deferred Effective Date Life Insurance Defined 124 Dependents 136 Optional 127 Dental Adding or dropping coverage 23 Dental/Dental Plus premiums 225–227 Eligibility 9 Orthodontics (Orthodontia) 104, 108 Procedures 104 Services not covered 106 Dental Claim 236 Dental Plus 103 In retirement 190	Life Insurance Basic 121 Conversion 134 Dependent 134 Long Term Disability Basic 143 Supplemental 147 Medicare 205 MoneyPlus Dependent Care Spending Account 161 Health Savings Account 172 Limited-use Medical Spending Account 169 Medical Spending Account 164 Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature 159 Retiree insurance 181 55/25 rule 185 Spouse and children 10 Survivor 11 TRICARE Supplement 97 Eligible Expenses Dependent Care Spending Account 162 Limited-use Medical Spending Account 165	Failure to Pay Premiums 32, 42 Felonious Assault Benefit 131 Filing Your Own Claims Dental 236 State Health Plan 235 Flexible Spending Account — See Dependent Care Spending Account; See Medical Spending Account Flu Shot 70, 71 Fraud Prevention Hotline 6 Frequency of Benefits State Vision Plan 115 Full-time Employment 9, 124 Supplemental Long Term Disability 151 Full-time Students 11 Dependent Life Insurance 135 Fully Insured — See BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO Fully Insured Plan 84 Funded Retirees 184, 186
Standard Plan Annual 45 Carve-out method 210 Deductible Income Long Term Disability Basic 146 Supplemental 152 Defense Enrollment Eligibility Reporting System (DEERS) 97 Deferred Effective Date Life Insurance Defined 124 Dependents 136 Optional 127 Dental Adding or dropping coverage 23 Dental/Dental Plus premiums 225–227 Eligibility 9 Orthodontics (Orthodontia) 104, 108 Procedures 104 Services not covered 106 Dental Claim 236 Dental Plus 103 In retirement 190 Pretax deduction of premiums 157, 159	Life Insurance Basic 121 Conversion 134 Dependent 134 Long Term Disability Basic 143 Supplemental 147 Medicare 205 MoneyPlus Dependent Care Spending Account 161 Health Savings Account 172 Limited-use Medical Spending Account 169 Medical Spending Account 164 Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature 159 Retiree insurance 181 55/25 rule 185 Spouse and children 10 Survivor 11 TRICARE Supplement 97 Eligible Expenses Dependent Care Spending Account 162 Limited-use Medical Spending Account 165 Medical Spending Account 165	Failure to Pay Premiums 32, 42 Felonious Assault Benefit 131 Filing Your Own Claims Dental 236 State Health Plan 235 Flexible Spending Account — See Dependent Care Spending Account; See Medical Spending Account Flu Shot 70, 71 Fraud Prevention Hotline 6 Frequency of Benefits State Vision Plan 115 Full-time Employment 9, 124 Supplemental Long Term Disability 151 Full-time Students 11 Dependent Life Insurance 135 Fully Insured — See BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO Fully Insured Plan 84
Standard Plan Annual 45 Carve-out method 210 Deductible Income Long Term Disability Basic 146 Supplemental 152 Defense Enrollment Eligibility Reporting System (DEERS) 97 Deferred Effective Date Life Insurance Defined 124 Dependents 136 Optional 127 Dental Adding or dropping coverage 23 Dental/Dental Plus premiums 225–227 Eligibility 9 Orthodontics (Orthodontia) 104, 108 Procedures 104 Services not covered 106 Dental Claim 236 Dental Plus 103 In retirement 190 Pretax deduction of premiums 157, 159 Dependent Care Spending Account	Life Insurance Basic 121 Conversion 134 Dependent 134 Long Term Disability Basic 143 Supplemental 147 Medicare 205 MoneyPlus Dependent Care Spending Account 161 Health Savings Account 172 Limited-use Medical Spending Account 169 Medical Spending Account 164 Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature 159 Retiree insurance 181 55/25 rule 185 Spouse and children 10 Survivor 11 TRICARE Supplement 97 Eligible Expenses Dependent Care Spending Account 162 Limited-use Medical Spending Account 165 Medical Spending Account 165 Eligible Retiree — See Eligibility	Failure to Pay Premiums 32, 42 Felonious Assault Benefit 131 Filing Your Own Claims Dental 236 State Health Plan 235 Flexible Spending Account — See Dependent Care Spending Account; See Medical Spending Account Flu Shot 70, 71 Fraud Prevention Hotline 6 Frequency of Benefits State Vision Plan 115 Full-time Employment 9, 124 Supplemental Long Term Disability 151 Full-time Students 11 Dependent Life Insurance 135 Fully Insured — See BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO Fully Insured Plan 84 Funded Retirees 184, 186
Standard Plan Annual 45 Carve-out method 210 Deductible Income Long Term Disability Basic 146 Supplemental 152 Defense Enrollment Eligibility Reporting System (DEERS) 97 Deferred Effective Date Life Insurance Defined 124 Dependents 136 Optional 127 Dental Adding or dropping coverage 23 Dental/Dental Plus premiums 225–227 Eligibility 9 Orthodontics (Orthodontia) 104, 108 Procedures 104 Services not covered 106 Dental Claim 236 Dental Plus 103 In retirement 190 Pretax deduction of premiums 157, 159 Dependent Care Spending Account 157–162	Life Insurance Basic 121 Conversion 134 Dependent 134 Long Term Disability Basic 143 Supplemental 147 Medicare 205 MoneyPlus Dependent Care Spending Account 161 Health Savings Account 172 Limited-use Medical Spending Account 169 Medical Spending Account 164 Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature 159 Retiree insurance 181 55/25 rule 185 Spouse and children 10 Survivor 11 TRICARE Supplement 97 Eligible Expenses Dependent Care Spending Account 162 Limited-use Medical Spending Account 165 Medical Spending Account 165 Eligible Retiree — See Eligibility Emergency Care	Failure to Pay Premiums 32, 42 Felonious Assault Benefit 131 Filing Your Own Claims Dental 236 State Health Plan 235 Flexible Spending Account — See Dependent Care Spending Account; See Medical Spending Account Flu Shot 70, 71 Fraud Prevention Hotline 6 Frequency of Benefits State Vision Plan 115 Full-time Employment 9, 124 Supplemental Long Term Disability 151 Full-time Students 11 Dependent Life Insurance 135 Fully Insured — See BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO Fully Insured Plan 84 Funded Retirees 184, 186 Gaining Coverage 28
Standard Plan Annual 45 Carve-out method 210 Deductible Income Long Term Disability Basic 146 Supplemental 152 Defense Enrollment Eligibility Reporting System (DEERS) 97 Deferred Effective Date Life Insurance Defined 124 Dependents 136 Optional 127 Dental Adding or dropping coverage 23 Dental/Dental Plus premiums 225–227 Eligibility 9 Orthodontics (Orthodontia) 104, 108 Procedures 104 Services not covered 106 Dental Claim 236 Dental Plus 103 In retirement 190 Pretax deduction of premiums 157, 159 Dependent Care Spending Account 157–162 How leaving job affects it 172	Life Insurance Basic 121 Conversion 134 Dependent 134 Long Term Disability Basic 143 Supplemental 147 Medicare 205 MoneyPlus Dependent Care Spending Account 161 Health Savings Account 172 Limited-use Medical Spending Account 169 Medical Spending Account 164 Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature 159 Retiree insurance 181 55/25 rule 185 Spouse and children 10 Survivor 11 TRICARE Supplement 97 Eligible Expenses Dependent Care Spending Account 162 Limited-use Medical Spending Account 165 Medical Spending Account 165 Eligible Retiree — See Eligibility Emergency Care BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO 88	Failure to Pay Premiums 32, 42 Felonious Assault Benefit 131 Filing Your Own Claims Dental 236 State Health Plan 235 Flexible Spending Account — See Dependent Care Spending Account; See Medical Spending Account Flu Shot 70, 71 Fraud Prevention Hotline 6 Frequency of Benefits State Vision Plan 115 Full-time Employment 9, 124 Supplemental Long Term Disability 151 Full-time Students 11 Dependent Life Insurance 135 Fully Insured — See BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO Fully Insured Plan 84 Funded Retirees 184, 186 G Gaining Coverage 28 Generic Drugs
Standard Plan Annual 45 Carve-out method 210 Deductible Income Long Term Disability Basic 146 Supplemental 152 Defense Enrollment Eligibility Reporting System (DEERS) 97 Deferred Effective Date Life Insurance Defined 124 Dependents 136 Optional 127 Dental Adding or dropping coverage 23 Dental/Dental Plus premiums 225–227 Eligibility 9 Orthodontics (Orthodontia) 104, 108 Procedures 104 Services not covered 106 Dental Claim 236 Dental Plus 103 In retirement 190 Pretax deduction of premiums 157, 159 Dependent Care Spending Account 157–162 How leaving job affects it 172 Dependent Child — See Child	Life Insurance Basic 121 Conversion 134 Dependent 134 Long Term Disability Basic 143 Supplemental 147 Medicare 205 MoneyPlus Dependent Care Spending Account 161 Health Savings Account 172 Limited-use Medical Spending Account 169 Medical Spending Account 164 Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature 159 Retiree insurance 181 55/25 rule 185 Spouse and children 10 Survivor 11 TRICARE Supplement 97 Eligible Expenses Dependent Care Spending Account 162 Limited-use Medical Spending Account 165 Medical Spending Account 165 Eligible Retiree — See Eligibility Emergency Care BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO 88 Comparison chart 198	Failure to Pay Premiums 32, 42 Felonious Assault Benefit 131 Filing Your Own Claims Dental 236 State Health Plan 235 Flexible Spending Account — See Dependent Care Spending Account; See Medical Spending Account Flu Shot 70, 71 Fraud Prevention Hotline 6 Frequency of Benefits State Vision Plan 115 Full-time Employment 9, 124 Supplemental Long Term Disability 151 Full-time Students 11 Dependent Life Insurance 135 Fully Insured — See BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO Fully Insured Plan 84 Funded Retirees 184, 186 G Gaining Coverage 28 Generic Drugs BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO 91
Standard Plan Annual 45 Carve-out method 210 Deductible Income Long Term Disability Basic 146 Supplemental 152 Defense Enrollment Eligibility Reporting System (DEERS) 97 Deferred Effective Date Life Insurance Defined 124 Dependents 136 Optional 127 Dental Adding or dropping coverage 23 Dental/Dental Plus premiums 225–227 Eligibility 9 Orthodontics (Orthodontia) 104, 108 Procedures 104 Services not covered 106 Dental Claim 236 Dental Plus 103 In retirement 190 Pretax deduction of premiums 157, 159 Dependent Care Spending Account 157–162 How leaving job affects it 172 Dependent Child — See Child Dependent Documentation	Life Insurance Basic 121 Conversion 134 Dependent 134 Long Term Disability Basic 143 Supplemental 147 Medicare 205 MoneyPlus Dependent Care Spending Account 161 Health Savings Account 172 Limited-use Medical Spending Account 169 Medical Spending Account 164 Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature 159 Retiree insurance 181 55/25 rule 185 Spouse and children 10 Survivor 11 TRICARE Supplement 97 Eligible Expenses Dependent Care Spending Account 162 Limited-use Medical Spending Account 165 Medical Spending Account 165 Eligible Retiree — See Eligibility Emergency Care BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO 88 Comparison chart 198 Dental 106	Failure to Pay Premiums 32, 42 Felonious Assault Benefit 131 Filing Your Own Claims Dental 236 State Health Plan 235 Flexible Spending Account — See Dependent Care Spending Account; See Medical Spending Account Flu Shot 70, 71 Fraud Prevention Hotline 6 Frequency of Benefits State Vision Plan 115 Full-time Employment 9, 124 Supplemental Long Term Disability 151 Full-time Students 11 Dependent Life Insurance 135 Fully Insured — See BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO Fully Insured Plan 84 Funded Retirees 184, 186 G Gaining Coverage 28 Generic Drugs BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO 91 Comparison charts 198, 220
Standard Plan Annual 45 Carve-out method 210 Deductible Income Long Term Disability Basic 146 Supplemental 152 Defense Enrollment Eligibility Reporting System (DEERS) 97 Deferred Effective Date Life Insurance Defined 124 Dependents 136 Optional 127 Dental Adding or dropping coverage 23 Dental/Dental Plus premiums 225–227 Eligibility 9 Orthodontics (Orthodontia) 104, 108 Procedures 104 Services not covered 106 Dental Claim 236 Dental Plus 103 In retirement 190 Pretax deduction of premiums 157, 159 Dependent Care Spending Account 157–162 How leaving job affects it 172 Dependent Child — See Child Dependent Documentation Initial enrollment 21	Life Insurance Basic 121 Conversion 134 Dependent 134 Long Term Disability Basic 143 Supplemental 147 Medicare 205 MoneyPlus Dependent Care Spending Account 161 Health Savings Account 172 Limited-use Medical Spending Account 169 Medical Spending Account 164 Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature 159 Retiree insurance 181 55/25 rule 185 Spouse and children 10 Survivor 11 TRICARE Supplement 97 Eligible Expenses Dependent Care Spending Account 162 Limited-use Medical Spending Account 165 Medical Spending Account 165 Eligible Retiree — See Eligibility Emergency Care BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO 88 Comparison chart 198 Dental 106 State Health Plan 43	Failure to Pay Premiums 32, 42 Felonious Assault Benefit 131 Filing Your Own Claims Dental 236 State Health Plan 235 Flexible Spending Account — See Dependent Care Spending Account; See Medical Spending Account Flu Shot 70, 71 Fraud Prevention Hotline 6 Frequency of Benefits State Vision Plan 115 Full-time Employment 9, 124 Supplemental Long Term Disability 151 Full-time Students 11 Dependent Life Insurance 135 Fully Insured — See BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO Fully Insured Plan 84 Funded Retirees 184, 186 G Gaining Coverage 28 Generic Drugs BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO 91 Comparison charts 198, 220 State Health Plan 74
Standard Plan Annual 45 Carve-out method 210 Deductible Income Long Term Disability Basic 146 Supplemental 152 Defense Enrollment Eligibility Reporting System (DEERS) 97 Deferred Effective Date Life Insurance Defined 124 Dependents 136 Optional 127 Dental Adding or dropping coverage 23 Dental/Dental Plus premiums 225–227 Eligibility 9 Orthodontics (Orthodontia) 104, 108 Procedures 104 Services not covered 106 Dental Claim 236 Dental Plus 103 In retirement 190 Pretax deduction of premiums 157, 159 Dependent Care Spending Account 157–162 How leaving job affects it 172 Dependent Child — See Child Dependent Documentation Initial enrollment 21 Dependent Eligibility Audits 12	Life Insurance Basic 121 Conversion 134 Dependent 134 Long Term Disability Basic 143 Supplemental 147 Medicare 205 MoneyPlus Dependent Care Spending Account 161 Health Savings Account 172 Limited-use Medical Spending Account 169 Medical Spending Account 164 Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature 159 Retiree insurance 181 55/25 rule 185 Spouse and children 10 Survivor 11 TRICARE Supplement 97 Eligible Expenses Dependent Care Spending Account 162 Limited-use Medical Spending Account 165 Medical Spending Account 165 Eligible Retiree — See Eligibility Emergency Care BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO 88 Comparison chart 198 Dental 106 State Health Plan 43 Medi-Call 54	Failure to Pay Premiums 32, 42 Felonious Assault Benefit 131 Filing Your Own Claims Dental 236 State Health Plan 235 Flexible Spending Account — See Dependent Care Spending Account; See Medical Spending Account Flu Shot 70, 71 Fraud Prevention Hotline 6 Frequency of Benefits State Vision Plan 115 Full-time Employment 9, 124 Supplemental Long Term Disability 151 Full-time Students 11 Dependent Life Insurance 135 Fully Insured — See BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO Fully Insured Plan 84 Funded Retirees 184, 186 G Gaining Coverage 28 Generic Drugs BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO 91 Comparison charts 198, 220 State Health Plan 74 Great Expectations for health
Standard Plan Annual 45 Carve-out method 210 Deductible Income Long Term Disability Basic 146 Supplemental 152 Defense Enrollment Eligibility Reporting System (DEERS) 97 Deferred Effective Date Life Insurance Defined 124 Dependents 136 Optional 127 Dental Adding or dropping coverage 23 Dental/Dental Plus premiums 225–227 Eligibility 9 Orthodontics (Orthodontia) 104, 108 Procedures 104 Services not covered 106 Dental Claim 236 Dental Plus 103 In retirement 190 Pretax deduction of premiums 157, 159 Dependent Care Spending Account 157–162 How leaving job affects it 172 Dependent Child — See Child Dependent Documentation Initial enrollment 21	Life Insurance Basic 121 Conversion 134 Dependent 134 Long Term Disability Basic 143 Supplemental 147 Medicare 205 MoneyPlus Dependent Care Spending Account 161 Health Savings Account 172 Limited-use Medical Spending Account 169 Medical Spending Account 164 Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature 159 Retiree insurance 181 55/25 rule 185 Spouse and children 10 Survivor 11 TRICARE Supplement 97 Eligible Expenses Dependent Care Spending Account 162 Limited-use Medical Spending Account 165 Medical Spending Account 165 Eligible Retiree — See Eligibility Emergency Care BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO 88 Comparison chart 198 Dental 106 State Health Plan 43	Failure to Pay Premiums 32, 42 Felonious Assault Benefit 131 Filing Your Own Claims Dental 236 State Health Plan 235 Flexible Spending Account — See Dependent Care Spending Account; See Medical Spending Account Flu Shot 70, 71 Fraud Prevention Hotline 6 Frequency of Benefits State Vision Plan 115 Full-time Employment 9, 124 Supplemental Long Term Disability 151 Full-time Students 11 Dependent Life Insurance 135 Fully Insured — See BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO Fully Insured Plan 84 Funded Retirees 184, 186 G Gaining Coverage 28 Generic Drugs BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO 91 Comparison charts 198, 220 State Health Plan 74

Accounts 159 н Medically Necessary 60-61 Medicare Supplemental Plan Health Insurance Portability and Home healthcare 215 Accountability Act of 1996 Medical Spending Account (MSA) Late Entrants 163-166 (HIPAA) 6, 33 Life Insurance Defined 157 Health Maintenance Organization Dependents 137 Effect of leaving your job 171 Optional 126, 127 (HMO) Eligible expenses 165 Leave of Absence 29, 132 Comparison chart 198 Grace period 159 Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature Leave Without Pay (LWOP) 29 Reimbursement 163 157, 159 Life Insurance 119-140 Standard Plan 43 Health Management Program 57 Basic Life 121-123 Vs. claiming expenses on federal tax return Health Savings Account (HSA) 43, Eligibility 121 Dependent Life 134-138 172-176 With myFBMC Card 166-167 Eligibility 134 Custodial agreement 174 Medicare Defined 157 In retirement 190 Comparison chart 220-222 Optional Life 123-133 Fees 175 Deductibles, coinsurance 213 Lifetime Maximum 16 Limited-use Medical Spending Account Eligibility 207 Lifetime Security Benefit 152 165 Enroll in Part B 206 Owner's death 177 Limited-use Medical Spending Account Failure to enroll 209 HIPAA — See Health Insurance 157 Notify PEBA of enrollment 207 Portability and Accountability How much to contribute 159 Prescription drug card 212 Act of 1996 (HIPAA) Using it 169 Retiree health plan choices 189 With a Health Savings Account 173 State Health Plan 68 Home Healthcare Wellness checkup 206 Comparison charts 200, 221 Local Subdivision BA in retirement 37 When traveling 217 Medicare Supplemental Plan 215 Defined 9 With COBRA coverage 33 State Health Plan 63 Retiree insurance funding 183 With Standard Plan 216-219 Hospice Care Retiree premiums 189 Medicare Advantage Plans 213 BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO 89 Long Term Disability 143-154 Medicare Assignment 211, 213, 215 Comparison charts 200, 221 At retirement 192 State Health Plan 63 Medicare At 65 Eligibility 143, 147 If retired 207 Hospital Supplemental Long Term Disability (SLTD) BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO 89 Medicare Before Age 65 147-153 Medicare Supplemental Plan 214 Disability retirees 207 Retiree comparison chart 200, 220, 221 Loss of Coverage 28, 136 — See Medicare Part A 205 Standard Plan also COBRA Medicare Part B 195 In retirement 216, 217 Medicare Part C 213 State Health Plan M Medicare Part D 206, 220 Inpatient care 64 Medicare Prescription Drug Program — Medi-Call 54 Mail-Order Pharmacy See SHP Medicare Prescription BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO 90 Drug Program State Health Plan 76 Medicare Supplemental Plan 212-216 Mammograms Immunizations 69 Automatic enrollment 210 BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO 84 Comparison chart 220-222 Incapacitated Child 11 Comparison charts 200, 221 Deductibles, coinsurance 214 Incentive Program — See Wellness Standard Plan Outside U.S. 216 Incentive Program With Medicare 217 Mental Health and Substance Abuse State Health Plan 68 Ineligible Expenses Benefits Marriage 24 Dependent Care Spending Accounts 162 BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO 88 Mastectomy 65 Medical Spending Accounts 165 Comparison charts 198, 220 Infertility Maternity Management 55 State Health Plan 77 State Health Plan 63 Maximum Benefit Period Out-of-network benefits 51 Exclusion 80 Long Term Disability 145, 146, 150 Preauthorization 54.77 Initial Enrollment 20 Maximum Yearly Benefit Provider networks 51 Injury Dental 103 Midwives (APRN) 61 Medicare Supplemental Plan 215 Coordination of benefits 109 Military Leave of Absence 30 Medicaid 29 Inpatient Care 54, 64 — See also Life Insurance 132 Medical Emergency Hospital MoneyPlus 123, 127, 157-176 Before receiving card 22 Insurance Advantage 23 Administrative fees 158 Medical Evidence of Good Health Insurance Benefits Guide (IBG) 2 Claim form 163, 166, 167 Life Insurance 125, 126, 137 Flexible Spending Accounts 159 Insurance Cards 4, 22, 72 — See Medi-Call Eligibility 161 also Benefits ID Number (BIN) Retiree coverage 213, 214, 216, 217 Health Savings Account 171-176 SHP Medicare Prescription Drug Program State Health Plan Pretax Group Insurance Feature 159 212 After mastectomy 65 Retirement, not available 192 International Travel Hospice care 63 MyBenefits 23, 187 BlueCard Worldwide 50 Preauthorization 53 MyFBMC Card 166-168 Repatriation benefit 131

Pregnancy 54

Second opinions 66

Skilled nursing facilities 66

Travel health insurance with Medicare 211

IRS Guidelines for Flexible Spending

Activating the card 167

Documentation 168

2014
MSA grace period 163 MSA reimbursements 166 Re-enrollment 164
N
National Imaging Associates (NIA) 54 Natural Blue 71 Network Providers — See Provider Networks Newborns 26, 54 Notice of Election (NOE) Form 20, 98 Life Insurance 125 Adding children 136 Applying for 123 Dependent 135 Late entrant 127 Long Term Disability 148 Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature 159 Retiree 187, 194 Notice of Privacy Practices 6, 237
0
Obesity Surgery Exclusion State Health Plan 80 Online Enrollment System 23 Open Enrollment 98, 193 Optional Employer Group 34 — See also Local Subdivision Optional Life, Dependent Life-Spouse Premiums 229–232 Optional Life Insurance 123–132 Contract terms 124 Disability waiver 133 Initial enrollment 126 Pretax premiums 125, 157, 159 Retirement, continuing 191 Organ Transplants 61 Standard Plan Retirees 217 Orthodontics (Orthodontia) MSA eligibility 165 Out-of-Network State Health Plan 51, 61
State Vision Plan 116 Out-of-Network Differential State Health Plan 43 Defined 52 Outpatient Facility Services 64, 217 Outpatient Services 43, 64, 198 Outside South Carolina Medicare 216, 218 Outside the United States BlueCard Worldwide 50

P

Own Occupation Disability 145, 151

Pap Tests Comparison charts 200, 221

Medicare Supplemental Plan 215 Standard Plan 68
Standard Plan, retirees 217
Partial Disability 145, 152 Participating Group
Defined 20
Participating Providers — See Provider Networks
Pay-the-Difference Policy State Health Plan Drugs 74
PEBA Direct 31
PEBA Insurance Benefits 205
PEBA Retirement Benefits 182
Permanent, Part-Time Teachers 9, 10 Premiums 228
Personal Health Assessment 60 Personal Health Record 59
Physical Exam — See also Checkups
BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO 87 Long Term Disability 148
Medicare 220
Savings Plan 71 Plan Administrators 48
Portability 99
Health Savings Account 176
PPO (Preferred Provider Organization) 48
Preauthorization
BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO Behavioral Health Benefits 88
Dental — See Pretreatment Estimates
State Health Plan
Advanced Radiology Preauthorization 54
Appeals 83
Drugs 75
Medi-Call 53 Mental Health/substance abuse 78
Predisability Earnings 151
Pre-existing Condition
Long Term Disability 144, 148, 149 Preferred Brand Drugs
BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO 85
Comparison charts 198–199, 220–221
Preferred Provider Organization (PPO) 48
Pregnancy 54 — See also Medi-Call;
See also Maternity Management
Premiums 98 COBRA 226
Dependent Life-Child 231
Employer contributions 225
Health, dental, vision Active employees 225
Non-funded retirees 226
Life Insurance 137 How determined 126
MoneyPlus 158 — See also Pretax Group
Insurance Premium Feature
Optional Life, Dependent Life-Spouse 229–232
Permanent, part-time teachers 228 Retiree 188
Supplemental Long Term Disability 150
Survivor 227

Comparison chart With Medicare 220-221 Provider networks 51 Savings Plan 43 Exclusions 81 Mail order 76 SHP paper claims 236 Standard Plan 43 State Health Plan Benefits 65, 72-74 Compound prescriptions 75 Contraceptives 62 Coordination of benefits 77 Infertility 64 Medicare Supplemental Plan 215 Standard Plan, retirees 217 Without Medicare 198 Pretax Group Insurance Premium Feature 125-126, 157, 159 Not required for Flexible Spending Accounts 162 Pretreatment Estimates Dental 106 Prevention Partners 30 Worksite screening — See Preventive Workplace Screening Preventive Benefits Savings Plan 70 State Health Plan 67 Preventive Workplace Screening 30, 42 Primary Care Physician 86 Comparison chart 198 Privacy 6 — See also Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA) Private Duty Nursing Comparison charts 200, 221 Medicare Supplemental Plan 215 **Prosthetics** BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO 91 Prosthodontics 104, 108 Provider Networks BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO 86 Dental Plus 103 Internet access 31 Savings Plan Physicals 71 State Health Plan 48 Drugs 75, 76 Mental health 51, 77 Transplant network 61 State Vision Plan 116 Q

Qualifying Event — See also Special **Eligibility Situations** COBRA 32 Divorce 25 Quit For Life 79

R

Rates — See Premiums Reconstructive Surgery After Mastectomy 65 Rehabilitation 66, 90

BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO 90

Premium Waiver 34

Prescription Drugs

Medicare rules 216

Medicare 217

MSA eligibility 165

With Medicare plans 211 Over-the-Counter Medicines

Standard Plan

D. I. G. J. M. EDMO	Filedalle. 40	Tabaaaa Taaabaaaab Daaaaaa
Reimbursement — See also MyFBMC Card	Eligibility 10 Survivor 34	Tobacco Treatment Program State Health Plan 79
Dependent Care Spending Account 163	Standard Insurance Company (The	Tobacco-Use Surcharge 42
Medical Spending Account 166 State Vision Plan 113–114, 116	Standard) Long Term Disability 143, 146, 153	Unable to stop for medical reason 42 Transferring Employee 13, 126
Repatriation Benefit 131	Claims 148	Transplants — See Organ Transplants
Retail Maintenance Network, State	Standard Plan — See also State Health	TRICARE Supplement Plan 97
Health Plan 76	Plan	Enrollment 98
Retail Pharmacy 76, 198, 220	Benefits chart 43	Portability 99
Retiree Funding Funded 184, 186	Drugs Mail order 76	Pretax premiums 157
Non-funded 185, 187	Pay-the-difference policy 74	V
Partial 187	Eligibility 9	
Retirees 181	Out-of-network charges 52 Preventive benefits 67–69	Value Generics 90
Checklist 37 Eligibility 9, 181–182	Retirees 189	Veterans Administration 213, 214 Vision Care
Enrollment 187	State Health Plan section 44–75	In retirement 190
Health plan choices 189	With Medicare Outside South Carolina 217	Vision Care Discount Program 118
Information sent to 193 Life Insurance	State Dental Plan/Dental Plus 103, 228	Vision Plan, State 113
Continuing coverage 133	In retirement 190	W
Return to work 194	Premiums 228 Pretax premiums 157–158	VV
Retirement, Employment After —	State Health Plan 97 — See also	WageWorks 5 — See also MoneyPlus
See Employment After Retirement	Savings Plan; See also Standard	Waivers — See Premium Waiver
S	Plan	Tobacco-use surcharge 42
	Benefits 60	Websites BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO 95
Savings Plan — See also State Health	Coordination of benefits 48 Exclusions 79–81	Catamaran 73
Plan; See also Health Savings	Drugs 77	Companion Benefit Alternatives 82
Account Additional exclusions 81	Limits	EyeMed Vision Care 117 PEBA Insurance Benefits 31
Benefits chart 43	Chiropractic benefits 81 Paper claims 235	State Health Plan 82
Drug coverage 73	Pretax premiums 157, 159	Online Health Tools 59
Mail order 76 Eligibility 9	Retirees	WageWorks 169 Weight Management
How it works 46–47	Pap tests 217 Statement of Health Form	BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO 92
Limited-use MSA 165, 169	Life Insurance 123, 125, 127, 136	Children 57
Out-of-network charges 53 Pretax premiums 157	State Vision Plan 113–118	State Health Plan 57 Well Child Care Benefits
Preventive benefits 67–69	Appeals 118	BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO 88
Schedule of Accidental Losses and	Benefits 113–114 Eligibility 9	In retirement 218
Benefits	Exclusions 117	State Health Plan 69
Life Insurance 121, 129 Schedule of Benefits	Frequency of Benefits 115	Wella Forge Penk See also Health
Life Insurance 137	Out-of-network benefits 116 Provider network 116	Wells Fargo Bank — See also Health Savings Account
Seat Belt Rider 130	Step Therapy Program 73	Will Preparation Service 129
Second Opinion 66	Students — See Full-time Students	Workers' Compensation 30
Self-care Handbook Savings Plan 71	Subrogation 42	Dental 107
Self-Insured Plans 44	Substance Abuse — See Mental Health	Long Term Disability Deductible income 146, 152
Separation 24	and Substance Abuse Benefits	200000000000000000000000000000000000000
Shingles Vaccine Benefit 68	Suicide Exclusion 129 Supplemental Long Term Disability	
SHP Medicare Prescription Drug	(SLTD) 147–153	
Program 206 Skilled Nursing Facility 66	Surgery 67	
Comparison charts 200, 221	Survivors 34, 195	
Smoking Cessation — See Tobacco	Checklist 38 Supplemental Long Term Disability 153	
Treatment Program	Supplemental Long Term Disability 133	
Special Eligibility Situations 23–27, 125	Т	
Divorce 25, 136 Medical Spending Account 164	TERI	
Retiree enrollment 188	Enrolling after 188	
Separation 24	Insurance during TERI participation 183	
Specialist Office Visit BlueChoice HealthPlan HMO 84, 87	With Optional Life 191	
	Termination of Coverage 32	

Termination of Coverage 32

Term life insurance 121

Life Insurance Dependent 138

Spouse

Divorce 25

Specialty Pharmaceuticals 91 Speech Therapy 66

Index

Total printing costs: \$182,886; Total number of guides printed: 310,000; Unit cost: \$0.5900

The cost of this guide is shared proportionately by the vendors and PEBA Insurance Benefits.