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Summary of California Teacher Policies:

2017
D+
Overall Grade

2015 | 2013

D D+

2011 2009

D+ D+

Best Practice

Meets Goal

Nearly Meets Goal

Partly Meets Goal

Meets a Small Part of Goal

Does Not Meet Goal

Progress on Goals Since 2015

Progress Increased: 0

Progress Decreased: 0

A state's progress on policy was tracked solely for goals that remained constant between 2015 and 2017.

AREA 1: General Teacher Preparation	D
Program Entry	•
Teacher Shortages and Surpluses	
Program Performance Measures	•
Program Reporting Requirements	
Student Teaching/Clinical Practice	
AREA 2: Elementary Teacher Preparation	C+
Content Knowledge	•
Teaching Mathematics	•
Teaching Reading	*
Licensure Deficiencies	NA
AREA 3: Secondary Teacher Preparation	D-
Middle School Content Knowledge	
Middle School Licensure Deficiencies	
Adolescent Literacy	•
Secondary Content Knowledge	
Secondary Licensure Deficiencies	•
AREA 4: Special Education Teacher Preparation	D+
Content Knowledge	
Teaching Reading	*
Licensure Deficiencies	
AREA 5: Alternate Route Teacher Preparation	C-
Program Entry	•
Preparation for the Classroom	

AREA 6: Hiring	F
Requirements for Out-of-State Teachers	•
Provisional and Emergency Licensure	
AREA 7: Teacher and Principal Evaluation	F
Measures of Student Growth	
Measures of Professional Practice	•
Frequency of Evaluation and Observation	•
Linking Evaluation to Professional Growth	•
Data Systems Needed for Evaluation	
Distributing Teacher Talent Equitably	•
Principal Effectiveness	
Principal Evaluation and Observation	
AREA 8: Teacher Compensation	В
Performance	•
High-Need Schools and Subjects	
Prior Work	
AREA 9: Retaining Effective Teachers	F
Licensure Advancement	
Tenure	
Leadership Opportunities	
Dismissal	
Layoffs	

Teacher Policy Strengths and Areas for Growth California



CALIFORNIA'S STRENGTHS	CALIFORNIA'S OPPORTUNITIES FOR GROWTH					
REPARATION						
	The state should require that all teacher preparation programs limit admission to applicants with either a minimum 3.0 GPA or those who have scored in the top half of all college-going students on tests of academic proficiency.					
	The state should explicitly connect teacher production data to district hiring needs, and provide guidance regarding program acceptance numbers.					
	The state should connect program graduates' student growth data to their teacher preparation programs.					
	The state should hold teacher preparation programs accountable for teacher quality by outlining consequences for programs that do not meet standards, including loss of program approval.					
	The state should require that cooperating teachers are selected based on evidence of effectiveness and that the clinical practice experience is at least 10 weeks, full time, and takes place in the setting of the license sought.					
AREA 2: ELEMENTARY TEACHER PREPARATION						
	The state should require elementary teacher candidates to pass a content test with individually scored subtests in each the core content areas and to complete a content specialization in an academic subject area.					
	The state should require all elementary teacher candidates to pass a rigorous elementary math content exam in order attain licensure.					
The state requires that: elementary teacher candidates pass a science of reading test to ensure knowledge of effective reading instruction, teacher preparation programs address this critical topic, and candidates are prepared to meet the instructional shifts associated with college- and career-readiness standards.						
Not applicable; the state does not offer a standalone early childhood co	ertification that includes elementary grades.					
R PREPARATION						
	The state should require all middle school teachers to pass a single-subject content test for each content area they are licensed to teach, as a condition of initial licensure.					
	The state should not allow middle school teachers to teach on a generalist license.					
The state requires that middle school and secondary candidates are fully prepared to incorporate literacy skills into all content areas.						
	The state should require all secondary teachers to pass a single-subject content test as a condition of initial licensur and to add an endorsement to an existing license.					
	The state should require secondary social studies teachers to pass a single-subject content test for each discipline they are licensed to teach, as a condition of initial licensure.					
TEACHER PREPARATION						
	The state requires that: elementary teacher candidates pass a science of reading test to ensure knowledge of effective reading instruction, teacher preparation programs address this critical topic, and candidates are prepared to meet the instructional shifts associated with college- and career-readiness standards. Not applicable; the state does not offer a standalone early childhood complete the state does not offer a standalone early childhood complete the state requires that middle school and secondary candidates are fully prepared to incorporate literacy skills into all content areas.					

test as general elementary education teachers and that secondary special education teachers demonstrate content

knowledge in core subjects at the secondary level.

Teaching Reading	The state requires that elementary special education candidates pass a rigorous assessment in the science of reading instruction and are adequately prepared to meet the instructional shifts associated with college- and career-readiness standards.				
Licensure Deficiencies		The state should require elementary or secondary special education certification.			
AREA 5: ALTERNATE ROUTE T	EACHER PREPARATION				
Program Entry		The state should increase alternate route admissions requirements by requiring a rigorous test or a GPA of 3.0 or higher.			
Preparation for the Classroom	The state's alternate route programs prepare new teachers for the classroom through manageable and relevant coursework and intensive mentoring support.				
AREA 6: HIRING					
Requirements for Out-of-State Teachers		The state should require evidence of effective teaching during previous employment for licensure reciprocity, ensure out-of-state teachers meet the state's testing requirements, and offer a standard license to certified out-of-state teachers without unnecessary requirements.			
Provisional and Emergency Licensure		The state should ensure teachers' subject-matter knowledge before granting emergency licensure, and restrict emergency licensure to no more than one year.			
AREA 7: TEACHER AND PRINC	CIPAL EVALUATION				
Measures of Student Growth		The state should ensure objective evidence of student growth is the determinative factor in teacher evaluations.			
Measures of Professional Practice		The state should require student surveys, ensure teacher evaluators are trained and certified, and require the use of multiple or third-party observers with subject-matter expertise.			
Frequency of Evaluation and Observation		The state should require that all teachers are evaluated annually and observed multiple times, and that new teachers are supported with feedback early in the year.			
Linking Evaluation to Professional Growth		The state should require that teachers are supported with aligned professional development and improvement plans (for ineffective teachers), under a system with at least three rating categories.			
Data Systems Needed for Evaluation		The state should adequately define teacher of record, have a process in place for teacher roster verification, develop the capacity to link student-level data and teacher performance, and publish teacher mobility data.			
Distributing Teacher Talent Equitably		The state should report school-level data about teacher performance to help support the equitable distribution of teacher talent.			
Principal Effectiveness		The state should require that principal effectiveness is determined, in part, by objective measures of student growth, teacher effectiveness/instructional leadership, and survey data, and that ineffective principals participate in improvement planning.			
Principal Evaluation and Observation		The state should evaluate all principals annually, require multiple observations/site visits for all principals, and require principal evaluators to be trained and certified.			
AREA 8: TEACHER COMPENSA	ATION				
Performance		The state should support performance pay based on evidence of effectiveness.			
High-Need Schools and Subjects	The state enables teachers to earn additional pay for working in high- need schools and teaching in shortage subject areas.				
Prior Work	The state encourages districts to compensate teachers for related prior work experience.				
AREA 9: RETAINING EFFECTIVE TEACHERS					
Licensure Advancement		The state should base licensure advancement and renewal on teacher effectiveness.			
Tenure		The state should connect tenure decisions to evidence of teacher effectiveness.			
Leadership Opportunities		The state should support teacher leadership opportunities.			
Dismissal		The state should enable ineffective classroom performance to be a basis for dismissal, and not allow multiple appeals for teachers who are dismissed.			
Layoffs		The state should require districts to consider evidence of effectiveness when determining which teachers to lay off during reductions in force.			
Allen - 1					

		/	/	/	/
State Grades 2009 – 2017	2009	2011	2073	2015	2017
ALABAMA	C-	C-	C-	D+	С
ALASKA	D	D	D	D-	D-
ARIZONA	D+	D+	C-	C-	D
ARKANSAS	C-	C	B-	B-	C+
CALIFORNIA	D+	D+	D+	D	D+
COLORADO	D+	С	C+	С	D+
CONNECTICUT	D+	C-	B-	B-	C+
DELAWARE	D	С	C+	B-	B-
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	D-	D	D+	D+	D+
FLORIDA	С	В	B+	B+	B+
GEORGIA	C-	С	B-	B-	В -
HAWAII	D-	D-	D+	D+	D+
IDAHO	D-	D+	D+	C-	C
ILLINOIS	D+	С	C+	C+	C+
INDIANA	D	C+	B-	В	B-
IOWA	D	D	D	D	D+
KANSAS	D-	D	D	D+	D+
KENTUCKY	D+	D+	С	С	C-
LOUISIANA	C-	C-	В	В	B+
MAINE	F	D-	C-	C-	D+
MARYLAND	D	D+	D+	D+	D+
MASSACHUSETTS	D+	С	B-	B-	B-
MICHIGAN	D-	C+	B-	C+	С
MINNESOTA	D-	C-	C-	C-	C-
MISSISSIPPI	D+	D+	С	С	С
MISSOURI	D	D	C-	C-	С
MONTANA	F	F	F	F	F
NEBRASKA	D-	D-	D-	D	D
NEVADA	D-	C-	C-	C-	C-
NEW HAMPSHIRE	D-	D-	D	D	D+
NEW JERSEY	D+	D+	B-	C+	В
NEW MEXICO	D+	D+	D+	C	С
NEW YORK	D+			В	В
NORTH CAROLINA	D+	D+	С	C-	C+
NORTH DAKOTA	D-	D	D	D	D
OHIO	D+	C+	B-	B-	B-
OKLAHOMA OREGON	D+	B-	B- D	B- D	D+
PENNSYLVANIA	D-	D- D+	C-	C-	D-
RHODE ISLAND	D	D+ B-	B	B-	В
SOUTH CAROLINA	C-	C-	C-	С	C+
SOUTH DAKOTA	D	D	D-	D-	F
TENNESSEE	C-	B-	В	В	В
TEXAS	C-	C-	C-	C-	B-
UTAH	D	C-	С	C+	С
VERMONT	F	D-	D-	D-	D
VIRGINIA	D+	D+	C+	C+	C+
WASHINGTON	D+			C-	C-
WEST VIRGINIA	D+	D+	C-	C-	C+
WISCONSIN	D	D	D+	D	D+
WYOMING	D-	D	D	D	D

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Best Practices

AREA 1: General Teacher Preparation

Program Entry - None

Teacher Shortages and Surpluses - None

Program Performance Measures - Alabama, Florida

Program Reporting Requirements - Delaware, Florida, Missouri, North Carolina, Tennessee, Texas

Student Teaching/Clinical Practice - Georgia, Massachusetts, New Jersey, Tennessee

AREA 2: Elementary Teacher Preparation

Content Knowledge - None

Teaching Mathematics - Massachusetts

Teaching Reading - Arkansas, California

Licensure Deficiencies - None

AREA 3: Secondary Teacher Preparation

Middle School Content Knowledge - Arkansas, Georgia, Ohio

Middle School Licensure Deficiencies - None

Adolescent Literacy - Arkansas, Florida, Louisiana

Secondary Content Knowledge - Indiana, Minnesota

Secondary Licensure Deficiencies - Minnesota

AREA 4: Special Education Teacher Preparation

Content Knowledge - None

Teaching Reading - California

Licensure Deficiencies - None

AREA 5: Alternate Route Teacher Preparation

Program Entry - Illinois, Michigan

Preparation for the Classroom - Delaware, New Jersey

AREA 6: Hiring

Requirements for Out-of-State Teachers - None

Provisional and Emergency Licensure - Mississippi, New Jersey, Rhode Island, South Carolina

AREA 7: Teacher and Principal Evaluation

Measures of Student Growth - Indiana

Measures of Professional Practice - *Iowa*

Frequency of Evaluation and Observation - Idaho, New Jersey, Washington

Linking Evaluation to Professional Growth - Louisiana, New York, North Carolina

Data Systems Needed for Evaluation - Georgia

Distributing Teacher Talent Equitably - None

Principal Effectiveness - Connecticut, Florida, South Dakota

Principal Evaluation and Observation - New York

AREA 8: Teacher Compensation

Performance - None

High-Need Schools and Subjects - Florida, New Mexico, Utah

Prior Work - Louisiana, North Carolina

AREA 9: Retaining Effective Teachers

Licensure Advancement - Louisiana

Tenure - Hawaii, Indiana, Nevada, New York

Leadership Opportunities - Ohio, Utah

Dismissal - Nevada, New York

Layoffs - Colorado, Georgia, Louisiana