Teachers (Grades 4+)
with Individual Value-Added Student Achievement and Student Survey Data

IMPACT
The District of Columbia Public Schools Effectiveness Assessment System for School-Based Personnel

2017
2018
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Dear Teachers,

During my first months as Chancellor, I visited all DCPS schools and was incredibly impressed with the remarkable teaching I saw in classrooms across the city. DCPS’ status as the fastest improving urban district in the nation is only possible because of the extraordinary passion, skill, joy, and talent you bring to the classroom each day.

One of many ways that DCPS promotes great teaching is through IMPACT. The DCPS Essential Practices, along with other IMPACT measures, provide a common vision for great instruction and describe the key teaching actions we believe lead to increased student achievement. By clearly outlining what excellence looks like and by recognizing and rewarding those who are successful, especially in our highest need schools, we advance equity for all students.

DCPS supports improvements in teacher practice through LEAP, our job-embedded and content-aligned professional development system. Because LEAP is so critical to our district’s continued success, we have updated IMPACT structures for LEAP Leaders this year to ensure they serve as a roadmap for successful LEAP leadership. Teachers will also see LEAP connections to their work through LEAP-aligned content examples in the Essential Practices rubric.

To both build on our past success and accelerate our efforts to close the achievement gap, we must continue to concentrate our work on ensuring all students feel loved, challenged, and prepared to positively influence society and thrive in life. I am honored to partner with you in this critical work and thank you for all you will do for our students this year.

Every student, every school, every day!

Respectfully,

Antwan Wilson
Chancellor, DC Public Schools
How does IMPACT promote reflection and support my growth?

The primary purpose of IMPACT is to help you become more effective in your work. Our commitment to continuous learning applies not only to our students, but to you as well. IMPACT supports your growth by:

- **Clarifying Expectations** — IMPACT outlines clear performance expectations for all school-based employees. We have worked to ensure that the performance metrics and supporting rubrics are clear and aligned to your specific responsibilities.

- **Providing Feedback** — Quality feedback is a key element in reflecting on your practice. This is why you will receive feedback on your strengths as well as your growth areas. You can also view written comments about your performance by logging into your IMPACT dashboard at http://impactdcps.dc.gov.

- **Facilitating Collaboration** — By providing a common language to discuss performance, IMPACT helps support the collaborative process. This is essential, as we know that communication and teamwork create the foundation for student success.

- **Driving Professional Development** — The information provided by IMPACT helps DCPS make strategic decisions about how to use our resources to best support you. We can also use this information to differentiate our support programs by cluster, school, grade, job type, or any other category.

- **Retaining Great People** — Having highly effective teachers and staff members in our schools helps everyone improve. By mentoring and by serving as informal role models, these individuals provide a concrete picture of excellence that motivates and inspires us all. IMPACT helps retain these individuals by providing significant recognition for outstanding performance.

IMPACT reflects our belief that everyone in our system plays a critical role in improving student outcomes. With an outstanding teacher in every classroom and excellent staff members throughout our schools, our students will graduate prepared for success in college, the workforce, and life.

For further information about job-specific resources and professional development designed to help you grow, see the Supporting Your Success section at the end of this guidebook.
GROUP 1: OVERVIEW

Who is in Group 1?
Group 1 consists of all teachers for whom we can generate individual “value-added” student achievement and student survey of practice data.

What are the IMPACT components for members of Group 1?
There are five IMPACT components for members of Group 1. Each is explained in greater detail in the following sections of this guidebook.

- **Essential Practices (EP)** — These are a measure of your instructional expertise. This component makes up 30% of your IMPACT score.

- **Student Achievement Data** — For Group 1, DCPS uses two student achievement measures: *Individual Value-Added Student Achievement Data (IVA)* and *Teacher-Assessed Student Achievement Data (TAS)*. Together, these measures make up 50% of your IMPACT score.
  - **IVA** is a measure of the impact you have on your students’ learning over the course of the school year, as evidenced by the PARCC. This component makes up 35% of your IMPACT score.
  - **TAS** is a measure of your students’ learning over the course of the year, as evidenced by rigorous assessments other than the PARCC. This component makes up 15% of your IMPACT score.

- **Student Surveys of Practice (SSP)** — This is a measure of instructional culture, as assessed by your students. This component makes up 10% of your IMPACT score.

- **Commitment to the School Community (CSC)** — This is a measure of the extent to which you support and collaborate with your school community. This component makes up 10% of your IMPACT score.

- **Core Professionalism (CP)** — This is a measure of four basic professional requirements for all school-based personnel. This component is scored differently from the others, which is why it is not represented in the pie chart. For more information, please see the Core Professionalism section of this guidebook.
IMPACT COMPONENTS FOR GROUP 1

- Essential Practices (EP)*
- Individual Value-Added (IVA)**
- Teacher-Assessed Student Achievement Data (TAS)
- Student Surveys of Practice (SSP)
- Commitment to the School Community (CSC)

*The Essential Practices (EP) component will expand to replace components of the pie that cannot be scored.

**In the event that Individual Value-Added student achievement data (IVA) cannot be generated, you will be moved out of Group 1. You may access all IMPACT guidebooks on the DCPS website.
What are the DCPS Essential Practices?

The Essential Practices are DCPS’ definition of effective instruction and outline the key actions we believe lead to increased student achievement. There are five Essential Practices (which include nine elements):

**EP1: Cultivate a responsive learning community**
- Element 1.A – Supportive Community
- Element 1.B – Student Engagement

**EP2: Challenge students with rigorous content**
- Element 2.A – Rigorous Content

**EP3: Lead a well-planned, purposeful learning experience**
- Element 3.A – Skillful Design
- Element 3.B – Skillful Facilitation

**EP4: Maximize student ownership of learning**
- Element 4.A – Cognitive Work
- Element 4.B – Higher-Level Understanding

**EP5: Respond to evidence of student learning**
- Element 5.A – Evidence of Learning
- Element 5.B – Supports and Extensions

Who developed the DCPS Essential Practices?

Teachers, administrators, instructional staff from the DCPS Central Office, and many others participated in the development of the Essential Practices during the 2015–2016 school year. As part of that process, numerous sources were consulted, including:

- Achieve the Core’s *Instructional Practice Guides*
- Carol Dweck’s *Mindset*
- Charlotte Danielson’s *Framework for Teaching*
- Common Core State Standards
- College Career and Civic Life C3 Framework for Social Studies State Standards
- Common Career Technical Core Standards
- DCPS’s *Teaching and Learning Framework*
- Doug Lemov’s *Teach Like a Champion*
- Elizabeth Green’s *Building a Better Teacher*
- Grant Wiggins & Jay McTighe’s *Understanding by Design*
- Insight Education Group’s *Core Framework*
- Next Generation Science Standards
- Research for Better Teaching’s *Skillful Teacher*
- Robert Marzano’s *Classroom Instruction that Works*
- Sharroky Hollie’s *Culturally and Linguistically Responsive Teaching and Learning*
- Teach For America’s *Teaching as Leadership Framework*
- Teaching Tolerance’s *Anti-Bias Framework*
- TNTP’s *Fixing Classroom Observations*
- TNTP’s *Core Teaching Rubric*
- WIDA English Development Standards
- World-Readiness Standards for Learning Languages

Why do we need the Essential Practices?

The Essential Practices are vital to the work of increasing student achievement in two fundamental ways. First, they provide a common language for effective instruction, which enables us to align IMPACT and professional support. Second, they provide clear expectations for teachers and illustrate what success looks like in DCPS classrooms.
How will I be scored on the Essential Practices rubric?

For each IMPACT observation, your evaluator will assess which level (4, 3, 2, 1) provides the best description of the instructional practice observed for each element of the rubric. Element scores will then be averaged together, as applicable, to form an overall score for each Essential Practice. The five Essential Practice scores are averaged to create the overall observation score. To view an example of how the Essential Practices are scored, see the sample score chart to the right.

Who conducts IMPACT observations?

IMPACT observations are conducted by administrators. During these observations, your practice is assessed according to the Essential Practices rubric.

How many IMPACT observations will I receive?

The number of IMPACT observations you receive will depend on your stage in the Leadership Initiative for Teachers (LIFT)* career ladder. This differentiation reflects our belief that teachers at different performance and experience levels deserve different types of feedback, support, and recognition. The following pages provide a more detailed description of how teachers at each LIFT stage will be observed. Please note that informal observations are no longer part of IMPACT.

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**SAMPLE SCORE CHART**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ESSENTIAL PRACTICES (EP)</th>
<th>ESSENTIAL PRACTICE</th>
<th>ELEMENT</th>
<th>ELEMENT SCORE</th>
<th>ESSENTIAL PRACTICE SCORE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Cultivate a responsive learning community</td>
<td>1.A Supportive Community</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>3.5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1.B Student Engagement</td>
<td>4.0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Challenge students with rigorous content</td>
<td>2.A Rigorous Content</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Lead a well-planned, purposeful learning experience</td>
<td>3.A Skillful Design</td>
<td>2.0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3.B Skillful Facilitation</td>
<td>4.0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4.B Higher-Level Understanding</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Respond to evidence of student learning</td>
<td>5.A Evidence of Learning</td>
<td>2.0</td>
<td>2.5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5.B Supports and Extensions</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**OVERALL SCORE** 3.0

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*Lift stages:
- Teacher
- Established Teacher
- Advanced Teacher
- Distinguished Teacher
- Expert Teacher

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LIFT STAGE</th>
<th>Teacher</th>
<th>Established Teacher</th>
<th>Advanced Teacher</th>
<th>Distinguished Teacher</th>
<th>Expert Teacher</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td># OF IMPACT OBSERVATIONS</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>At Least 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*The Leadership Initiative For Teachers (LIFT) is explained in full in a separate guidebook that is posted on the DCPS website.
When will my IMPACT observations occur?

Observation schedules are differentiated based on each teacher’s LIFT stage. Please see the charts below to learn more about the observation schedule aligned with your LIFT stage.

**TEACHER STAGE**

**How many IMPACT observations will teachers at the Teacher stage receive?**

Teachers at the Teacher stage will receive three IMPACT observations, which will be conducted by an administrator.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OCT 2</th>
<th>DEC 14</th>
<th>DEC 15</th>
<th>MAR 15</th>
<th>MAR 16</th>
<th>JUNE 7</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CYCLE 1</td>
<td>CYCLE 2</td>
<td>CYCLE 3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**ESTABLISHED TEACHER STAGE**

**How many IMPACT observations will teachers at the Established Teacher stage receive?**

Teachers at the Established Teacher stage will receive three IMPACT observations, which will be conducted by an administrator.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OCT 2</th>
<th>DEC 14</th>
<th>DEC 15</th>
<th>MAR 15</th>
<th>MAR 16</th>
<th>JUNE 7</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CYCLE 1</td>
<td>CYCLE 2</td>
<td>CYCLE 3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**ADVANCED TEACHER STAGE**

**How many IMPACT observations will teachers at the Advanced Teacher stage receive?**

Teachers at the Advanced Teacher stage will receive three IMPACT observations, which will be conducted by an administrator.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OCT 2</th>
<th>DEC 14</th>
<th>DEC 15</th>
<th>MAR 15</th>
<th>MAR 16</th>
<th>JUNE 7</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CYCLE 1</td>
<td>CYCLE 2</td>
<td>CYCLE 3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
DISTINGUISHED TEACHER STAGE

How many IMPACT observations will teachers at the Distinguished Teacher stage receive?

Teachers at the Distinguished Teacher stage will receive two IMPACT observations, which will be conducted by an administrator.

EXPERT TEACHER STAGE

How many IMPACT observations will teachers at the Expert Teacher stage receive?

Teachers at the Expert Teacher stage will receive at least one* IMPACT observation. This observation will take place by December 14 and be conducted by an administrator. If the score from this observation is below 3.0 (on the 1.0 to 4.0 scale), the teacher will automatically receive a second IMPACT observation. If the score from this observation is 3.0 or higher (on the 1.0 to 4.0 scale), the teacher will not receive her or his second observation, unless requested by the teacher.

*Per the requirements of the U.S. Department of Education, and to promote the growth and development of all teachers, Expert Teachers will be observed more than once over the course of the school year. For Expert Teachers who opt out of subsequent observations, administrators will only submit one formal IMPACT report.

**Eligible teachers will not receive a Cycle 2 IMPACT observation.
Do I qualify for reduced IMPACT observations?
As noted in the charts on the previous pages, all teachers at the Teacher, Established, and Advanced LIFT stages will receive three IMPACT observations; all Distinguished Teachers will receive two IMPACT observations. Expert Teachers who receive a Cycle 1 observation score of 3.0 or higher may choose to have a second IMPACT observation. Expert teachers who receive a Cycle 1 observation score below 3.0 will automatically receive a second observation.

If I am an Expert Teacher and qualify for reduced IMPACT observations, may I request to receive an additional observation?
Yes. After Cycle 1 ends, the IMPACT team will notify all Expert teachers that received a score of 3.0 or higher in Cycle 1 via email that they will not receive a second observation. At that point, they may log into the IMPACT database (http://impactdcps.dc.gov) to indicate that they would like to receive an additional observation. Teachers who receive a score of less than 3.0 in Cycle 1 will automatically receive a second observation.

How long will each IMPACT observation last?
Each observation will last at least 30 minutes; your observation may last longer than 30 minutes.

Will IMPACT observations be announced or unannounced?
All IMPACT observations are unannounced.

May I provide my administrator with additional information about my class?
Yes. You may provide your administrators with additional context about the observed lesson or your class through your IMPACT dashboard by visiting http://impactdcps.dc.gov.

How will I receive feedback from my IMPACT observation?
Within 15 calendar days following the IMPACT observation, your administrator will meet with you to share feedback. If your administrator makes at least two attempts to schedule a conference with you within 15 calendar days following the observation, and you are unable to meet or are unresponsive, the observation will be valid without the conference occurring within the 15 days. Valid attempt methods include, but are not limited to, phone calls, text messages, emails, notes in your school inbox, and/or in-person conversations.

You will also receive written comments in an Essential Practices report, which can be viewed in the IMPACT database. You can log into your IMPACT dashboard by visiting http://impactdcps.dc.gov.

If I have additional questions about the DCPS Essential Practices, whom should I contact?
Please contact the IMPACT team at 202-719-6553 or impactdcps@dc.gov.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ESSENTIAL PRACTICE 1</th>
<th>CULTIVATE A RESPONSIVE LEARNING COMMUNITY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>A Supportive Community</strong></td>
<td><strong>B Student Engagement</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All students are valued members of a welcoming and responsive learning community.* Students are authentically welcoming and responsive to one another.</td>
<td>All students are engaged throughout the learning experience OR almost all students are engaged throughout the learning experience and the teacher responds to disengagement by inviting students back in to the learning experience. Students demonstrate deep investment in the learning experience.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LEVEL 4</td>
<td>See also examples from Level 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For example, the students:</td>
<td>For example, the students:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Demonstrate interest in the thoughts, opinions, and well-being of each other</td>
<td>• Persevere when they struggle with challenging content or activities</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Provide peers with meaningful and specific feedback/praise</td>
<td>• Demonstrate interest in, commitment to, or excitement about what they are learning and doing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Productively collaborate across difference (e.g., cultural, racial, linguistic, disability, and/or gender)</td>
<td>See also examples from Level 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LEVEL 3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All students are valued members of a welcoming and responsive learning community.*</td>
<td>All students are engaged throughout the learning experience OR almost all students are engaged throughout the learning experience and the teacher responds to disengagement by inviting students back in to the learning experience.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For example, the teacher:</td>
<td>For example, the teacher:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Demonstrates interest in the thoughts, opinions, and well-being of all students</td>
<td>• Responds to disengagement by inviting students back in a positive way</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Fosters student thinking about and planning for long-term goals</td>
<td>• Successfully utilizes strategies such as proximity, non-verbal cues, or reflection exercises that support students' reengagement with content</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Equitably provides students with meaningful and specific feedback/praise</td>
<td>• Recognizes when students need space and/or time to successfully refocus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Demonstrates an equitable commitment to all students' ability to be successful</td>
<td>• Redirects behavior in an effective and positive way</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Effectively uses positive reinforcement</td>
<td>For example, engaged students:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LEVEL 2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The teacher is respectful of students; students generally comply with the teacher’s directions.*</td>
<td>Almost all students are engaged throughout the learning experience; the teacher does not respond to student disengagement.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For example, the teacher:</td>
<td>For example, the teacher:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Acknowledges students generally, but does not display specific concern for students’ thoughts, opinions, and/or feelings</td>
<td>• Does not attempt to invite disengaged students back in to the learning experience</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For example, most students:</td>
<td>• Ignores students who are disengaged for an inappropriate amount of time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Follow instructions, but sometimes reluctantly</td>
<td>See also examples from Level 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LEVEL 1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The expectation of Level 2 practice is not met.</td>
<td>The expectation of Level 2 practice is not met.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For example, the teacher:</td>
<td>For example, the teacher:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Does not demonstrate respectfulness</td>
<td>• Responds negatively to student disengagement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Does not include an individual student or a subgroup of students in the learning experience when appropriate to do so</td>
<td>For example, most students:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*Observers should consider the point in the school year when assessing this standard. For example, the teacher may be in the early stages of building classroom community at the beginning of a semester or when orienting new students to the classroom. Therefore, evaluators might credit teacher prompting or other proactive community building actions as evidence of a welcoming and responsive learning community.</td>
<td>• Demonstrate disengagement throughout the learning experience and are not invited to return</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Essential Practice 1: Cultivate a Responsive Learning Community

#### English Language Arts Content-Specific Examples

**LEAP Module Examples**

LEAP modules support teachers in developing students’ abilities to contribute to a responsive learning community.

**K–5 LEAP modules feature the following core instructional practices:**
- Flexibly move students in and out of groups as their instructional needs change
- Plan opportunities to leverage collaborative conversations as a structure supporting evidence-based writing
- Cultivate a literacy rich environment that promotes a love of reading and writing

**Grade 6–12 LEAP modules feature the following core instructional practices:**
- Employ targeted strategies to support students in comprehending the text
- Design and implement lessons that develop students’ ability to develop clear and coherent writing in which development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audiences
- Use academic discourse structures to support students in analyzing the text, clarifying, and challenging ideas persuasively
- Support students in exploring writers’ use of varied syntax to create effect

#### Mathematics Content-Specific Examples

**LEAP Module Examples**

LEAP modules support teachers in developing students’ abilities to contribute to a responsive learning community.

**K–8 LEAP modules feature the following core instructional practices:**
- Engage students in purposeful sharing of mathematical ideas, reasoning, and approaches, using varied representations in small-group and classroom discussions
- Allocate sufficient wait time so that more students can formulate and offer responses
- Praise students for their efforts in making sense of mathematical ideas and perseverance in reasoning through problems

**Grade 9–12 LEAP modules feature the following core instructional practices:**
- Engage students in purposeful sharing of mathematical ideas, reasoning, and approaches, using varied representations in small-group and classroom discussions
- Select and sequence student approaches and solution strategies for whole-class analysis and discussion
- Help students realize that confusion and errors are natural parts of learning by facilitating discussions on mistakes, misconceptions, and struggles

#### Social Studies Content-Specific Examples

**LEAP Module Examples**

LEAP modules support teachers in developing students’ abilities to contribute to a responsive learning community.

**LEAP modules feature the following core instructional practices:**
- Use the question-formation technique to promote students’ crafting their own questions that help to spark and sustain inquiry
- Effectively plan the use of discourse protocols in order for students to analyze their evidence and develop/explain claims with peers
- Develop protocols that foster student engagement through self-awareness and self-management

#### Science Content-Specific Examples

**LEAP Module Examples**

LEAP modules support teachers in developing students’ abilities to contribute to a responsive learning community.

**LEAP modules feature the following core instructional practices:**
- Use academic discourse to support students in asking questions
- Use academic discourse structures to support students in analyzing texts, clarifying claims, and critiquing peers’ arguments
- Plan a variety of collaborative conversation structures that align to the intended learning outcome and that strategically support students in building on others’ ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively
## 2.A Rigorous Content

The learning experience is both aligned to academic standards (as defined by the Common Core State Standards or other appropriate content standards) and challenging for students. The learning experience fosters students’ intellectual curiosity about the content.

### LEVEL 4

- The learning experience is both aligned to academic standards (as defined by the Common Core State Standards or other appropriate content standards) and challenging for students.
- For example, the teacher:
  - Supplements curricular materials or makes instructional choices that build students’ interest in the content
  - Makes meaningful connections between the content and other content areas/academic disciplines and/or students’ lives
  - Has students grapple with compelling questions and ideas
  - Demonstrates deep commitment to the discipline and/or enthusiasm about the content

See also examples from Level 3

### LEVEL 3

- The learning experience is both aligned to academic standards (as defined by the Common Core State Standards or other appropriate content standards) and challenging for students.
- For example, the learning experience is challenging such that it:
  - Focuses on content and skill(s) students need to successfully meet or exceed grade-level standards
  - Is reflective of high expectations for students’ learning
  - Features content worthy of students’ time and effort

### LEVEL 2

- The learning experience is aligned to content standards (as defined by the Common Core State Standards or other appropriate content standards) but is not sufficiently challenging for students.
- For example, aligned content is derived from:
  - Common Core State Standards; Next Generation Science Standards; College, Career, and Civic Life (C3) Framework; WIDA; ACTFL; CCTC; or other relevant standards
  - DCPS or DCPS-endorsed curriculum
  - DCPS Cornerstone assignments or projects
  - DCPS digital instructional resources (e.g., Lexia®, iReady®, ST Math®, Discovery Education Techbook®, other blended learning activities)
  - DCPS-endorsed social and life skills curricula

But

- For example, the learning experience is not sufficiently challenging such that it:
  - Features content that is unlikely to move students significantly toward grade-level standards
  - Is not reflective of sufficiently high expectations for students’ learning

### LEVEL 1

- The expectation of Level 2 practice is not met.
- For example, the learning experience is:
  - Neither challenging for students nor aligned to appropriate content standards
  - Developmentally inappropriate for students’ age and/or grade level
## English Language Arts Content-Specific Examples

**Essential Practice Examples**

This practice aligns with Instructional Practice Guide (IPG) Core Action 1: Focus each lesson on a high-quality text (or multiple texts).

**LEAP Module Examples**

LEAP modules unpack the complexity of the Common Core State Standards by focusing on their specific strands (Reading, Writing, Speaking and Listening, and Language).

**K–5 LEAP modules feature the following core instructional practices:**
- Plan questions and prompts for small group literacy that reflect the rigor defined in the Common Core State Standards
- Plan text dependent questions and prompts designed to increase student understanding of the inferential meaning of a text
- Leverage the read aloud to model fluency and build content knowledge

**For example, ELA content:**
- Features reading, writing, and speaking about literary or informational text(s) of appropriate complexity and that build content knowledge
- Focuses on key attributes of a writing genre (i.e., opinion/argument, informative/explanatory, or narrative writing)

**For example, grade 1–2 ELA content:**
- Provides opportunities for students to practice emerging phonics skills with text
- Features shared reading, writing, speaking, and research opportunities
- Addresses foundational skills and connects acquisition of these skills to making meaning from text

**For example, grade 3–12 ELA content:**
- Provides opportunities for students to cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to draw conclusions from text
- Includes research projects based on focused, text-relevant questions

**Social Studies Content-Specific Examples**

**Essential Practice Examples**

This practice aligns with the DC Social Studies Standards and with the C3 Framework, especially Dimension 2: Applying Disciplinary Tools and Concepts.

**LEAP Module Examples**

LEAP modules unpack the complexity of the C3 Framework and Common Core State Standards as it relates to each course’s curricular content.

**For example, social studies content:**
- Features reading, writing, and speaking about complex text of varying formats (e.g., historical and contemporary documents, maps, images, political cartoons, video clips, objects, and charts)
- Explores compelling and supporting questions through inquiry, research, and writing
- Integrates social studies skills (e.g., gathering and evaluating sources) while promoting a depth of understanding of content in these areas of focus (grades):
  - U.S. History (1, 2, 4, 5, 8, and 11)
  - World History (7, 9, and 10)
  - Government (1, 2, and 12)
  - D.C. History (3 and 12)
  - Geography (3 and 6)

**For example, grade 6–12 LEAP modules feature the following core instructional practices:**
- Use curricular texts to support students in selecting the most relevant evidence to develop the topic
- Design and implement lessons that develop students’ ability to develop clear and coherent writing in which development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purposes, and audiences
- Cohesively embed grammar instruction to ensure students demonstrate command of standard English in both speaking and writing
**ESSENTIAL PRACTICES**

**CHALLENGE STUDENTS WITH RIGOROUS CONTENT**

### Mathematics Content-Specific Examples

**Essential Practice Examples**

This practice aligns with Instructional Practice Guide (IPG) Core Action 1: Ensure the work of the lesson reflects the Shifts required by the Common Core State Standards for Mathematics.

- **Examples**
  - LEAP modules support teachers in identifying appropriate goals aligned to the Common Core State Standards, the Eureka curriculum, and students’ individual progress and learning trajectories.

**For example, mathematics content:**

- Extends previous learning by making connections with mathematics content, methods, and models from previous grades
- Intentionally targets the aspect(s) of rigor (conceptual understanding, procedural skill and fluency, application) called for by the standard(s) being addressed
- Focuses on and promotes a depth of understanding of content in these domains (grades)
  - Numbers and operations in base 10 (1–5)
  - Numbers and operations – Fractions (3–5)
  - The number system (6–8)
  - Number and quantity (HS)
  - Measurement and data (1–HS)
  - Geometry (1–HS)
  - Statistics and probability (6–HS)
  - Operations and algebraic thinking (1–5)
  - Expressions and equations (6–8)
  - Ratios and proportional relationships (6–7)
  - Functions (8–HS)
  - Algebra (HS)
  - Modeling (HS)

**LEAP Module Examples**

- K–8 LEAP modules feature the following core instructional practices:
  - Establish clear goals that articulate the mathematics students are learning as a result of instruction in a lesson, over a series of lessons, or throughout a unit
  - Identify how goals fit within a mathematics learning progression and connect to the major standards for the course
  - Focus students’ attention on the structure of essential features of mathematical ideas that appear, regardless of their representation

- Grade 9–12 LEAP modules feature the following core instructional practices:
  - Establish clear goals that articulate the mathematics students are learning as a result of instruction in a lesson, over a series of lessons, or throughout a unit
  - Identify how goals fit within a mathematics learning progression and connect to the major standards for the course

### Science Content-Specific Examples

**Essential Practice Examples**

This practice aligns with the Next Generation Science Standards (NGSS) performance expectations and the three dimensions upon which the expectations are built.

**For example, science content:**

- Features Science & Engineering Practices: behaviors scientists and engineers engage in as they work (e.g., formulating a question, building a model)
- Features Crosscutting Concepts: concepts that apply to all domains of science (e.g., cause and effect, energy and matter)
- Focuses on and promotes a depth of understanding of content in these Disciplinary Core Ideas:
  - Physical Sciences: Matter, Forces, Energy, Waves
  - Life Sciences: Structures & Processes, Ecosystems, Heredity, Biological Evolution
  - Earth & Space Sciences: Earth’s Place in the Universe, Earth’s Systems, Earth & Human Activity
  - Engineering, Technology & Applications of Science: Engineering Design, Links Among Engineering, Technology, Science & Society

**LEAP Module Examples**

- LEAP modules unpack the complexity of the NGSS by focusing on their specific dimensions (i.e., Science and Engineering Practices, Crosscutting Concepts, and Disciplinary Core Ideas) and elements, such as engineering and the nature of science.

- LEAP modules feature the following core instructional practices:
  - Lead instruction that intentionally addresses disciplinary core ideas, science and engineering practices, and crosscutting concepts
  - Support students in analyzing major global challenges using engineering design tools (i.e., criteria and constraints)
  - Use history of science case studies to develop deeper understanding of the nature of science
## Essential Practice 3: Lead a Well-Planned, Purposeful Learning Experience

### 3.A Skillful Design

The learning experience is well-planned such that all tasks and activities are connected to one another and effectively promote student understanding. The learning experience is designed to maximize time for students to grapple with content.

**Level 4**

The learning experience is well-planned such that all tasks and activities are connected to one another and effectively promote student understanding. The learning experience is designed to maximize time for students to grapple with content.

- For example, the teacher:
  - Makes instructional moves that promote student-centered learning such as opportunities for inquiry or seminar discussion
  - Prioritizes student talk and work time
  - Structures the learning experience to be efficient and minimizes non-instructional time

**Level 3**

The learning experience is well-planned such that all tasks and activities are connected to one another and effectively promote student understanding.

- For example, the learning experience:
  - Includes tasks and activities that are connected and build upon one another
  - Includes tasks and activities that move students toward grade-level expectations
  - Features adapted curricular materials, as appropriate

**Level 2**

The learning experience is not sufficiently organized OR includes tasks or activities that are not entirely effective at promoting student understanding.

- For example, the learning experience:
  - Includes some tasks and activities that are disconnected or do not build upon one another
  - Includes tasks and activities that do not move students toward grade-level expectations
  - Includes tasks and activities too long or too short in duration

**Level 1**

The expectation of Level 2 practice is not met.

- For example, the learning experience:
  - Is not organized
  - Does not reflect strategic planning

### 3.B Skillful Facilitation

The learning experience is clear* and all students are able to access the content.

**Level 4**

The learning experience is clear* and all students are able to access the content.

- For example, the learning experience is clear because the teacher:
  - Explains content accurately and coherently
  - Uses Tier 2 and 3 academic vocabulary precisely and with intentionality
  - Guides students toward identification of key points
  - Uses available technology effectively to support content delivery and student practice
  - Connects the intended learning to prior and/or background knowledge

**Level 3**

The learning experience is clear* and almost all students are able to access the content.

- For example, the learning experience is clear because the teacher:
  - Explains content accurately and coherently
  - Uses Tier 2 and 3 academic vocabulary precisely and with intentionality
  - Guides students toward identification of key points
  - Uses available technology effectively to support content delivery and student practice
  - Connects the intended learning to prior and/or background knowledge

**Level 2**

The learning experience is not sufficiently clear* for students.

- For example, the learning experience is not sufficiently clear because the teacher:
  - Provides explanations that are not entirely effective in building student understanding of content
  - Gives definitions that are not completely clear or precise or sometimes does not use appropriate Tier 2 and 3 vocabulary
  - Inconsistently guides students toward identification of key points/main ideas
  - Uses technology that does not fully support content delivery and student practice

**Level 1**

The expectation of Level 2 practice is not met.

- For example, the learning experience:
  - Is mostly not coherent or not clear
  - Promotes students’ acquisition of inaccurate content or results in significant student misunderstanding
  - Is inaccessible for most students

*In certain instructional situations such as an inquiry lesson, a teacher might intentionally offer a task or question that is unclear for students. In such circumstances, evaluators should assess clarity by considering whether this approach promotes greater student understanding of the content.
### Essential Practice 3: Lead a Well-Planned, Purposeful Learning Experience

#### English Language Arts Content-Specific Examples

**Essential Practice Examples**

This practice aligns with Instructional Practice Guide (IPG) Core Action 2: Employ questions and tasks, both oral and written, that are text-specific.

**In addition to the planning and application time provided in every module, some LEAP modules focus on research-based practices for structuring instruction or developing specific strategies for making content clear and accessible to all students.**

For example, the learning experience includes tasks and activities that:

- Attend to a text’s word choice, syntax, structure, concepts, ideas, and/or details
- Feature a variety of reading opportunities (whole group, small group, paired, or independent)
- Focus on developing and strengthening writing through planning, drafting, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach
- Reflect the teacher’s use of data to form fluid guided reading groups, as appropriate

For example, grade 1–2 learning experiences include tasks and activities that:

- Provide opportunities for students to recognize and read age-appropriate vocabulary, including regularly and irregularly spelled words
- Feature collaborative conversations about grade-appropriate topics and texts
- Require students to identify the meaning of words and phrases in text

K–5 LEAP modules feature the following core instructional practices:

- Plan explicit and interactive phonics lessons that require encoding and decoding of newly-acquired phonics skills (K–2)
- Plan targeted opportunities for students to apply grade-level word analysis skills while encoding and decoding words (3–5)
- Design rigorous and differentiated independent learning activities that reflect varied proficiency levels
- Leverage the read aloud as an opportunity to study models of Common Core State Standards-aligned genres to investigate author’s craft

For example, grade 3–12 learning experiences include tasks and activities that:

- Provide opportunities for students to recognize and read age-appropriate vocabulary, including regularly and irregularly spelled words
- Feature collaborative conversations about grade-appropriate topics and texts
- Require students to identify the meaning of words and phrases in text

Grade 6–12 LEAP modules feature the following core instructional practices:

- Plan high-quality questions that are both divergent and high-level in order to facilitate deep discussion of text(s)
- Plan for and provide high-quality instruction of tier two academic vocabulary and provide multiple opportunities for student to engage with vocabulary over time, both explicitly and implicitly
- Use intended student learning outcomes identified in the curriculum and lesson-planning protocol to develop aligned assessments and daily instructional plans

**Social Studies Content-Specific Examples**

**Essential Practice Examples**

This practice aligns with the C3 Framework, especially Dimension 1: Developing Questions and Planning Inquiries.

**In addition to the planning and application time provided in every module, some LEAP modules focus on specific research-based practices for planning social studies learning experiences.**

For example, the learning experience includes tasks and activities that:

- Enable students to develop compelling and supporting questions
- Require students to use evidence from sources to support their interpretations
- Focus on developing and strengthening writing through planning, drafting, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach
- Activate students’ prior knowledge and establish relevant connections between students’ lives and the content
- Create and nurture collaborative civic spaces for students to engage in dialogue (e.g., Paideia seminars)
- Foster students taking informed action in classrooms, schools, and the community
- Require students to use evidence from text to support their interpretations by referring back to the words, phrases, and sentences of sources

LEAP modules feature the following core instructional practices:

- Plan C3-aligned units that include lessons using the 5E instructional model
- Ensure C3-aligned learning experiences are consistent with the 5E instructional model
- Ensure units of instruction include opening lessons that effectively frame the coming inquiry arc
**ESSENTIAL PRACTICE 3**

**LEAD A WELL-PLANNED, PURPOSEFUL LEARNING EXPERIENCE**

**Mathematics Content-Specific Examples**

This practice aligns with Instructional Practice Guide (IPG) Core Action 2: Employ instructional practices that allow all students to learn the content of the lesson.

**LEAP Module Examples**

LEAP modules incorporate NCTM’s Eight Effective Teaching Practices in order to support teachers in designing and implementing learning experiences that enable all students to grapple with and master complex mathematical skills and concepts.

For example, the learning experience:
- Includes explanations, representations, and/or examples to make the content of the lesson explicit
- Includes opportunities for students to share, discuss, and justify their mathematical reasoning through discourse
- Supports and promotes variation in solution methods to strengthen students’ understanding of the content and mathematical structures

**Science Content-Specific Examples**

This practice aligns with the Implications of the Vision of the Framework and the Guide to Implementing the Next Generation Science Standards (NGSS).

**LEAP Module Examples**

In addition to the planning and application time provided in every seminar, some LEAP modules focus on specific research-based practices for structuring science learning or develop specific strategies for making science content clear and accessible to all students.

For example, the learning experience includes tasks and activities that:
- Enable students to make sense of scientific phenomena or to design solutions to problems using specific elements of the three dimensions of the NGSS (Science & Engineering Practices, Crosscutting Concepts, and Disciplinary Core Ideas)
- Are structured around students conducting investigations, solving problems, and engaging in discussions with teacher guidance
- Feature students discussing open-ended questions that focus on evidence and claims
- Support students in constructing and using scientific models to describe, explain, predict, or control natural phenomena
- Encourage students to create journals, reports, posters, or presentations that explain conclusions
- Have students read high-quality texts from multiple sources (science-related magazines, journal articles, and web-based resources)

For example, the teacher:
- Supports students in accessing facts and terminology, as needed, while they develop explanations and design solutions supported by evidence-based arguments and reasoning
- Encourages the connection of discrete concepts to unifying organizational structures
- Provides accessibility supports so that all students can engage in sophisticated science and engineering practices

For example, grade 1–5 learning experiences include tasks and activities that:
- Develop students’ number sense and fluency with basic operations
- Build foundational algebraic thinking skills
- Develop students’ conceptual understanding of foundational mathematics concepts
- Orient students to understanding and manipulating data
- Have students apply understanding of geometric properties
- Familiarize students with the structural elements of equations

K–8 LEAP modules feature the following core instructional practices:
- Ensure progress toward mathematical goals by making explicit connections to student approaches and reasoning
- Use the mathematical goals to guide lesson planning and reflection and make in-the-moment decisions during instruction
- Ask intentional questions that make the mathematics more visible and accessible for student examination and discussion

For example, grade 6–12 learning experiences include tasks and activities that:
- Have students apply previous understandings of basic operations to increasingly complex mathematical scenarios
- Require solving real-world problems using, or by developing, expressions, equations, or functions
- Generate sophisticated inferences about and from data
- Feature the integration of algebraic and geometric concepts
- Have students manipulate both irrational and rational numbers
- Leverage mathematical reasoning to build statistical models and evaluate probability

Grade 9–12 LEAP modules feature the following core instructional practices:
- Use the mathematics goals to guide lesson planning and reflection and to make in-the-moment decisions during instruction
- Introduce forms of representation that can be useful to students in demonstrating their understanding
- Ask intentional questions that make the mathematics more visible and accessible for student examination and discussion

In addition to planning and application time provided in every seminar, some LEAP modules focus on specific research-based practices for structuring science learning or develop specific strategies for making science content clear and accessible to all students.

For example, the learning experience includes tasks and activities that:
- Enable students to make sense of scientific phenomena or to design solutions to problems using specific elements of the three dimensions of the NGSS (Science & Engineering Practices, Crosscutting Concepts, and Disciplinary Core Ideas)
- Are structured around students conducting investigations, solving problems, and engaging in discussions with teacher guidance
- Feature students discussing open-ended questions that focus on evidence and claims
- Support students in constructing and using scientific models to describe, explain, predict, or control natural phenomena
- Encourage students to create journals, reports, posters, or presentations that explain conclusions
- Have students read high-quality texts from multiple sources (science-related magazines, journal articles, and web-based resources)

For example, the teacher:
- Supports students in accessing facts and terminology, as needed, while they develop explanations and design solutions supported by evidence-based arguments and reasoning
- Encourages the connection of discrete concepts to unifying organizational structures
- Provides accessibility supports so that all students can engage in sophisticated science and engineering practices

LEAP modules feature the following core instructional practices:
- Sequence instruction centered on course-specific anchoring phenomena
- Plan NGSS-aligned lessons using the 5E learning cycle and instructional model
- Use decision guides to support students in making strategic use of digital media in presentations
## ESSENTIAL PRACTICE 4

### MAXIMIZE STUDENT OWNERSHIP OF LEARNING

|-------|-------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|
| 4     | Students spend the **majority** of the learning experience engaged in meaningful cognitive work, including explaining their thinking with appropriate evidence, applying their understanding of content to complex tasks, or both. | All or almost all students demonstrate movement toward higher-level understanding as a result of their participation in the learning experience. | For example, all or almost all students:  
- Respond to higher-level questions and solve complex problems  
- Respond to lower-level questions to develop higher-level comprehension  
- Use rubrics and/or exemplars to accurately evaluate their own and others’ work  
- Produce work indicative of significant progress toward ambitious learning goals |
| 3     | Students spend a **significant** portion of the learning experience engaged in meaningful cognitive work, including explaining their thinking with appropriate evidence, applying their understanding of content to complex tasks, or both. | Most students demonstrate movement toward higher-level understanding as a result of their participation in the learning experience. | For example, most students:  
- Respond to higher-level questions and solve complex problems  
- Respond to lower-level questions to develop higher-level comprehension  
- Use rubrics and/or exemplars to accurately evaluate their own and others’ work  
- Produce work indicative of significant progress toward ambitious learning goals |
| 2     | Students spend a **significant portion** of the learning experience engaged in work that is **not entirely meaningful** because either there is more teacher-directed instruction than appropriate or student work consists of rote tasks misaligned to the rigor of the intended learning. | Some students demonstrate movement toward higher-level understanding as a result of their participation in the learning experience. | For example, some students:  
- Respond to higher-level questions and solve complex problems  
- Respond to lower-level questions to develop higher-level comprehension  
- Use rubrics and/or exemplars to accurately evaluate their own and others’ work  
- Produce work indicative of significant progress toward ambitious learning goals |
| 1     | The expectation of Level 2 practice is not met. | The expectation of Level 2 practice is not met. | For example, few or no students:  
- Demonstrate progress toward higher-level understanding |

See also examples from Level 3.
# Essential Practice 4: Maximize Student Ownership of Learning

## English Language Arts Content-Specific Examples

**Essential Practice Examples**

This practice aligns with Instructional Practice Guide (IPG) Core Action 3: Provide all students with opportunities to engage in the work of the lesson.

**LeAP Module Examples**

LEAP modules support teachers in engaging their students in a rigorous and student-centered balanced literacy approach.

For example, students:
- Demonstrate independence (e.g., comprehend and evaluate complex texts without scaffolding; construct effective arguments, and build on the ideas of others)
- Build strong content knowledge (e.g., read purposefully to gain both general knowledge and discipline-specific expertise)
- Respond to the varying demands of audience, task, purpose, and discipline (e.g., consider how connotations of words affect meaning; provide differentiated evidence aligned to the discipline)
- Comprehend as well as critique (e.g., question an author’s or speaker’s assumptions and premises)
- Value evidence (e.g., cite specific and relevant evidence when offering an oral or written interpretation of a text)
- Use technology and digital media strategically and capably (e.g., understand the strengths and limitations of technical tools and select those best suited to learning goals)
- Come to understand other perspectives and cultures (e.g., actively seek to understand ideas as presented and evaluate other points of view critically and constructively)

K–5 LEAP modules feature the following core instructional practices:
- Read text sets deeply to uncover areas of complexity worthy of instruction
- Use targeted prompts to coach students as they engage in reading and writing
- Provide opportunities for students to integrate content into authentic student writing
- Plan opportunities to leverage student work as an instructional tool supporting evidence-based writing

For example, grade 1–2 students:
- Ask and answer questions about key details in a text
- Identify the main topic and key details in a grade-appropriate text
- Participate in shared reading or writing projects

Grade 6–12 LEAP modules feature the following core instructional practices:
- Ask text-dependent questions that prompt students to analyze the development of theme over the course of a text
- Use exemplary student work to support students in developing claims and counterclaims
- Use exemplary student work to support students in writing a narrative that engages the reader, establishes context and point of view, introduces a narrator and/or characters, and organizes a logical sequence of events
- Support students’ analysis and evaluation of a speaker’s point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence

For example, grade 3–12 students:
- Provide text-based evidence when supporting oral or written responses
- Conduct research to build and present knowledge
- Use Tier 2 and Tier 3 vocabulary, language conventions, decoding skills and comprehension strategies to read, write, and speak about text
- Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience

## Social Studies Content-Specific Examples

**Essential Practice Examples**

This practice aligns with the C3 Framework, especially Dimension 3: Evaluating Sources and Using Evidence and Dimension 4: Communicating Conclusions and Taking Informed Action.

**LeAP Module Examples**

LEAP modules support teachers in engaging their students in inquiry-centered learning experiences that promote student ownership of learning.

For example, students:
- Construct compelling and supporting questions to guide their inquiry
- Gather credible, relevant information from a wide variety of sources to build knowledge in an inquiry
- Evaluate the credibility of sources by considering their origin, authority, structure, context, and corroborative value
- Analyze evidence that supports a claim and determine the strengths and limitations of claims and counterclaims
- Construct and present arguments and explanations in a variety of ways (e.g., essays, debates, speeches, paideia seminars, reports, digital platforms)
- Critique the credibility of arguments and the structure of explanations
- Analyze how specific civic problems can manifest on the local, regional, and global level
- Assess their individual and collective capacities to take action and address problems on the local, regional, and global level

LEAP modules feature the following core instructional practices:
- Provide students with opportunities to employ evidence from sources and artifacts to explain concepts to themselves and their peers
- Prompt students to explain evidence gathered from historical sources which they have sourced, contextualized and corroborated with other sources
- Prepare students to present information, findings, and arguments in a clear, organized, and coherent manner
## Mathematics Content-Specific Examples

**This practice aligns with the Standards for Mathematical Practice and Instructional Practice Guide (IPG) 3: Provide all students with opportunities to exhibit mathematical practices while engaging with the content of the lesson.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Essential Practice Examples</strong></th>
<th>LEAP Module Examples</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>K–8 LEAP modules</strong> feature the following core instructional practices:</td>
<td><strong>Grade 9–12 LEAP modules</strong> feature the following core instructional practices:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Support students in exploring tasks without taking over student thinking</td>
<td>- Pose tasks on a regular basis that require a high level of cognitive demand</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Allocate substantial instructional time for students to use, discuss, and make connections among representations</td>
<td>- Support students in exploring tasks without taking over student thinking</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Engage students in purposeful sharing of mathematical ideas, reasoning, and approaches in written responses</td>
<td>- Encourage the use of different representations, including words, diagrams/graphs, algebraic representations, and tables, that support students in explaining their thinking and reasoning as well as making connections among representations</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

For example, students:
- Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them (e.g., analyze givens, constraints, relationships, and goals and change course if necessary in order to solve complex problems)
- Reason abstractly and quantitatively (e.g., both decontextualize problems by representing them symbolically and contextualize problems by attending to the meaning of symbols)
- Construct viable mathematical arguments (e.g., make logical conjectures, justify conclusions, and respond to the arguments of others)
- Model with mathematics (e.g., apply mathematics to solve real-world problems)
- Use appropriate tools strategically (e.g., use technological tools to explore and deepen understanding of concepts)
- Attend to precision (e.g., provide carefully formulated explanations, examine claims, and make explicit use of definitions)
- Look for and make sense of mathematical structure (e.g., discern patterns)
- Look for and express regularly in repeated reasoning (e.g., notice if calculations are repeated and look both for general methods and for problem-solving efficiencies)

## Science Content-Specific Examples

**This practice aligns with the Next Generation Science Standards (NGSS) Science and Engineering Practices.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Essential Practice Examples</strong></th>
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</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>LEAP modules support teachers in engaging their students in the Science and Engineering Practices as a primary mode of instruction.</strong></td>
<td><strong>LEAP modules feature the following core instructional practices:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Ask questions and define problems (e.g., ask questions that arise from careful observation of phenomena, models, or unexpected results to clarify and/or see additional information)</td>
<td>- Structure investigative tasks with appropriate levels of independence (i.e., level of inquiry), support, and challenge</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Develop and use models (e.g., use and/or develop a model to predict and/or describe phenomena)</td>
<td>- Use curricular and scientific texts to support students in gathering and evaluating evidence to craft precise claims</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Plan and carry out investigations (e.g., identify independent and dependent variables and controls, what tools are needed to do the gathering, how measurements will be recorded, and what data is needed to support a claim)</td>
<td>- Challenge students to develop and use scientific models to explain natural and designed systems</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Analyze and interpret data (e.g., construct, analyze, and/or interpret graphical displays of data and/or large data sets to identify linear and non-linear relationships)</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Use mathematics and computational thinking (e.g., use mathematical representation to describe and/or support scientific conclusions and design solutions)</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Construct explanations (for science) and design solutions (for engineering) (e.g., optimizing performance of a design by prioritizing criteria, making tradeoffs, testing, revising, and re-testing)</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Engage in argument from evidence (e.g., compare and critique two arguments on the same topic and analyze whether they emphasize similar or different evidence and/or interpretation of facts)</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information (e.g., evaluate data, hypotheses, and/or conclusions in scientific and technical texts in light of competing information or accounts)</td>
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### ESSENTIAL PRACTICE 5: RESPOND TO EVIDENCE OF STUDENT LEARNING

#### 5.A Evidence of Learning

**LEVEL 4**

The teacher consistently gathers evidence about the depth of understanding for a range of students in order to gauge their learning progress. Students understand how what they are learning and doing fits into a larger learning progression and/or unit of study.

For example, the students:
- Are aware of the learning goals and/or essential questions of the unit and can explain them in their own words
- Can explain how the content and/or skill they are working on will set them up for success
- Reflect on their learning progress

*In certain instructional situations such as an inquiry lesson, a teacher might not offer an immediate intervention as students grapple with content. In such circumstances, evaluators should assess degree of support by considering whether this approach promotes greater understanding of the content.*

#### 5.B Supports and Extensions

**LEVEL 4**

The teacher consistently tailors effective supports and extensions to individual student responses.*

For example, the teacher:
- Actively listens in order to modify or individualize instruction in real time based on student responses
- Accurately summarizes students’ thinking without paraphrasing partially incorrect responses as correct
- Follows students’ thought processes to uncover and respond to mis/understanding(s)
- Guides students in analysis of their own work and/or the work of their peers
- Uses students’ own words and ideas when providing supports and extensions

#### LEVEL 3

The teacher consistently gathers evidence about the depth of understanding for a range of students in order to gauge their learning progress.

For example, the teacher:
- Collects evidence frequently enough that sufficient information is available to inform instructional decision making, but not so often that learning progress is impeded
- Checks with all or a representative sample of students (e.g., volunteers and non-volunteers, students with varying levels of proficiency, whole class)
- Monitors student progress toward the objective during individual or group work by asking questions, listening, using technology, and observing student work products (e.g., student writing, white boards)

**LEVEL 3**

The teacher consistently responds to evidence of student understanding by providing effective supports, extensions, or both.*

For example, the teacher:
- Provides appropriate scaffolds (e.g., assists students in identifying errors, deconstructs concepts into smaller components, offers cues to redirect student thinking) or re-teaches as necessary without reducing the overall rigor of the content
- Provides opportunities for students to extend their understanding by providing additional supporting evidence for a claim or through application to additional contexts

#### LEVEL 2

The teacher inconsistently gathers evidence about the depth of understanding for a range of students in order to gauge their learning progress.

For example, the teacher:
- Generally collects evidence, but does not have sufficient information to inform instructional decision making
- Uses strategies that gather evidence of student understanding, but these strategies are sometimes not effective or necessary
- Checks with samples of students, but the samples are not representative (e.g., predominately volunteers or the same students)
- Monitors some student progress toward the objective during individual or group work, but misses key evidence

**LEVEL 2**

The teacher inconsistently responds to evidence of student understanding by providing effective supports, extensions, or both.*

For example, the teacher:
- Provides some effective supports or extensions, but others are not useful
- Provides some scaffolds that unnecessarily reduce the rigor of the content
- Misses key opportunities to support and/or extend learning
- Provides supports and/or extensions to a subset of students, but not to all those who would benefit

#### LEVEL 1

The expectation of Level 2 practice is not met.

For example, the teacher:
- Rarely or never checks for student understanding
- Inappropriately calls only on the same subset of students

**LEVEL 1**

The expectation of Level 2 practice is not met.

For example, the teacher:
- Rarely or never provides supports or extensions

*See also examples from Level 3

See also examples from Level 3
## Essential Practice 5: Respond to Evidence of Student Learning

### English Language Arts Content-Specific Examples

**Leap Module Examples**

LEAP modules address multiple ways teachers can monitor and assess a student’s literacy proficiency.

**K–5 LEAP modules feature the following core instructional practices:**
- Collect and use data from students’ word analysis strengths and areas of growth to drive instruction (3–5)
- Collect and analyze data using running records to plan responsive small group instruction
- Conference with students to provide ongoing and targeted feedback so students can improve their writing

**Grade 6–12 LEAP modules feature the following core instructional practices:**
- Collect and use data from students’ word analysis strengths and areas of growth to drive instruction (3–5)
- Establish structures to provide effective feedback to students as they develop and strengthen writing (as needed) by revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach
- Establish systems and structures of monitoring collaborative conversations and for sharing explicit feedback with students to strengthen their point of view, reasoning, use evidence, and/or rhetoric
- Provide a variety of scaffolds to support students’ use of academic language and textual evidence during collaborative conversations

**Social Studies Content-Specific Examples**

**Leap Module Examples**

LEAP modules address multiple ways teachers can monitor and assess student understanding of social studies concepts and skills.

**LEAP modules feature the following core instructional practice:**
- Evaluate student progress toward mastery of DCPS social studies curriculum power standards

### Mathematics Content-Specific Examples

**Leap Module Examples**

LEAP modules address multiple ways teachers can monitor and assess a student’s proficiency with mathematics standards and practices.

**K–8 LEAP modules feature the following core instructional practices:**
- Elicit and gather evidence of student understanding at strategic points during the lesson
- Make in-the-moment decisions on how to respond to students with questions and prompts that probe, scaffold, and extend learning
- Design ways to elicit and assess students’ abilities to use representations to meaningfully solve problems
- Anticipate what students might struggle with during a lesson and be prepared to support them productively through the struggle

**Grade 9–12 LEAP modules feature the following core instructional practices:**
- Regularly monitor student progress toward the learning goal and provide scaffolds and extensions when appropriate
- Elicit and gather evidence of student understanding during strategic points in the instruction
- Ask students to explain and justify their solutions — placing value on the explanation and reasoning and the solution
- Design ways to elicit and assess students’ abilities to use representations to meaningfully solve problems

### Science Content-Specific Examples

**Leap Module Examples**

LEAP modules address multiple ways teachers can monitor and assess student understanding of scientific concepts and skills.

**LEAP modules feature the following core instructional practices:**
- Measure student progress toward mastery of NGSS
- Incorporate student evaluation of their learning in the formative and summative assessment processes
What is IVA?

Students start the year at different achievement levels, and they all experience different factors inside and outside the classroom that affect how they learn; IVA is a way of accounting for these differences. IVA helps us estimate the teacher’s impact on student learning as opposed to the impact of other factors, such as students’ prior achievement level, the resources they have at home, any learning disabilities they may have, or their classroom composition.

How is IVA calculated?

There are five steps in calculating IVA:

- Teachers confirm their student rosters.
- Statisticians determine the predicted PARCC scale score for each student, based on the factors listed above.
- Statisticians determine the difference between the predicted PARCC scale score and the actual PARCC scale score for each student.
- The difference in all students’ predicted and actual PARCC scale scores is combined for each teacher to create a raw IVA score.
- Raw IVA scores are translated onto the IMPACT scale.

Why do we use the PARCC for IVA?

The PARCC is aligned to the Common Core State Standards, administered securely, and standardized, meaning it is the same for all students in a given grade level. Though the PARCC does not capture everything taught in DCPS schools, it is a reliable and valid measure of students’ mastery of essential ELA and math skills.

Does a teacher need to have a minimum number of students to earn an IVA score?

Teachers must have at least 15 students who each have PARCC scores from the previous year and the current year in order to earn an IVA score.

Are PARCC proficiency levels used to calculate IVA?

The PARCC proficiency levels are not used to calculate IVA. Scores on the PARCC are reported on a 650–850 point scale, and these are what are used to calculate growth. Doing so allows teachers to receive credit for their students’ progress whether or not their students move between proficiency levels from one year to the next.

Which teachers have value-added data as part of their IMPACT evaluation?

To generate value-added data, we need both previous-year and current-year PARCC scores for a teacher’s students. We have this PARCC data for teachers whose instruction relates to the ELA or Math PARCC assessments for grades four to ten.

If I have additional questions about IVA, whom should I contact?

Please contact the IMPACT team at 202-719-6553 or impactdcps@dc.gov.
What are student surveys?
Student surveys are research-based tools that capture and value the unique perspectives of our most important stakeholders—our students. In addition, the survey results provide teachers with specific, actionable feedback to inform their instruction.

Who created the student survey?
Tripod Education Partners developed the student survey. Tripod’s student survey has been in use for nearly 20 years and is administered to over 2,000,000 students annually. The questions in the survey represent an important set of teaching practices that research links to student achievement, engagement, motivation, and growth mindset.

What types of questions are included in the survey?
The Tripod student survey is comprised of items that fall into 7 categories, known as the 7Cs™: Care, Confer, Captivate, Clarify, Consolidate, Challenge, and Classroom Management. Within each 7C, students are asked the extent to which they agree with statements like: “When explaining new skills or ideas in class, my teacher tells us about common mistakes that students might make,” and “My teacher has us apply what we are learning to real-life situations.” There are two versions of the survey, one for elementary school students and another for secondary students.

How often are the student surveys administered?
Student surveys are administered once each school year; this administration is split into two parts for teachers who request or require two classes to survey. The student survey administration window will open 11/29 and close 1/17.

How is the surveyed class selected?
Prior to student survey administration, teachers verify the classes and students they teach. At that time, teachers may opt to have one or two classes surveyed and (for teachers with four or more classes) drop an otherwise eligible class. From the list of confirmed eligible classes, the IMPACT team randomly assigns a class(es) to take the survey.

How will surveys be administered and when will I receive my results?
The student surveys are administered online. You will be able to see your student survey results via your IMPACT dashboard at http://impactdcps.dc.gov in the early spring. You will also have access to a Tripod report that summarizes the feedback your students gave by each of the 7Cs and by question. This report provides actionable information you may use to inform your instruction.

How will my student survey score be calculated?
The following step-by-step process describes how student responses on the Tripod survey are used to calculate teachers’ student survey IMPACT scores.

Step 1: Average the student responses for each question
Students respond to each survey question on a five-point scale. These responses are assigned a numeric value (1-5), and a class average is determined for each question.

Step 2: Combine question averages to create a score for each of the Tripod 7Cs
The Tripod student survey questions are organized into seven categories, called the 7Cs (e.g., Care, Consolidate, Challenge), that describe the instructional culture of a classroom. The scores for the questions aligned to each of the 7Cs are averaged together to create a score for that category. Each of those seven category scores are then adjusted to account for classroom characteristics that affect survey outcomes but are outside of teachers’ control, such as class size.

Step 3: Convert each 7C score to the IMPACT scale
The 7C scores, which are initially calculated on the Tripod scale, are converted to the 1-4 IMPACT scale.

Step 4: Create an overall IMPACT student survey score
The seven IMPACT-scaled category scores (one for each of the 7Cs) are averaged together to create one overall IMPACT student survey score, which is used for IMPACT evaluations.
If I have additional questions about student surveys, whom should I contact?

Please contact the IMPACT team at 202-719-6553 or impactdcps@dc.gov.
What is Teacher-Assessed Student Achievement Data?
TAS is a measure of your students’ learning over the course of the year, as evidenced by rigorous assessments other than PARCC.

What assessments can I use?
Assessments must be rigorous, aligned to the Common Core State Standards or other appropriate content standards, and approved by your school administration. Please see the TAS guidance document for resources on commonly used assessments, and assessments that cannot be used for TAS.

Why is this one of my IMPACT components?
We believe that a teacher’s most important responsibility is to ensure that her/his students learn and grow. Accordingly, we believe that teachers should be held accountable for the achievement of their students.

In addition, we recognize that the PARCC assessments capture some but not all aspects of your students’ learning over the course of one year. TAS is an opportunity for you to identify and celebrate the learning not reflected on the state standardized test by incorporating it into your own instructional goals and IMPACT evaluation.

How will this process work?
In the fall, assessments and student learning targets will be selected to evaluate your students’ achievement throughout the school year. If setting multiple goals with separate assessments, weights will be assigned to each goal. Please note that administrators must approve all assessments, targets, or weights selected for TAS goals.

In the spring, achievement data for all assessments will be presented to administrators who, after verifying the data, will assign scores for each goal based upon the rubric.

The deadline for administrators to score TAS is June 13, however your school leader may set internal dates for when TAS data needs to be submitted.

Please note that shared teachers at two schools will receive scores at each of them. These scores will then be averaged together to determine your final score for this component.

If I have additional questions about TAS, whom should I contact?
Please contact the IMPACT team at 202-719-6553 or impactdcps@dc.gov.
## TAS 1 - TEACHER-ASSESSED STUDENT ACHIEVEMENT DATA

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LEVEL 4 (HIGHEST)</th>
<th>LEVEL 3</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>TAS 1</strong></td>
<td><strong>TEACHER-ASSESSED STUDENT ACHIEVEMENT DATA</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student scores on teacher assessments indicate, on average, <em>exceptional</em> learning, such as at least 1.5 years of growth*; each assessment used is <em>approved</em> by the administration; and scores reported are <em>validated</em> by the administration.</td>
<td>Student scores on teacher assessments indicate, on average, <em>significant</em> learning, such as at least 1 year of growth*; each assessment used is <em>approved</em> by the administration; and scores reported are <em>validated</em> by the administration.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Note:*

1. If a teacher uses more than one assessment, each will be scored individually. The scores will then be averaged together, taking into account the weights that administrators and teachers assigned to each assessment when setting TAS goals at the beginning of the year.

---

*Suggested years of growth are listed here as general guidance. Standardized assessments and skills-based rubrics used for TAS may measure reading levels, rubric levels, etc. Teachers should refer to the vendor scoring guidance, if applicable, for each assessment they have chosen to determine how many levels equate to a year of growth or more.*
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LEVEL 2</th>
<th>LEVEL 1 (LOWEST)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Student scores on teacher assessments indicate, on average, <strong>some</strong> learning, such as at least 0.75 years of growth*; each assessment used is <strong>approved</strong> by the administration; and scores reported are <strong>validated</strong> by the administration.</td>
<td>Student scores on teacher assessments indicate, on average, <strong>little</strong> learning, such as less than 0.75 years of growth*; assessments used are not <strong>approved</strong> by the administration; or scores reported are not <strong>validated</strong> by the administration.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
What is Commitment to the School Community?

This component measures several aspects of your work as a member of a school community: 1) your support of your school’s local initiatives; 2) your support of the Special Education and English Language Learner programs at your school; 3) your efforts to promote high academic and behavioral expectations; 4) your partnership with your students’ families; and 5) your instructional collaboration with your colleagues.

Why is this one of my IMPACT components?

This component was included because we believe every staff member in the building plays a critical role in ensuring the success of all students.

How will my Commitment to the School Community be assessed?

Your administrator will assess you two times during the year according to the rubric at the conclusion of this section. The first assessment begins at the start of the school year and ends December 14; the second assessment begins December 15 and ends June 12. Given that each school has its own unique community, please reach out to your school leader to request your school’s specific CSC rubric.

At the end of each cycle, you can view your Commitment to the School Community score in the IMPACT database (http://impactdcps.dc.gov). While a conference to discuss your Commitment to the School Community score is not required, you are encouraged to reach out to your administrator with any questions or concerns.

How will my Commitment to the School Community be scored?

For each assessment cycle, you will receive a 4 (highest) to 1 (lowest) score for each standard of the rubric. Your standard scores will then be averaged together to form an overall score of 4.0 (highest) to 1.0 (lowest) for the assessment cycle.

At the end of the year, your assessment cycle scores will be averaged together to calculate an overall score of 4.0 (highest) to 1.0 (lowest) for this component of your IMPACT assessment. See the sample score chart below.

Please note that, if you are shared between two schools, you will receive scores at each of them. These scores will then be averaged together to determine your final score for this component.

If I have additional questions about Commitment to the School Community, whom should I contact?

Please contact the IMPACT team at 202-719-6553 or impactdcps@dc.gov.
## Commitment to the School Community

### Level 4 (Highest)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CSC 1</th>
<th>Support of the Local School Initiatives</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Individual meets Level 3 expectations AND extends impact by finding new and innovative ways to help the local school initiatives succeed and/or by dedicating a truly exceptional amount of time and energy in support of the initiatives.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Examples of local initiatives include: increased student attendance rate, suspension rate reduction, use of inquiry-based lessons, and school-wide behavioral supports or programs.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CSC 2</th>
<th>Support of the Special Education and English Language Learner Programs*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Individual meets Level 3 expectations AND extends impact by finding new and innovative ways to help the Special Education and English Language Learner programs, the Student Support Team, and all students with 504 plans succeed and/or by dedicating a truly exceptional amount of time and energy in support of these programs and students.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Examples of how one might support these programs and students include: interacting with all students in a positive and inclusive manner, ensuring that facilities are available for the provision of services, incorporating Universal Design for Learning (UDL) principles during instruction, collaborating with special education and ELL teachers in planning content delivery, using scaffolded language supports when working with ELL students, supporting the attainment of language objectives, and participating in student-level decision making (e.g., attending IEP meetings, submitting necessary documentation, tracking data).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CSC 3</th>
<th>High Expectations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Individual meets Level 3 expectations AND extends impact by finding new and innovative ways to help promote high expectations and/or by dedicating a truly exceptional amount of time and energy towards developing a culture of high expectations in the school.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Examples of how one might promote high expectations include: supporting achievement through rigorous academic work and challenging extracurricular opportunities; modeling high personal standards; assigning and communicating grades in a manner consistent with district and school grading policy; and emphasizing pride in self, school, and community.

### Level 3

| Individual consistently supports the local school initiatives in an effective manner. |

| Individual consistently supports, in an effective manner, the school’s Special Education and English Language Learner programs, the school’s Student Support Team, and all students with 504 plans. |

| Individual sometimes supports, in an effective manner, the school’s Special Education and English Language Learner programs, the school’s Student Support Team, and all students with 504 plans. |

| Individual rarely or never supports, in an effective manner, the school’s Special Education and English Language Learner programs, the school’s Student Support Team, and all students with 504 plans. |

### Notes

*This standard may be scored as “Not Applicable” if a school has no students who receive Special Education or English Language Learner services, no students who need assistance from a Student Support Team, and no students with 504 plans.*
LEVEL 2 | LEVEL 1 (LOWEST)

**CSC 1 SUPPORT OF THE LOCAL SCHOOL INITIATIVES**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level 3</th>
<th>Level 1 (Lowest)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Individual <strong>sometimes</strong> supports the local school initiatives in an effective manner.</td>
<td>Individual <strong>rarely or never</strong> supports the local school initiatives in an effective manner.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Examples of local initiatives include: increased student attendance rate, suspension rate reduction, use of inquiry-based lessons, and school-wide behavioral supports or programs.

**CSC 2 SUPPORT OF THE SPECIAL EDUCATION AND ENGLISH LANGUAGE LEARNER PROGRAMS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level 3</th>
<th>Level 1 (Lowest)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Individual <strong>sometimes</strong> supports, in an effective manner, the school’s Special Education and English Language Learner programs, the school’s Student Support Team, and all students with 504 plans.</td>
<td>Individual <strong>rarely or never</strong> supports, in an effective manner, the school’s Special Education and English Language Learner programs, the school’s Student Support Team, and all students with 504 plans.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Examples of how one might support these programs and students include: interacting with all students in a positive and inclusive manner, ensuring that facilities are available for the provision of services, incorporating Universal Design for Learning (UDL) principles during instruction, collaborating with special education and ELL teachers in planning content delivery, using scaffolded language supports when working with ELL students, supporting the attainment of language objectives, and participating in student-level decision making (e.g., attending IEP meetings, submitting necessary documentation, tracking data).

**CSC 3 HIGH EXPECTATIONS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level 3</th>
<th>Level 1 (Lowest)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Individual <strong>sometimes</strong> promotes high academic and behavioral expectations, in an effective manner, for all students.</td>
<td>Individual <strong>rarely or never</strong> promotes high academic and behavioral expectations, in an effective manner, for all students.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Examples of how one might promote high expectations include: supporting achievement through rigorous academic work and challenging extracurricular opportunities; modeling high personal standards; assigning and communicating grades in a manner consistent with district and school grading policy; and emphasizing pride in self, school, and community.
## CSC 4 PARTNERSHIP WITH FAMILIES (FOR TEACHERS ONLY)

Teacher **meets Level 3 expectations AND extends impact** by finding new and innovative ways to foster engagement with students’ families and/or by dedicating a truly exceptional amount of time and energy towards partnering with them.

Teacher **consistently engages students’ families as valued partners in an effective manner.**

*Examples of how one might engage students’ families include: communicating with families regularly (e.g., phone calls, text messages, emails, or home visits), including families in class projects, sharing data with families about student progress (strengths and areas for growth) and strategies for supporting student learning at home, collaborating with families to set goals throughout the year, encouraging families to attend school and district events including parent-teacher conferences, and creating a welcoming classroom environment for families.*

## CSC 5 INSTRUCTIONAL COLLABORATION (FOR TEACHERS ONLY)

Teacher **meets Level 3 expectations AND extends impact** by proactively seeking out collaborative opportunities with other teachers and/or by dedicating a truly exceptional amount of time and energy towards promoting effective instructional collaboration.

Teacher **consistently collaborates with colleagues to improve student achievement in an effective manner.**

*Examples of how one might collaborate to improve student achievement include: actively participating in the Thirty-Minute Morning Block, grade-level and departmental meetings, mentoring relationships (formal or informal), and optional and required professional development opportunities.*
CSC 4 PARTNERSHIP WITH FAMILIES (FOR TEACHERS ONLY)

Teacher meets Level 3 expectations AND extends impact by finding new and innovative ways to foster engagement with students’ families and/or by dedicating a truly exceptional amount of time and energy towards partnering with them.

Teacher consistently engages students’ families as valued partners in an effective manner.

Teacher sometimes engages students’ families as valued partners in an effective manner.

Teacher rarely or never engages students’ families as valued partners in an effective manner.

Examples of how one might engage students’ families include: communicating with families regularly (e.g., phone calls, text messages, emails, or home visits), including families in class projects, sharing data with families about student progress (strengths and areas for growth) and strategies for supporting student learning at home, collaborating with families to set goals throughout the year, encouraging families to attend school and district events including parent-teacher conferences, and creating a welcoming classroom environment for families.

CSC 5 INSTRUCTIONAL COLLABORATION (FOR TEACHERS ONLY)

Teacher meets Level 3 expectations AND extends impact by proactively seeking out collaborative opportunities with other teachers and/or by dedicating a truly exceptional amount of time and energy towards promoting effective instructional collaboration.

Teacher consistently collaborates with colleagues to improve student achievement in an effective manner.

Teacher sometimes collaborates with colleagues to improve student achievement in an effective manner.

Teacher rarely or never collaborates with colleagues to improve student achievement in an effective manner.

Examples of how one might collaborate to improve student achievement include: actively participating in the Thirty-Minute Morning Block, grade-level and departmental meetings, mentoring relationships (formal or informal), and optional and required professional development opportunities.
What is Core Professionalism?
This component measures four basic tenets of professionalism: 1) having no unexcused absences; 2) having no unexcused late arrivals; 3) following the policies and procedures of your school (or program) and the school system; and 4) interacting with colleagues, students, families, and community members in a respectful manner.

How will my Core Professionalism be assessed?
Your administrator will assess you two times during the year according to the rubric at the conclusion of this section. The first assessment begins at the start of the school year and ends December 14; the second assessment begins December 15 and ends June 12.

At the end of each cycle, you can view your final Core Professionalism rating in the IMPACT database (http://impactdcps.dc.gov). While a conference to discuss your Core Professionalism rating is not required, you are encouraged to reach out to your administrator with any questions or concerns.

How will my Core Professionalism be rated?
Unlike the other rubrics in IMPACT, there are only three levels for Core Professionalism: Meets Standard, Slightly Below Standard, and Significantly Below Standard.

If you receive a Core Professionalism rating of Meets Standard in Cycle 1 and Cycle 2 (and you receive no ratings of Slightly Below Standard or Significantly Below Standard), your overall rating for this component will be Meets Standard and you will see no change in your final IMPACT score.

If you receive a rating of Slightly Below Standard on any standard of the Core Professionalism rubric during a cycle (and you receive no ratings of Significantly Below Standard), you will receive an overall rating of Slightly Below Standard for that cycle, and ten points will be deducted from your final IMPACT score. This is the case in the sample rating chart below.

If you receive a rating of Significantly Below Standard on any standard of the Core Professionalism rubric during a cycle, you will receive an overall rating of Significantly Below Standard for that cycle, and twenty points will be deducted from your final IMPACT score.

If you receive Core Professionalism deductions in each of the two cycles, the deductions will be combined and applied to your final IMPACT score (e.g. a 10 point deduction in Cycle 1 and a 20 point deduction in Cycle 3 result in a 30 point deduction from your final IMPACT score).

Please note that, if you are shared between two schools, the lower of your two Core Professionalism ratings for each cycle will be used for your final IMPACT score.

For more information about the scoring process, please see the Putting It All Together section of this guidebook.

---

**SAMPLE RATING CHART**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CORE PROFESSIONALISM (CP)</th>
<th>CYCLE ENDS 12/14</th>
<th>CYCLE ENDS 6/12</th>
<th>OVERALL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CP 1: Attendance</td>
<td>MEETS STANDARD</td>
<td>MEETS STANDARD</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CP 2: On-Time Arrival</td>
<td>SLIGHTLY BELOW STANDARD</td>
<td>MEETS STANDARD</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CP 3: Policies and Procedures</td>
<td>MEETS STANDARD</td>
<td>MEETS STANDARD</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CP 4: Respect</td>
<td>MEETS STANDARD</td>
<td>MEETS STANDARD</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CP DEDUCTION</td>
<td>-10</td>
<td>NO DEDUCTION</td>
<td>-10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

If I have additional questions about Core Professionalism, whom should I contact?

Please contact the IMPACT team at 202-719-6553 or impactdcps@dc.gov.
## MEETS STANDARD

### CP 1 | ATTENDANCE
---
Individual has **no** unexcused absences (absences that are in violation of procedures set forth by local school policy and by the relevant collective bargaining agreement).

### CP 2 | ON-TIME ARRIVAL
---
Individual has **no** unexcused late arrivals (late arrivals that are in violation of procedures set forth by local school policy and by the relevant collective bargaining agreement).

### CP 3 | POLICIES AND PROCEDURES
---
Individual **always** follows DCPS and local school policies and procedures (for example, procedures for submitting student discipline referrals, policies for appropriate staff attire, protocols for the Thirty-Minute Morning Block).

### CP 4 | RESPECT
---
Individual **always** interacts with students, colleagues, parents/guardians, and community members in a respectful manner.

## SLIGHTLY BELOW STANDARD

### CP 1 | ATTENDANCE
---
Individual has **1** unexcused absence (an absence that is in violation of procedures set forth by local school policy and by the relevant collective bargaining agreement).

### CP 2 | ON-TIME ARRIVAL
---
Individual has **1** unexcused late arrival (a late arrival that is in violation of procedures set forth by local school policy and by the relevant collective bargaining agreement).

### CP 3 | POLICIES AND PROCEDURES
---
**With rare exception**, individual follows DCPS and local school policies and procedures (for example, procedures for submitting student discipline referrals, policies for appropriate staff attire, protocols for the Thirty-Minute Morning Block).

### CP 4 | RESPECT
---
**With rare exception**, individual interacts with students, colleagues, parents/guardians, and community members in a respectful manner.
SIGNIFICANTLY BELOW STANDARD

Individual has **2 or more** unexcused absences (absences that are in violation of procedures set forth by local school policy and by the relevant collective bargaining agreement).

Individual has **2 or more** unexcused late arrivals (late arrivals that are in violation of procedures set forth by local school policy and by the relevant collective bargaining agreement).

Individual **demonstrates a pattern** of failing to follow DCPS and local school policies and procedures (for example, procedures for submitting student discipline referrals, policies for appropriate staff attire, protocols for the Thirty-Minute Morning Block) OR individual has committed a **single egregious act** in violation of DCPS and/or local school policies and procedures as determined by the school leader.

Individual **demonstrates a pattern** of failing to interact with students, colleagues, parents/guardians, or community members in a respectful manner OR individual has committed a **single egregious act** of disrespect as determined by the school leader.
What resources are available to help me be successful?

Professional development is critical to our success as a school system. After all, the best schools are those focused on the learning of children and adults. This is why providing educators with outstanding support is a top district priority.

Below you will find more information about job-specific resources and learning opportunities designed to help you improve your practice.

**CANVAS**

Canvas (https://dcps.instructure.com) is an online platform that provides teachers with curricular resources across all subjects. Curricular resources are aligned with Common Core State Standards, Next Generation Science Standards, and other academic standards. These resources include scope and sequence documents, unit overviews, recommended anchor texts, suggested summative assessments, Cornerstones assignments, and many other resources.

Teachers may access these resources and sign up for relevant events and announcements by visiting https://dcps.instructure.com and logging in using their DCPS email address (first.last@dc.gov) and e-mail password. Should they have questions, teachers may contact canvas@dc.gov.

**LEAP**

LEAP is designed to support teachers in developing their content expertise and in becoming truly expert at teaching the DCPS Common Core-aligned curriculum and other course-specific content. To do this, teachers engage in a cycle of development in small, content-specific professional learning communities (LEAP Teams) led by content experts (LEAP Leaders).

For ELA, Math, ECE, ESL, SPED, Science (high school), and Social Studies (high school) teachers, LEAP consists of a weekly cycle with two main components:

1. **A 90-minute LEAP Seminar.** During this time, content-specific school teams meet to deepen their content knowledge and hone their expertise at the teaching practices that are most important for their particular content area. LEAP Seminars focus on either learning of new content; planning to apply the new content to the classroom; or analyzing data and student work to see the impact of the new learning.

2. **A regular Coaching Touchpoint.** The most frequent coaching touchpoint is a LEAP Observation and 5P Debrief. The LEAP Observation is a 15-minute observation during which the LEAP Leader observes the teacher implement learning from the LEAP Seminar and hones in on key instructional practices in which the teacher can improve. During the 5P Debrief after the observation, the teacher has the opportunity to receive praise for the growth he or she is making, to process with his or her coach where improvements could be made, to prioritize one action step to focus on during the coming week, to plan an upcoming lesson with this action step in mind, and then to actually practice the action step with his or her coach. While the coaching touchpoint is most often Observation and 5P Debrief, it could also include co-planning or modeling, depending on teacher need. While these coaching touchpoints happen on a weekly basis at the elementary and middle school levels, they take place on a biweekly basis at the high school level.

All teachers participate in district-wide professional development days, which include opportunities to deeply explore course-specific content, unpack upcoming units of study, analyze student work, and collaborate with colleagues to plan and practice.
Teachers and LEAP Leaders have access to the LEAP Platform, an online platform that allows both to engage in the LEAP cycle by accessing observation data, action steps from coaching touchpoints, LEAP Seminar curriculum materials, and additional resources to support professional learning.

For more information about LEAP, please contact the LEAP Team at LEAP@dc.gov or visit the LEAP webpage on at https://dcps.dc.gov/page/leap-teacher-professional-development or the LEAP page on Canvas at https://dcps.instructure.com.

**ESSENTIAL PRACTICES RESOURCES**

The Essential Practices are DCPS’ definition of effective instruction and outline the key actions we believe lead to increased student achievement. DCPS offers a variety of resources including an interactive, web-based platform to support teachers in exploring the Essential Practices including:

- Online modules available for each Essential Practice that highlight instructional best practices and provide an overview of key rubric concepts.

- An Essential Practices video library, which includes an extensive collection of classroom videos that celebrate excellent teaching and showcase rubric concepts in action. The library predominately features DCPS’ own outstanding teachers and classrooms. Video clips can be viewed by grade band (Early Childhood, Elementary, or Secondary) or by the Essential Practice most prominently featured in the clip.

**STUDENT SURVEY RESOURCES**

Student surveys are research-based tools that recognize and value the unique perspectives of our most important stakeholders—our students. DCPS partners with Tripod Education to provide the student survey. Tripod’s survey has been in use for nearly 20 years and is administered to over 2,000,000 students annually. The questions in the survey represent an important set of teaching practices that research links to student achievement, engagement, motivation, and growth mindset. The survey questions fall into 7 categories, known as the 7Cs™: Care, Confer, Captivate, Clarify, Consolidate, Challenge, and Classroom Management.

DCPS has developed a variety of resources to support teachers in using the feedback they receive through the student survey to inform their instruction. These supports include:

- Comprehensive list of the Tripod survey questions

- One-page overviews of each of the 7Cs that include Essential Practice connections, DCPS teacher profiles, and instructional strategies aligned to each 7C

- Additional resources such as key vocabulary lists, a conceptual crosswalk with the DCPS Essential Practices, and scoring guides

These resources can be accessed on Canvas at https://dcps.instructure.com/login/ldap.
FOR TEACHERS AND STAFF AT SPECIAL SCHOOLS

At International Baccalaureate (IB) Schools, specialized training is offered to support teachers and staff in implementing IB methods, with a focus on developing students’ intellectual, personal, emotional, and social skills. The International Baccalaureate Organization also offers workshops and online training for teachers. More information is available at http://www.ibo.org/events.

DCPS UNION PARTNERS

Most DCPS staff members are represented by one of four valued union partners. Should employees have questions regarding their union membership, they may contact HR Answers at 202-442-4090. Our union partners include:

• **American Federation of State, County, and Municipal Employees (AFSCME) Local 2921**: American Federation of State, County, and Municipal Employees (AFSCME) members work in public schools throughout the nation in helping children realize their full potential. They do so by providing services critical to an effective and healthy learning environment — assisting in the classroom, and providing clerical and other support to teachers, administrators, and families. AFSCME Local 2921 represents DCPS’ school-based clerical staff and educational aides. For more information, please visit www.districtcouncil20.org.

• **Teamsters Local 639**: The Teamsters union mission is to organize and educate workers toward a higher standard of living. Teamster contracts are the guarantors of decent wages, fair promotion, health coverage, job security, paid time off, and retirement income. Teamsters Local 639 represents DCPS’ custodians and attendance counselors. For more information, please visit www.teamsters639.com.

• **Council of School Officers (CSO)**: The Council of School Officers union (CSO) represents DCPS Administrators below the rank of Instructional Superintendent. The CSO works to bring about fair and equitable labor agreements such as contracts, fair wages, and job descriptions on behalf of their members who serve our students and communities. For more information, please visit www.councilofschoolofficers.org.

• **Washington Teachers’ Union (WTU)**: The Washington Teachers’ Union (WTU) represents more than 5,000 members in Washington, D.C., including teachers, instructional coaches, counselors, library media specialists, and others. The WTU is dedicated to social and educational justice for the students of the District of Columbia and to improving the quality of support, resources, compensation, and working conditions for the public servants and proud teachers who educate our students in D.C. Public Schools. For more information, please visit www.wtulocal6.org.
PUTTING IT ALL TOGETHER

What does this section explain?

This section is designed to help you understand how all of the components of your assessment will come together to form an overall IMPACT score and rating. The process involves five steps.

Step 1

We begin by identifying your overall score for each component of your assessment. Recall that, for all components other than Core Professionalism, the score will always range from 4.0 (highest) to 1.0 (lowest).

Step 2

We then multiply each component score by its percentage from the pie chart at the beginning of this guidebook. This creates “weighted scores” for each component. The chart below provides an example.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>COMPONENT</th>
<th>COMPONENT SCORE</th>
<th>PIE CHART PERCENTAGE</th>
<th>WEIGHTED SCORE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Essential Practices (EP)</td>
<td>3.8</td>
<td>x 30</td>
<td>= 114.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Individual Value-Added Student Achievement Data (IVA)</td>
<td>3.5</td>
<td>x 35</td>
<td>= 122.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Teacher-Assessed Student Achievement Data (TAS)</td>
<td>3.5</td>
<td>x 15</td>
<td>= 52.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student Survey of Practice (SSP)</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>x 10</td>
<td>= 30.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commitment to the School Community (CSC)</td>
<td>3.3</td>
<td>x 10</td>
<td>= 33.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Core Professionalism (CP)</td>
<td>Meets Standard</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>No Change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>352</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Step 3

We then add the weighted scores to arrive at a total score. The total score will always be between 100 and 400.

Step 4

We then adjust your total score based on your rating for Core Professionalism. If your rating for this component is Meets Standard for both cycles, then your total score remains unchanged. If not, then 10 points are subtracted from your total score for each cycle in which your rating is Slightly Below Standard, and 20 points are subtracted for each cycle in which your rating is Significantly Below Standard. In the example above, the individual’s rating for all cycles is Meets Standard, so no points have been subtracted.
Step 5
Finally, we take your adjusted score and use the scale below to arrive at your final IMPACT rating.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Ineffective</th>
<th>Minimally Effective</th>
<th>Developing</th>
<th>Effective</th>
<th>Highly Effective</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Points</td>
<td>100 Points</td>
<td>200 Points*</td>
<td>250 Points**</td>
<td>300 Points†</td>
<td>350 Points‡</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* A score of exactly 200 would be classified as Minimally Effective.
** A score of exactly 250 would be classified as Developing.
† A score of exactly 300 would be classified as Effective.
‡ A score of exactly 350 would be classified as Highly Effective.

Note: If you are not employed by DCPS for the entire year (for example, because you joined the school system partway through the year), or if, while employed by DCPS, you have an absence which causes you to miss one or more of your assessments, DCPS may at its discretion make adjustments to the IMPACT system to ensure that you receive a final IMPACT score for the year. These adjustments may include, among other things, changing deadlines, changing the number of assessments, and changing the type of assessment. Also, if unexpected circumstances interfere with the completion of one or more of your assessments, DCPS may nevertheless issue a final IMPACT score and consequences based on the remaining assessments. Finally, DCPS reserves the right to make any additional modifications to the IMPACT system during the school year. DCPS will provide notice of any such modifications prior to their implementation. (For the purposes above, “assessments” refers to observations, conferences, holistic reviews, data, and other means of measuring performance.)
What do these ratings mean?

**Highly Effective:** This rating signifies outstanding performance. As teachers earn Highly Effective ratings, they are eligible to advance to the next Leadership Initiative For Teachers (LIFT) career stage, giving them access to a variety of leadership opportunities, as well as increased recognition. Members of the Washington Teachers’ Union (WTU) and Council of School Officers (CSO) are eligible for additional compensation as outlined in the IMPACTplus section of this guidebook. All individuals rated as Highly Effective will progress normally on their pay scales.

**Effective:** This rating signifies solid performance. These individuals will progress normally on their pay scales. As teachers earn Effective ratings, they are eligible to advance to the next LIFT career stage (up to the Advanced Teacher stage), albeit at a slower pace than teachers who earn Highly Effective ratings. Members of the Washington Teachers’ Union (WTU) may be eligible for additional compensation as outlined in the IMPACTplus section of this guidebook.

**Developing:** This rating signifies performance that is below expectations. A WTU or CSO member who earns a Developing rating will be held at his or her current salary step and will not advance on the LIFT ladder until he or she earns a rating of Effective or Highly Effective. If after three years, an individual, regardless of union affiliation or position change, does not move beyond the Developing rating, he or she will be subject to separation.

**Minimally Effective:** This rating signifies performance that is significantly below expectations. A WTU or CSO member who earns a Minimally Effective rating will be held at his or her current salary step and will not advance on the LIFT ladder until he or she earns a rating of Effective or Highly Effective. If an individual, regardless of union affiliation or position change, receives two consecutive Minimally Effective ratings, he or she will be subject to separation.

**Ineffective:** This rating signifies unacceptable performance. Individuals, regardless of union affiliation or position change, who receive this rating for one year will be subject to separation.

Note: When an individual transitions to a different IMPACT group, the prior year(s) IMPACT rating(s) will be linked to any subsequent IMPACT ratings for separation determinations.

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If I have a concern about my rating, whom should I contact?

If you ever have a concern, contact the IMPACT team at 202-719-6553 or impactdcps@dc.gov.
If I earn a Minimally Effective rating and then a Developing rating, will I have one more year to improve?

Yes, you will have one additional year to improve your performance to Effective or Highly Effective. However, if you receive a third consecutive rating that is below expectations (i.e., Ineffective, Minimally Effective, or Developing), you will be subject to separation regardless of union affiliation or position change.

If I earn a Developing rating and then a Minimally Effective rating, will I have one more year to improve?

No. In this case, your performance will have declined from below expectations (Developing) to significantly below expectations (Minimally Effective). As a result, you will be subject to separation regardless of union affiliation or position change.

What can I do if I disagree with my final rating?

If you receive a final IMPACT rating of Ineffective, Minimally Effective, or Developing and you would like to appeal your rating, you may file a formal appeal to the Chancellor. A three-member panel comprised of senior leaders in DCPS will convene to review all appeals and provide a recommendation to the Chancellor who will make a final decision. More information regarding the Chancellor’s Appeals Process will be shared with eligible employees.

Note: Employees may have other appeals options available through their union’s collective bargaining agreement and are encouraged to contact their union representative for more information.

Will my evaluation be affected if my school has a non-traditional (e.g., Extended Year) calendar?

No. Your IMPACT evaluation will not be affected if your school transitioned to a non-traditional calendar. You will continue to receive all components of your evaluation, as indicated in your guidebook, with the same deadlines as schools that have not transitioned to a non-traditional calendar.
What is IMPACTplus?
IMPACTplus is a performance-based compensation system for members of the Washington Teachers’ Union (WTU) and Council of School Officers (CSO) who are evaluated under IMPACT.

Who is eligible for IMPACTplus?
Any WTU member who earns an IMPACT rating of Highly Effective is eligible for an annual bonus. Teachers in Groups 1–7 at high-poverty schools are eligible for base salary increases upon reaching the Advanced, Distinguished, or Expert LIFT stages.

How do I know if I am a WTU member?
Teachers, instructional coaches, counselors, library media specialists, and others are part of the WTU. If you are not sure about your status, you may contact Human Resources at 202-442-4090 or the WTU at 202-293-8600.

How will I know if I received a Highly Effective rating?
To access this information, log into the IMPACT database at impactdcps.dc.gov. If you need assistance logging in, you may contact the IMPACT team at 202-719-6553 or impactdcps@dc.gov.

Do I need to be a “full” union member to be eligible for IMPACTplus?
No. You only need “agency fee” status to be eligible for IMPACTplus. To learn more about this status, you may contact the WTU at 202-293-8600.

How does it work?
For teachers, IMPACTplus has two parts: an annual bonus and an increase in base salary.
PART 1: ANNUAL BONUS

How does the annual bonus work?

The chart below describes the bonus structure.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>YOUR IMPACT RATING</th>
<th>YOUR SCHOOL'S POVERTY LEVEL</th>
<th>YOUR BONUS</th>
<th>YOUR ADD-ON IF YOU ARE IN IMPACT GROUP 1 OR 1a</th>
<th>YOUR ADD-ON IF YOU ARE IN ONE OF THE 40 TARGETED SCHOOLS</th>
<th>YOUR TOTAL POSSIBLE ANNUAL BONUS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Highly Effective</td>
<td>High-Poverty</td>
<td>$10,000</td>
<td>Additional $5,000</td>
<td>Additional $10,000</td>
<td>$25,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Low-Poverty</td>
<td>$2,000</td>
<td>Additional $1,000</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>$3,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

How do I know my school’s poverty level?

Each school’s poverty level is listed on the DCPS website at dcps.dc.gov/page/impactplus. If you work at more than one school, we will use the average of your schools’ free and reduced-price lunch rates.

Why do teachers in high-poverty and 40 targeted schools receive higher bonuses?

One of the goals of IMPACT plus is to help our highest-need schools attract and retain outstanding staff members. This is why we are offering higher bonuses to the individuals who serve in these schools.

How do I know if I work in one of the 40 targeted schools?

If you are not sure, please ask your administrator. You may also contact the IMPACT team at 202-719-6553 or impactdcps@dc.gov.

If I resign at the end of the 2017-2018 school year, will I be eligible for the bonus?

No. In addition to recognizing and rewarding excellent staff members, IMPACT plus aims to retain them. Thus, to be eligible for the bonus, you must be employed by DCPS, or be a new entrant to the retirement system, at the time of the bonus distribution.

If I am separated from the school system for disciplinary reasons, will I be eligible for the bonus?

No.

Will the bonus count toward my pension calculation?

No.
If I am employed by DCPS for only part of the school year, will I receive the full bonus?

No. Assuming you are employed by DCPS (or are a new retiree) at the time of the bonus distribution, your bonus will be prorated according to the number of full months you worked during the school year in which you earned the Highly Effective rating.

Are there any conditions attached to accepting this bonus?

Yes. After accepting the bonus, you will no longer have access to the “extra year,” early retirement, or buyout options if you are excessed at any time in the future and cannot find a placement at another school. To learn more about these options, please consult the WTU contract (Section 4.5.5) at wtulocal6.org.

Am I required to accept the bonus?

No. If you would prefer not to give up the “extra year,” early retirement, or buyout options related to excessing, you may forgo the bonus.

How will I communicate with DCPS whether I want to accept the bonus?

Once final IMPACT ratings are available, the IMPACT team will notify you via email if you are eligible for an IMPACT plus bonus. You will submit your acceptance decision by logging into the IMPACT database at impactdcps.dc.gov. DCPS will provide more details at that time.

When will I receive my bonus?

Upon confirmation that you have returned to DCPS the following school year or retired, DCPS will disburse all bonuses by the end of the calendar year in which they are earned.

Will the bonus be subject to taxes?

Yes.

If I earn a Highly Effective rating again in the next school year (2018–2019), will I be eligible for another bonus?

Yes. You will be eligible every year that you earn a Highly Effective rating.

If I have additional questions about the annual bonus, whom should I contact?

Please contact the IMPACT team at 202-719-6553 or impactdcps@dc.gov.
PART 2: INCREASE IN BASE SALARY

How does the increase in base salary work?

Base salary increases for teachers align with the Leadership Initiative For Teachers (LIFT)* career ladder.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>YOUR SCHOOL’S POVERTY LEVEL</th>
<th>YOUR LIFT STAGE</th>
<th>YOUR SERVICE CREDIT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>High-Poverty</td>
<td>Advanced</td>
<td>2 Years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Distinguished</td>
<td>5 Years†</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Expert</td>
<td>5 Years†</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

† In addition to the five-year service credit, teachers at the Distinguished Teacher stage will move to the master’s degree salary band if not already there, and teachers at the Expert Teacher stage will move to the PhD salary band if not already there.

ADVANCED TEACHER STAGE

At the Advanced Teacher stage, teachers in high-poverty schools will be eligible for an increase in their base salaries in the form of a service credit. Advanced Teachers will be granted a two-year service credit, meaning that they will be paid as if they had two additional years in the system.

For example, let’s imagine that it is the end of the 2017–2018 school year, and your IMPACT rating qualifies you to move to the Advanced Teacher stage. Let’s also imagine that you just finished your fourth year of teaching in a high-poverty school, and that you have a master’s degree. For the 2018–2019 school year — your fifth year of teaching — we would actually pay you as if you were in your seventh year (5 years + 2 year service credit). In this case, your salary would increase from $61,158 to $69,132 — a base salary increase of nearly $8,000.

DISTINGUISHED TEACHER STAGE

At the Distinguished Teacher stage, teachers in high-poverty schools will be eligible for an increase in their base salaries.

The base salary increase will take two forms. First, teachers will move to the master’s degree salary band if they are not already there. Second, they will be granted a five-year service credit, meaning that they will be paid as if they had five additional years in the system.

For example, let’s imagine that it is the end of the 2017–2018 school year, and your IMPACT rating qualifies you to move to the Distinguished Teacher stage. Let’s also imagine that you just finished your fifth year of teaching in a high-poverty school, and you have a bachelor’s degree only. For the 2018–2019 school year — your sixth year of teaching — we would actually pay you as if you had a master’s degree and were in your eleventh year (6 years + 5 year service credit). In this case, your salary would increase from $56,655 to $81,335 — a base salary increase of nearly $25,000.

* The Leadership Initiative For Teachers (LIFT) is explained in full in a separate guidebook that is posted on the DCPS website.
**EXPERT TEACHER STAGE**

At the Expert Teacher stage, teachers in high-poverty schools will be eligible for an increase in their base salaries.

The base salary increase will take two forms. First, teachers will move to the PhD salary band if they are not already there. Second, they will be granted a five-year service credit.

*For example, let’s imagine that it is the end of the 2017–2018 school year and your IMPACT rating qualifies you to move to the Expert Teacher stage. Let’s also imagine that you have a master’s degree, and you just finished your ninth year of teaching in a high-poverty school. For the 2018–2019 school year — your tenth year of teaching — we would actually pay you as if you had a PhD and were in your fifteenth year (10 years + 5 year service credit). In this case, your salary would increase from $75,232 to $92,613 — a base salary increase of more than $17,000.*

**How will my compensation increase over time through LIFT?**

All Effective and Highly Effective teachers will continue to earn the annual step increases outlined in the Washington Teachers’ Union contract. However, at the Advanced, Distinguished, and Expert Teacher LIFT stages, teachers will earn significantly larger base salary increases, as outlined above.

The graph below represents maximum compensation over time for a hypothetical Group 1 or 1a teacher with a master’s degree at a traditional (10-month) and extended year (12-month) school. This teacher works at a high-poverty school and earns Highly Effective ratings each year.
Will the service credit count for retirement eligibility?
No. Your retirement eligibility will still depend on the actual number of years you have worked in the school system.

For how many years do I need to teach in a high-poverty school in order to qualify for the base salary increase?
You must be teaching in a high-poverty school during the year in which you qualify for a service credit and during the following school year.

For example, imagine that you are at the Established Teacher stage during the 2017–2018 school year. If you earn a Highly Effective rating at the end of the year, you will begin the 2018–2019 school year at the Advanced Teacher stage. In order to qualify for the two-year service credit at the Advanced Teacher stage, your school in 2017–2018 and in 2018–2019 must be high-poverty.

Are there any conditions attached to accepting the increase in base salary?
Yes. After accepting the increase, you will no longer have access to the “extra year,” early retirement, or buyout options if you are excessed at any time in the future and cannot find a placement at another school. To learn more about these options, please consult the WTU contract (Section 4.5.5) at wtulocal6.org.

Am I required to accept the increase in base salary?
No. If you would prefer not to give up the “extra year,” early retirement, or buyout options related to excessing, you may forgo the increase in base salary.

If I reach the Expert stage at a low-poverty school, am I permanently ineligible for the base salary increase?
No. Formerly, teachers who reached the Expert Teacher LIFT stage or served their last year as a Distinguished Teacher while teaching in a low-poverty school were ineligible for a base salary increase (five-year service credit and promotion to the PhD band). This policy has changed, however, such that a teacher who reached the Expert Teacher stage at a low-poverty school will become eligible if he or she moves to a high-poverty school, earns two consecutive Highly Effective ratings, and teaches in a high-poverty school for an additional year. In this circumstance, the teacher will be awarded the base salary increase at the start of the third consecutive year in a high-poverty setting.

This new policy applies only to teachers who entered the Expert Teacher LIFT stage immediately before or after teaching in a low-poverty school, and who were previously ineligible for the service credits and education level promotion associated with this stage. Please note that teachers may not retroactively receive credits associated with the Advanced or Distinguished stages, or service credits for which they were previously eligible but declined.

If I have additional questions about the increase in base salary, whom should I contact?
Please contact the IMPACT team at 202-719-6553 or impactdcps@dc.gov.
What is IMPACTplus?

IMPACTplus is a performance-based compensation system for members of the Washington Teachers’ Union (WTU) and Council of School Officers (CSO) who are evaluated under IMPACT.

Who is eligible for IMPACTplus?

All CSO members who earn a final IMPACT rating of Highly Effective are eligible for performance-based compensation under IMPACTplus.

How do I know if I am a CSO member?

The CSO represents school-based administrators and certain related service providers; a list of CSO positions may be found in the CSO contract. If you are not sure about your status, you may contact Human Resources at 202-442-4090 or the CSO at 202-526-4700.

How does the annual bonus work?

The chart below describes the bonus structure.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>YOUR SCHOOL’S POVERTY LEVEL</th>
<th>YOUR BONUS</th>
<th>YOUR ADD-ON IF YOU ARE IN ONE OF THE 40 TARGETED SCHOOLS</th>
<th>YOUR TOTAL POSSIBLE ANNUAL BONUS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Highly Effective</td>
<td>High-Poverty</td>
<td>$1,500</td>
<td>$500</td>
<td>$2,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Low-Poverty</td>
<td>$1,000</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>$1,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

How do I know my school’s poverty level?

Each school’s poverty level is listed on the DCPS website at dcps.dc.gov/page/impactplus. If you work at more than one school, we will use the average of your schools’ free and reduced-price lunch rates.

Why do CSO members in high-poverty and 40 targeted schools receive higher bonuses?

One of the goals of IMPACTplus is to help our highest-need schools attract and retain outstanding staff members. This is why we are offering higher bonuses to the individuals who serve in these schools.

How will I know if I received a Highly Effective rating?

To access this information, log into the IMPACT database at impactdcps.dc.gov. If you need assistance logging in, you may contact the IMPACT team at 202-719-6553 or impactdcps@dc.gov.

Do I need to be a “full” union member to be eligible for IMPACTplus?

No. You only need “agency fee” status to be eligible for IMPACTplus. To learn more about your status, you may contact the CSO at 202-526-4700.

How do I know if I work in one of the 40 targeted schools?

If you are not sure, please ask your administrator. You may also contact the IMPACT team at 202-719-6553 or impactdcps@dc.gov.

If I retire at the end of the 2017–2018 school year, will I be eligible for the bonus?

Yes.
Will the bonus count toward my pension calculation?
No.

If I resign at the end of the 2017–2018 school year, will I be eligible for the bonus?
No. In addition to recognizing and rewarding excellent staff members, IMPACT plus aims to retain them. Thus, to be eligible for the bonus, you must be employed by DCPS, or be a new entrant to the retirement system, at the time of the bonus distribution.

If I am separated from the school system for disciplinary reasons, will I be eligible for the bonus?
No.

If I am employed by DCPS for only part of the school year, will I receive the full bonus?
No. Assuming you are employed by DCPS (or are a new retiree) at the time of the bonus distribution, your bonus will be prorated according to the number of full months you worked during the school year in which you earned the Highly Effective rating.

When will I receive my bonus?
Upon confirmation that you have returned to DCPS the following school year or retired, DCPS will disburse all bonuses by the end of the calendar year in which they are earned.

Will the bonus be subject to taxes?
Yes.

If I earn a Highly Effective rating again in the next school year (2018–2019), will I be eligible for another bonus?
Yes. You will be eligible every year that you earn a Highly Effective rating.

If I have additional questions about the annual bonus, whom should I contact?
Please contact the IMPACT team at 202-719-6553 or impactdcps@dc.gov.
CONCLUDING MESSAGE

This system is called “IMPACT” because you, the adults serving in our schools, have the ability to make a dramatic, positive impact on our students’ lives. You are the most important lever of change in our school system.

While the goals we set for our students and ourselves are bold, they represent what we can and must do, together, to ensure that our students receive a first-rate education that will open a world of possibilities for them. Every student, every school, every day!