School District of Pinellas County

Instructional Personnel Evaluation System



Effective Date: April 2018

Form IEST-2018

Rule 6A-5.030

Updated August 1, 2022

Purpose

The purpose of this document is to provide the district with a template for its instructional personnel evaluation system that addresses the requirements of Section 1012.34, Florida Statutes (F.S.), and Rule 6A-5.030, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.). This template, Form IEST-2018, is incorporated by reference in Rule 6A-5.030, F.A.C., effective April 2018.

Instructions

Each of the sections within the evaluation system template provides specific directions but does not limit the amount of space or information that can be added to fit the needs of the district. Where documentation or evidence is required, copies of the source documents (e.g., rubrics, policies and procedures, observation instruments) shall be provided at the end of the document as appendices in accordance with the Table of Contents.

Before submitting, ensure the document is titled and paginated.

Submission

Upon completion, the district shall email this form and any required supporting documentation as a Microsoft Word document for submission to <u>DistrictEvalSysEQ@fldoe.org</u>.

Modifications to an approved evaluation system may be made by the district at any time. Substantial revisions shall be submitted for approval, in accordance with Rule 6A-5.030(3), F.A.C. The entire template shall be sent for the approval process.

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Part I: Evaluation System Overview

In Part I, the district shall describe the purpose and provide a high-level summary of the instructional personnel evaluation system.

Pinellas County Schools will use the Marzano Focused Teacher Evaluation Model. The Focused Teacher Evaluation Model is not a new model; instead, it is a revised version of the research-validated Marzano Teacher Evaluation Model created by a partnership between Robert J. Marzano and Learning Sciences International in 2010. The Focused Model provides greater clarity of expectations for both teachers and observers, improves the focus on key pedagogical principles, and significantly improves ease of adoption and use.

The Focused Model evaluates teacher performance against objective criteria, use of standards, and student evidences. It maximizes the accuracy and effectiveness of teacher observations, feedback, and evaluation by focusing on four key areas:

- Standards-Based Planning
- Standards-Based Instruction
- Conditions for Learning
- Professional Responsibilities

Using the Observation Protocol (scales and evidence), observers will use student and teacher evidence to score instructional practice at the correct level on the observational scale. They will:

- Apply the protocol to identify teacher instructional techniques of specific elements from Standards-Based Instruction and Conditions for Learning
- Evaluate construction and implementation of lesson and unit plans to provide clear and actionable teacher feedback
- Use evidence to score and provide feedback on teacher performance of Professional Responsibilities

Part II: Evaluation System Requirements

In Part II, the district shall provide assurance that its instructional personnel evaluation system meets each requirement established in section 1012.34, F.S., below by checking the respective box. School districts should be prepared to provide evidence of these assurances upon request.

System Framework

- \boxtimes The evaluation system framework is based on sound educational principles and contemporary research in effective educational practices.
- ☑ The observation instrument(s) to be used for classroom teachers include indicators based on each of the Florida Educator Accomplished Practices (FEAPs) adopted by the State Board of Education.
- The observation instrument(s) to be used for non-classroom instructional personnel include indicators based on each of the FEAPs and may include specific job expectations related to student support.

Training

- ☑ The district provides training programs and has processes that ensure
 - Employees subject to an evaluation system are informed of the evaluation criteria, data sources, methodologies, and procedures associated with the evaluation before the evaluation takes place; and
 - Individuals with evaluation responsibilities and those who provide input toward evaluations understand the proper use of the evaluation criteria and procedures.

Data Inclusion and Reporting

- \boxtimes The district provides instructional personnel the opportunity to review their class rosters for accuracy and to correct any mistakes.
- ☑ The district school superintendent annually reports accurate class rosters for the purpose of calculating district and statewide student performance, and the evaluation results of instructional personnel.
- \boxtimes The district may provide opportunities for parents to provide input into performance evaluations, when the district determines such input is appropriate.

Evaluation Procedures

- \boxtimes The district's system ensures all instructional personnel, classroom and non-classroom, are evaluated at least once a year.
- ☑ The district's system ensures all newly hired classroom teachers are observed and evaluated at least twice in the first year of teaching in the district. Each evaluation must include indicators of student performance; instructional practice; and any other indicators of performance, if applicable.
- \boxtimes The district's system identifies teaching fields for which special evaluation procedures or criteria are necessary, if applicable.
- The district's evaluation procedures comply with the following statutory requirements in accordance with section 1012.34, F.S.
 - > The evaluator must be the individual responsible for supervising the employee; the evaluator may consider input from other personnel trained on the evaluation system.
 - The evaluator must provide timely feedback to the employee that supports the improvement of professional skills.
 - The evaluator must submit a written report to the employee no later than 10 days after the evaluation takes place.
 - > The evaluator must discuss the written evaluation report with the employee.
 - The employee shall have the right to initiate a written response to the evaluation and the response shall become a permanent attachment to his or her personnel file.
 - The evaluator must submit a written report of the evaluation to the district school superintendent for the purpose of reviewing the employee's contract.
 - The evaluator may amend an evaluation based upon assessment data from the current school year if the data becomes available within 90 days of the end of the school year.

Use of Results

- \boxtimes The district has procedures for how evaluation results will be used to inform the
 - Planning of professional development; and
 - > Development of school and district improvement plans.
- ☑ The district's system ensures instructional personnel who have been evaluated as less than effective are required to participate in specific professional development programs, pursuant to section 1012.98(10), F.S.

Notifications

- \boxtimes The district has procedures for the notification of unsatisfactory performance that comply with the requirements outlined in Section 1012.34(4), F.S.
- \boxtimes The district school superintendent shall annually notify the Department of Education of any instructional personnel who
 - Receive two consecutive unsatisfactory evaluation ratings; or
 - Are given written notice by the district of intent to terminate or not renew their employment, as outlined in section 1012.34(5), F.S.

District Self-Monitoring

- \boxtimes The district has a process for monitoring implementation of its evaluation system that enables it to determine the following:
 - Compliance with the requirements of section 1012.34, F.S., and Rule 6A-5.030, F.A.C.;
 - Evaluators' understanding of the proper use of evaluation criteria and procedures, including evaluator accuracy and inter-rater reliability;
 - > Evaluators provide necessary and timely feedback to employees being evaluated;
 - Evaluators follow district policies and procedures in the implementation of evaluation system(s);
 - ▶ Use of evaluation data to identify individual professional development; and,
 - ▶ Use of evaluation data to inform school and district improvement plans.

Part III: Evaluation Procedures

In Part III, the district shall provide the following information regarding the observation and evaluation of instructional personnel. The following tables are provided for convenience and may be customized to accommodate local evaluation procedures.

1. Pursuant to section 1012.34(3)(b), F.S., all personnel must be fully informed of the criteria, data sources, methodologies, and procedures associated with the evaluation process before the evaluation takes place. In the table below, describe when and how the following instructional personnel groups are informed of the criteria, data sources, methodologies, and procedures associated with the evaluation process: classroom teachers, non-classroom teachers, newly hired classroom teachers, and teachers hired after the beginning of the school year.

Instructional Personnel Group	When Personnel are Informed	Method(s) of Informing
Classroom and Non-Classroom Teachers	August 20222022-2023	 Video: Evaluation Process Overview Professional Development throughout the year (face-to-face, online)
Newly Hired Classroom Teachers	August 20222022-2023	 Video: Evaluation Process Overview Professional Development throughout the year (face-to-face, online) based on teacher induction plan Mentor Support
Late Hires	2022-2023	 Make-up Evaluation Overview Training Video: Evaluation Process Overview Professional Development throughout the year (face-to-face, online) based on teacher induction plan and hire date Mentor Support

2. Pursuant to section 1012.34(3)(a), F.S., an observation must be conducted for each employee at least once a year, except that a classroom teacher who is newly hired by the district school board must be observed at least twice in the first year of teaching in the school district. In the table below, describe when and how many observations take place for the following instructional personnel groups: classroom teachers, non-classroom teachers, newly hired classroom teachers, and teachers hired after the beginning of the school year.

Instructional Personnel	Number of Observations	When Observations Occur	When Observation Results are Communicated to Personnel
	d Non-Classroom ' OFESSIONAL SI	Teachers ERVICE, and CONTINUING CONTRACT	
Hired before the beginning of the school year	2 Formal Observation One optional Targeted Observation can be requested by teacher.	First Semester:Formal Observation completed byDecember 22, 2022Second Semester:Formal Observation completed byMarch 10, 2023Teacher Requested TargetedObservation (optional), completed atleast four weeks prior to the end of theschool year, April 28, 2022	Observation results are provided within 3 days and available through iObservation. Observation results are reviewed during a post- conference, which is scheduled within 5 days of an observation.
-		n-Classroom Teachers IER IN NEED OF SUPPORT	
Hired before and after the beginning of the school year	2 Formal Observations	First or Second Semester: The first formal observation occurs by the 60 th day from the date of hire. Second Semester: The second and third Formal observation are completed by March 10, 2023	Observation results are provided within 3 days and available through iObservation. Observation results are reviewed during a post- conference, which is scheduled within 5 days of an observation.
	l and Targeted of ervation conference	observations include a Pre-observation co	onference, observation,

3. Pursuant to section 1012.34(3)(a), F.S., a performance evaluation must be conducted for each employee at least once a year, except that a classroom teacher who is newly hired by the district school board must be evaluated at least twice in the first year of teaching in the school district. In the table below, describe when and how many summative evaluations are conducted for the following instructional personnel groups: classroom teachers, non-classroom teachers, newly hired classroom teachers, and teachers hired after the beginning of the school year.

Instructional Personnel Group	Number of Evaluations	When Evaluations Occur	When Evaluation Results are Communicated to Personnel				
Classroom and Non-Classroom Teachers ANNUAL, PROFESSIONALSERVICE, and CONTINUING CONTRACT							
Hired before the beginning of the school year	1	 Four weeks prior to the end of the school year, the instructional practice score is completed. October of the following school year, Final Evaluations are completed, which include the instructional practice score, student growth score, and final score. 	 Instructional Practice scores are available through the iObservation platform four weeks prior to the end of the school year. October of the following year teachers receive an e-mail notification that the final evaluation is complete. Teachers acknowledge their final evaluation score electronically using the iObservation platform. 				
	Newly Hired Classroom and Non-Classroom Teachers PROBATIONARY OR TEACHER IN NEED OF SUPPORT						
Hired before the beginning of the school year	2	 For the first evaluation: Occurs by the 60th day from the date of hire. The student data to be used for the interim evaluation is agreed upon by the evaluator and teacher at the beginning of the year or prior to the first formal observation For the second evaluation: Four weeks prior to the end of the school year, the instructional practice score is completed. October of the following school year, Final Evaluations are 	 For the <u>first evaluation</u>: A post conference is scheduled within 5 days of the observation where the observation and evaluation results are shared. Teachers acknowledge their final evaluation score electronically using the iObservation platform. For the <u>second evaluation</u>: Instructional Practice scores are available through the iObservation platform four weeks prior to the end of the school year. 				

		completed, which include the instructional practice score, student growth score, and final score.	 October of the following year teachers receive an e-mail notification that the final evaluation is complete. Teachers acknowledge their final evaluation score electronically using the iObservation platform.
Hired after the beginning of the school year	2	 For the first evaluation: Occurs by the 60th day from the date of hire. The student data to be used for the interim evaluation is agreed upon by the evaluator and teacher at the beginning of the year or prior to the first formal observation For the second evaluation: Four weeks prior to the end of the school year, the instructional practice score is completed. October of the following school year, Final Evaluations are completed, which include the instructional practice score. 	 For the <u>first evaluation</u>: A post conference is scheduled within 5 days of the observation where the observation and evaluation results are shared. Teachers acknowledge their final evaluation score electronically using the iObservation platform. For the <u>second evaluation</u>: Instructional Practice scores are available through the iObservation platform four weeks prior to the end of the school year. October of the following year teachers receive an e-mail notification that the final evaluation is complete. Teachers acknowledge their final evaluation platform four weeks prior to the end of the school year.

Part IV: Evaluation Criteria

A. Instructional Practice

In this section, the district shall provide the following information regarding the instructional practice data that will be included for instructional personnel evaluations.

- 1. Pursuant to section 1012.34(3)(a)2., F.S., at least one-third of the evaluation must be based upon instructional practice. In <u>Pinellas County</u>, instructional practice accounts for <u>56.7</u>% of the instructional performance evaluation.
- 2. Description of the step-by-step calculation for determining the instructional practice rating for classroom and non-classroom instructional personnel, including performance standards for differentiating performance.

Calculating the Instructional Practice Score

The Instructional Practice score represent 56.7% of the final score for instructional staff members. The instructional practice calculation is completed using Competency-Based Scoring, which increases competency by requiring the scoring of all or majority of the elements. This applies to all instructional staff members including newly hired staff members.

Classroom Instructional Practice Score Calculation

- 1. Take the highest rating for each element.
- 2. In each Domain, add the ratings and divide by the number of rated elements. (Domain Score)
- 3. Weigh each Domain score. (Table 1.1)
- 4. Add the weighted Domain scores to receive an Instructional Practice Score.
- 5. The Instructional Practice score is applied to the scale. (Table 2)
 - For Domain 2: Standards-Based Instruction, the elements Identifying Critical Content and Helping Students Engage in Cognitively Complex Tasks are required. The other five highest rated elements will count towards the Domain Score.

Non-Classroom Instructional Practice Score Calculation

- 1. Take the highest rating for each element.
- 2. In each Domain, add the ratings and divide by the number of rated elements. (Domain Score)
- 3. Weigh each Domain score. (Table 1.2)
- 4. Add the weighted Domain scores to receive an Instructional Practice Score.
- 5. The Instructional Practice Score is applied to the scale. (Table 2)
 - For Domain 2: Supporting Student Achievement, the elements Demonstrating Knowledge of Students, Helping Students Meet Achievement Goals, and Identifying Critical Content are required. The other 3 highest rated elements will count towards the Domain Score.

Table 1.1: Classroom Framework

Standards-Based Planning	14%
Standards-Based Instruction	34%
Conditions for Learning	34%
Professional Responsibilities	18%

Table 2: Proficiency Scale

Highly Effective	3.45-4.0
Effective	2.45-3.44
Developing/Needs	1.45-2.44
Improvement:	
Unsatisfactory	1.0-1.44

Table 1.2: Non-Classroom Framework

Planning and Preparing to Provide Support	27%
Supporting Student Achievement	19%
Continuous Improvement of Professional Practice	18%
Professional Responsibilities	36%

B. Other Indicators of Performance

In this section, the district shall provide the following information regarding any other indicators of performance that will be included for instructional personnel evaluations.

- 1. Pursuant to section 1012.34(3)(a)4., F.S., up to one-third of the evaluation may be based upon other indicators of performance. In <u>Pinellas County</u>, other indicators of performance account for <u>10</u>% of the instructional performance evaluation.
- 2. Description of additional performance indicators, if applicable.

DELIBERATE PRACTICE PLAN (DPP)

The purpose of the DPP is to improve teacher practice in order to increase student achievement. Instructional staff will reflect upon their professional learning as it relates to impacting student progress; building upon their own professional growth. In order to complete the plan, individuals will complete self-assessments, review their schoolwide initiatives, consider student assessment data, prior year evaluation results and then identify learning goals that focus on student achievement. The DPP contains clearly defined goals and activities designed to improve teacher practice.

The Deliberate Practice Plan contains the following sections:

- Self-Assessment
- Select Target Element
- Identify Action Steps
- Submit Plan for Administrator Approval
- 3. Description of the step-by-step calculation for determining the other indicators of performance rating for classroom and non-classroom instructional personnel, including performance standards for differentiating performance.

Deliberate Practice Plans will be discussed at the beginning, middle and end of each school year. Administrator and/or teacher may document amendments and comments in the reflection log and/or comment section. The administrator and teacher both contribute input and notes to the DPP. Below is how the instructional staff is rated on their Deliberate Practice.

Deli	berate Practice Ratings
0	No goals written, no deliberate practice written
3	Goals written, didn't attend or finish training related to the goals
7	Goals written, training attended, no evidence of growth observed in classroom as it relates to goal.
10	Goals written, training attended, evidence of growth observed in classroom as it relates to goal.

C. Performance of Students

In this section, the district shall provide the following information regarding the student performance data that will be included for instructional personnel evaluations.

- 1. Pursuant to section 1012.34(3)(a)1., F.S., at least-one third of the performance evaluation must be based upon data and indicators of student performance, as determined by each school district. This portion of the evaluation must include growth or achievement data of the teacher's students over the course of at least three years. If less than three years of data are available, the years for which data are available must be used. Additionally, this proportion may be determined by instructional assignment. In <u>Pinellas County</u>, performance of students accounts for <u>33.3</u>% of the instructional performance evaluation.
- 2. Description of the step-by-step calculation for determining the student performance rating for classroom and non-classroom instructional personnel, including performance standards for differentiating performance.

Value-added model (VAM) is a statistical model used for the purpose of determining an individual teacher's contribution to student learning based on state-standardized assessments. The VAM score is used as the measure of student performance for teachers of VAM courses. A scale of 1 to 4 is provided by the DOE and used as 33.3% of final summative score.

National, state and local assessments listed in Appendix D are used to calculate student performance ratings for teachers who do not teach VAM courses. Student Growth scores are calculated by comparing performance of students on assessments to district averages for teachers who do not receive state-provided VAM scores. School administrators, instructional personnel who are not classroom teachers, and classroom teachers of students for courses not assessed by national, state, and local assessments use school VAM scores. School VAM scores are provided on a scale of 1 to 4 by the DOE.

- If a state-standardized assessment is available for a course, only that assessment will be used in the Student Performance portion of the evaluation.
- In cases where the local assessment is not ready or available, the district will derive the Student Performance score using state assessments or other standardized tests administered to the students assigned to the teacher.
- If an instructional staff member is assigned a combination of courses, the weight of each course in the VAM calculation will be proportionate to the amount of time assigned to each course(s).

For all instructional personnel, student performance data for three years, including the current year and the two years immediately preceding the current year, will be used when available.

- If less than the three most recent years of data are available, those years for which data are available must be used.
- Newly hired teachers will be assessed only using the current year's assessment data.

D. Summative Rating Calculation

In this section, the district shall provide the following information regarding the calculation of summative evaluation ratings for instructional personnel.

1. Description of the step-by-step calculation for determining the summative rating for classroom and non-classroom instructional personnel, including performance standards for differentiating performance.

The final summative calculation for classroom and non-classroom instructional personnel:

- The Instructional Practice Score weighted at 56.7%
- Student Performance Data weighted at 33.3%
- Deliberate Practice Score weighted at 10%.

A 4.0 scale is implemented for all instructional final evaluations. This scale is aligned to the four evaluation categories: Highly Effective, Effective, Needs Improvement (Developing for teachers in their first three years), and Unsatisfactory.

Each category will be defined as follows:

- Highly Effective: 3.45-4.0
- Effective: 2.45-3.44
- Developing/Needs Improvement: 1.45-2.44
- Unsatisfactory: 1.0-1.44
- Pursuant to section 1012.34(2)(e), F.S., the evaluation system for instructional personnel must differentiate across four levels of performance. Using the district's calculation methods and cut scores described above in sections A – C, illustrate how a second-grade teacher and a ninth grade English language arts teacher can earn a highly effective and an unsatisfactory summative performance rating respectively.

Senario 1	Highly	Effective	2nd	Grade	Teacher
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Final Score: 3.64 - Highly Effective						
Instructional Practice Score Student Growth Score Deliberate Practice Score						
3.65	3.5	4.0				
Highly Effective	Highly Effective					

Domain	Element	Formal 1	Formal 2	Targeted	Highest Rating	Domain Score	Weighted Score
	1	2	3		3		
1	2	3	4		4	3.666666667	
	3	3	4		4	†	
	4*	3	3	4	4		
	5	3	3		3	t	
	6	3	4		4	Ţ	
	7	0	3	4	4	Ţ	
2	8	2	3		3	3.571428571	1.2143
2	9	0	3	4	4	5.5/14265/1	1.2145
	10	1	2		** 2		
	11	1	2		** 2		
	12	0	1		** 1	İ	
	13*	0	3		3		
	14	3	4		4		
	15	3	3		3	Ι	
	16	4	3		4	[
3	17	3	3		3	3.714285714	1.2629
	18	3	4		4	•	
	19	3	4		4		
	20	3	4		4		
	21	2	3		3		
4	22	3	4		4	3.666666667	0.6600
	23	4	3		4		
						IP Score	3.6505
*Required Elements					**Dropped	IP Score Text	Highly Effective

Student Growth Score: 3.5 Highly Effective

Student Growth score calculated for Second Grade Teacher utilizing the MAP assessment. See comparison model, also included in Appendix D - Student Performance

Deliberate Practice Score: 4.0 Highly Effective

Deliberate Practice score calculated using the rated Deliberate Practice Plan based on the rubric. See Section B. Other Indicators of Performance

Grade 2 Reading MAP Tests – Comparison Model

Uses MAP performance and comparison to the district averages to assign a student performance score.

MAP Spring 2019 Results – Performance	Class Average So	core of MAP Fall 2018 Adminis	tration (179 RIT)
Compared to the District Average RIT			
Score <u>189</u>	Low <164	Average 165-192	High > 193
Performance for Current Year Highest 207+	HE 4	HE 3.75	HE 3.5
Performance for Current Year Higher 198-206	HE 3.5	E 3.25	E 3
Performance for Current Year Average 186-197	E 3.25	E 3	E 2.75
Performance for Current Year Lower 171-185	E 3	E 2.75	NI 2.25
Performance for Current Year Lowest -170	E 2.75	NI 1.5	U 1.25

	Highly Effective	Effective	Needs Imp.	Unsatisfactory
Student Growth 4-pt Scale	3.5-4	2.5-3.49	1.5-2.49	1-1.49

Final Score: 1.37 - Unsatisfactory							
Instructional Practice Score	Student Growth Score	Deliberate Practice Score					
1.25	2.0	0.0					
Unsatisfactory	Developing/Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory					

Senario 2 - Unsatisfactory 2nd Grade Teacher

Instructional Practice Score: 1.25 Unsatisfactory

Domain	Element	Formal 1	Formal 2	Targeted	Highest Rating	Domain Score	Weighted Score
	1	0	1		1		
1	2	1	1		1	1	0.1400
	3	1	1		1		
	4*	2	2	2	2		
	5	0	1		1		
	6	1	1		1		
	7	0	0	2	2		
2	8	2	2		2	1.285714286	0.4371
-	9	0	0	1	1	1.200714200	0.4071
	10	1	1		** 1		
	11	1	1		** 1		
	12	0	0		** 0		
	13*	0	0		0		
	14	2	2		2		
	15	1	1		1		
	16	1	0		1		
3	17	1	1		1	1.285714286	0.4371
	18	1	1		1		
	19	1	2		2		
	20	1	1		1		
	21	2	2		2		
4	22	1	1		1	1.333333333	0.2400
	23	1	1		1		
	+	-			***	IP Score	1.2543
	*Required	Elements			**Dropped	IP Score Text	Unsatisfactory

Student Growth Score: 2.0 Developing/Needs Improvement

Student Growth score calculated for Second Grade Teacher utilizing the MAP assessment. See comparison model, also included in Appendix D - Student Performance

Deliberate Practice Score: 0.0 Unsatisfactory

Deliberate Practice score calculated using the rated Deliberate Practice Plan based on the rubric. See Section B. Other Indicators of Performance

Grade 2 Reading MAP Tests – Comparison Model 2018-2019

Uses MAP performance and comparison to the district averages to assign a student performance score.

MAP Spring 2019 Results – Performance	Class Average So	core of MAP Fall 2018 Adminis	tration (179 RIT)
Compared to the District Average RIT			
Score <u>189</u>	Low <164	Average 165-192	High > 193
Performance for Current Year Highest 207+	HE 4	HE 3.75	HE 3.5
Performance for Current Year Higher 198-206	HE 3.5	E 3.25	E 3
Performance for Current Year Average 186-197	E 3.25	E 3	E 2.75
Performance for Current Year Lower 171-185	E 3	E 2.75	NI 2.25
Performance for Current Year Lowest -170	E 2.75	NI 1.5	U 1.25

	Highly Effective	Effective	Needs Imp.	Unsatisfactory
Student Growth 4-pt Scale	3.5-4	2.5-3.49	1.5-2.49	1-1.49

Final Score: 3.64 - Highly Effective						
Instructional Practice Score Student Growth Score Deliberate Practice Score						
3.65	3.5	4.0				
Highly Effective	Highly Effective	Highly Effective				

Senario 3 - Highly Effective 9th Grade English Language Arts Teacher

Instructional Practice Score: 3.5 Highly Effective							
Domain	Element	Formal 1	Formal 2	Targeted	Highest Rating	Domain Score	Weighted Score
	1	2	3		3		0.5133
1	2	3	4		4	3.666666667	
	3	3	4		4		
	4*	3	3	4	4		
	5	3	3		3		
	6	3	4		4		
	7	0	3	4	4		
2	8	2	3		3	3.571428571	1.2143
-	9	0	3	4	4	0.0/14200/1	1.2140
	10	1	2		•• 2		
	11	1	2		•• 2		
	12	0	1		•• 1		
	13*	0	3		3		
	14	3	4		4		
	15	3	3		3		
	16	4	3		4		
3	17	3	3		3	3.714285714	1.2629
	18	3	4		4		
	19	3	4		4		
	20	3	4		4		
	21	2	3		3	4	
4	22	3	4		4	3.666666667 0.66	0.6600
	23	4	3		4		
						IP Score	3.6505
	 Required 	Elements			**Dropped	IP Score Text	Highly Effective

Student Growth Score: 3.5 Highly Effective

Student Growth score calculated for 9th Grade ELA teacher using the state-provided VAM score classification based on students enrolled in 9th Grade ELA courses. See Appendix D - Student Performance

Deliberate Practice Score: 4.0 Highly Effective

Deliberate Practice score calculated using the rated Deliberate Practice Plan based on the rubric. See Section B. Other Indicators of Performance

Final Score: 1.37 - Unsatisfactory							
	tructional Practice Score 1.25 Unsatisfactory		e Student Growt 2.0 Developing/Needs In				nte Practice Score 0.0 Insatisfactory
Instructional Practice Score: 1.25 Unsatisfactory							
Domain	Element	Formal 1	Formal 2	Targeted	Highest Rating	Domain Score	Weighted Score
	1	0	-		1	-	
1	2	1	1		1	-	0.1400
	3	1	1		1		
	4*	2	2	2	2	-	
	5	0	1		1		
	6	1	1		1	-	
	7	0	0	2	2	-	
2	8	2	2		2	1 28571/286	0.4371
	9	0	0	1	1		
	10	1	1		** 1	-	
	11	1	1		** 1		
	12	0	0		** 0		
	13*	0	0		0		
	14	2	2		2		
	15	1	1		1	-	
	16	1	0		1	-	
3	17	1	1		1	-	0.4371
	18	1	1		1	-	
	19	1	2		2		
	20	2					
4	21 22	2			2	-	0.2400
4	22	1	1		1	-	0.2400
	23	1	1		1	IP Score	1.2543
	*Dequired	Elements			**Dropped	IP Score Text	Unsatisfactory
	Required	Liements			Dropped	IF SCOLE LEXE	onsatisfactory

Scenario 4 - Unsatisfactory 9th Grade English Language Arts Teacher

Student Growth Score: 2.0 Developing/Needs Improvement

Student Growth score calculated for 9th Grade ELA teacher using the state-provided VAM score classification based on students enrolled in 9th Grade ELA courses. See Appendix D - Student Performance

Deliberate Practice Score: 0.0 Unsatisfactory

Deliberate Practice score calculated using the rated Deliberate Practice Plan based on the rubric. See Section B. Other Indicators of Performance

Appendix A – Evaluation Framework Crosswalk

In Appendix A, the district shall include a crosswalk of the district's evaluation framework to each of the Florida Educator Accomplished Practices (FEAPs).

Quality of Instruction

FLORIDA EDUCATOR ACCOMPLISHED PRACTICES	MARZANO FOCUSED TEACHER EVALUATION MODEL
1. Instructional Design and Lesson Planning. Applying concepts from human development and learning theories, the effective educator consistently:	
a. Aligns instruction with state-adopted standards at the appropriate level of rigor;	 Planning Standards-Based Lessons/Units Aligning Resources to Standard(s)
b. Sequences lessons and concepts to ensure coherence and required prior knowledge;	 Planning Standards-Based Lessons/Units Aligning Resources to Standard(s)
c. Designs instruction for students to achieve mastery;	 Planning Standards-Based Lessons/Units Aligning Resources to Standard(s) Planning to Close the Achievement Gap Using Data
d. Selects appropriate formative assessments to monitor learning;	Using Formative Assessment to Track Progress
e. Uses diagnostic student data to plan lessons; and,	 Planning Standards-Based Lessons/Units Aligning Resources to Standard(s) Planning to Close the Achievement Gap Using Data Using Formative Assessment to Track Progress
f. Develops learning experiences that require students to demonstrate a variety of applicable skills and competencies.	 Planning Standards-Based Lessons/Units Aligning Resources to Standard(s) Planning to Close the Achievement Gap Using Data
2. The Learning Environment. To maintain a student-centered learning environment that is safe, organized, equitable, flexible, inclusive, and collaborative, the effective educator consistently:	
a. Organizes, allocates, and manages the resources of time, space, and attention;	 Aligning Resources to Standard(s) Organizing Students to Interact with Content Establishing and Acknowledging Adherence to Rules and Procedures Using Engagement Strategies
b. Manages individual and class behaviors through a well- planned management system;	 Organizing Students to Interact with Content Establishing and Acknowledging Adherence to Rules and Procedures
c. Conveys high expectations to all students;	• Communicating High Expectations for Each Student to Close the Achievement Gap

FLORIDA EDUCATOR ACCOMPLISHED PRACTICES	MARZANO FOCUSED TEACHER EVALUATION MODEL
d. Respects students' cultural, linguistic and family background;	 Establishing and Maintaining Effective Relationships in a Student-Centered Classroom Communicating High Expectations for Each Student to Close the Achievement Gap
e. Models clear, acceptable oral and written communication skills;	 Providing Feedback and Celebrating Progress Establishing and Maintaining Effective Relationships in a Student-Centered Classroom Communicating High Expectations for Each Student to Close the Achievement Gap Adhering to School and District Policies and Procedures Promoting Teacher Leadership and Collaboration
f. Maintains a climate of openness, inquiry, fairness and support;	 Providing Feedback and Celebrating Progress Establishing and Maintaining Effective Relationships in a Student-Centered Classroom Communicating High Expectations for Each Student to Close the Achievement Gap Promoting Teacher Leadership and Collaboration
g. Integrates current information and communication technologies;	 Aligning Resources to Standard(s) Planning to Close the Achievement Gap Using Data Adhering to School and District Policies and Procedures Maintaining Expertise in Content and Pedagogy Promoting Teacher Leadership and Collaboration
h. Adapts the learning environment to accommodate the differing needs and diversity of students; and,	 Planning to Close the Achievement Gap Using Data Organizing Students to Interact with Content Establishing and Maintaining Effective Relationship in a Student-Centered Classroom Communicating High Expectations for Each Student to Close the Achievement Gap Maintaining Expertise in Content and Pedagogy

FLORIDA EDUCATOR ACCOMPLISHED PRACTICES	MARZANO FOCUSED TEACHER EVALUATION MODEL
i. Utilizes current and emerging assistive technologies that enable students to participate in high-quality communication interactions and achieve their educational goals.	 Planning to Close the Achievement Gap Using Data Establishing and Maintaining Effective Relationships in a Student-Centered Classroom Communicating High Expectations for Each Student to Close the Achievement Gap Maintaining Expertise in Content and Pedagogy
3. Instructional Delivery and Facilitation . The effective educator consistently utilizes a deep and comprehensive knowledge of the subject taught to:	
a. Deliver engaging and challenging lessons;	 Planning to Close the Achievement Gap Using Data Using Questions to Help Students Elaborate on Content Helping Student Practice Skills, Strategies, and Processes Helping Students Examine Similarities and Differences Helping Students Revise Knowledge Organizing Students to Interact with Content Using Engagement Strategies
b. Deepen and enrich students' understanding through content area literacy strategies, verbalization of thought, and application of the subject matter;	 Using Questions to Help Students Elaborate on Content Reviewing Content Helping Student Practice Skills, Strategies, and Processes Helping Students Examine Similarities and Differences Helping Students Examine Their Reasoning Helping Students Revise Knowledge Helping Students Engage in Cognitively Complex Tasks Organizing Students to Interact with Content Using Engagement Strategies
c. Identify gaps in students' subject matter knowledge;	 Planning Standards-Based Lessons/Units Identifying Critical Content from the Standards Using Formative Assessment to Track Progress

FLORIDA EDUCATOR ACCOMPLISHED PRACTICES	MARZANO FOCUSED TEACHER EVALUATION MODEL
d. Modify instruction to respond to preconceptions or misconceptions;	 Planning Standards-Based Lessons/Units Aligning Resources to Standard(s) Identifying Critical Content from the Standard(s) Previewing New Content Reviewing Content Establishing and Maintaining Effective Relationships in a Student-Centered Classroom Using Formative Assessment to Track Progress
e. Relate and integrate the subject matter with other disciplines and life experiences;	 Planning Standards-Based Lessons/Units Aligning Resources to Standard(s) Using Engagement Strategies Establishing and Maintaining Effective Relationships in a Student-Centered Classroom
f. Employ higher-order questioning techniques;	 Using Questions to Help Students Elaborate on Content Helping Student Practice Skills, Strategies, and Processes Helping Students Examine Similarities and Differences Helping Students Revise Knowledge Helping Students Engage in Cognitively Complex Tasks
g. Apply varied instructional strategies and resources, including appropriate technology, to provide comprehensible instruction, and to teach for student understanding;	 Planning Standards-Based Lessons/Units Aligning Resources to Standard(s) Identifying Critical Content from the Standards Previewing New Content Helping Students Process New Content Using Questions to Help Students Elaborate on Content Reviewing Content Helping Student Practice Skills, Strategies, and Processes Helping Students Examine Similarities and Differences Helping Students Revise Knowledge Helping Students Engage in Cognitively Complex Tasks Using Formative Assessment to Track Progress

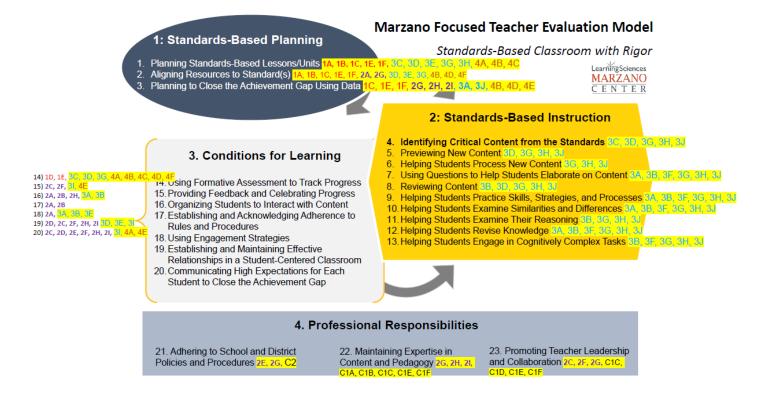
FLORIDA EDUCATOR ACCOMPLISHED PRACTICES	MARZANO FOCUSED TEACHER EVALUATION MODEL
h. Differentiate instruction based on an assessment of student learning needs and recognition of individual differences in students;	 Planning to Close the Achievement Gap Using Data Identifying Critical Content from the Standards Previewing New Content Helping Students Process New Content Using Questions to Help Students Elaborate on Content Reviewing Content Helping Student Practice Skills, Strategies, and Processes Helping Students Examine Similarities and Differences Helping Students Revise Knowledge Helping Students Engage in Cognitively Complex Tasks
i. Support, encourage, and provide immediate and specific feedback to students to promote student achievement; and,	 Providing Feedback and Celebrating Progress Establishing and Maintaining Effective Relationships in a Student-Centered Classroom Communicating High Expectations for Each Student to Close the Achievement Gap
j. Utilize student feedback to monitor instructional needs and to adjust instruction.	 Planning to Close the Achievement Gap Using Data Identifying Critical Content from the Standards Previewing New Content Helping Students Process New Content Using Questions to Help Students Elaborate on Content Reviewing Content Helping Student Practice Skills, Strategies, and Processes Helping Students Examine Similarities and Differences Helping Students Revise Knowledge Helping Students Engage in Cognitively Complex Tasks

FLORIDA EDUCATOR ACCOMPLISHED PRACTICES	MARZANO FOCUSED TEACHER EVALUATION MODEL
4. Assessment. The effective educator consistently:	
a. Analyzes and applies data from multiple assessments and measures to diagnose students' learning needs, informs instruction based on those needs, and drives the learning process;	 Planning to Close the Achievement Gap Using Data Using Formative Assessment to Track Progress Communicating High Expectations for Each Student to Close the Achievement Gap
b. Designs and aligns formative and summative assessments that match learning objectives and lead to mastery;	 Planning Standards-Based Lessons/Units Aligning Resources to Standard(s) Planning to Close the Achievement Gap Using Data Using Formative Assessment to Track Progress
c. Uses a variety of assessment tools to monitor student progress, achievement and learning gains;	 Planning to Close the Achievement Gap Using Data Using Formative Assessment to Track Progress
d. Modifies assessments and testing conditions to accommodate learning styles and varying levels of knowledge;	 Aligning Resources to Standard(s) Planning to Close the Achievement Gap Using Data Using Formative Assessment to Track Progress
e. Shares the importance and outcomes of student assessment data with the student and the student's parent/caregiver(s); and,	 Planning to Close the Achievement Gap Using Data Providing Feedback and Celebrating Progress Communicating High Expectations for Each Student to Close the Achievement Gap
f.Applies technology to organize and integrate assessment information.	 Aligning Resources to Standard(s) Using Formative Assessment to Track Progress

Continuous Improvement, Responsibility and Ethics

FLORIDA EDUCATOR ACCOMPLISHED PRACTICES	MARZANO FOCUSED TEACHER EVALUATION MODEL
1. Continuous Professional Improvement. The effective educator consistently:	
a. Designs purposeful goals to strengthen the effectiveness of instruction based on students' needs;	• Maintaining Expertise in Content and Pedagogy
b. Examines and uses data-informed research to improve instruction and student achievement;	Maintaining Expertise in Content and Pedagogy
c.Uses a variety of data, independently, and in collaboration with colleagues, to evaluate learning outcomes, adjust planning and continuously improve the effectiveness of the lessons;	 Promoting Teacher Leadership and Collaboration

FLORIDA EDUCATOR ACCOMPLISHED PRACTICES	MARZANO FOCUSED TEACHER EVALUATION MODEL
d. Collaborates with the home, school and larger communities to foster communication and to support student learning and continuous improvement;	Promoting Teacher Leadership and Collaboration
e. Engages in targeted professional growth opportunities and reflective practices; and,	 Maintaining Expertise in Content and Pedagogy Promoting Teacher Leadership and Collaboration
f. Implements knowledge and skills learned in professional development in the teaching and learning process.	 Maintaining Expertise in Content and Pedagogy Promoting Teacher Leadership and Collaboration
2. Professional Responsibility and Ethical Conduct . Understanding that educators are held to a high moral standard in a community, the effective educator adheres to the Code of Ethics and the Principles of Professional Conduct of the Education Profession of Florida, pursuant to Rules 6A-10.080 and 6A-10.081, F.A.C., and fulfills the expected obligations to students, the public and the education profession.	Adhering to School/District Policies and Procedures



Appendix B – Observation Instruments for Classroom Teachers

In Appendix B, the district shall include the observation rubric(s) to be used for collecting instructional practice data for classroom teachers.

STANDARDS-BASED PLANNING

- Planning Standards-Based Lessons/Units
- Aligning Resources to Standard(s)
- Planning to Close the Achievement Gap Using Data

CONDITIONS FOR LEARNING

- Using Formative Assessment to Track Progress
- Providing Feedback and Celebrating Progress
- Organizing Students to Interact with Content
- Establishing and Acknowledging Adherence to Rules and Procedures
- Using Engagement Strategies
- Establishing and Maintaining Effective Relationships in a Student-Centered Classroom
- Communicating High Expectations for Each Student to Close the Achievement Gap

STANDARDS-BASED INSTRUCTION

- Identifying Critical Content from the Standards
 Previewing New Content
- Helping Students Process New Content
- Using Questions to Help Students Elaborate on Content
- Reviewing Content
- Helping Students Practice Skills, Strategies, and Processes
- Helping Students Examine Similarities and Differences
- Helping Students Examine Their Reasoning
- Helping Students Revise Knowledge
- Helping Students Engage in Cognitively Complex Tasks

PROFESSIONAL RESPONSIBILITIES

- Adhering to School and District Policies and Procedures
- Maintaining Expertise in Content and Pedagogy
- Promoting Teacher Leadership and Collaboration

Diamatican Chandraid	Planning Standards-Based Lessons/Units					
	g established content stan		gorous units with learning	targets embedded		
	ale that demonstrates a pro					
	r provides evidence of imp		ans aligned to grade level	standard(s) using		
	ed in a performance scale					
Planning Evidence (Ch	eck all that apply)					
_						
	s on the essential standard					
	e that builds a progression		e to complex			
	ng targets aligned to the ri					
	ic instructional strategies a learning will scaffold from			in a line of the line in		
authentic ways	learning will scattoid from	an understanding of found	ational content to applicat	ion of information in		
	d with teachable chunks of	content				
	essons/units are integrated					
	earning targets and unit pl		and sequence			
	equity is addressed in the					
When appropriate, p	ans illustrate how Individu	ualized Education Plans (II	EPs)/personal learning pla	ins are addressed in the		
classroom						
	ans illustrate how EL stra					
When appropriate, p	ans integrate cultural con	npetencies and/or standard	ds			
Example Implementation	on Evidence (Check all the	at apply)				
		with the second second second				
Desson plans align t Desson plans align t	o grade level standard(s) v eted student assignments/	work domonstrate that loss	ormanice scale	avail standards/tamats		
at the appropriate ta		work demonsulate diacress	sons are aligned to grade i	everstandardsitargets		
	eted student assignments/	work require practice with	complex text and its acade	emic language		
Planned and complete Planned Planned And Complete Planned Planned And Complete Planned Planne	eted student assignments/	work demonstrate develop	ment of applicable mather	natical practices		
Planned and complete	eted student assignments/	work demonstrate groundi	ng in real-world application	n		
Planned and complete	eted student assignments/	work demonstrate how equ	uity has been addressed in	the lesson/unit		
	eted student assignments/		ividualized Education Plan	is (IEPs)/personal		
	been addressed in the les					
	eted student assignments/	work demonstrate how EL	strategies have been add	ressed in the		
lesson/unit		and the first second second	5	tent on a Table to the in		
 Planned and comple cultures 	eted student assignments/	work indicate opportunities	for students to insert con	tent specific to their		
	e the teacher helps others	by sharing evidence of pl	anning and implementing	lesson/unit plans		
	el standards (e.g. PLC not			essoriumit plans		
Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)		
Makes no attempt to	Using established	Using established	Using established	Helps others by		
plan rigorous units with	content standards,	content standards,	content standards,	sharing evidence of		
learning targets	attempts to plan	plans rigorous units	plans rigorous units	implementing		
embedded within a	embedded within a rigorous units with with learning targets with learning targets lessons/units plans					
	performance scale that learning targets embedded within a embedded within a aligned to grade level					
demonstrates a	embedded within a	performance scale that	performance scale that	standard(s) using		
progression of	performance scale that	demonstrates a	demonstrates a	learning targets		
learning.	demonstrates a	progression of	progression of learning	embedded in a		
	progression of learning.	learning.	and provides evidence of implementing	performance scale and the impacts on		
	reatting.		lessons/units plans	student learning.		
			ressonarunits plans	avoid the recent may.		

aligned to grade level standard(s) using

learning targets embedded in a performance scale.

Aligning Resource	s to Standard(s)			
		al and/or digital resources	s for use in standards-base	d units and lessons.
	-	-	upport teaching standards	
lessons.		-		
Planning Evidence (Ch	eck all that apply)			
		such as text books, man	ipulatives, primary source r	naterials, etc. at the
	text complexity to impleme			
Plans integrate a va	riety of text types (structur	es)		
Plans incorporate no				
	ards for Mathematical Pra			
	vailable technology will be	used		
 Interactive white 				
 Response systematics 				
 Voting technolo 				
 One-to-one con Social networki 				
	ng siles			
 Blogs Wikis 				
 Discussion boa 	nde			
		thin the community that w	ill be used to enhance stud	lents' understanding of
	ural and ethnic resources)			teritor and crostantaling of
			a co-teacher, paraprofessi	ional, one-on-one tutor,
	ement the unit or lesson pla			
Example Implementation	on Evidence (Check all th	at apply)		
	s are appropriately aligned	to grade level standards	i	
 Text books 				
 Manipulatives 				
 Primary source 	materials e appropriately aligned to g	ando lougi standarde		
 Interactive white 		grade level standards		
 Response systematic 				
 Voting technolo 				
One-to-one con				
 Social networki 				
 Blogs 				
 Wikis 				
 Discussion boa 	rds			
Planned student ass	signments/work incorporate	e the use of traditional an	d/or digital resources, and f	facilitate learning of the
standards			-	-
			ext types (including structur	res and nonfiction) and
	propriate level of text comp			
		asoning and explaining, m	odeling and using tools, se	eing structure and
generalizing of math	iematics include those specific to st	udonte' culture		
			lanning and implementing	supporting resources
aligned to grade lev	el standards (e.g. PLC not	es emails bloos sample	units discussion group)	supporting resources
angenes to grade fee		and a company programming	and, and a south of group/	
Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)
Teacher plan does not	Teacher plan includes	Teacher plan includes	Teacher plan includes	Helps others by
include traditional	traditional and/or	traditional and/or	traditional and/or digital	sharing evidence of
and/or digital	digital resources for	digital resources for	resources for use in	including and
resources for use in	use in standards-	use in standards-	standards-based units	implementing
standards-based units	based units and	based units and	and lessons and	traditional and/or

Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)
Teacher plan does not include traditional and/or digital resources for use in standards-based units and lessons.	Teacher plan includes traditional and/or digital resources for use in standards- based units and lessons that do not support the lesson.	Teacher plan includes traditional and/or digital resources for use in standards- based units and lessons.	Teacher plan includes traditional and/or digital resources for use in standards-based units and lessons and provides evidence of implementing traditional and/or digital resources to support teaching standards-based units and lessons.	Helps others by sharing evidence of including and implementing traditional and/or digital resources to support teaching standards-based units and lessons.

Planning to Close the Achievement Gap Using Data
Focus Statement: Teacher uses data to identify and plan to meet the needs of each student in order to close the
achievement gap.
Desired Effect: Teacher provides data showing that each student (including English learners [EL], exceptional education
students, gifted and talented, socio-economic status, ethnicity) makes progress towards closing the achievement gap.
Planning Evidence (Check all that apply)
Plans include a process for helping students track their individual progress on learning targets
Plans specify accommodations and/or adaptations for individual EL or groups of students
Plans specify accommodations and/or adaptations for individual or groups of students receiving special education according to the Individualized Education Plan (IEP)
Plans specify accommodations and/or adaptations for students who appear to have little support for schooling
Plans cite the data and rationale used to identify and incorporate accommodations
Plans include potential instructional adjustments that could be made based on student evidence/data
Plans take into consideration equity issues (i.e. family resources for assisting with homework and/or providing other
resources required for class)
Plans take into consideration how to communicate with families with diverse needs (i.e. English is a second language, cultural considerations, deaf and hearing impaired, visually impaired, etc.)
Productive changes are made to lesson plans in response to formative assessment (monitoring)
A coherent record-keeping system is developed and maintained on student learning
Example Implementation Evidence (Check all that apply)
Planned student assignments/work reflect accommodations and/or adaptations used for individual students or sub-groups
(e.g. EL, gifted, etc.) at the appropriate grade level targets
Planned student assignments/work reflect accommodations and/or adaptations for individual or groups of students
receiving special education according to the Individualized Education Plan (IEP) at the appropriate grade level targets Planned student assignments/work reflect accommodations and/or adaptations for students who appear to have little
support for schooling
Planned student assignments/work show students track their individual progress on learning targets
Formative and summative measures indicate individual and class progress towards learning targets and modifications
made as needed
Information about student progress is regularly sent home
Artifacts demonstrate the teacher helps others by sharing evidence of how to use data to plan and implement
lessons/units that result in closing the achievement gap (e.g. PLC notes, emails, blogs, sample units, discussion group)

Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)
Makes no attempt to use data to identify and plan to meet the needs of each student in order to close the achievement gap.	Attempts to use data to identify and plan to meet the needs of each student in order to close the achievement gap.	Uses data to identify and plan to meet the needs of each student in order to close the achievement gap.	Uses data to identify and plan to meet the needs of each student in order to close the achievement gap and provides evidence of data showing that each student (including English learners [EL], exceptional education students, gifted and talented, socio- economic status, ethnicity) makes progress towards closing the achievement gap.	Helps others by sharing evidence of using data showing that each student (including English learners [EL], exceptional education students, gifted and talented, socio- economic status, ethnicity) makes progress towards closing the achievement gap.

	Identifying Critical Content from the Standards (Required evidence in every lesson)					
			ed learning targets (embedded within	a performance scale)		
	to identify accurate critical content during a lesson or part of a lesson.					
		ive data) demonstrates students k	now what content is important and wh	nat is not important as		
	earning target(s).					
Example Teach	her Instructional	Techniques (Check all that apply)				
 Identify a le Begin and e 	arning target align end the lesson with	ed to the grade level standard(s) h focus on the learning target to in	dicate the critical content of the lesso	n		
Provide a le	earning target emb	edded in a scale specifying critica	I content from the standard(s)			
		the target and/or scale throughout				
	erences between t I accurately teach	the critical content from the standa	rd(s) and non-critical content			
		identify critical content for each 'ch	unk' of the learning progression			
Use verbal/		actuary and an content for court of	and of the rearing progression			
Use storyte	lling and/or drama					
Model how	to identify meanin	g and purpose in a text				
		to the critical content	College to the Least of Least of College			
			ctivities to the learning target/critical o	ontent		
Example react	ier rechniques to	or Monitoring for Learning (Cheo	acan unacappiy)			
🗆 Use a Grou	up Activity to mor	itor that students know what conte	ent is important			
			at students know what content is imp	ortant		
		monitor that students know what o				
		s to monitor that students know w				
			s who demonstrate achievement of th			
that apply.)	what content is imp	ortant. Student evidence is obtain	ed as the teacher uses a monitoring t	echnique. Check all		
ulai appiy.)						
Student cor	nversation in group	ps focus on critical content				
Generate s	hort written respon	nse (i.e. summary, entrance/exit tio				
		tations (i.e. diagram, model, scale)			
		is on critical content				
		s on critical content characteristics of key concepts/crit	ical content			
		ical practices in critical content				
		involve explanatory content spec	ific to their culture			
Example Adap	tations a teacher	can make after monitoring stud	ent evidence and determining how	many students		
demonstrate th	ne desired learnin	ng (Check all that apply)	_			
D Detrock	une a new teache	r technique	D Modify the test			
	use a new teache	rtechnique	Modify the task Provide additional resources			
Reorganize groups Provide additional resources Utilize peer resources						
Not Using (0) Strategy was	Beginning (1) Uses strategy	Developing (2) Uses the progression of	Applying (3) Uses the progression of	Innovating (4) Based on student		
called for but	incorrectly or	standards-based learning	standards-based learning targets	evidence.		
not exhibited.	with parts	targets embedded within a	embedded within a performance	implements		
	missing.	performance scale to identify	scale to identify accurate critical	adaptations to		
		accurate critical content during	content during a lesson or part of	achieve the desired		
	a lesson or part of a lesson, a lesson. effect in more than					
		but less than the majority of	The desired effect is displayed in	90% of the student evidence at the		
		students are displaying the desired effect in student	The desired effect is displayed in the majority of student evidence at	taxonomy level of		
		evidence at the taxonomy level	the taxonomy level of the critical	the critical content.		
	of the critical content.					

Previewing New	v Contont					
		dente in convincion activities that	term in all deals to second a	ing been ded as as 3		
	Focus Statement: Teacher engages students in previewing activities that require students to access prior knowledge as it relates to the new content.					
			Fel free destables less to	that is about to be		
	dence (formative dat	a) demonstrates students make a	link from what they know to v	what is about to be		
learned.						
Example Teacher I	nstructional Techni	iques (Check all that apply)				
Use preview qu Use K-W-L stra	estions before instru tegy or variation	elationship between prior ideas a ction or a teacher-directed activity		he new content)		
Frovide advance Facilitate a stud		tline, graphic organizer)				
	n guide or other pre-a	ecocomont activity				
		ivity (e.g. anecdote, short multim	edia selection, simulation/dem	ionstration.		
manipulatives)						
		edia to help students make linka				
		tudents making a link from what t				
		seen mathematical patterns or st				
Example Teacher	echniques for Mon	itoring for Learning (Check all t	hat apply)			
Use Student W content Use Response	lork (Recording and Methods to monitor	at students can make a link from p Representing) to monitor that stu that students can make a link fro onitor that students can make a lin	dents can make a link from pr on prior learning to the new co	ior learning to the new		
		Effect (Percent of students who				
students can make	a link from prior learn e. Check all that app	ing to the new content. Student e	vidence is obtained as the tea	acher uses a		
 Identify basic relationship between prior content and new content Explain linkages with prior knowledge in individual or group work Make predictions about new content Summarize the purpose for new content Explain how prior standards or learning targets link to the new content Explain linkages between mathematical patterns and structure from previous grades/lessons and current content 						
Example Adaptations a teacher can make after monitoring student evidence and determining how many students						
demonstrate the desired learning (Check all that apply)						
Reteach or use a new teacher technique Modify the task						
Reorganize groups Provide additional resources						
Utilize peer resources						
Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)		

Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)
Strategy was called for but not exhibited.	Uses strategy incorrectly or with parts missing.	Engages students in previewing activities that require students to access prior knowledge as it relates to the new content, but less than the majority of students are displaying the desired effect in student evidence at the taxonomy level of the critical content.	Engages students in previewing activities that require students to access prior knowledge as it relates to the new content. The desired effect is displayed in the majority of student evidence at the taxonomy level of the critical content.	Based on student evidence, implements adaptations to achieve the desired effect in more than 90% of the student evidence at the taxonomy level of the critical content.

		New Content		
Focus Stateme	ent: Teacher syste	matically engages student grou	ps in processing and generating c	onclusions about new
content.				
		-	s can summarize and generate cor	nclusions about the new
content during in	nteractions with ot	her students.		
Example Teach	her Instructional	Techniques (Check all that app	ly)	
 Break content into appropriate chunks Employ formal group processing strategies Jigsaw Reciprocal teaching Concept attainment Use informal strategies to engage group members in active processing Predictions Associations Paraphrasing Verbal summarizing Questioning Facilitate group members in summarizing and/or generating conclusions Facilitate recording and representing new knowledge Facilitate quantitative and qualitative reasoning of key mathematical concepts 				
		propriately chunk content based or Monitoring for Learning (Ch	on student evidence and feedbac	k
Use Stude about the c Use Respo Use Quest Example Stude students can su	nt Work (Recordin ontent ioning Sequence ent Evidence of D	ng and Representing) to monitor monitor that students can summ s to monitor that students can s esired Effect (Percent of stude erate conclusions about the con	te and generate conclusions about that students can summarize and arize and generate conclusions ab ummarize and generate conclusio nts who demonstrate achievement tent. Student evidence is obtained	I generate conclusions cout the content ns about the content t of the desired effect that
 Discuss and answer questions about the new content in groups Generate conclusions about the new content in group or written work Actively discuss the new content in groups Summarize or paraphrase the just learned content Record and represent new knowledge Make predictions about what they expect to learn next Summarize or draw conclusions from complex text and its academic language Use repeated reasoning and abstract, quantitative, or qualitative reasoning Example Adaptations a teacher can make after monitoring student evidence and determining how many students 				
demonstrate the desired learning (Check all that apply)				
☐ Reteach or ☐ Reorganize ☐ Utilize peer		r technique	Modify task to appropriate of Provide additional resource	
Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (2)	Innovating (A)
Strategy was	Uses strategy	Developing (2) Systematically engages	Applying (3) Systematically engages	Innovating (4) Based on student
called for but	incorrectly or	student groups in processing		evidence, implements

Strategy was	Uses strategy	Systematically engages	Systematically engages	Based on student
called for but	incorrectly or	student groups in processing	student groups in processing	evidence, implements
not exhibited.	with parts	and generating conclusions	and generating conclusions	adaptations to achieve
	missing.	about new content, but less	about new content.	the desired effect in more
		than the majority of students		than 90% of the student
		are displaying the desired	The desired effect is displayed	evidence at the
		effect in student evidence at	in the majority of student	taxonomy level of the
		the taxonomy level of the	evidence at the taxonomy level	critical content.
		critical content.	of the critical content.	

Lising Quest	tions to Help 9	Students Elaborate on Cor	atent	
			ex questions that require students	to critically think about
the content.		a sequence of marcashighy comp		to anothy chine about
Desired Effect:	Evidence (format	ive data) demonstrates students a	ccurately elaborate on content.	
		Techniques (Check all that apply)	-	
 Use a sequ Ask detail of 		ly complex questions as it relates	to the content (text) with appropria	ate wait time
Ask detail of Ask catego				
		. inferences, predictions, projectio	ns, definitions, generalizations, et	c.)
Ask studen	ts to provide evide	nce (i.e. prior knowledge, textual	evidence, etc.) for their elaboration	15
			how one idea relates to ideas that	were not explicitly taught
		vidence to support elaboration ncies to support mathematical ela	horation	
		ropriate wait time when questionin		
-		or Monitoring for Learning (Chec	-	
Example react	ier rechniques io	or monitoring for Learning (Cried	ak ali triat appiy)	
🗆 Use a Grou	p Activity to mor	itor that students accurately elabor	prate on content	
			at students accurately elaborate of	an content
		nonitor that students accurately el		
		s to monitor that students accurate		
			s who demonstrate achievement o ned as the teacher uses a monitor	
that apply.)	tely elaborate on (content. Student evidence is obtain	ned as the teacher uses a monitor	ing technique. Check all
and appry.)				
	ail questions abou			
		tent-related categories		
	ral elaborations at			
	dence and suppor		ators to another	
		tween ideas and how one idea rel strate students can make well-sup		
 Discussions demonstrate students can make well-supported elaborative inferences Discussions are grounded in evidence from text, both literary and informational 				
Discussions and student work provide evidence of mathematical elaboration				
Example Adaptations a teacher can make after monitoring student evidence and determining how many students				
demonstrate the desired learning (Check all that apply)				
C. Performante questions field questions				
Rephrase questions/scaffold questions Modify task				
Provide additional resources				
Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)
Strategy was	Uses strategy	Uses a sequence of	Uses a sequence of	Based on student
called for but	incorrectly or	increasingly complex	increasingly complex	evidence, implements
not exhibited.	with parts	questions that require students	questions that require students	adaptations to achieve

to critically think about the

in the majority of student

of the critical content.

The desired effect is displayed

evidence at the taxonomy level

content.

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to critically think about the

content, but less than the

displaying the desired effect in

taxonomy level of the critical

majority of students are

student evidence at the

content.

missing.

the desired effect in

student evidence at

the critical content.

the taxonomy level of

more than 90% of the

Reviewing Conten	ıt				
Focus Statement: Tea	cher engages students	in brief review of content t	that highlights the cumulative	a nature of the content.	
Desired Effect: Eviden	ce (formative data) der	monstrates students know	the previously taught critical	content.	
Example Teacher Inst	ructional Techniques	(Check all that apply)			
 Use specific strategrelates to another Brief summary 	rocess to systematical gies to help students id	ly show the cumulative nat lentify basic relationships b	ure of the content etween ideas and conscious	ly analyze how one idea	
	nust be solved using p require a review of co				
Demonstration		mem			
 Brief practice t 					
 Warm-up activ 					
			reviously taught processes		
Example Teacher Tech	hniques for Monitorin	ng for Learning (Check all	that apply)		
Use Student Work Use Response Me Use Questioning	 Use a Group Activity to monitor that students know the previously taught critical content Use Student Work (Recording and Representing) to monitor that students know the previously taught critical content Use Response Methods to monitor that students know the previously taught critical content Use Questioning Sequences to monitor that students know the previously taught critical content 				
			demonstrate achievement of		
Check all that apply.)	ously taught critical co	ntent. Student evidence is	obtained as the teacher uses	s a monitoring technique.	
 Identify basic relationships between current and prior ideas and consciously analyze how one idea relates to another Summarize the cumulative nature of the content Response to class activities demonstrates students recall previous content (e.g. artifacts, pretests, warm-up activities) Explain previously taught concepts Demonstrate increased fluency and/or accuracy of previously taught processes 					
			evidence and determining h	how many students	
demonstrate the desir	ed learning (Check al	l that apply)			
Reorganize groups	demonstrate the desired learning (Check all that apply) Reteach or use a new teacher technique Reorganize groups Utilize peer resources				
Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)	

Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)
Strategy was called for but not exhibited.	Uses strategy incorrectly or with parts missing.	Engages students in a brief review of content that highlights the cumulative nature of the content, but less than the majority of students are displaying the desired effect in student evidence at the taxonomy level of the	Apprying (3) Engages students in a brief review of content that highlights the cumulative nature of the content. The desired effect is displayed in the majority of student evidence at the taxonomy level of the	Based on student evidence, implements adaptations to achieve the desired effect in more than 90% of the student evidence at the taxonomy level of the critical content.
		critical content.	critical content.	

		e Skills, Strategies, and Pro				
	Focus Statement: When the content involves a skill, strategy, or process, the teacher engages students in practice activities					
		d alternative ways of executing pro		_		
	Desired Effect: Evidence (formative data) demonstrates students develop automaticity with skills, strategies, or processes.					
Example Teach	Example Teacher Instructional Techniques (Check all that apply)					
T Madel how	Model how to execute the skill, strategy, or process					
	ematical practices					
		n solve, use tools, and generalize				
			at are appropriate to their current abi	lity to execute a skill,		
strategy, or		-				
		ts cannot perform the skill, strategy				
		tudents can perform the skill, strate				
	ents to generate a orked examples" o	nd manipulate mental models for si	kills, strategies, and processes			
		ce immediately prior to assessing s	kills strategies and processes			
			by encountering a task or problem in	a different context		
		nts to increase fluency and accurac				
Provide op	portunity for purpo	seful homework	-			
Example Teach	er Techniques f	or Monitoring for Learning (Chec	k all that apply)			
 Use Studen processes Use Response 	nt Work (Recordin	ng and Representing) to monitor the monitor that students develop autor	city with skills, strategies, or process at students develop automaticity with naticity with skills, strategies, or proc	skills, strategies, or esses		
			automaticity with skills, strategies, or			
			who demonstrate achievement of th udent evidence is obtained as the te			
	nique. Check all th		duent evidence is obtained as the te	acrier uses a		
Execute or	perform the skill, s	strategy, or process with increased	confidence			
		strategy, or process with increased				
		ten responses, formative data) sho s reveals understanding of the strat	w fluency and accuracy are increasing	ng		
		es based on their purpose and uniq				
 Demonstrate deepening of knowledge and/or increasing accuracy through group interactions Explain how the use of a problem-solving strategy increased fluency and/or accuracy 						
Example Adaptations a teacher can make after monitoring student evidence and determining how many students						
demonstrate the desired learning (Check all that apply)						
Reteach or use a new teacher technique Modify task						
Reorganize			Provide additional resources			
Utilize peer						
Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)		
Strategy was	Uses strategy	When the content involves a	When the content involves a skill,	Based on student		

Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)
Strategy was called for but not exhibited.	Uses strategy incorrectly or with parts missing.	When the content involves a skill, strategy, or process, the teacher engages students in practice activities that help them develop fluency and alternative ways of executing procedures, but less than the majority of students are displaying the desired effect in student evidence at the taxonomy level of the critical content.	When the content involves a skill, strategy, or process, the teacher engages students in practice activities that help them develop fluency and alternative ways of executing procedures. The desired effect is displayed in the majority of student evidence at the taxonomy level of the critical content.	Based on student evidence, implements adaptations to achieve the desired effect in more than 90% of the student evidence at the taxonomy level of the critical content.

		e Similarities and Differen					
Focus Stateme	ent: When present	ing content, the teacher helps stud	dents deepen their knowledge of th	e critical content by			
examining simil	arities and differen	ces.					
Desired Effect:	Desired Effect: Evidence (formative data) demonstrates student knowledge of critical content is deepened by examining						
similarities and	differences.						
Example Teach	her Instructional	Techniques (Check all that apply)					
			,				
Use compa	rison activities to e	examine similarities and difference	5				
Use classif	ying activities to ex	amine similarities and differences	i				
		nine similarities and differences					
		amine similarities and differences					
		es to help students examine simila					
Use activiti	es to identify basic	relationships between ideas that	deepen knowledge to examine sin	nilarities and differences			
			eepen knowledge to examine simi	larities and differences			
		hat they have learned from the ac					
		and nonlinguistically represent sim he activity has added to their unde					
Ask studen	ts to explain now t	sions after the examination of simi	Initian and differences				
			e to recognize similarities and diffe	aren ces			
			lible and relevant information to su				
	and differences	d dadional resources to find ored	the and relevant information to su	pportexamination of			
		or Monitoring for Learning (Cheo	ck all that apply)				
		a					
Use a Group	up Activity to mor	itor that student knowledge of cor	tent is deepened by examining sir	nilarities and differences			
			hat student knowledge of content is				
	similarities and diff		-				
Use Response	onse Methods to r	nonitor that student knowledge of	content is deepened by examining	similarities and			
differences							
		s to monitor that student knowled	ge of content is deepened by exan	nining similarities and			
differences							
			s who demonstrate achievement o				
			and differences. Student evidence	a is obtained as the			
teacher uses a	monitoring techniq	ue. Check all that apply.)					
Compariso	n and classification	n artifacts indicate deeper underst	anding of content				
	d/or metanhor arti	facts indicate deeper understandir	and of content				
			rences has deepened understandi	ng of content			
		ining evidence about similarities a		ig or coment			
		heir explanation of similarities and					
			volve culturally relevant content, wi	hen appropriate			
Artifacts/stu	dent work indicate	e students have used digital and tr	aditional resources to support exa	mination of similarities			
and differen							
			lent evidence and determining h	ow many students			
demonstrate th	ne desired learnin	g (Check all that apply)					
Reteach or	use a new teache	r technique	Modify task				
Reorganize	groups		Provide additional resources				
Utilize peer resources							
Not Using (0)	Decinging (4)	Developing (2)	Applying (2)	In possible a (1)			
Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)			
Strategy was	Uses strategy	When presenting content, the	When presenting content, the	Based on student			
called for but	incorrectly or	teacher helps students deepen	teacher helps students deepen	evidence, implements			
not exhibited.	with parts	their knowledge of critical	their knowledge of critical	adaptations to achieve			
	missing.	content by examining similarities and differences, but	content by examining similarities and differences.	the desired effect in more than 90% of the			
		similarities and differences, but	similariues and offerences.	more than 90% of the			

Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)
Strategy was called for but not exhibited.	Uses strategy incorrectly or with parts missing.	When presenting content, the teacher helps students deepen their knowledge of critical content by examining similarities and differences, but less than the majority of students are displaying the desired effect in student evidence at the taxonomy level	When presenting content, the teacher helps students deepen their knowledge of critical content by examining similarities and differences. The desired effect is displayed in the majority of student evidence at the taxonomy level	Based on student evidence, implements adaptations to achieve the desired effect in more than 90% of the student evidence at the taxonomy level of the critical content.
		of the critical content.	of the critical content.	

Halaina Studa	Helping Students Examine Their Reasoning				
		tudents produce and defend a claim (a	essertion of truth or factual statement)	by examining their	
		nted information, processes, and proce	-	by examining their	
-		e data) demonstrates students identify		ning and/or provide	
		of truth or factual statement).	and a totalate entrie in logic of reads	ning anator provide	
		chniques (Check all that apply)			
		nd supporting a claim			
		ments and critiquing the mathematical			
		of their errors in procedural knowledge			
Ask student reasoning	s to provide eviden	ce (I.e. textual evidence) to support the	eir claim and examine the evidence to	r errors in logic or	
-	strategies (e.g. fai	ulty logic, attacks, weak reference, mis	information) to bein students examine	and analyze	
		t or their own reasoning		and analyze	
		now their culture impacts their thinking			
		winsights resulting from analysis of mu			
	s to examine and a ent of a clear claim	nalyze the strength of support present	ed for a claim in content or in their ow	n reasoning	
	ce for the claim pre				
		ing exceptions to the claim			
		efficient ways to execute processes of	r procedures		
Facilitate us	e of resources at th	e appropriate level of text complexity i	to find credible and relevant information	on to support analysis	
of logic or re					
_	-	us perspectives by identifying the reas			
		of a response (e.g. group talk, peer rev Monitoring for Learning (Check all t			
		or that students identify and articulate		vide clear support for	
a claim		-	· · ·		
_		and Representing) to monitor that stu	idents identify and articulate errors in	logic or reasoning	
	de clear support for	r a claim to monitor that students identify and a	tiouiste errors in logie er resconing a	ndios provido cieps	
support for a		to mornior that students identity and a	riculate errors in logic or reasoning a	ndror provide clear	
		sired Effect (Percent of students who	demonstrate achievement of the desi	red effect to identify	
		oning and/or provide clear support for			
	ique. Check all that				
Analyze err	ors or informal falla	cles (i.e. in individual thinking, text, pro	cessing, procedures)		
		an argument presented to support a c nd/or errors in reasoning within group i			
	s involve cultural co				
	new insights result				
		students can identify errors in reasonir			
		students take various perspectives by		ple perspectives	
		students have used textual evidence to ritiques of reasoning are viable and va			
		identification of common logical errors,		ces, and/or how	
	as are related				
		an make after monitoring student ev	vidence and determining how many	/ students	
		(Check all that apply)	India: Inch		
 Reorganize Utilize peer 	groups		viodify task Provide additional resources		
	i coouroco				
Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)	
Strategy was	Uses strategy	Helps students produce and	Helps students produce and	Based on student	
called for but	Incorrectly or	defend a claim (assertion of truth	defend a claim (assertion of truth	evidence,	
not exhibited.	with parts	or factual statement) by examining	or factual statement) by	Implements	
	missing.	their own reasoning or the logic of	examining their own reasoning or	adaptations to achieve the desired	
		presented information, processes, and procedures, but less than the	the logic of presented information, processes, and procedures.	effect in more than	
		majority of students are displaying	processes, and procedures.	90% of the student	
		the desired effect in student	The desired effect is displayed in	evidence at the	
		evidence at the taxonomy level of	the majority of student evidence	taxonomy level of	
		the critical content.	at the taxonomy level of the	the critical content.	

critical content.

	wiee Knowled	10			
Helping Students Re		evise previous knowledge by c	proceeding errors and miscone	sertions as well as	
adding new information.	a neps sudents re	evise previous knowledge by o	areany errors and miscond	republis as well as	
	(formative data) de	emonstrates students make ad	ditions deletions clarificatio	ns or revisions to	
previous knowledge that de				ins, or revisions to	
Example Teacher Instruc					
Example readier instructional recrimques (check al that apply)					
Ask students to state of a sta	or record how hard	they tried			
Ask students to state of	or record what they	might have done to enhance	their learning		
Utilize reflection activities to cultivate a growth mindset Engage groups or the entire class in an examination of how deeper understanding changed perceptions of previous					
 Engage groups or the content 	entire class in an e	examination of how deeper und	lerstanding changed percep	tions of previous	
	mmarize and defer	nd how their understanding has	changed		
Guide students to iden	ntify alternative way	vs to execute procedures	surangeu		
		g and make generalizations at	out patterns seen in the cor	ntent	
		ies in their notes or digital reso			
examining their reason	ning or examining s	similarities and differences			
Guide students in a re					
Example Teacher Technic	ques for Monitori	ng for Learning (Check all tha	it apply)		
T Lice a Group Activity	to monitor that stu	idents deepen understanding b	w muising their knowledge		
		resenting) to monitor that stude		by revising their	
knowledge	coording and reep	reserving) to monitor that state	the aceptin understanding i	by revising their	
	ods to monitor that	students deepen understandir	ng by revising their knowledg	pe	
		r that students deepen underst			
		ect (Percent of students who de			
		heir knowledge. Student evider	ice is obtained as the teach	er uses a monitoring	
technique. Check all that a	students deepen understanding by revising their knowledge. Student evidence is obtained as the teacher uses a monitoring technique. Check all that apply.)				
Evolution what they are		hat they are confirmed about		ŭ	
Explain what they are Explain what they could Explain what they could	clear about and wh	hat they are confused about		, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	
Explain what they could be a set of the s	clear about and wh Id have done to en	hance their learning		, in the second s	
 Explain what they coul Actions and reflections 	clear about and wh Id have done to en s display a growth r	hance their learning mindset	n papers, graphic organizer		
Explain what they coul Actions and reflections Corrections are made Groups make correction	clear about and wh Id have done to en s display a growth to written work (e.gons and/or addition	hance their learning mindset g. reports, essay, notes, positio is to information previously rec	on papers, graphic organizer orded about content		
Explain what they coul Actions and reflections Corrections are made Groups make correction Explain previous error	clear about and wh Id have done to en s display a growth to written work (e.gons and/or addition s or misconception	hance their learning mindset g. reports, essay, notes, positio is to information previously rec is about content	on papers, graphic organizer orded about content		
Explain what they coul Actions and reflections Corrections are made Groups make correction Explain previous error Revisions demonstrate	clear about and wh Id have done to en s display a growth to written work (e.gons and/or addition s or misconception e alternative ways i	hance their learning mindset g. reports, essay, notes, positio is to information previously rec is about content to execute procedures	orded about content	rs)	
Explain what they coul Actions and reflections Corrections are made Groups make correction Explain previous error Revisions demonstrate Revisions demonstrate	clear about and wh Id have done to en s display a growth to written work (e.gons and/or addition s or misconception e alternative ways is e repeated reasoni	hance their learning mindset g. reports, essay, notes, positio is to information previously rec is about content to execute procedures ing and generalizations about p	orded about content	rs)	
Explain what they coul Actions and reflections Corrections are made Groups make correction Explain previous error Revisions demonstrate Revisions demonstrate Reflections show clarif	clear about and wh ld have done to en s display a growth to written work (e.gons and/or addition s or misconception e alternative ways is e repeated reasoni fication in thinking of	hance their learning mindset g. reports, essay, notes, positio is to information previously rec is about content to execute procedures ing and generalizations about p or processing	orded about content	rs)	
Explain what they coul Actions and reflections Corrections are made Groups make correction Explain previous error Revisions demonstrate Revisions demonstrate Reflections show clarif Example Adaptations a to	clear about and wh ld have done to en s display a growth to written work (e.gons and/or addition s or misconception e alternative ways e repeated reasoni fication in thinking eacher can make	hance their learning mindset g. reports, essay, notes, positions to information previously rec about content to execute procedures ing and generalizations about p or processing after monitoring student evice	orded about content	rs)	
Explain what they coul Actions and reflections Corrections are made Groups make correction Explain previous error Revisions demonstrate Revisions demonstrate Reflections show clarif	clear about and wh ld have done to en s display a growth to written work (e.gons and/or addition s or misconception e alternative ways e repeated reasoni fication in thinking eacher can make	hance their learning mindset g. reports, essay, notes, positions to information previously rec about content to execute procedures ing and generalizations about p or processing after monitoring student evice	orded about content	rs)	
Explain what they coul Actions and reflections Corrections are made Groups make correction Explain previous error Revisions demonstrate Revisions demonstrate Reflections show clarif Example Adaptations a to	clear about and wh Id have done to en s display a growth to written work (e.gons and/or addition s or misconception e alternative ways e repeated reasoni fication in thinking eacher can make learning (Check a	hance their learning mindset g. reports, essay, notes, positions to information previously rec about content to execute procedures ing and generalizations about p or processing after monitoring student evid after apply)	orded about content	rs)	
Explain what they coul Actions and reflections Corrections are made Groups make correction Explain previous error Revisions demonstrate Revisions demonstrate Reflections show clarif Example Adaptations a to demonstrate the desired	clear about and wh Id have done to en s display a growth to written work (e.gons and/or addition s or misconception e alternative ways e repeated reasoni fication in thinking eacher can make learning (Check a	hance their learning mindset g. reports, essay, notes, positions to information previously rec about content to execute procedures ing and generalizations about p or processing after monitoring student evid after that apply)	orded about content patterns seen in the content dence and determining ho	rs)	
Explain what they coul Actions and reflections Corrections are made Groups make correctio Explain previous error Revisions demonstrate Reflections show clarit Example Adaptations a te demonstrate the desired Reteach or use a new Utilize peer resources	clear about and wh ld have done to en s display a growth of to written work (e.) ons and/or addition s or misconception e alternative ways i e repeated reasoni fication in thinking eacher can make learning (Check a teacher technique	hance their learning mindset g. reports, essay, notes, positions to information previously rec about content to execute procedures ing and generalizations about p or processing after monitoring student evid after apply)	orded about content patterns seen in the content dence and determining ho dify task wide additional resources	rs) w many students	
Explain what they coul Actions and reflections Corrections are made Groups make correctio Explain previous error Revisions demonstrate Reflections show clarif Example Adaptations a to demonstrate the desired Reteach or use a new Utilize peer resources Not Using (0)	clear about and wh Id have done to en s display a growth to written work (e.gons and/or addition s or misconception e alternative ways e repeated reasoni fication in thinking eacher can make learning (Check a	hance their learning mindset g. reports, essay, notes, positions to information previously rec about content to execute procedures ing and generalizations about p or processing after monitoring student evid after that apply)	orded about content patterns seen in the content dence and determining ho dify task	rs)	

Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)
Not Using (0) Strategy was called for but not exhibited.		Developing (2) Engages students in revision of previous knowledge by correcting errors and misconceptions as well as adding new information, but less than the majority of students are displaying the desired effect in student evidence at the taxonomy level of the critical content.	Engages students in revision of previous knowledge by correcting errors and misconceptions as well as adding new information. The desired effect is displayed in the majority of student evidence at the taxonomy level of	Innovating (4) Based on student evidence, implements adaptations to achieve the desired effect in more than 90% of the student evidence at the taxonomy level of the critical content.
			the critical content.	

Helping Students Eng	jage i	n Cognitively Complex T	asks			
Focus Statement: Teacher coaches and supports students in complex tasks that require experimenting with the use of their						
knowledge by generating an	d testin	g a proposition, a theory, and/or	a hypothesis.			
Desired Effect: Evidence (formative data) demonstrates students prove or disprove the proposition, theory, or hypothesis.						
		chniques (Check all that apply				
	Based on the prior content and learning, model, coach, and support the process of generating and testing					
A proposition						
 A proposed theory 						
 A hypothesis 						
Provide prompt(s) for st	udents	to experiment with their own thir	iking			
Observe, coach, and su Observe, coach, and su			strength of support for testing their p	reportion theory or		
hypothesis		y will examine and analyze the	scenger of support for testing their p	roposition, theory, or		
Coach students to perse	evere v	ith the complex task				
			ring, experimental inquiry, or investig	pation task that		
requires them to						
 Generate conclusio 						
 Identify common log 						
		sitions, theories, or hypotheses				
 Navigate digital and 						
		Monitoring for Learning (Che				
			e the proposition, theory or hypothe			
Use Student Work (Re hypothesis	cording	and Representing) to monitor to	hat students prove or disprove the pr	roposition, theory, or		
	iences	to monitor that students prove o	r disprove the proposition, theory, or	hypothesis		
Example Student Evidence	e of De	sired Effect (Percent of student	s who demonstrate achievement of t	he desired effect that		
			udent evidence is obtained as the te			
monitoring technique. Check	k ali tha	apply.)				
		or hypothesis they are testing				
	olain wh	ether their proposition, theory, o	r hypothesis was confirmed or disco	onfirmed and support		
their explanation						
		port the proposition, theory, or h				
		with the task with reasoning an	and testing a proposition, proposed	theory or hypothesis		
students can	uncate	nat while engaged in generating	and testing a proposition, proposed	aleory, or hypothesis,		
 Generate conclusio 	ns					
 Identify common lo 	cical er	rors				
		oposition, theory, or hypothesis				
 Navigate digital and 						
 Identify how multiple ideas are related 						
Example Adaptations a teacher can make after monitoring student evidence and determining how many students						
demonstrate the desired le	demonstrate the desired learning (Check all that apply)					
Utilize different coaching	g/facilit		Modify task			
 Reorganize groups Utilize peer resources 		Ľ	Provide additional resources			
U ouize peer resources		•				
Not Using (0) Beginnin	g (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)		

Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)
Strategy was called for but not exhibited.	Uses strategy incorrectly or with parts missing.	Coaches and supports students in complex tasks that require experimenting with the use of their knowledge by generating and testing a proposition, a theory and/or a hypothesis, but less than the majority of students are displaying the desired effect in student evidence at the taxonomy level of the critical content.	Coaches and supports students in complex tasks that require experimenting with the use of their knowledge by generating and testing a proposition, a theory, and/or a hypothesis. The desired effect is displayed in the majority of student evidence at the taxonomy level of the critical content.	Based on student evidence, implements adaptations to achieve the desired effect in more than 90% of the student evidence at the taxonomy level of the critical content.

Using Formative	Assessment to Tr	ack Progress					
Focus Statement: Te	eacher uses formative as	ssessment to facilitate track	ing of student progress on	one or more learning			
targets.							
Desired Effect: Evide	Desired Effect: Evidence (formative data) demonstrates students identify their current level of performance as it relates to						
standards-based learning targets embedded in the performance scale.							
Example Teacher In	structional Techniques	(Check all that apply)					
Ask students to e Ask students to p Ask students to p Facilitate individu Use formative me Use formative as Example Student Ev	explain their progress tow provide evidence of their ual conferences regarding easures to chart individual sessment that reflects an ridence of Desired Effec- current level of performa-	vard the learning target progress toward the learning use of data to track progra al and/or class progress tow wareness of cultural differenct (Percent of students that		g a performance scale ssroom of the desired effect that			
Describe their sta Individual confere Demonstrate aut Responses to for Example Adaptation	atus relative to learning to ences document that stur onomy in providing evide mative assessment may	argets using the scale (e.g. dents provide artifacts and ence of progress on learning involve cultural content after monitoring student e	data regarding their progres	ss toward learning targets			
Utilize peer resou Modify task Provide additiona							
Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)			
Strategy was called	Uses strategy	Uses formative	Uses formative	Based on student			

Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)
Strategy was called	Uses strategy	Uses formative	Uses formative	Based on student
for but not exhibited.	incorrectly or with parts missing.	assessment to facilitate tracking of student progress on one or more learning targets, but less than the majority of students are displaying the desired effect.	assessment to facilitate tracking of student progress on one or more learning targets. The desired effect is displayed in the majority of students.	evidence, implements adaptations to achieve the desired effect by more than 90% of the students.

Providing Feedback and Celebrating Progress
Focus Statement: Teacher provides feedback to students regarding their formative and summative progress as it relates to
learning targets and/or unit goals.
Desired Effect: Evidence (formative data) demonstrates students continue learning and making progress towards learning
targets as a result of receiving feedback.
Example Teacher Instructional Techniques (Check all that apply)
Example reaction in structure (check an that appy)
 Provide specific feedback to students regarding formative and/or summative data as it relates to learning targets Celebrate individual student progress when formative/summative data indicate gains in achieving learning targets
Celebrate as groups make progress toward learning targets
Implement a systematic, ongoing process to provide feedback
Use a variety of ways to celebrate progress toward learning targets (not general praise)
Show of hands
Certificate of success
Parent notification
Round of applause
Academic praise
Digital media
Ensure celebrations involve culturally relevant components
Ask students to explain how they use feedback
Ask students how celebrations encourage them to continue learning
Example Student Evidence of Desired Effect (Percent of students that demonstrate achievement of the desired effect that
students continue learning and make progress towards learning targets. Student evidence is obtained during group activities
and/or student work. Check all that apply.)
Show signs of pride regarding their accomplishments in the class (e.g. body language, work production, quality of work, etc.)
Show signs of pride regarding development of mathematical practices
Initiate celebration of individual success, group success, and that of the whole class
Use feedback to revise or update work to help meet their learning target
Surveys indicate students want to continue making progress
Actions and responses indicate the teacher is equitable in providing feedback and/or celebrating progress
Example Adaptations a teacher can make after monitoring student evidence and determining how many students
demonstrate the desired effect (Check all that apply)

Utilize new methods to celebrate success
 Provide additional opportunities to give feedback

Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)
Strategy was called for but not exhibited.	Uses strategy incorrectly or with parts missing.	Provides feedback to students regarding their formative and summative progress as it relates to learning targets and/or unit goals, but less than the majority of students are displaying the desired effect.	Provides feedback to students regarding their formative and summative progress as it relates to learning targets and/or unit goals. The desired effect is displayed in the majority of students.	Based on student evidence, implements adaptations to achieve the desired effect by more than 90% of the students.

Organizing Students to Interact with Content					
		into appropriate groups to t	facilitate the learning of o	ontent.	
		onstrates students process	content (i.e. new, going	deeper, cognitively	
complex) as a result of gr					
Example Teacher Instru	ctional Techniques ((Check all that apply)			
 Establish routines for student grouping and interaction for the expressed purpose of processing content Provide guidance regarding group interactions and critiquing the reasoning of others Provide guidance on one or more cognitive skills appropriate for the lesson Utilize assignments or tasks at the appropriate taxonomy level of content Provide guidance on one or more conative skills Becoming aware of the power of interpretations Avoiding negative thinking Taking various perspectives Interacting responsibly Handling controversy and conflict resolution Organize students into ad hoc groups during individual lessons (i.e. use techniques to ensure equity) 					
		s to reflect the taxonomy lev			
	as a result of group o	t (Percent of students that d rganization. Student eviden			
 Work within groups with an organized purpose Exhibit awareness of the power of interpretations Avoid negative thinking Take various perspectives Interact responsibly and respectfully critique the reasoning of others Appear to know how to handle controversy and conflict resolution Actively ask and answer questions about the content (i.e. assignments or tasks) Add their perspectives to discussions Generate clarifying questions about the content Explain individual student and/or group thinking about the content Take responsibility for the learning of peers 					
		ter monitoring student evi t andv)	idence and determining	how many students	
demonstrate the desired effect (Check all that apply) Reorganize groups Utilize peer resources Modify task Provide additional resources					
Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)	
Strategy was called for	Uses strategy	Organizes students into	Organizes students	Based on student	
but not exhibited.	incorrectly or with parts missing.	appropriate groups to facilitate the processing of content, but less than the majority of students	into appropriate groups to facilitate the processing of content.	evidence, implements adaptations to achieve the desired effect by more than 90% of the	

the majority of students are displaying the desired effect.

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students.

The desired effect is displayed in the majority of students.

Establishing and Acknowledging Adherence to Rules and Procedures
Focus Statement: Teacher establishes classroom rules and procedures that facilitate students working cooperatively and
acknowledge students who adhere to rules and procedures.
Desired Effect: Evidence (formative data) demonstrates students know and follow classroom rules and procedures (to
facilitate learning) as a result of teacher acknowledgment.
Example Teacher Instructional Techniques (Check all that apply)
Involve students in designing classroom routines and procedures to develop a culturally responsive classroom
Actively teach student self-regulation strategies
Use classroom meetings to review and process rules and procedures to ensure equity
Remind students of rules and procedures
Ask students to restate or explain rules and procedures
Provide cues or signals when a rule or procedure should be used
Physically occupy all quadrants of the room
Scan the entire room, making eye contact with each student
Recognize potential sources of disruption and deal with them immediately
Proactively address inflammatory situations
Consistently exhibit "withitness" behaviors
Recognize and/or acknowledge students or groups who follow rules and procedures
Organize physical layout of the classroom to facilitate work in groups and easy access to materials
Example Student Evidence of Desired Effect (Percent of students that demonstrate achievement of the desired effect that
students know and follow classroom rules and procedures. Student evidence is obtained during group activities and/or student
work. Check all that apply.)
Follow clear routines during class
Explain classroom rules and procedures
Describe the classroom as an orderly and safe environment
Recognize cues and signals by the teacher
Self-regulate behavior while working individually
Self-regulate behavior while working in groups
Recognize that the teacher is aware of their behavior Interact responsibly with teacher and other students
Explain how the individuality of each student is honored in the classroom
Describe the teacher as fair and responsive to individual students
Describe the teacher as fair and responsive to individual students Describe the teacher as "aware of what is going on" or "has eyes on the back of his/her head"
Respond appropriately to teacher direction and/or guidance regarding rules and procedures
Move purposefully about the classroom and efficiently access materials
Example Adaptations a teacher can make after monitoring student evidence and determining how many students
demonstrate the desired effect (Check all that apply)
activity are aconed encor (oncor an that appry)
Modify rules and procedures
☐ Nodify rides and procedures
Reorganize physical layout of the classroom

Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)
Strategy was called for but not exhibited.	Uses strategy incorrectly or with parts missing.	Establishes classroom rules and procedures that facilitate students working cooperatively and acknowledge students who adhere to rules and procedures, but less than the majority of students are displaying the desired effect.	Establishes classroom rules and procedures that facilitate students working cooperatively and acknowledge students who adhere to rules and procedures. The desired effect is displayed in the majority of students.	Based on student evidence, implements adaptations to achieve the desired effect by more than 90% of the students.

Uning Engagement Strategies					
Using Engagement Strategies					
Focus Statement: Teacher uses engagement strategies to engage or re-engage students with the content.					
Desired Effect: Evidence (formative data) demonstrates studen	ts engage or re-engage as a result of teacher action.				
Example Teacher Instructional Techniques (Check all that apply)					
Take action or use specific strategies to re-engage students	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i				
Use academic games					
Manage response rates					
Use physical movement					
Maintain a lively pace					
Use crisp transitions from one activity to another					
Demonstrate intensity and enthusiasm for the content					
Use friendly controversy					
Provide opportunities for students to talk about themselves	as it relates to the content (i.e. incorporate cultural				
connections)					
Present unusual or intriguing information about the content					
Example Student Evidence of Desired Effect (Percent of students that demonstrate achievement of the desired effect that					
students engage or re-engage as a result of teacher action. Student evidence is obtained during group activities and/or					
student work. Check all that apply.)					
Behaviors show awareness that the teacher is noticing students' level of engagement					
Behaviors show awareness that the teacher is noticing students level of engagement					
Student-centered tasks and processes produce high levels of engagement					
Talk with groups or in response to questions is focused on critical content					
Engage in the critical content with enthusiasm					
Self-regulate engagement and engagement of peers					
Actions show students are motivated by the teacher					
Behaviors show students are inspired by the teacher					
Multiple students or the entire class respond to questions point	osed by the teacher				
Artifacts/student work indicate students are engaged in the critical content					
Example Adaptations a teacher can make after monitoring s					
demonstrate the desired effect (Check all that apply)	and the second and accoming now many students				
demonsulate the desired encor (oneon an that appry)					
Vary engagement technique	Utilize peer resources				
Reorganize groups	□ Vary resources				
Modify task					

Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)
Strategy was called for but not exhibited.	Uses strategy incorrectly or with parts missing.	Uses engagement strategies to engage or re-engage students with the content, but less than the majority of students are displaying the desired effect.	Uses engagement strategies to engage or re- engage students with the content. The desired effect is displayed in the majority of students.	Based on student evidence, implements adaptations to achieve the desired effect in more than 90% of the students.

_					
		ing Effective Relationship			
		viors foster a sense of classroom	community by acknowledgement	and respect for the	
diversity of each					
Desired Effect:	Evidence (studen	t action) shows students feel valu	ed and part of the classroom com	munity.	
		Techniques (Check all that apply)		
		their thinking and perspectives			
		classroom activities and culture			
		edge to personal aspects of stude			
		topics in which they are interested needs of students			
		ack to maintain an academic focus	on figor		
		ssons (i.e. incorporate cultural cor			
		ests to highlight or reinforce conati		mindset)	
		ng academic and personal accom		(initial set)	
		students about events in their live			
		r and/or playful dialogue with stud			
		mile, nod, "high five", pat on shou		applause, eye contact,	
etc.)					
		inflammatory situations			
		the same calm and controlled fash			
Remain obj	ective and in cont	rol by not demonstrating personal	offense at student misconduct		
Celebrate students' individual diversity, uniqueness, and cultural traditions					
Example Student Evidence of Desired Effect (Percent of students that demonstrate achievement of the desired effect that					
their actions show they feel valued and part of the classroom community. Student evidence is obtained during group activities and/or student work. Check all that apply.)					
and/or student v	vork. Check all tha	at appiy.)			
Change be	havior when the te	acher demonstrates understandir	or of their interests and diverse ha	ekarounds	
Change behavior when the teacher demonstrates understanding of their interests and diverse backgrounds Demonstrate verbal and nonverbal behaviors that indicate they feel accepted by their teacher					
Respond positively to verbal interactions with the teacher					
Respond positively to nonverbal interactions with the teacher					
		ves and thinking with the teacher			
		pectful and responsive to the dive	rse needs of each student		
		he teacher to advocate for them			
Contribute to a positive classroom community through interactions with peers					
Example Adaptations a teacher can make after monitoring student evidence and determining how many students					
demonstrate the desired effect (Check all that apply)					
		1.1.			
Seek additional input from students Seek additional resources for self and students					
Utilize peer		sen and students			
	resources				
Not Using (0)	Decinging (4)	Developing (2)	Applying (2)	Innovating (1)	
	Beginning (1)	Developing (2) Teacher behaviors foster a	Applying (3) Teacher behaviors foster a	Innovating (4) Based on student	
THE PLU WAS	USES SILdieUV		Teacher Denaviors Iosier a		

Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)
Strategy was called for but not exhibited.	Uses strategy incorrectly or with parts missing.	Teacher behaviors foster a sense of classroom community by acknowledgement and respect for the diversity of each student, but less than the majority of students are displaying the desired effect.	Teacher behaviors foster a sense of classroom community by acknowledgement and respect for the diversity of each student. The desired effect is displayed in the majority of students.	Based on student evidence, implements adaptations to achieve the desired effect by more than 90% of the students.

Communicating High Expectations for Each Student to Close the Achievement Gap
Focus Statement: Teacher exhibits behaviors that demonstrate high expectations for each student to achieve academic
SUCCESS.
Desired Effect: Evidence (student surveys, interviews, work) shows the teacher expects each student to perform at their
highest level of academic success.
Example Teacher Instructional Techniques (Check all that apply)
Use methods to ensure each student is held responsible for participation in classroom activities
Chart questioning patterns to ensure each student is asked questions with the same frequency
Track grouping patterns to ensure each student has the opportunity to work and interact with other students Does not allow negative or sarcastic comments about any student
Identify students for whom expectations are different and the various ways in which these students have been treated
differently
Provide students with strategies to avoid negative thinking about one's thoughts and actions
Ask questions of each student at the same rate and frequency
Ask complex questions of each student that require conclusions at the same rate and frequency
Rephrase questions for each student when they provide an incorrect answer
Probe each student to provide evidence of their conclusions
Ask each student to examine the sources of their evidence
Allow students who become frustrated during questioning to collect their thoughts and have an opportunity to answer at a later point in the lesson
Probe each student to further explain their answers when they are incorrect
Require perseverance and productive struggle in solving problems and overcoming obstacles
Example Student Evidence of Desired Effect (Percent of students that demonstrate achievement of the desired effect that
their teacher expects each student to perform at their highest level of academic success. Student evidence is obtained during
group activities and/or student work. Check all that apply.)
Treat each other with respect
Actions show students avoid negative thinking about personal thoughts and actions
Respond to difficult questions Take risks by offering incorrect or alternative answers
Participate in classroom activities and discussions
Artifacts/student work show the teacher won't "let you off the hook" or "won't give up on you"
Artifacts/student work show the teacher holds each student to the same level of expectancy as others for drawing
conclusions and providing sources of evidence
Model teacher behaviors that show care and respect for each classmate
Demonstrates perseverance and productive struggle in solving problems and overcoming obstacles
Example Adaptations a teacher can make after monitoring student evidence and determining how many students
demonstrate the desired effect (Check all that apply)
Modify questioning techniques and patterns
Reorganize seating patterns and groups
Reflect on student interactions and change teacher behaviors

Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)
Strategy was called for but not exhibited.	Uses strategy incorrectly or with parts missing.	Exhibits behaviors that demonstrate high expectations for each student to achieve academic success, but less than the majority of students are displaying the desired effect.	Exhibits behaviors that demonstrate high expectations for each student to achieve academic success. The desired effect is displayed in the majority of students.	Based on student evidence, implements adaptations to achieve the desired effect by more than 90% of the students.

Adhering to School/District Policies and Procedures

Focus Statement: Teacher adheres to school and district policies and procedures.

Desired Effect: Teacher adheres to school and district rules and procedures.

Example Teacher Evidence (Check all that apply)

- Performs assigned duties
- Fulfills responsibilities in a timely manner
- Follows policies, regulations, and procedures (e.g. bullying, HR plans, sexual harassment, etc.)
- Maintains accurate records (e.g. student progress, attendance, parent conferences, etc.)
- Understands legal issues related to colleagues, students, and families (e.g. cultural, special needs, equal rights, etc.)
- Maintains confidentiality of colleagues, students, and families
- Advocates for equality for each student
- Demonstrates personal integrity and ethics
- Uses social media appropriately

Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)
Makes no attempt to adhere to school and district policies and procedures.	Inconsistently adheres to school and district policies and procedures.	Adheres to school and district policies and procedures.	Adheres to school and district policies and procedures and articulates how they adhere to school and district policies and procedures.	Helps others by sharing evidence of how to support school and district policies and procedures.

Maintaining Expertise in Content and Pedagogy

Focus Statement: Teacher continually deepens knowledge in content (subject area) and classroom instructional strategies (pedagogy).

Desired Effect: Teacher provides evidence of developing expertise in content area and classroom instructional strategies. Example Teacher Evidence (Check all that apply)

- Participates in professional development opportunities
- Demonstrates content expertise and knowledge in the classroom
- Seeks mentorship from subject area experts
- Seeks mentorship from highly effective teachers
- Actively seeks help and input from appropriate school personnel to address issues that impact instruction
- Demonstrates a growth mindset and/or seeks feedback
- Implements a deliberate practice or professional growth plan
- Seeks innovative ways to improve student achievement
- Gathers and keeps evidence of the effects of specific classroom strategies and behaviors on specific categories of students (i.e., different socio-economic groups, different ethnic groups)
- Uses a reflection process for analysis of specific strengths and weaknesses of individual lessons and units
- Uses a reflection process for analysis of specific instructional strengths and weaknesses
- Explains the differential effects of specific classroom strategies on closing the achievement gap
- Seeks opportunities to develop deeper understanding of cultural responsiveness
- Uses formative and summative data to make instructional planning decisions
- Teacher observational data is correlated to student achievement data
- Identifies specific areas of strengths and weaknesses within instructional strategies or conditions for learning
- Keeps track of identified focus areas for improvement within instructional strategies or conditions for learning

Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)
Makes no attempt to deepen knowledge in content area and classroom instructional strategies.	Attempts to deepen knowledge in content area and classroom instructional strategies.	Continually deepens knowledge in content (subject area) and classroom instructional strategies (pedagogy).	Continually deepens knowledge in content and classroom instructional strategies and provides evidence of developing expertise in content area and classroom instructional strategies.	Helps others by sharing evidence of how to develop expertise in content area and classroom instructional strategies.

Promoting Teacher Leadership and Collaboration

Focus Statement: Teacher promotes teacher leadership and a culture of collaboration.

Desired Effect: Teacher provides evidence of teacher leadership and promoting a school-wide culture of professional learning.

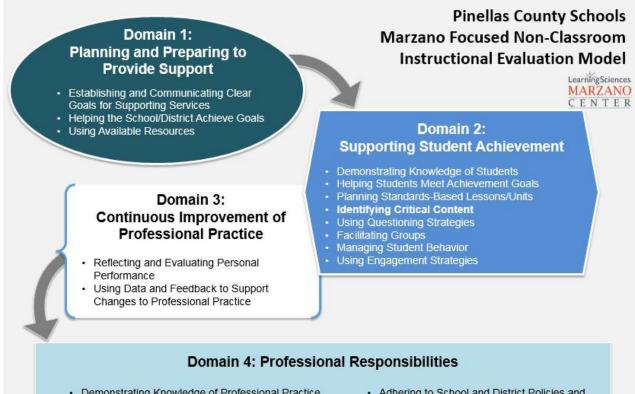
Example Teacher Evidence (Check all that apply)

- Contributes and shares expertise and new ideas with colleagues to enhance student learning in formal and informal ways
- Serves as an appropriate role model (i.e. mentor, coach, presenter, researcher) regarding specific classroom strategies and behaviors
- Documents specific situations of mentoring other teachers
- Works cooperatively with appropriate school personnel to address issues that impact student learning
- Accesses available expertise and resources to support students' learning needs
- Promotes positive conversations and interactions with teachers and colleagues
- Fosters collaborative partnerships with parents to enhance student success in a manner that demonstrates integrity, confidentiality, respect, flexibility, fairness, and trust
- Encourages parent involvement in classroom and school activities
- Demonstrates awareness and sensitivity to social, cultural, and diverse needs of families
- Uses multiple means and modalities to communicate with families
- Seeks a role and participates in Professional Learning Community meetings
- Serves as a student advocate in the classroom, school, and community
- Participates in school and community activities as appropriate to support students and families
- Serves on school and district-level committees
- Works to achieve school and district improvement goals

Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)
Makes no attempt to promote teacher leadership and a culture of collaboration.	Attempts to promote teacher leadership and a culture of collaboration.	Promotes teacher leadership and a culture of collaboration.	Promotes teacher leadership and a culture of collaboration and provides evidence of promoting leadership as a teacher and promoting a school-wide culture of professional learning.	Helps others by sharing evidence of how to promote teacher leadership and a culture of collaboration.

Appendix C – Observation Instruments for Non-Classroom Instructional Personnel

In Appendix C, the district shall include the observation rubric(s) to be used for collecting instructional practice data for non-classroom instructional personnel.



- Demonstrating Knowledge of Professional Practice (Area of Expertise)
- Promoting Positive Interactions with Colleagues
 and Community
- Adhering to School and District Policies and Procedures
- Supporting and Participating in School and District Initiatives

Domain 1: Planning and Preparing to Support Instruction

Establishing and Communicating Clear Goals for Supporting Services

Focus Statement: Instructional support member establishes and communicates clearly stated goals, based on area of professional responsibility, to indicate the support and services provided to the school/district.
Desired Effect: School/district knows the supporting services provided by the instructional support member.
Example Instructional Support Member Evidence (Check any evidences demonstrated)

- Establishes a set of written goals or a defined work plan indicating the scope of services provided to the school
- Establishes a set of written goals or a defined work plan with timelines aligned with school and district goals
- Communicates goals to appropriate school or district personnel
- References and updates goals and plan for support throughout the year
- Goals confirm knowledge consistent with professional area of responsibility
- Supporting services demonstrate knowledge of human growth and development
- Data are used in the planning and goal setting process
- Elicits input from school regarding needed services and support
- □ Updates records (e.g. data bases, data notebook, etc.) to track progress towards implementation of goals and services

Example Implementation Evidence

- Students, colleagues, and/or administrators can explain how the instructional support member goals support the school or district
- Explains how goals support and align with school and/or district goals.
- Explains how data were used to establish goals
- Explains how their actions and/or activities relate to the goals
- Artifacts support clear communication of goals

Student is generically used to represent anyone the Instructional Support Member is supporting, including: PreK-12 students, adult students, faculty, staff, colleagues, parents, or community members.

School/District is generically used to represent students, teachers, staff, district personnel, or other colleagues in the instructional support member's area of responsibility.

Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)
Strategy was called for but not exhibited.	Uses strategy incorrectly or with parts missing.	Establishes and communicates clearly stated goals, based on area of professional responsibility, to indicate the support and services provided to the school/district.	Establishes and communicates clearly stated goals, based on area of professional responsibility, to indicate the support and services provided to the school/district and monitors if the school/district knows the supporting services provided.	Provides evidence of helping others by sharing how support goals were successfully established and communicated to the school/district.

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Fo	cus Statement: Instructional support member uses expert knowledge of established standards and
	ocedures from his/her area of expertise to support the school/district in achieving goals.
_	sired Effect: Instructional support member helps the school/district achieve goals.
_	ample Instructional Support Member Evidence (Check any evidence demonstrated)
	Demonstrates knowledge of school/district goals
	Goals to provide services align with and support the school/district goals
	Activities confirm support of school/district goals consistent with professional area of responsibility (i.e.
	participating in committees, working with student groups, advising, etc.)
	Maintains accurate records of support provided that help the school/district achieve goals
	Provides accurate and relevant input to support the school/district
x	ample Implementation Evidence
	Artifacts reveal the instructional support member helped individual or groups of students achieve goals
	Artifacts reveal the instructional support member achieved goals to provide supporting services
	Artifacts confirm the instructional support member helped the school/district achieve goals
	Feedback from school/district confirms the instructional support member demonstrates knowledge of
	processes and protocols associated with professional area of expertise that helped the school/district achieve goals

Student is generically used to represent anyone the Instructional Support Member is supporting, including: PreK-12 students, adult students, faculty, staff, colleagues, parents, or community members.

School/District is generically used to represent students, teachers, staff, district personnel, or other colleagues in the instructional support member's area of responsibility.

Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)
Strategy was	Uses strategy	Uses expert	Uses expert knowledge	Provides evidence
called for but not	incorrectly or with	knowledge of	of established standards	of helping others by
exhibited.	parts missing.	established	and procedures from	sharing how they
		standards and	his/her area of expertise	helped the
		procedures from	to support the	school/district
		his/her area of	school/district in	achieve goals.
		expertise to	achieving goals and	
		support the	monitors if their help	
		school/district in	supports the	
		achieving goals.	school/district achieve	
			goals.	

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Using Available Resources

Focused Statement: Instructional support member identifies and uses available resources (to include traditional materials, technology, school, community, and district sources) to provide supporting services to the school/district.

Desired Effect: The use of available resources provides supporting services to the school/district. Example Instructional Support Member Evidence (Check any evidence demonstrated)

- Resources are identified and reflected in planning documents
- Resources are used to enhance the implementation of goals for supporting services
- Technology resources are identified within plans, as appropriate, to support implementation of supporting services
- Plans reflect use of specific resources from the community and how they enhanced support of the school/district goals
- Data are used as a resource when planning support
- Resources are used appropriately to support the school/district
- Elicits input to determine if additional resources would enhance supporting services (e.g. surveys, checklist, notes, etc.)
- Example Implementation Evidence
- □ Identifies resources implemented within the school community that enhance supporting services
- Artifacts show the use of available resources provided support for the school
- Data substantiates the use of resources in implementing goals for support services and/or instructional activities
- Describes how use of resources within the school/community enhanced implementation of supporting services and/or instructional activities
- Artifacts demonstrate the use of technology enhanced supporting services

Student is generically used to represent anyone the Instructional Support Member is supporting, including: PreK-12 students, adult students, faculty, staff, colleagues, parents, or community members.

School/District is generically used to represent students, teachers, staff, district personnel, or other colleagues in the instructional support member's area of responsibility.

Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)
Strategy was called for but not exhibited.	Uses strategy incorrectly or with parts missing.	Identifies and uses available resources to provide supporting services to the school/district.	Identifies and uses available resources to provide supporting services to the school/district and monitors if use of available resources provides supporting services to the school/district.	Provides evidence of helping others by sharing how they used available resources to provide support services to the school/district.



Domain 2: Supporting Student Achievement

Demonstrating Knowledge of Students

Focus Statement: Instructional support member demonstrates knowledge of the unique needs of students in the school/district.

Desired Effect: Instructional support member provides appropriate services to support the unique needs of students in the school/district.

Example Instructional Support Member Evidence (Check any evidence demonstrated)

- Identifies students with unique needs
- Communicates expectation for each student to be successful
- Advocates for students who need accommodations and/or modifications to the curriculum
- Seeks appropriate services to help students with unique needs
- □ Identifies families to assist with learning how to plan and advocate for their student
- Collaborates with other school personnel to help students with unique needs to meet achievement goals
- □ Behaviors indicate value and respect for students with unique needs, interests, and/or backgrounds
- Extinguishes negative comments about students with unique needs, interests, and/or backgrounds
- Demonstrates knowledge of human growth and development
- □ Recognizes and addresses student needs and interests during interactions
- □ Identifies equity issues for students (when appropriate)
- Helps students learn how to become self-advocates

Example Implementation Evidence

- Provides appropriate services to help students with unique needs
- Assists families in learning to plan and advocate for their student
- □ Provides plans and/or artifacts to support collaboration with other school personnel to help students with unique needs
- Artifacts support identification of students who need special assistance
- Explains how accommodations and/or modifications help address the unique needs of students
- Artifacts demonstrate support of individual students to meet achievement goals
- □ Artifacts reveal that students receive appropriate modifications or accommodations
- Actively addresses equity issues for students (when appropriate)
- Students identify the instructional support member as one who advocates for them
- Artifacts demonstrate students act as self-advocates
- □ Explains how knowledge of the unique needs of students helps support students in achievement of their goals

Student is generically used to represent anyone the Instructional Support Member is supporting, including: PreK-12 students, adult students, faculty, staff, colleagues, parents, or community members.

School/District is generically used to represent students, teachers, staff, district personnel, or other colleagues in the instructional support member's area of responsibility.

Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)
Strategy was called for but not exhibited.	Uses strategy incorrectly or with parts missing.	Demonstrates knowledge of the unique needs of students in the school/district.	Demonstrates knowledge of the unique needs of students in the school/district and monitors if services appropriately support the unique needs of students in the school/district.	Provides evidence of helping others by sharing how they provided services to appropriately support the unique needs of students in the school/district.

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	Iping Students Meet Achievement Goals					
	cus Statement: Instructional support member helps ensure equal access to critical curriculum by helping to nove barriers that impede student achievement.					
De	sired Effect: Barriers are removed to help students meet achievement goals.					
Ex	ample Instructional Support Member Evidence (Check any evidence demonstrated)					
	Identifies students who need help meeting achievement goals					
	Advocates for students who need assistance gaining access to critical curriculum					
	Provides plans and/or artifacts of helping remove barriers for the benefit of students					
	Assists families in learning how to plan and advocate for their student					
	Assists families in learning to identify the barriers					
	Collaborates with other school personnel to help students meet achievement goals					
	Behaviors indicate value and respect for students who may have barriers to achieving goals					
	Extinguishes negative comments about students who have barriers to achieving goals					
	Sets high expectations for each student					
	Communicates with families about how to help their students remove barriers					
Ex	ample Implementation Evidence					
	Provides plans and/or artifacts to document collaboration with other school personnel to help remove barriers Artifacts support identification of students who received help meeting their achievement goals Explains how removing barriers helped students meet achievement goals					
	Artifacts reveal students have equal access to critical curriculum					
	Students identify the instructional support member as one who advocates for them by helping remove barriers Students and/or colleagues confirm that the instructional support member helps students meet achievement goals					

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School/District is generically used to represent students, teachers, staff, district personnel, or other colleagues in the instructional support member's area of responsibility.

Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)
Strategy was called for but not exhibited.	Uses strategy incorrectly or with parts missing.	Helps ensure equal access to critical curriculum by helping to remove barriers that impede student achievement.	Helps ensure equal access to critical curriculum by helping to remove barriers that impede student achievement and monitors if barriers are removed to help students meet achievement goals.	Provides evidence of helping others by sharing how they successfully helped remove barriers to help students meet achievement goals.

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Planning Standards-Based Lessons/Units
tatement: Using established content standards, the instructional support member/teacher plans rigorous units with
argets embedded within a performance scale that demonstrates a progression of learning.
Effect: Instructional support member provides evidence of implementing lessons/units plans aligned to grade level
(s) using learning targets embedded in a performance scale.
Evidence
s exhibit a focus on the essential standards
s include a scale that builds a progression of knowledge from simple to complex
s identify learning targets aligned to the rigor of required standards
s identify specific instructional strategies appropriate for the learning target
s illustrate how learning will scaffold from an understanding of foundational content to application of information in
entic ways
ons are planned with teachable chunks of content
n appropriate, lessons/units are integrated with other content areas
n appropriate, learning targets and unit plans include district scope and sequence
s illustrate how equity is addressed in the classroom
n appropriate, plans illustrate how Individualized Education Plans (IEPs)/personal learning plans are addressed in the
sroom n appropriate, plane illustrate havy EU, strategies are addressed in the slassroom
n appropriate, plans illustrate how EL strategies are addressed in the classroom
n appropriate, plans integrate cultural competencies and/or standards
Implementation Evidence
on plans align to grade level standard(s) with targets and use a performance scale
ned and completed student assignments/work demonstrate that lessons are aligned to grade level standards/targets e appropriate taxonomy level
ned and completed student assignments/work require practice with complex text and its academic language
ned and completed student assignments/work demonstrate development of applicable mathematical practices
ned and completed student assignments/work demonstrate grounding in real-world application
ned and completed student assignments/work demonstrate how equity has been addressed in the lesson/unit
ned and completed student assignments/work demonstrate how Individualized Education Plans (IEPs)/personal
ning plans have been addressed in the lesson/unit
ned and completed student assignments/work demonstrate how EL strategies have been addressed in the on/unit
ned and completed student assignments/work indicate opportunities for students to insert content specific to their
res
acts demonstrate the teacher helps others by sharing evidence of planning and implementing lesson/unit plans
ed to grade level standards (e.g. PLC notes, emails, blogs, sample units, discussion group)
ed to grade level standards (e.g. PLC notes, emails, blogs, sample units, discussion group) t is generically used to represent anyone the Instructional Support Member is supporti

12 students, adult students, faculty, staff, colleagues, parents, or community members. **School/District** is generically used to represent students, teachers, staff, district personnel, or other colleagues in the instructional support member's area of responsibility.

Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)
Strategy was called for but not exhibited.	Uses strategy incorrectly or with parts missing.	Using established content standards, the instructional support member/teacher plans rigorous units with learning targets embedded within a performance scale that demonstrates a progression of learning.	Using established content standards, the instructional support member/teacher plans rigorous units with learning targets embedded within a performance scale that demonstrates a progression of learning and provides evidence of implementing lessons/units plans aligned to grade level standard(s) using learning targets embedded in a performance scale.	Helps others by sharing evidence of implementing lessons/units plans aligned to grade level standard(s) using learning targets embedded in a performance scale and the impacts on student learning.

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B. Identifying Critical Content

Focus Statement: Instructional support member/teacher identifies critical content in a lesson or activity to which participants should pay particular attention.

Desired Effect: Students can identify critical versus non-critical content.

Example Instructional Support Member/Teacher Instructional Techniques (Check any technique used in the lesson)

- Begins the lesson or activity by explaining why upcoming content is important
- Accurately identifies critical content
- La Identifies content or information critical to their area of responsibility (i.e. media, technology, guidance)
- Cues the importance of upcoming content in some direct and/or indirect fashion
 - Tone of voice
 - Body position
 - Level of excitement
 - Marker technique

Example Student Evidence of Desired Effect (Percent of students who demonstrate achievement of the desired effect that students can identify critical versus non-critical content. Student evidence is obtained as the instructional support member/teacher uses a monitoring technique.)

- Describe the level of importance of the content addressed in the lesson or activity
- Explain why it is important to pay attention to the content

Body language and other visible behaviors indicate students pay attention to the critical content

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School/District is generically used to represent students, teachers, staff, district personnel, or other colleagues in the instructional support member's area of responsibility.

Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)
Strategy was called for but not exhibited.	Uses strategy incorrectly or with parts missing.	Identifies critical content in a lesson or activity to which participants should pay particular attention, but less than the majority of students are displaying the desired effect in student evidence.	Identifies critical content in a lesson or activity to which participants should pay particular attention. The desired effect is displayed in the majority of student evidence.	Based on student evidence, implements adaptations to achieve the desired effect in more than 90% of the student evidence.

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	C. Using Questioning Strategies
Fo	cus Statement: Instructional support member/teacher uses a sequence of increasingly complex questions that
req	uire students to critically think about the content.
De	sired Effect: Students accurately elaborate on content.
	ample Instructional Support Member/Teacher Instructional Techniques (Check any technique used in the son)
	Uses a sequence of increasingly complex questions as it relates to the content (text) with appropriate wait
	time
	Asks detail questions
	Asks category questions
	Asks elaboration questions (e.g. inferences, predictions, projections, definitions, generalizations, etc.)
	Asks students to provide evidence (e.g. prior knowledge, textual evidence, etc.) for their elaborations
	Presents situations or problems that involve students analyzing how one idea relates to ideas that were not explicitly taught
	Models the process of using evidence to support elaboration
	Models processes and proficiencies to support mathematical elaboration
	Models implementation of appropriate wait time when questioning
	ample Student Evidence of Desired Effect (Percent of students who demonstrate achievement of the
	sired effect that students accurately elaborate on content. Student evidence is obtained as the instructional
sup	pport member/teacher uses a monitoring technique.)
	Answer detail questions about the content
	Identify characteristics of content-related categories
	Make general elaborations about the content
	Provide evidence and support for elaborations
	Identify basic relationships between ideas and how one idea relates to another
	Artifacts/student work demonstrate students can make well-supported elaborative inferences
	Discussions demonstrate students can make well-supported elaborative inferences Discussions are grounded in evidence from text, both literary and informational
	Discussions and student work provide evidence of mathematical elaboration
	Discussions and sudent work provide evidence of mathematical elaboration

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School/District is generically used to represent students, teachers, staff, district personnel, or other colleagues in the instructional support member's area of responsibility.

Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)
Strategy was called for but not exhibited.	Uses strategy incorrectly or with parts missing.	Uses a sequence of increasingly complex questions that require students to critically think about the content, but less than the majority of students are displaying the desired effect.	Uses a sequence of increasingly complex questions that require students to critically think about the content. The desired effect is displayed in the majority of students.	Based on student evidence, implements adaptations to achieve the desired effect in more than 90% of the students.

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D. Facilitating Groups

Focus Statement: Instructional support member/teacher organizes students into appropriate groups to facilitate the learning of content.

Desired Effect: Students process content (i.e. new, going deeper, cognitively complex) as a result of group organization.

Example Instructional Support Member/Teacher Instructional Techniques (Check any technique used in the lesson)

- □ Establishes routines for student grouping and interaction for the expressed purpose of processing content
- Provides guidance regarding group interactions and critiquing the reasoning of others
- Provides guidance on one or more cognitive skills appropriate for the lesson
- Utilizes assignments or tasks at the appropriate taxonomy level of content
- □ Provides guidance on one or more conative skills
 - Becoming aware of the power of interpretations
 - Avoiding negative thinking
 - Taking various perspectives
 - Interacting responsibly
 - Handling controversy and conflict resolution
- Organizes students into ad hoc groups during individual lessons (i.e. use techniques to ensure equity)
- Uses various group processes and activities to reflect the taxonomy level of the learning targets

Example Student Evidence of Desired Effect (Percent of students that demonstrate achievement of the desired effect that students process content as a result of group organization. Student evidence is obtained during group activities and/or student work.)

- □ Work within groups with an organized purpose
- Exhibit awareness of the power of interpretations
- Avoid negative thinking
- □ Take various perspectives
- Interact responsibly and respectfully critique the reasoning of others
- Appear to know how to handle controversy and conflict resolution
- □ Actively ask and answer questions about the content (i.e. assignments or tasks)
- Add their perspectives to discussions
- Generate clarifying questions about the content
- Explain individual student and/or group thinking about the content
- Take responsibility for the learning of peers

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School/District is generically used to represent students, teachers, staff, district personnel, or other colleagues in the instructional support member's area of responsibility.

Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)
Strategy was called for but not exhibited.	Uses strategy incorrectly or with parts missing.	Organizes students into appropriate groups to facilitate the learning of content, but less than the majority of students are displaying the desired effect.	Organizes students into appropriate groups to facilitate the learning of content. The desired effect is displayed in the majority of students.	Based on student evidence, implements adaptations to achieve the desired effect by more than 90% of the students.

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E. Managing Student Behavior	
Focus Statement: Instructional support member/teacher establishes classroom rules and procedures	
facilitate students working cooperatively and acknowledge students who adhere to rules and procedur	
Desired Effect: Students know and follow classroom rules and procedures (to facilitate learning) as a teacher acknowledgment.	result of
Example Instructional Support Member/Teacher Instructional Techniques (Check any technique lesson)	used in the
Involves students in designing classroom routines and procedures to develop a culturally responsi classroom	ive
Actively teaches student self-regulation strategies	
□ Uses classroom meetings to review and process rules and procedures to ensure equity	
□ Reminds students of rules and procedures	
☐ Asks students to restate or explain rules and procedures	
Provides cues or signals when a rule or procedure should be used	
Physically occupies all quadrants of the room	
□ Scans the entire room, making eye contact with each student	
Recognizes potential sources of disruption and deal with them immediately	
Proactively addresses inflammatory situations	
Consistently exhibits "withitness" behaviors	
Recognizes and/or acknowledge students or groups who follow rules and procedures	
Organizes physical layout of the classroom to facilitate work in groups and easy access to materia	als
Example Student Evidence of Desired Effect (Percent of students that demonstrate achievement of effect that students know and follow classroom rules and procedures. Student evidence is obtained du activities and/or student work.)	
□ Follow clear routines during class	
Explain classroom rules and procedures	
Describe the classroom as an orderly and safe environment	
Recognize cues and signals by the teacher	
Self-regulate behavior while working individually	
Self-regulate behavior while working in groups	
Recognize that the teacher is aware of their behavior	
Interact responsibly with teacher and other students	
Explain how the individuality of each student is honored in the classroom	
Describe the teacher as fair and responsive to individual students	
Describe the teacher as "aware of what is going on" or "has eyes on the back of his/her head"	
Respond appropriately to teacher direction and/or guidance regarding rules and procedures	
Move purposefully about the classroom and efficiently access materials	

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Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)
Strategy was called for but not exhibited.	Uses strategy incorrectly or with parts missing.	Establishes classroom rules and procedures that facilitate students working cooperatively and acknowledge students who adhere to rules and procedures, but less than the majority of students are displaying the desired effect.	Establishes classroom rules and procedures that facilitate students working cooperatively and acknowledge students who adhere to rules and procedures. The desired effect is displayed in the majority of students.	Based on student evidence, implements adaptations to achieve the desired effect by more than 90% of the students.

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F. Using Engagement Strategies

Focus Statement: Instructional support member/teacher uses engagement strategies to engage or re-engage students with the content.

Desired Effect: Students engage or re-engage with content as a result of teacher action.

Example Instructional Support Member/Teacher Instructional Techniques (Check any technique used in the lesson)

- Takes action or uses specific strategies to re-engage students
- Uses academic games
- □ Manages response rates
- Uses physical movement
- Maintains a lively pace
- Uses crisp transitions from one activity to another
- Demonstrates intensity and enthusiasm for the content
- Uses friendly controversy
- Provides opportunities for students to talk about themselves as it relates to the content (i.e. incorporate cultural connections)
- Presents unusual or intriguing information about the content

Example Student Evidence of Desired Effect (Percent of students that demonstrate achievement of the desired effect that students engage or re-engage as a result of teacher action. Student evidence is obtained during group activities and/or student work.)

- Behaviors show awareness that the teacher is noticing students' level of engagement
- Behaviors show the engagement strategy increases engagement
- □ Student-centered tasks and processes produce high levels of engagement
- Talk with groups or in response to questions is focused on critical content
- Engage in the critical content with enthusiasm
- □ Self-regulate engagement and engagement of peers
- Actions show students are motivated by the teacher
- Behaviors show students are inspired by the teacher
- Multiple students or the entire class respond to questions posed by the teacher
- Artifacts/student work indicate students are engaged in the critical content

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Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)
Strategy was called for but not exhibited.	Uses strategy incorrectly or with parts missing.	Uses engagement strategies to engage or re-engage students with the content, but less than the majority of students are displaying the desired effect.	Uses engagement strategies to engage or re-engage students with the content. The desired effect is displayed in the majority of students.	Based on student evidence, implements adaptations to achieve the desired effect in more than 90% of the students.

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Domain 3: Continuous Improvement of Professional Practice

Reflecting and Evaluating Personal Performance

Focus Statement: Instructional support member reflects and evaluates the effectiveness of specific practices and behaviors.

Desired Effect: Instructional support member identifies specific practices and behaviors on which to improve.

Example Instructional Support Member Evidence (Check any evidence demonstrated)

- Uses a reflection process for analysis of specific strengths and weaknesses
- Keeps track of specifically identified focus areas for improvement
- Identifies and keeps track of specific areas identified based on individual interest
- Describes how specific areas for improvement are identified
- Collects and compiles evidence of the effects of specific practices and behaviors related to their area of responsibility
- Provides a written analysis of specific causes of success or difficulty
- Explains the differential effects of specific strategies and behaviors that yield results
- Exhibits characteristics of a growth mindset

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Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)
Strategy was called for but not exhibited.	Uses strategy incorrectly or with parts missing.	Reflects and evaluates the effectiveness of specific practices and behaviors.	Reflects and evaluates the effectiveness of specific practices and behaviors <i>and</i> identifies specific practices and behaviors on which to improve.	Provides evidence of helping others by sharing how they identified specific practices and behaviors on which to improve.

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	Us	ing Data and Feedback to Support Changes to Professional Practice
Г	Foo	cus Statement: Instructional support member uses data and feedback to develop and implement a
	pro	fessional growth plan with specific and measurable goals, action steps, and timelines for measuring progress.
Γ	De	sired Effect: Instructional support member demonstrates professional growth.
Γ	Exa	ample Instructional Support Member Evidence (Check any evidence demonstrated)
		Develops a written growth plan that outlines measurable goals, action steps, manageable timelines, and appropriate resources
		Identifies the data and feedback used to develop a professional growth plan
		Describes the professional growth plan using specific and measurable goals, action steps, manageable timelines, and appropriate resources
1		Constructs a plan that outlines a method for charting progress toward established goals supported by evidence (e.g. achievement data, artifacts, interviews or surveys from peers, participants, and observer feedback)
		Describes progress toward meeting the goals outlined in the plan as supported by evidence
		Charts progress toward professional growth plan goals and supports by evidence
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- □ Seeks mentorship from experts in area of professional responsibility
- Seeks innovative ways to improve professional practice

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Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)
Strategy was called for but not exhibited.	Uses strategy incorrectly or with parts missing.	Uses data and feedback to develop a professional growth plan with specific and measurable goals, action steps, and timelines for measuring progress.	Uses data and feedback to develop and implement a professional growth plan with specific and measurable goals, action steps, and timelines for measuring progress and demonstrates professional growth.	Provides evidence of helping others by sharing how they developed and implemented a professional growth plan that resulted in professional growth.

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Domain 4: Professional Responsibilities

Demonstrating Knowledge of Professional Practice (Area of Expertise)

Focus Statement: Instructional support member demonstrates knowledge of professional practice related to his/her area of expertise.

Desired Effect: Instructional support member is recognized by the school/district as an expert in their area of expertise.

Example Instructional Support Member Evidence (Check any evidence demonstrated)

- Participates in professional development opportunities
- Demonstrates knowledge of processes and protocols associated with professional area of expertise
- Demonstrates knowledge of state and federal laws associated with professional area of expertise
- Keeps record of specific situations during which he/she mentored other instructional support members
- Contributes and shares expertise and new ideas with colleagues to enhance learning in formal and informal ways
- □ Serves as an appropriate role model (i.e. mentor, coach, presenter, researcher) regarding specific educational strategies and behaviors
- Leads or facilitates professional development activities
- Disseminates information in an accurate manner
- Provides accessibility for professional services to students and school
- Describes specific situations in which he/she has mentored colleagues to share expertise
- □ Artifacts/evidence confirm recognition as an expert (e.g. surveys, feedback notes, articles, publications, etc.)

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School/District is generically used to represent students, teachers, staff, district personnel, or other colleagues in the instructional support member's area of responsibility.

Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)
Strategy was called for but not exhibited.	Uses strategy incorrectly or with parts missing.	Demonstrates knowledge of professional practice related to his/her area of expertise.	Demonstrates knowledge of professional practice related to his/her area of expertise and is recognized by the school/district as an expert in their area of	Provides evidence of helping others by sharing how they became recognized by the school/district as an expert in their area of expertise.
			expertise.	and a second second

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Promoting Positive Interactions with Colleagues and the Community				
Focus Statement: Instructional support member interacts with colleagues and the school community in a				
positive manner to promote positive home/school relationships that support learning.				
Desired Effect: Positive relationships result in support for learning.				
Example Instructional Support Member Evidence (Check any evidence demonstrated)				
Works cooperatively with appropriate colleagues to address issues that impact the school				
Establishes working relationships that demonstrate integrity, confidentiality, respect, flexibility, fairness, and				
trust				
Accesses available expertise and resources to support the school				
Describes situations in which he/she interacts positively with colleagues to promote and support learning				
Describes situations in which he/she helped extinguish negative conversations about other colleagues				
□ Fosters collaborative partnerships with parents to enhance participant success in a manner that				
demonstrates integrity, confidentiality, respect, flexibility, fairness, and trust				
Communicates with parents in a consistent and timely manner regarding student expectations, progress, and/or concerns				
Encourages parent involvement in classroom and school activities				
 Demonstrates awareness and sensitivity to social, cultural, and language backgrounds of families 				
□ Uses multiple means and modalities to communicate with families				
Responds to requests for support, and/or assistance promptly				
Respects and maintains confidentiality of student/family information				
Describes instances when he/she interacted positively with students, parents, and/or the community				
Describes instances in which he/she helped extinguish negative conversations about students, parents,				
and/or the community				
Participates as an active member of a Professional Learning Community				
Collaborates with the school community				
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12 students, adult students, faculty, staff, colleagues, parents, or community members.				

School/District is generically used to represent students, teachers, staff, district personnel, or other colleagues in the instructional support member's area of responsibility.

Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)
Strategy was called for but not exhibited.	Uses strategy incorrectly or with parts missing.	Interacts with colleagues and the school community in a positive manner to promote positive home/school relationships that support learning	Interacts with colleagues and the school community in a positive manner to promote positive home/school relationships that support learning and result in support for learning.	Provides evidence of helping others by sharing how they interacted positively with colleagues and the community to support learning.

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Adhering to School and District Policies and Procedures

Focus Statement: Instructional support member is knowledgeable about and adheres to school and district policies and procedures.

Desired Effect: Instructional support member self-monitors adherence to district policies and procedures. Example Instructional Support Member Evidence (Check any evidence demonstrated)

- Performs assigned duties
- Follows policies, regulations, and procedures
- Maintains accurate records (e.g. participant progress, completion of assignments, non-instructional records)
- □ Fulfills responsibilities in a timely manner
- Demonstrates understanding of legal issues related to students and families
- Demonstrates personal integrity
- Ensures privacy and confidentiality
- Documents specific situations in which he/she adheres to rules and procedures
- Knows and adheres to state code of ethics, professional standards and code of conduct applicable to the position

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Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)
Strategy was called for but not exhibited.	Uses strategy incorrectly or with parts missing.	Is knowledgeable about and adheres to school and district policies and procedures.	Is knowledgeable about and adheres to school and district rules <i>and</i> self-monitors adherence to district policies and procedures.	Provides evidence of helping others by sharing how they self-monitor adherence to district policies and procedures.

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Supporting and Participating in School and District Initiatives

Focus Statement: Instructional support member supports and participates in school and district initiatives relevant to area of responsibility.

Desired Effect: Instructional support member actively supports and participates in school and district initiatives. Example Instructional Support Member Evidence (Check any evidence demonstrated)

- Participates in school activities and events as appropriate to support students and the school community
- Serves on school and district committees
- Participates in professional development opportunities
- $\hfill\square$ Works to achieve school and district improvement goals
- Provides record of specific situations in which he/she has participated in school and/or district initiatives
- Describes or shows evidence of participation in school and/or district initiatives
- Exhibits characteristics of a growth mindset

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School/District is generically used to represent students, teachers, staff, district personnel, or other colleagues in the instructional support member's area of responsibility.

Not Using (0)	Beginning (1)	Developing (2)	Applying (3)	Innovating (4)
Strategy was called for but not exhibited.	Uses strategy incorrectly or with parts missing.	Supports and participates in school and district initiatives relevant to area of responsibility.	Supports and participates in school and district initiatives relevant to area of responsibility and actively supports and participates in school and district initiatives.	Provides evidence of helping others by sharing how they actively support and participate in school and district initiatives.

Appendix D – Student Performance Measures

In Appendix D, the district shall provide the list of assessments and the performance standards that will apply to the assessment results to be used for calculating the performance of students assigned to instructional personnel. The following table is provided for convenience; other ways of displaying information are acceptable.

Plan for Student Performance Data Use: 2021-2022

High School:

Job Description	Student
HS FSA subjects	State assessment
(9, 10 ELA,Reading)	
HS FSA grade level, non-FSA	FSA ELA Scores
subjects	District Common Exams
Algebra	State assessment
Biology	Biology EOC
Geometry	Geometry EOC
US History (11 th grade)	US History EOC
Non-FSA grade level and Non- State EOC courses	-FCAT retakes -SAT/ACT -District Common Exams
AP Teachers	AP Exams
IB Teachers	IB Exams
AICE Teachers	AICE Exams

Middle School:

Job Description	Student
Middle School FSA Subjects	State assessment
Middle School non-FSA Subjects	FSA ELA Scores District Common Exams
Middle School Algebra, Civics, Geometry(EOC)	State EOCs

Elementary:

Job Description	Student
PreK	GOLD
Kindergarten	MAP assessment
First Grade	MAP assessment
Second Grade	MAP assessment
Third Grade	State assessment
Fourth Grade	State assessment
Fifth Grade	State assessment
Elementary Art, Music, PE	State assessment
Elementary Library Media Tech	State assessment

Student Services:

Job Description	Student
Guidance: Elementary	State assessment
Guidance: Middle	State assessment
Guidance: High	9 th -11 th grade: Grade level FSA ELA 12 th grade: Cohort on-track
Educational Diagnosticians (Student Services only)	FSA ELA Scores based on percentage of time at schools served
Psychologists	FSA ELA Scores based on percentage of time at schools served
Social Workers	FSA ELA Scores based on percentage of time at schools served
Student Service staff not assigned to any school	FSA ELA Scores based on percentage of time at schools served

Job Description	Student
Self-Contained: Access	- PreK: ABELLS
Standards (preK-12)	- 3-12: FSAA
Self-Contained: Standard Diploma (preK-12)	Same as general education teachers
Varying Exceptionalities (VE): Co-Teach (All students in class assigned)	Same as general education teachers
Varying Exceptionalities (VE): Support Facilitation (ESE students assigned)	Same as general education teachers
Teacher on Special Assignment (TSA): MS	Schoolwide FSAA ESE Proficiency score
Teacher on Special Assignment (TSA): HS	Schoolwide FSAA ESE Proficiency score
Behavior Specialist (65%	Schoolwide FSAA ESE Proficiency score
ESE/35% GenEd)	(65%) Schoolwide Student Performance
	Score (35%)
Speech Language Pathologist (SLP)	FSAA
	Individual FSA Student Performance Score
	Combination: FSAA & Individual FSA Student Performance Score
Educational Diagnostician (CED, AED)	FSA districtwide Student Performance Score
Occupational Therapist/ Physical Therapist	FSAA
(OT/PT)	Individual FSA Student Performance Score
	Combination: FSAA & Individual FSA Student Performance Score
Vision, Deaf/Hard of Hearing	General Ed: FSA Access: FSAA

National, State, Local Assessment, EOC, and Exam Scores – Comparison Model For Non-VAM Courses

Uses National, State, Local assessment, EOC and exam performance and comparison to the district averages to assign a student performance score. Class average scores of the most recent FSA administration or a pretest is used to determine the appropriate staring column for each teacher. The list of assessments used in these calculations are included in Appendix D – Student Performance Measures table.

Final Assessment and Exam Results –	Class Average Score of Most Recent FSA Administration or			
Performance Compared to the District	<u>Pretest</u>			
Average	Low	Average	High	
Performance for Current Year Highest (90 th Percentile)	HE	HE	HE	
Performance for Current Year Higher (75 th Percentile)	HE	E	E	
Performance for Current Year Average (50 th Percentile)	E	E	E	
Performance for Current Year Lower (35 th Percentile)	E	E	NI	
Performance for Current Year Lowest (10 th Percentile)	E	NI	U	

	Highly Effective	Effective	Needs Imp.	Unsatisfactory
Student Growth 4-pt Scale	3.5-4	2.5-3.49	1.5-2.49	1-1.49

Grade 2 Reading MAP Tests – Comparison Model 2018-2019

Uses MAP performance and comparison to the district averages to assign a student performance score.

MAP Spring 2019 Results – Performance	nce Class Average Score of MAP Fall 2018 Administration (179 RIT		
Compared to the District Average RIT			
Score <u>189</u>	Low <164	Average 165-192	High > 193
Performance for Current Year Highest 207+	HE 4	HE 3.75	HE 3.5
Performance for Current Year Higher 198-206	HE 3.5	E 3.25	E 3
Performance for Current Year Average 186-197	E 3.25	E 3	E 2.75
Performance for Current Year Lower 171-185	E 3	E 2.75	NI 2.25
Performance for Current Year Lowest -170	E 2.75	NI 1.5	U 1.25

	Highly Effective	Effective	Needs Imp.	Unsatisfactory
Student Growth 4-pt Scale	3.5-4	2.5-3.49	1.5-2.49	1-1.49

Appendix E – Summative Evaluation Forms

In Appendix E, the district shall include the summative evaluation form(s) to be used for instructional personnel.

The final evaluation document is presented digitally using the iObservation platform. A sample of the final evaluation is pictured below and on the following pages:

arner: actice Teacher		luator: LIAM ALIGC		Evaluation Categor		bservation Period: ug 16, 2021 to Jun 30, 2	Date Submitt	ed:	
arner UUID:	Bui	ldings:			A	merica/New_York			
acher@pcsb.org		ona Elementa	ary School						
			Final	Score: 3.	18 - Effe	ctive			
Instruction	al Practic	e	Stud	ent Growth	Weight:	33.3% Delibe	erate Practice	• Weight: 10	0.0%
		Weight: 56	5.7%	2.0			0107		
	3.36			3.0			2.8		
	3.36 Effective	_		Effecti			2.0 Effective		
	Effective ed in this Eva		Finished	Effecti	ve			_	
bservations use Manually Added No	Effective	aluation Type Formal	Finished Sep 2, 2021 12:20:	Effecti	ve m	acher Evaluation Model	Effective	IGOOD	Viev
Manually Added	Effective ed in this Eva Obs. Type	Туре		Effecti 29 PM Ma	ve m zano Focused Tea	acher Evaluation Model acher Evaluation Model	Effective Observer		<u>Viev</u>
Manually Added	Effective ed in this Eva Obs. Type Standard Standard	Type Formal	Sep 2, 2021 12:20:	Effecti 29 PM Ma	ve m zano Focused Tea		Effective Observer WILLIAM AL		
No No	Effective ed in this Eva Obs. Type Standard Standard	Type Formal Formal	Sep 2, 2021 12:20:	Effecti 29 PM Ma	ve m zano Focused Tea		Effective Observer WILLIAM AL WILLIAM AL		
Manually Added No No Frequency Require Marzano Focused T	Effective ed in this Ev: Obs. Type Standard Standard aments eacher Evaluatio	Type Formal Formal	Sep 2, 2021 12:20:	Effecti 29 PM Ma	ve m zano Focused Tea	acher Evaluation Model	Effective Observer WILLIAM AL WILLIAM AL		Viev
Manually Added No No Frequency Require	Effective ed in this Eva Obs. Type Standard Standard ments eacher Evaluatio e	Type Formal Formal	Sep 2, 2021 12:20:	Effecti 29 PM Ma	we m zano Focused Tea rzano Focused Tea	acher Evaluation Model	Effective Observer WILLIAM AL WILLIAM AL	IGOOD	Viev

Instructional Practice: 3.36 - Effective

ctional Practice Scale				Weight: 56.7% Range:
Label	Unsatisfactory	Developing/Needs Improvement	Effective	Highly Effective
Details	0.0 - 1.44	1.45 - 2.44	2.45 - 3.44	3.45 - 4.0

Standards-Based Planning		Score: 3.33 - Effectiv
		Weight: 14.0
Look-for	Last Observations	Evaluation Score
Planning Standards-Based Lessons/Units 🔻	Ap Dv	Applying 3
Aligning Resources to Standard(s) 🔻	Ар Ар	Applying 3
Planning to Close the Achievement Gap Using Data 🔻		Innovating 4
		Standards-Based Planning Score: 3.3

Lash fee =	Last Observations	Evolution Comm =
Look-for	Last Observations	Evaluation Score
Jentifying Critical Content from the Standards ${\color{black} \bullet}$	Ар Ар	Applying 3
reviewing New Content 👻	Ap Ap	Applying 3
Ielping Students Process New Content 👻		Innovating 4
Ising Questions to Help Students Elaborate on Content $ extsf{ heta}$		Innovating 4
teviewing Content 👻	Ap Dv	Applying 3
elping Students Practice Skills, Strategies, and Processes Dropped -	Ар Ар	
elping Students Examine Similarities and Differences 🔻	In Ap	Innovating 4
lelping Students Examine Their Reasoning Dropped -	Ap Ap	
lelping Students Revise Knowledge Dropped -	Dv Ap	
lelping Students Engage in Cognitively Complex Tasks 👻		Innovating 4

Conditions for Learning		Score: 3.0 - Effective
		Weight: 34.0%
Look-for V	Last Observations	Evaluation Score
Using Formative Assessment to Track Progress 💌	Ap Dv	Applying 3
Providing Feedback and Celebrating Progress 🔻	Dv Ap	Applying 3
Organizing Students to Interact with Content 👻	Dv Ap	Applying 3
Establishing and Acknowledging Adherence to Rules and Procedures 👻	Ap Dv	Applying 3
Using Engagement Strategies 👻	Ар Ар	Applying 3
Establishing and Maintaining Effective Relationships in a Student-Centered Classroom \checkmark	Ар Ар	Applying 3
Communicating High Expectations for Each Student to Close the Achievement Gap	Ар Ар	Applying 3
		Conditions for Learning Score: 3.0

Professional Responsibilities		Score: 3.67 - Highly Effective
		Weight: 18.0%
Look-for	Last Observations	Evaluation Score
Adhering to School/District Policies and Procedures 💌	Ар Ар	Applying 3
Maintaining Expertise in Content and Pedagogy 🔻	D	Innovating 4
Promoting Teacher Leadership and Collaboration 👻	In Ap	Innovating 4
		Professional Responsibilities Score: 3.67

Student Growth: 3.0 - Effective

Label	Unsatisfactory	Developing/Needs Improvement	Effective	Highly Effective
Details	0.0 - 1.44	1.45 - 2.44	2.45 - 3.44	3.45 - 4.0
nt Growth				Weig

Deliberate Practice: 2.8 - Effective

Label	Highly Effective	Effective	Developing/Needs Improvement	Unsatisfacto
Details	8.0 - 10.0	4.0 - 7.0	2.0 - 3.0	0.0 - 1.0
Value	4.0	2.8	1.2	0.0
2012-2012				
Dractice				v
Practice				

Approval and Notifications

s evaluation was finished by	WILLIAM ALIGOOD on Oct 15, 2021 12:3	1:56 PM.	
, Practice Teacher, acknow	dge these evaluation results.		
ditional Acknowledgm	nt		
I, Practice Teacher, ackno	ledge receiving the Student Growth rating	3.0 - Effective.	
WILLIAM ALIGOOD ackr	wledged the Student Growth rating on Oct	15, 2021 12:31:56 PM.	
I, Practice Teacher, ackno	ledge receiving the Final Score rating 3.18	- Effective.	
WILLIAM ALIGOOD ackr	wledged the Final Score rating on Oct 15,	2021 12:31:56 PM.	
I, Practice Teacher, ackno	ledge receiving the Instructional Practice r	ating 3.36 - Effective.	
WILLIAM ALIGOOD ackr	wledged the Instructional Practice rating of	n Oct 15, 2021 12:31:56 PM.	
I, Practice Teacher, ackno	ledge receiving the Deliberate Practice rat	ing 2.8 - Effective.	
WILLIAM ALIGOOD ackr	wledged the Deliberate Practice rating on	Oct 15, 2021 12:31:56 PM.	
actice Teacher's comm	nts:		